

# **JICA Global Agenda & Cluster Strategy**





# What are “JICA Global Agenda” and “Cluster Strategy”?

## Aiming to

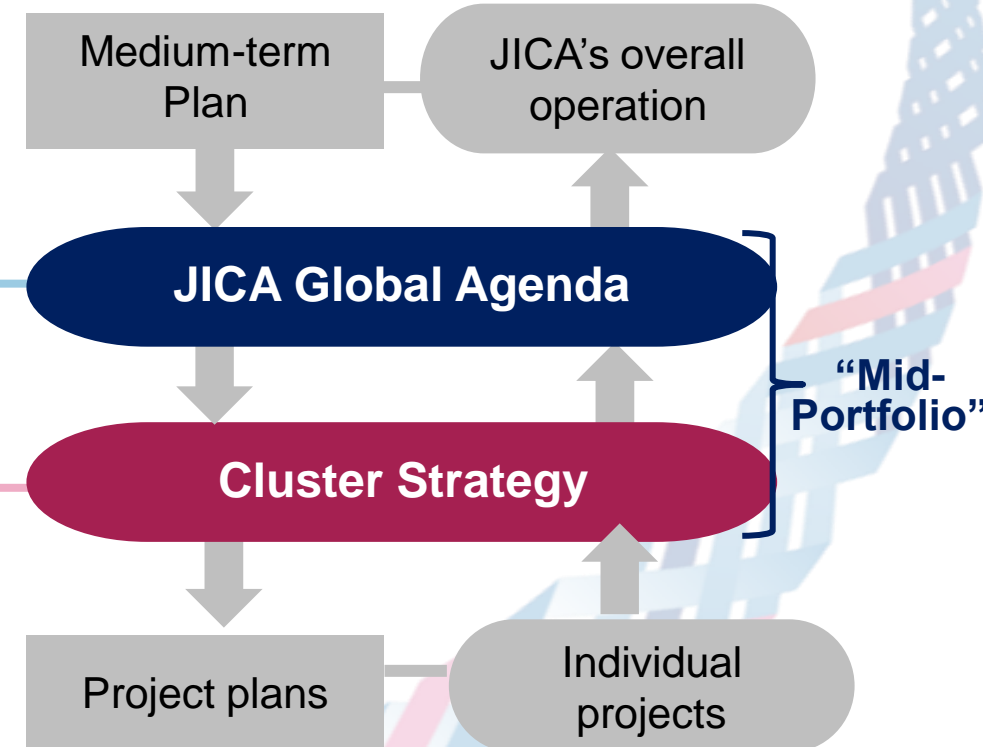
- ◆ **Show development impact / outcome for priority issues** towards contributing the SDGs and achieving JICA’s medium and long-term targets.
- ◆ Maximize development impacts / outcome **by proactively working with partner governments and variety of actors**

### JICA Global Agenda

- JICA’s cooperation strategies (20) for global issues set under [the 5<sup>th</sup> Medium-term Plan](#) (fiscal 2022-26).
- Stating cooperation priorities, targets and approaches towards contributing the SDGs

### Cluster Strategy (“Development Scenario”)

- A group of projects across countries, sharing common logic of socio-economic development process (“**Development Scenario**”) under JICA Global Agenda.
- Setting targets and aiming to deliver development impacts/outcomes as a “Cluster” beyond individual projects





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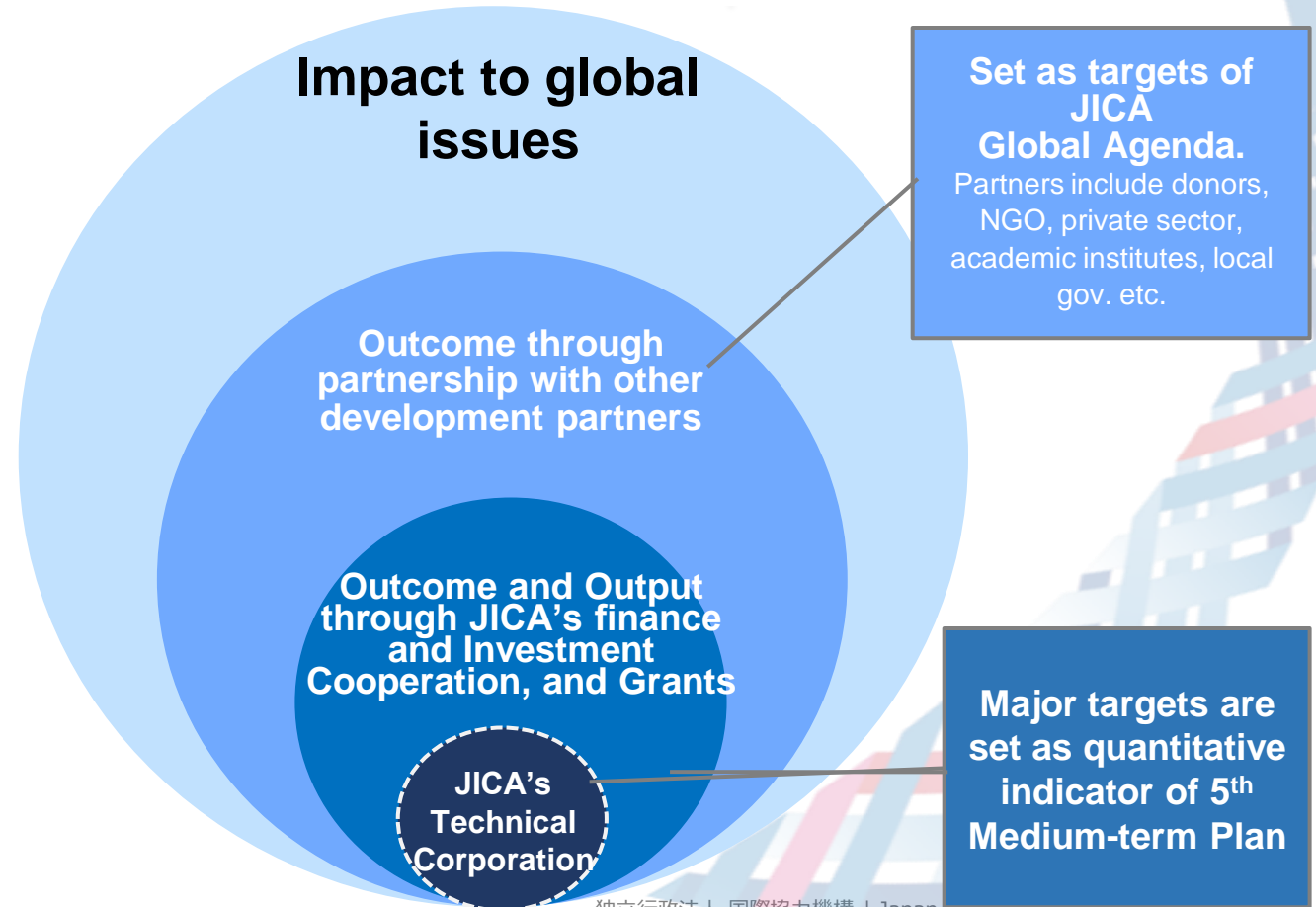
JGA aim to maximize Development Impacts by...

1) Co-creating **visions and goals** with partner countries from a **long-term and holistic perspective**

2) Facilitating **collaboration with other stakeholders** such as **global enterprises** to **co-create innovative solutions**

3) Facilitating **horizontal knowledge sharing** by such as;

- Organizing policy forums / conferences
- Facilitating “South-South” cooperation
- Compiling partner countries’ knowledge into standardized materials and solutions







# 20 JICA Global Agenda

## Prosperity

1. Urban and Regional Development
2. Transportation
3. Energy and Mining
4. Private Sector Development
5. Agriculture and Rural Development

## People

6. Health
7. Improving Nutrition
8. Education
9. Social Security/ Disability and Development
10. Sport and Development

## Peace

11. Peacebuilding
12. Governance
13. Public Finance and Financial Systems
14. Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment
15. Digital for Development

## Planet

16. Climate Change
17. Nature Conservation
18. Environmental Management
19. Sustainable Water Resources Management and Water Supply
20. Disaster Risk Reduction through Pre-disaster Investment and Build Back Better





## JGA Leaflet

The image shows four leaflets from the JICA Global Agenda for Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs):

- SDG 3: Health** - "Advancing a health-promoting society to protect people's lives at all times". It focuses on cooperation for responding to health crises such as COVID-19 in a resilient manner through JICA's Initiative for Global Health and Medicine.
- SDG 6: Sustainable Water Resources Management and Water Supply** - "For a Society with Safe Water for All People". JICA is committed to the proper management of water resources and aiming for a society where water resources are properly managed and all people can use water sustainably for drinking and other purposes.
- SDG 14: Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment** - "Toward a society where every individual, regardless of gender, can fulfill their potential". This Global Agenda aims to build a gender-equal and fair society by promoting empowerment of women and girls and social change.
- SDG 3: Energy and Mining** - "Toward a world where everyone can use affordable, reliable and sustainable electricity". We aim to realize a society in which all people have stable access to affordable, clean energy, and resources and can lead affluent lives.

## JGA Full Version

The image shows the full version of the JICA Global Agenda for Sustainable Development Goal No. 7: Improving Nutrition. It includes a circular image of a woman feeding children.

### 1. Objectives

**(1) Objective of the Global Agenda**

JICA aims to solve the problem of malnutrition, which is a growing international concern, by addressing the chronic undernutrition of vulnerable people, especially children, in low-and middle-income countries. JICA will also promote the efforts to prevent overnutrition in countries where this problem is becoming more serious, thus JICA will contribute to reducing the double burden of malnutrition (undernutrition and overnutrition).

JICA will address these issues through the realization and implementation of the "JICA Nutrition Declaration: Nutrition for All—Ten-Point Commitment to Human Security" (attached), which was announced at the Tokyo Nutrition for Growth (N4G) Summit in December 2021 (hereinafter referred to as "Promotion of the JICA Nutrition Declaration").

JICA, through this Global Agenda, will contribute to achieving SDG Goal 2<sup>1</sup> (end hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition, and promote sustainable agriculture), Goal 3 (ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages), and others<sup>2</sup>.

**(2) Objectives of the Cluster**

① **Improving maternal and child nutrition**

By focusing on the first 1,000 days from fetus to two years of age, when the risk of death, growth, and future health and disease due to malnutrition is the greatest, and by strengthening maternal and child nutrition improvement services and care in various related fields, with a focus on maternal and child health, JICA aims to develop 2,500 core personnel for maternal and child nutrition. And on this basis, the goal is to achieve better nutrition for a population of 1 million mothers and children.

② **The Initiative for Food and Nutrition Security in Africa (IFNA)**

JICA promotes the Initiative for Food and Nutrition Security in Africa (IFNA), launched at TICAD VI in 2016, which aims to improve nutrition in Africa. At the policy level, the IFNA will promote the mainstreaming of nutrition improvement in each country (reflecting it in policies and strategies, securing budgets, and promoting the implementation of related activities), while at the field level, JICA aims to develop 5,000 core nutrition personnel, and to achieve a direct beneficiary population of 270,000 through promoting IFNA.

JICA works toward the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

1 The indicators are "2.1: By 2030, end hunger and ensure all people have access, in particular the poor and people in vulnerable situations, including infants, to safe, nutritious and sufficient food all year round" and "2.2: By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under five years of age, and address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls, pregnant and lactating women and older persons."

2 For example, it will also contribute to SDG Goal 12 (ensure sustainable production and consumption patterns) through improved dietary habits and changes in agricultural production.

◆ English and French versions are accessible on JGA page on [JICA HP](#)