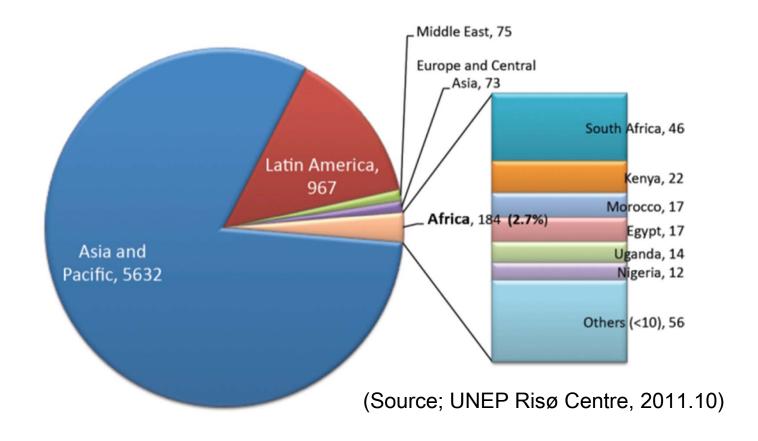
Capacity Building Project for Measurement, Reporting and Verification (MRV) of Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emission Reduction in Africa

October 31th, 2011

Yuji MIZUNO, Ph.D.
Office of Market Mechanisms
Climate Change Policy Division
Ministry of the Environment, Japan (MOEJ)

Project Background

➤ Limited benefits from the existing market mechanisms in spite of strong need for sustainable development of African countries.



Project Period

June 2011 - March 2012

Target Countries

Group1 Ghana, Morocco, Senegal

Group2 Kenya, Tanzania, Uganda

Group3 Mozambique, South Africa, Zambia

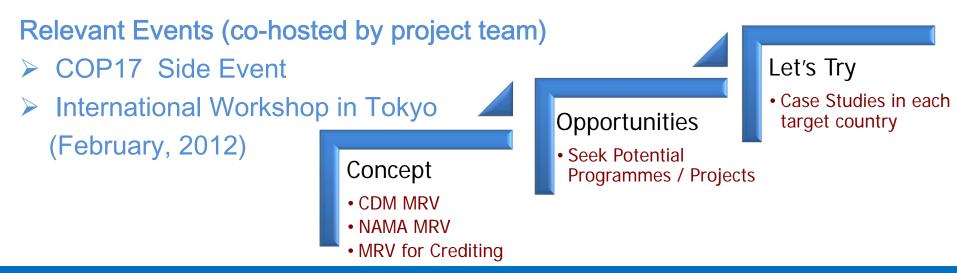
Group4 Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC), Egypt,

Ethiopia, Nigeria

Project Implementing Entities
INGEROSEC Corporation
Climate Experts Ltd.
UNICO International Corporation
OSUMI Co., Ltd.

Project Objectives

- Conduct capacity development program on MRV of potential projects for future crediting under new market mechanisms such as the BOCM (Bilateral Offset Credit Mechanism).
- ➤ Find out potential GHG emission reduction projects / programmes for future crediting under market mechanisms including the BOCM.
- Find out potential verification entities to implement MRV for GHG emission reductions.



Project Activities

- Preliminary Survey
 - Find out a counterpart (C/P) in each target country.
 (mostly CDM DNA: Designated National Authority)



- Interview with relevant governmental agencies and private companies. (for Data collection and analysis)
- ➤ 1st Local Coordination
 - Reach agreement with C/P in terms of cooperation for this project.
 - Hold a workshop with C/P.
 - Consultation with relevant governmental agencies and private companies.
 - Find out the potential GHG emission reduction projects.
- ➤ 2nd and 3rd Local Coordination
 - Hold a workshop with C/P.
 - Discussions with relevant governmental agencies and private companies.
 - Find out potential verification entities and support them to conduct model MRV.

Project Status and Schedule - Group1 (Ghana, Morocco, Senegal)

	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	
Ghana			0		(2)		(3)		
Morocco	1		0	1	(2)		(3)		
Senegal			0	9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	(2)		(3)		
	Prelimina Survey	ıry	1 st Loc Coordina				3 rd Local Internation Coordination Worksho		







Palais des Congres, Morocco (7/4-6)



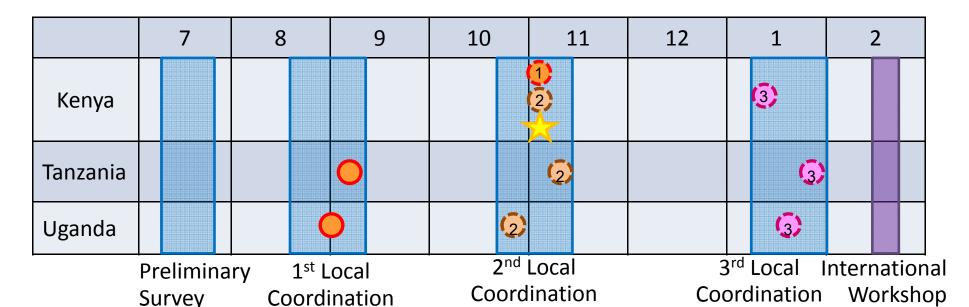
Novotel Accra City Center, Ghana (9/14-15)





Direction de l'environnement et des établissements Classés (DEEC), Senegal (9/21-22)

Project Status and Schedule - Group2 (Kenya, Tanzania, Uganda)



1st Workshop (2-days)

UNFCCC NAMA Workshop (11/3-4)

1st, 2nd & 3rd Workshop (tentative; 2days)



Protea Hotel, Tanzania (8/31)



Hotel Silver Springs, Uganda (9/7)



Protea Hotel, Tanzania (9/1)

Project Status and Schedule – Group3 (Mozambique, South Africa, Zambia)

	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2
Mozambique					1	1	(2)	
South Africa							A	
Zambia			O		(2)		(3)	
	Preliminary	1 st Lo	ocal		2 nd Local	31	rd Local	Internationa
	Survey	Coordi	nation	C	oordinatio	on Coo	rdination	Worksho



(1)(2)(3) 1st, 2nd & 3rd Workshop (tentative; 1-2days)



COP 17 Side Event (11/29) 🔼 Presentation (tentative; 1 day)



Department of Energy, Zambia (9/15)

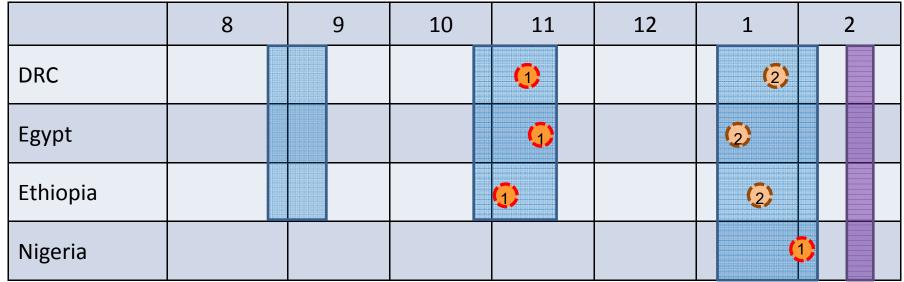


Hotel Cardoso, Mozambique (9/1)



World Bank, Zambia (9/13)

Project Status and Schedule - Group4 (DRC, Egypt, Ethiopia, Nigeria)



Preliminary Survey

1st Local Coordination

2nd Local International Coordination Workshop



1st & 2nd Workshop (tentative; 2days)



Ministry of State for Environmental Affairs, Egypt (9/7)



Climate Change Unit/EEAA, Egypt (9/7)



Findings

- Constraints to conduct GHG emission reduction projects including MRV in Africa
 - Limited financial support, knowledge, capacity in governmental agencies
 - Limited participation of private companies
 - Lack of coordination among various governmental agencies and donors
 - Relatively small scale of projects
- Opportunities for GHG emission reduction projects, MRV, and new mechanisms in Africa
 - Strong interests for future crediting mechanism
 - Existence of various donors to support climate mitigation projects
 - Potential for coordination with NAMAs
 - Cooperation with research institute (e.g. university)
- Issues need to be considered to establish new mechanisms
 - Co-existence with Kyoto Mechanisms
 - Coordination with existing donors
 - Sustainable technology transfer

y,

Edurando Mondale University, Mozambique (8/29)