

Project on Capacity Building for Restoration of Ecosystems in Conservation Areas



Bromo Tengger Semeru National Park

Gunung Ciremai National Park



Gunung Merapi National Park

Manupeu Tanah Daru National Park



Sembilang National Park

Ministry of Forestry Japan International Cooperation Agency

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http://www.jica.go.jp/project/english/indonesia/008/index.html



Background

ndonesian forests provide rich biodiversitties and ecosystems. Forest lands in Indonesia cover arround 233 millions hectars. However, these forests are in danger of deforestation and degradation with 1.08 million hectars annual loss during periode 2000 – 2005. The conservation areas account for about 12% of the total forests in Indonesia, and National Parks account for 60% of the conservation areas. They are recognized as significant not only in Indonesia but Internationally, and it is an urgent task to conserve them. Additionally, many National Parks are facing problems arising from exotic and invasive spesies. We have to conserve original ecosystems inside National Park areas.

The Indonesian Ministry of Forestry and Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA) commneced Project on Capacity Building for Restoration of Ecosystems in Conservation Areas in March, 2010 to strengthen capacity of relevant stakeholders for restoration of degraded ecosystems in conservation areas, specifically National Parks.

Scope of the Project

The target areas in this the Project are degraded ecosystems in National Parks. The Project intends to address issues of restoration of degraded lands through comprehensive approach covering three aspects, i.e. institutional-aspect, technical-aspect and financial-aspect. Furthermore, the Project utilizes the knowledge by combining the past and ongoing projects/trials, those developed with JICA's assistance and also indigenous and traditional knowledge.

1. Terms

March 2010 - March 2015 (5 years)

2. Executing Agency

Directorat General of Forest Protection and Nature Conservation

3. Supporting Agency

Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA)

4. Project Purpose

Capacity of relevant stakeholders for restoration or degraded ecosystems in conservation area is strengthened



5. Outputs

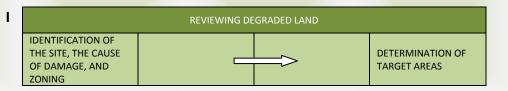
- (1) Institutional framework for restoration of degraded ecosystems in conservation area is enhanced.
- (2) Restoration plans in the project sites are developed.
- (3) Restoration activities in the project sites are implemented.

6. Activities

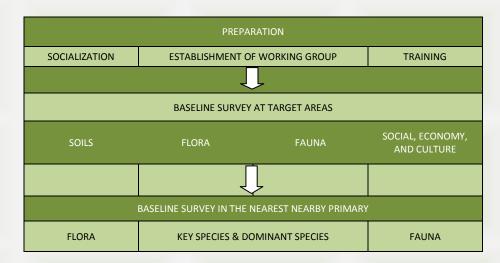
- (1) Activities at the central level (in Jakarta)
 - (i) Review governmental rules and regulations relevant to restoration of degraded ecosystems in conservation areas.
 - (ii) Identify useful technologies for restoration including those developed with JICA's assistance.
 - (iii) Review the existing technical guidelines relevant to restoration.
 - (iv) Examine potential financial resources including GERHAN, Restoration Fund, private investment and donor assistances, etc.
 - (v) Make a Guide Book entitled "Spesies of Restoration Plants".
 - (vi) Prepare a draft of Restortion Guidline.
 - (2) Activities in the Project Sites
 - (2)-1. Restoration Plans in the Project Sites
 - (i) Organize working group(s) at each Project site, which is responsible for planning and implementation of restoration activities.
 - (ii) Identify the target areas for restoration activities in the project sites.
 - (iii) Prepare draft restoration plans.
 - (iv) Holding workshop(s) attended by stakeholders to discuss about the draft of restoration plans.
 - (v) Make documents of the planning process.
 - (2)-2. Implementation of restoration activities
 - (i) Conduct training for restoration to working groups.
 - (ii) Implement the restoration activities in the project sites.
 - (iii) Monitor, evaluate, and review the restoration activities.

BASIC APPROACH FOR FORMULATING GUIDELINES

STAGE



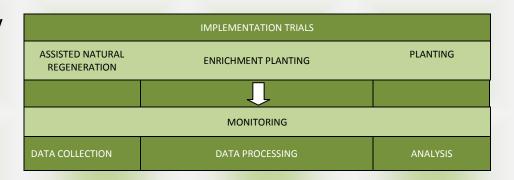
STAGE II



STAGE III



STAGE IV





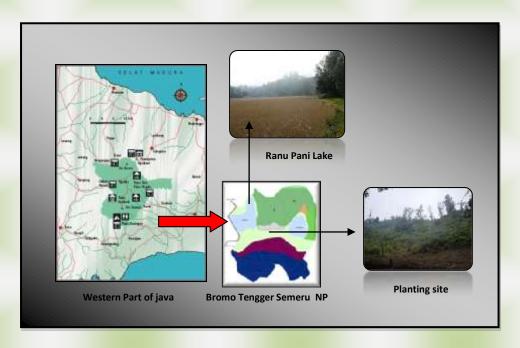
7. Project Site

(1) Bromo Tengger Semeru National Parks

Location : Ranu Pane Lake and the surrounding area

Area : 100 Hectars

Ecosystems : Tropical Mountain Rain Forests
Collaboration : Sumitomo Forestry Co., Ltd

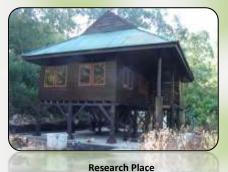


Restoration Trial Map at Bromo Tengger Semeru National Park

Bromo Tengger Semeru National Park has an unique ecosystem. With sea of sand at an altitude of 2.050 masl. There are several lakes at an altitude of 2,300 masl including Ranu Pani Lake.

This lake is surrounded by enclave areas with majority of vegetable farmers without terraces, which results in degradation of the ecosystem in the Ranu Pani Lake. There is occurrence of sedimentation and

eutrophication due to excessive use of chemical fertlizer. Invasive species, Salvinia molesta covers the entire lake surface.





Making Bricks Without Combution

So far the following activities have been implemented in the partnership between the Bromo Tengger Semeru National Park office and JICA:



- Training of making bricks without combution from mad of sedimentation,
- Making trench retaining sediment on the Ranu Pani Lake, and
- Elimination of Salvinia by manual works together with society, college students, volunteers, and naturelovers.



This area is haevily damaged by invasive species, Euphatorium odoratum and Acacia decurens. Some acitivities also implemented consists of:

- Survey and field study,for:
- Establish a working group and implement the training,
- Construction of the nursery,
- Gathering of seed from National Park areas,
- Nursery operation,
- Identification of target restoration sites, and
- Implementation of restoration through assisted natural regeneration, enrichment planting, and planting.

In addtion to two activities, there is a collaboration. With Japanese company, Sumitomo Forestry Co. LTD, for training for forest fire control.



Forest Fire Control

(2) Gunung Ciremai National Park

Location : There are three places for trials: ie. ecosystems degraded by forest fire, former

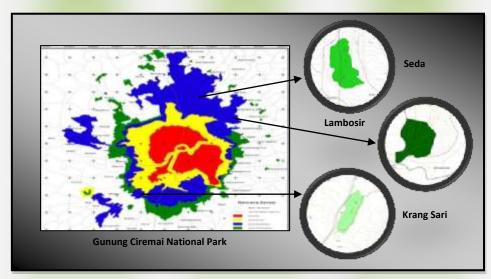
volcanic eruption, and encroachment

Area : Karang Sari 10 Hectars; Seda 5 Hectars; Lambosir 60 Hectars (JICA 10 Hectars dan

PT. Yamaha Musik Indonesia 50 Hectars)

Ecosystems : Tropical Mountain Rain Forests

Collaboration : PT. Yamaha Musik Indonesia





Mt. Ciremai is known as the highest mountain in West Java, with an altitude 3,078 masl. Restoration trials are conducted in three region, consisting of:

1. Block of Seda, with an altitude of 900-987 masl.



Pondok Jaga and Nursery at Seda

2. Block of Lambosir, with an altitude of 737-925 masl. This area is degraded due to forest fire.



Pondok Jaga and Nursery at Lambosir

3. Block of Karang Sari, with an altitude of 1,100-1,175 masl. This area is degraded due to land clearing for agriculture and plantations.



Pondok Jaga and Nursery at Karang Sari

Activities that have been implemented at three location consists of:

- Survey and field study, for:
 - The cause of damage,
 - Condition of geography an vegetation,
 - Composition of plants species, and
 - Socio-economic condition of the target restoration areas.
- Establish working group and implement the training,
- Construction of the nursery,
- Gathering of seed from National Park areas,
- Nursery operation,
- Identification of target restoration sites, and
- Implementation of restoration through assisted natural regeneration, enrichment planting, and planting.



Planting Ceremony 2011

Lambosir Block, Gunung Ciremai National Park Office, JICA and PT. Yamaha Musik Indonesia make a collaboration for the restoration of 60 hectars.

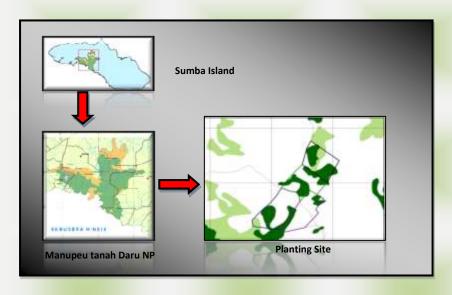


(3) Manupeu Tanah Daru National Park

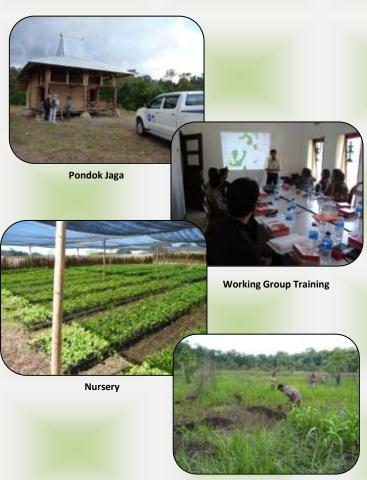
Location : Ecosystems degraded by forest fire and cattle grazing

Area : 87 Hectars

Ecosystems : Tropical Monsoon Forests



Restoration Trial Map at Manupeu Tanah Daru National Park



Planting Site

This location is degraded due to forest fires and cattle grazing. Activities that have been implemented at this location consists of:

- Survey and field study, for:
 - The couse of damage,
 - Condition of geography an vegetation,
 - Composition of plants species, and
 - Socio economic condition of the target restoration.
- Establish a working group and implement the training,
- Construction of the nursery ,
- Gathering of seed from National Park areas,
- Nursery operation,
- Identification of target restoration sites, and
- Implementation of restoration through assisted natural regeneration, enrichment planting, and planting.



(4) Gunung Merapi National Park

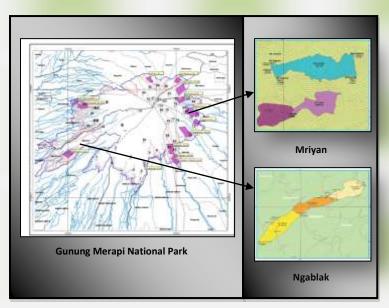
Location : Ecosystems degraded by gravel extractim, the eruption of Mt. Merapi, and invasive

species

Area : Ngablak Village Magelang District (40 Hectars) and

Mriyan Village Boyolali District (20 Hectar)

Ecosystems: Tropical Mountain Rain Forests



Restoration Trial Map at Gunung Merapi National Park

In the area of Gunung Merapi National Park, trials for restoration have been implemented, there are Ngablak Village, Magelang District and Mriyan Village, Boyolali District. Ngablak area is the restoration of demaged ecosystems due to sand mining. A very thin soil solum is a challenge to test restoration at this locations. The restoration area will be 40 Hectars, located at an altitude of 750 masl.



Pondok Jaga

Restoration areas in Mriyan are at an altitude of 1,300-1700 masl. This location is covered by a lot of the excotic species, *Acacia decurens*. The

following activitie
have been
implemented in
the partenrship
between Gunung
Merapi National
Park Office and
JICA:



Nursery

- Survey and field study, for:
 - The cause of damage,
 - Condition of geography an vegetation,
 - Composition of plants species, and
 - Social economic condition of the target restoration areas.
 - Establish a working group and implement the training,
 - Construction of the nursery ,
 - Gathering of seed from National Park areas,
 - Nursery operation,
 - Identification of target restoration sites, and
 - Implementation of restoration through assisted natural regeneration, enrichment planting, and planting



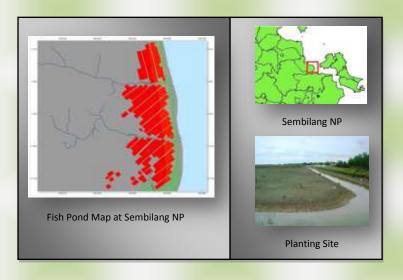
Planting Site and Working Group Training



(5) Sembilang National Park

Location : Magrove ecosystems degraded by contructions of fish ponds

Area : 200 Hectars Ecosystem : Mangrove



Restoration Trial Map at Sembilang National Park

Mangrove ecosystems in the Sembilang National Park, Banyuasin II District, South Sumatra is the largest area of the western Indonesia covering 77,500 hectars. Condition of mangrove in the region is experiencing



Pndok Jaga

the pressures and degradation from year to year since 1994.

Degradation is mainly caused by fish pond development. The area of pond in this

area currently about 930 hectars, while the area of

pond in greenbelt area is 238 hectars. JICA n Collaboration with Sembilang National Park



Working Group Training



office implements a trial restoration in the abondaned fish ponds as large as 200 hectars.



Activities that have been implemented at this location are as follows:

- Survey and field study, for:
 - The cause of mangroves destruction,
 - The condition of meteorology, geography, soil structure, water quality, vegetation, and tidal,
 - The composition of mangrove species, and
 - Social-economic condition
- Construction of the nursery,
- Nursery operation,
- Identification of target restoration sites,
- Establishing a working group, and
- Implementation of restoration through assisted natural regeneration, enrichment planting, and planting.

8. Collaboration

For effective implementation of trial restoration in the project sites, JICA-RECA has been collaborating with private companies, government offices, universities, and international organization as follows:

Organitation	Activities	Location
Puslit Biologi LIPI (Biology Research Center LIPI)	Identification of Restoration Plant Species Invasive Spesies Control Guide Book and Hebarium Training for Identification and Photo	Five NP
Puslitbang Konservasi dan Rehabilitasi Kementrian Kehutanan (Research & Development Center of Conservation & Rehabilitation)	Monitoring of Natural Regeneration Systems Workshop Organizing	Gunung Ciremai NP
Yamaguchi University (Japan) and Udayana University (Indonesia)	Exchange of information	
UNESCO-Jakarta Office (Regional Science Bureau for Asia and the Pasific)	Exchange of information	
JIFPRO (Japan International Forestry Promotion and Cooperation Center)	Exchange of information	
PT. Yamaha Music Indonesia	Financial Support for Restoration Tree Planting Ceremony	Gunung Ciremai NP
Sumitomo Forestry Co., Ltd.	Financial Support for Restoration Forest Fire Control	Bromo Tengger Semeru NP
REKI (Indonesia Ecosystem Restoration)	Exchange of information	

