

# JICA at a Glance

## JICA's Contributions in Figures

### Contributing to the achievement of the SDGs

JICA addresses wide-ranging global issues to help achieve the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). On issues which developing countries are facing, including COVID-19, JICA focuses on synergy effects in three dimensions—economic, environmental, and social—as well as the Five Ps: people, planet, prosperity, peace, and partnership, toward a world in which no one will be left behind.

**80.5 million people**



have gained access to safe water

(in fiscal 1999–2019)

To ensure supply of safe water—which is vital for combating infectious diseases like COVID-19, JICA addresses both “hard” and “soft” aspects, i.e., capacity building (for planning, operation, etc.) and infrastructure development.

**9.4 million households**



are expected to gain better access to power in Africa

(under projects committed in 2016–2018\*)

As part of JICA's assistance committed in the Sixth Tokyo International Conference on African Development (TICAD VI), JICA is implementing eight projects to develop power generation, transmission, and substation facilities in seven countries whose power demand is surging. This will help increase and improve supply of stable power, which in turn will support social and economic growth.

### Goal 3: Good Health and Well-being



As the COVID-19 pandemic is raging globally, JICA-supported expertise, human resources, and infrastructure are now protecting people's lives in many countries.

**9 million copies of the MCH Handbook**

were issued in 34 partner countries in 2019\*

(according to a JICA estimate)

JICA cooperates to introduce and institutionalize the Maternal and Child Health (MCH) Handbook to ensure continued access to health services for mothers and children to protect their lives and health.

**2,817 people**

were provided public health and medical care training in Japan

(in fiscal 2017–2019)

JICA accepted training participants in various public health and medical care fields, such as maternal and child health and infectious disease control, to teach relevant skills and knowledge. Some of the former participants are now combating COVID-19 on the frontlines. Their experiences and learning in Japan are being put to good use in their home countries.

\*calendar year

# 40,576 people



were provided professional and occupational training in Asia

(in fiscal 2018–2019)

At the Japan-ASEAN Summit in 2018, the Japanese government announced an initiative aimed at training 80,000 people to develop industrial human resources over the next five years. JICA assists in the digital sector, including AI, as well as in improving practical technical skills, design and product development skills, innovation capability, and management and planning skills.

# 83,000 homes



were rebuilt after the Nepal earthquake

(in fiscal 2015–2019)

For five years after a magnitude 7.8 earthquake hit Nepal, JICA contributed to rebuild homes under the concept of Build Back Better by promoting more quake-resistant building methods with local communities. JICA has achieved a higher completion rate (87%) than other donors in rebuilding projects.

# 1,850 people



participated in the annual national sports event of peace and unity in South Sudan in the past five years

JICA has been supporting the “National Unity Day” sports event since it was first held in 2016 to promote interactions, friendships, and unity among youths, which contribute to peace and the social cohesion of people through sports.

# ¥220 billion



worth of social bonds were issued by JICA

(in fiscal 2016–2019)

By the end of fiscal 2019, 101 investors in total, including financial institutions, local governments, educational institutions etc., made a commitment to invest in JICA bonds. The bond proceeds are used largely for loans to developing countries for their efforts to achieve the SDGs.

# 8,622 JOCVs

were assigned as health care providers and social workers

(in fiscal 1965–2019)

Japan Overseas Cooperation Volunteers (JOCVs) work in public health and related social services sectors with expertise as nurses, midwives, public health nurses, physical therapists, and specialists in infectious diseases that include HIV/AIDS. JOCVs also collaborate with technical cooperation projects as appropriate.

# 1,059 health care facilities

were developed with financial aid

(in fiscal 2008–2019)

To deliver necessary health care services to many people, JICA supports building health care facilities, including national and regional referral hospitals, health centers, and clinical laboratories.