Yoshi Takahashi JICA, Japan

Subjective well-being as a policy tool

our findings explains...

Happiness ≠ Satisfaction

Happiness = Culture

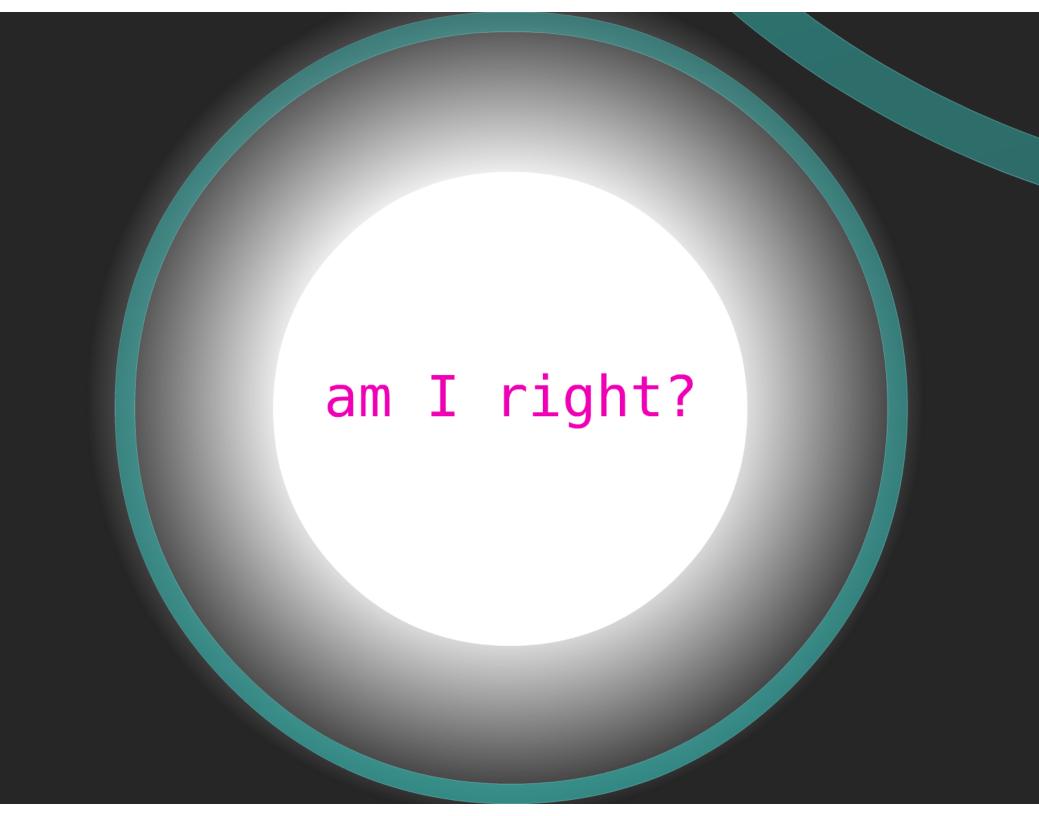
Mormal, Power law, & Twin Peaks

Happiness = Life-course



Happiness = Social



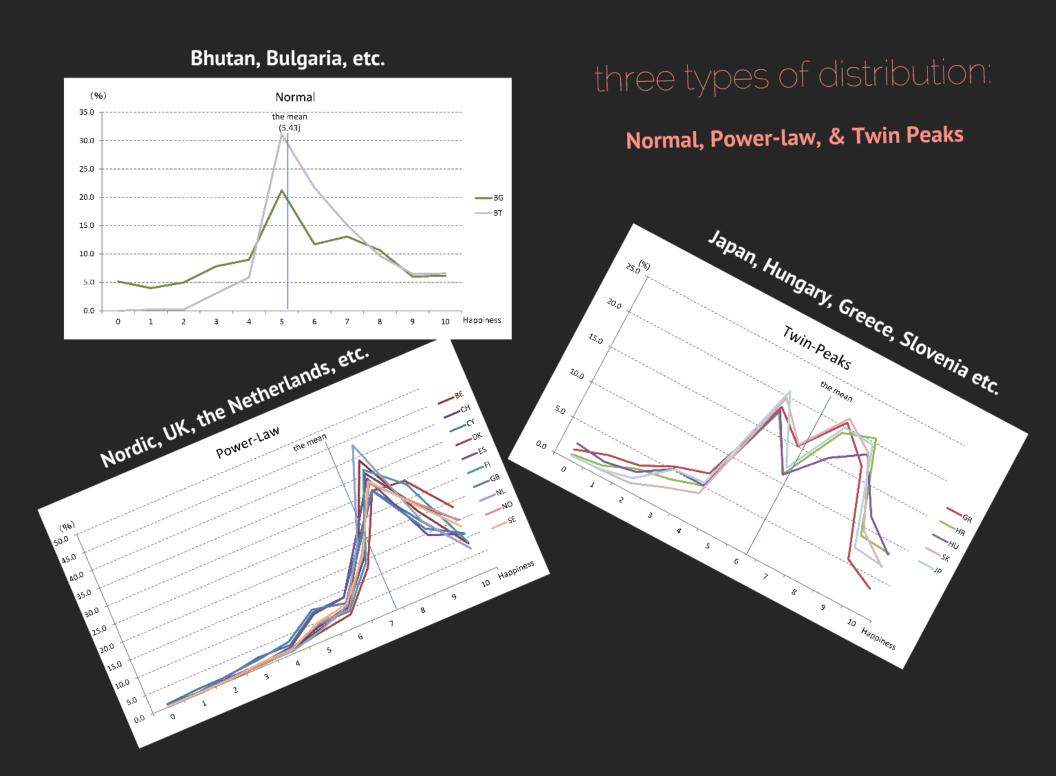


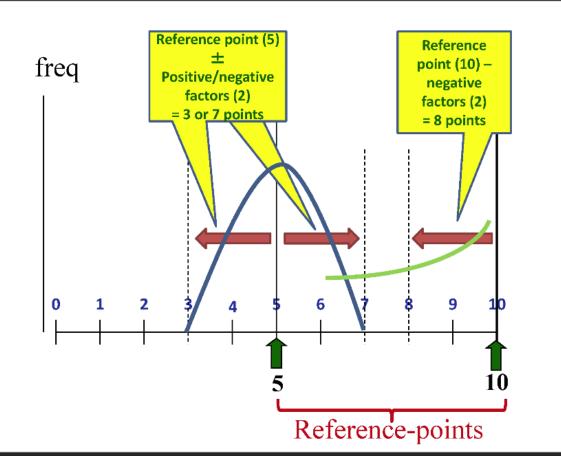
Happiness Family Parents
Friends

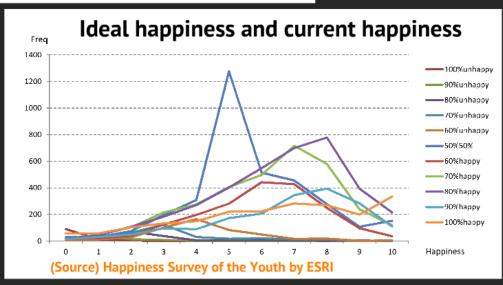
Satisfaction

JOD mcomes

(Source) Happiness Survey of Youth, ESRI







Adolescence/Young Adult FriendS His/Her own time stressless

Adult /ncome Family Health

Elderly
HealthFamily, come

I believe that my life is just as happy as that of others around me.

Although my life is quite average, I live a stable life.

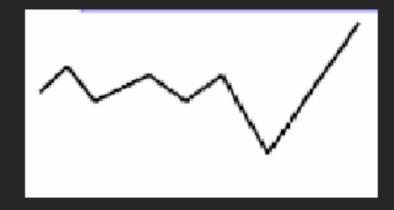
I believe that I and others around me are happy.

I make those who are most important to me happy.

The most happiest life



American



Chinese

by Ji, Nisbett, & Su (2001)

Peace & Harmony (India)

Joy & Enthusiasm (US)

by Tithi Bhatnagar (2009)

- Happiness is much more appropriate measure for policy-making than satisfaction because it is less economic but more social.
- We should recognize life-course difference when we promote policy based on SWB.
- However, international comparison of average happiness is less meaningful because it does not take into account reference-point difference between culture.
- We should respect for cultural value of happiness.

DO YOU NOW SEE WHAT WE SHOULD EXPLORE SWB MORE IN EACH COUNTRY?