# **KAIZEN Step 3:**"Root Cause Analysis"

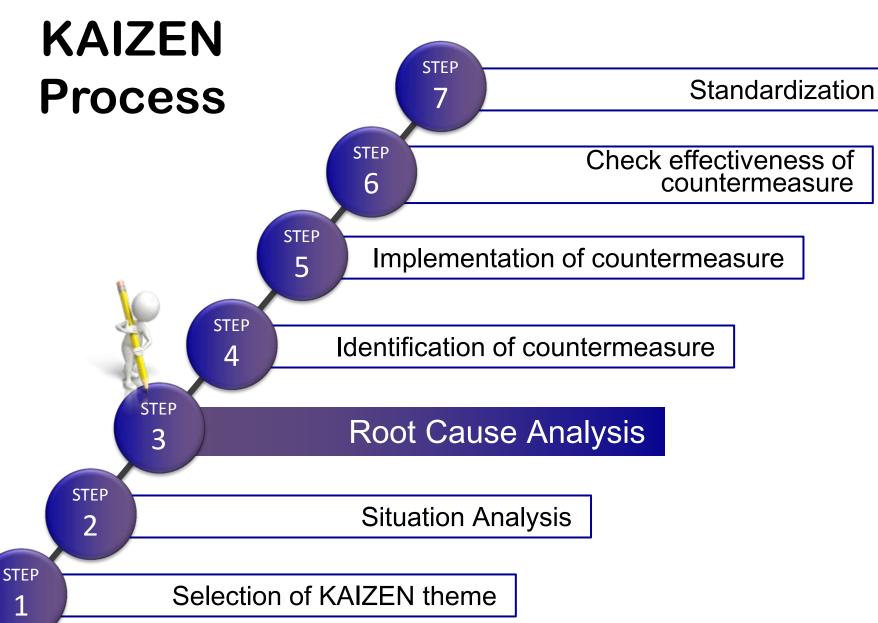
KAIZEN Training of Trainers 2015



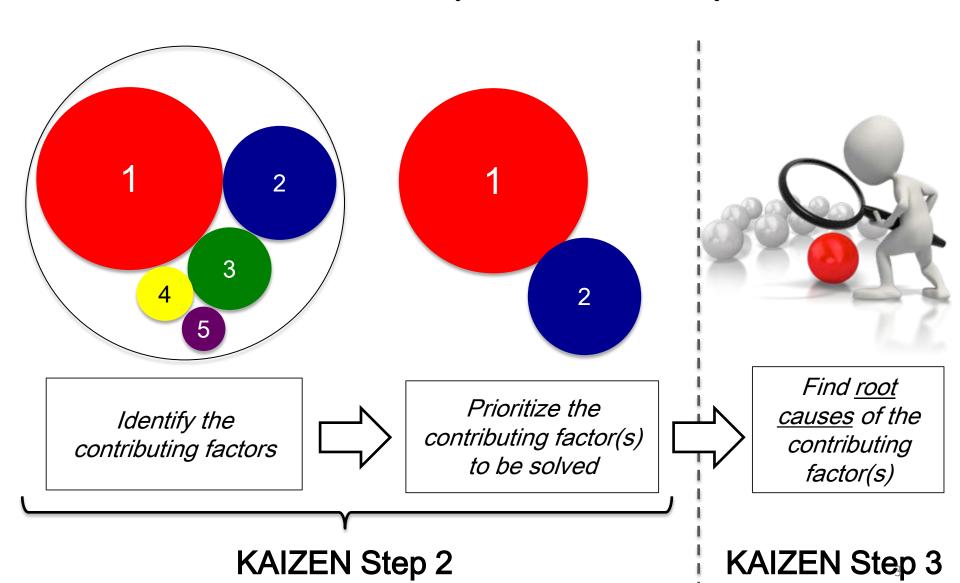
## Objectives of the session

At the end of the session, trainees are able to:

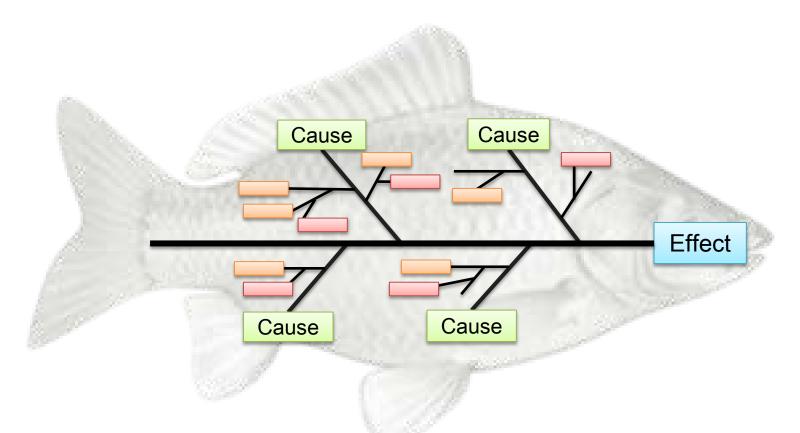
- 1. Describe importance of identifying root causes of the contributing factor(s)
- Describe how to practice root cause analysis by developing and utilizing Fishbone diagram
- 3. Demonstrate the process of root cause analysis at their working place



#### KAIZEN Step 2 and Step 3



# Cause-Effect diagram (Fish bone diagram)



- It is developed by Prof. Kaoru Ishikawa
- It connects "effect" and "cause(s)" systematically with line
- Clarification of relations between effect and cause(s)

#### Two types of Fishbone diagram

#### 1. Fishbone diagram for Management

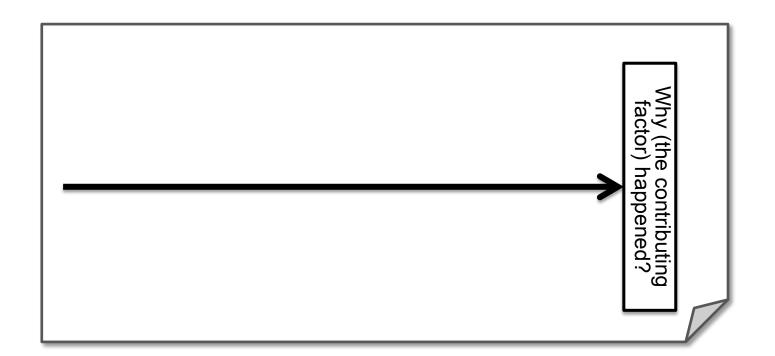
- It is aimed for prevention of possible problem not yet occurred.
- It is also aimed to identify factor to be control. It does not need to ask why-because question

#### 2. Fishbone diagram for Problem Solving

- It is aimed to find root causes of problem already occurred
- It is developed based on data and information obtained from Step 2
- Find root causes that are affecting the major contributing factor(s)

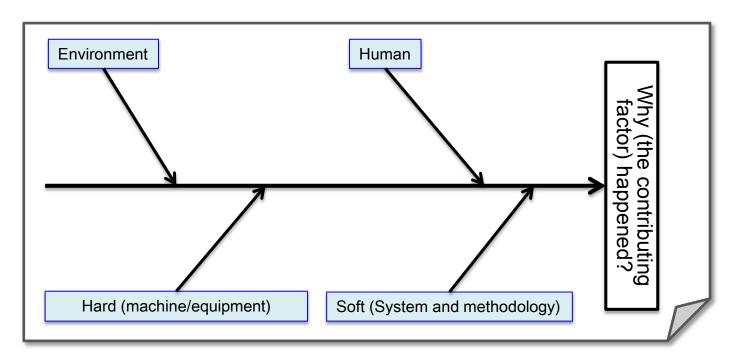
#### Steps of root cause analysis (1)

- Put effect (= the major contributing factor) in the step 2 as "head of fish"; "Why (the contributing factor) happened?"
- Draw heavy line from left to the effect on the center; "Backbone of fish"



### Steps of root cause analysis (2)

- Determine large category of cause according to your working environment
  - MSHEL group; Management, Software, Hardware, Environment
  - 4M group; Man, Machine, Material, Method

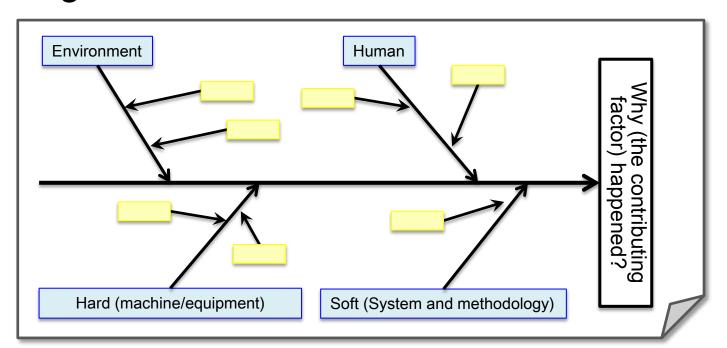


#### Example of grouping of causes

- Human: knowledge, skills health conditions, physical conditions etc.
- Soft: system, methodologies, mechanism etc.
- Hard: material, equipment, furniture, tools etc.
- Environment: facility environment (water supply, electricity, smell, humidity etc.), working environment (work space, accessibility of materials, arrangement etc.)

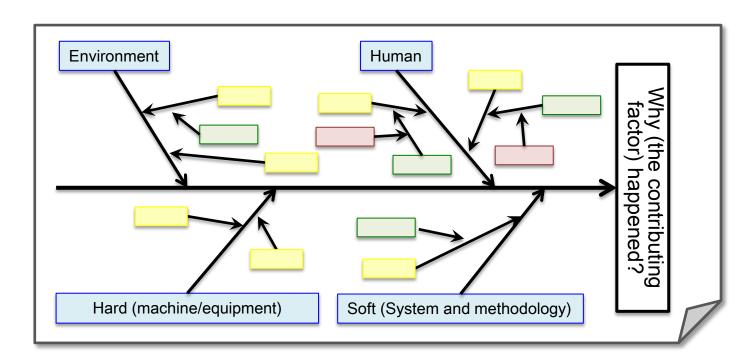
#### Steps of root cause analysis (3)

- Seek possible causes for the effect (the primary cause)
- Categorize the primary cause into category
- Avoid to mention to things in terms of "recourse shortage"



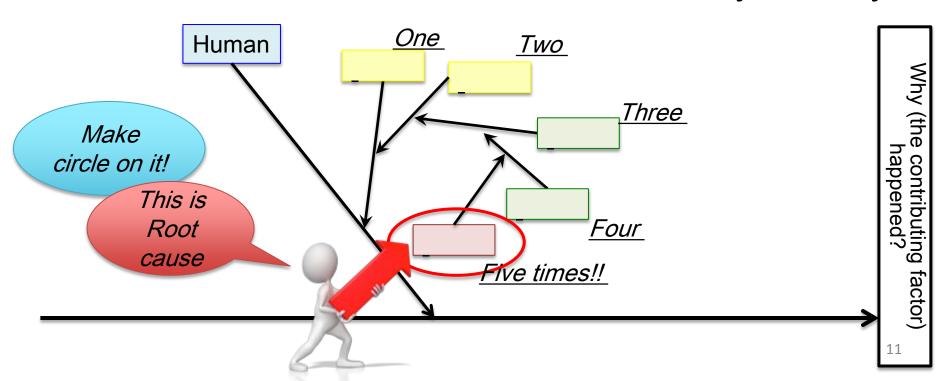
### Steps of root cause analysis (4)

- Narrow down cause(s) of each primary cause (the secondary cause)
- Avoid to mention to things in terms of "resource shortage"

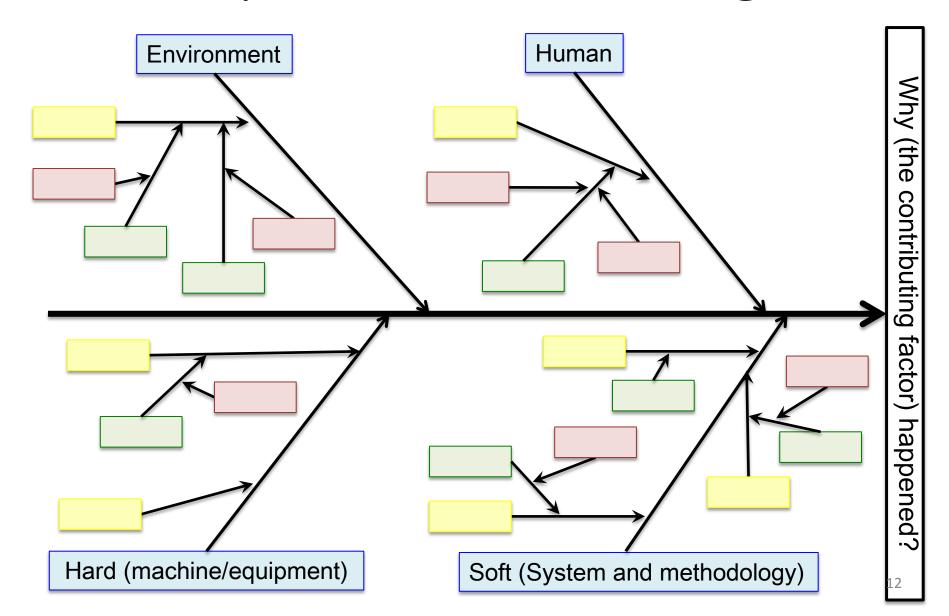


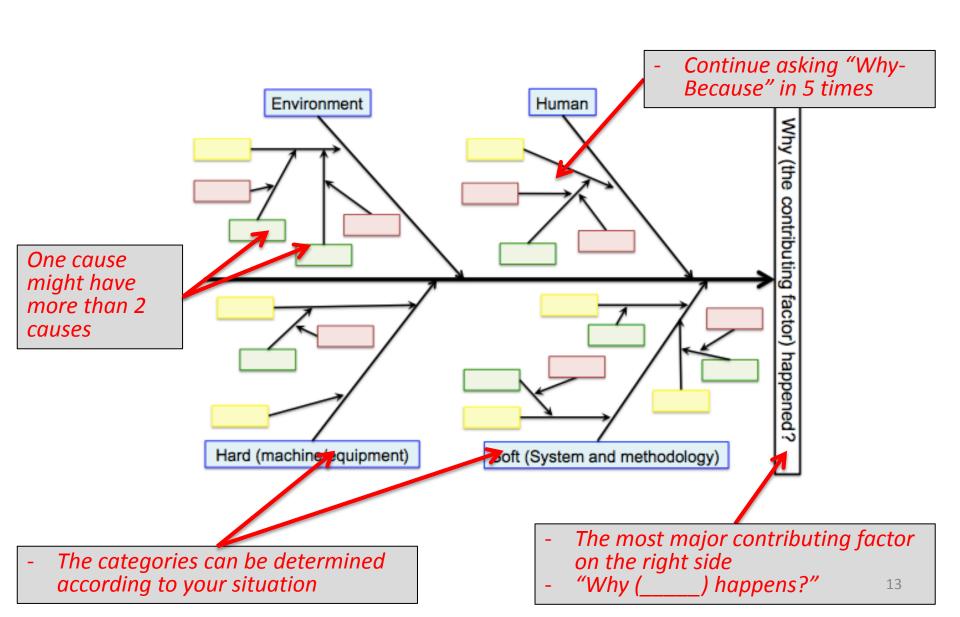
### Steps of root cause analysis (5)

• Find out "root causes" by asking "Why it is happening?" in enough time (recommended 5 times) for each possible causes listed on primary branch, and branch them into secondary, tertiary.



## **Example of Fishbone diagram**





# Remarks on development of Fishbone diagram

- Effect = Major Contributing factor, which was identified in Step 2, and Effect is not equals to "KAIZEN Theme", identified in Step 1
- If two contributing factors account for 80% (Pareto rule) in the step 2, it is necessary to develop two fishbone diagrams

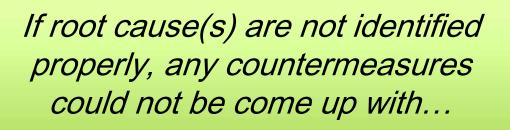
#### Cont.

- When repeat "Why~? Because~" in 5 times, situation of own workplace need to be thought before searching a cause of others
- While analyzing root causes, it is necessary to avoid blaming other sections; KAIZEN is

for own

#### Cont.

- Avoiding mentioning "shortage of resources"; "No money", "No human resource", "No material" etc.
- Finding root causes should not be done with your instincts and senses. Your experiences, knowledge, and information should be used



The problem will never be solved!!



# Let us try to develop Fishbone diagram