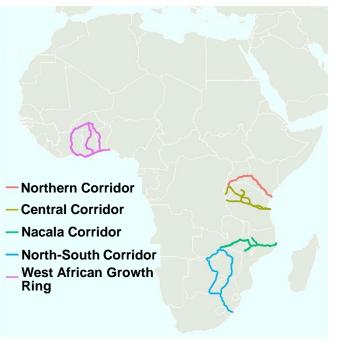
Updates of the Corridor Development and Smart Corridor in Africa (Corridor Development 2.0)

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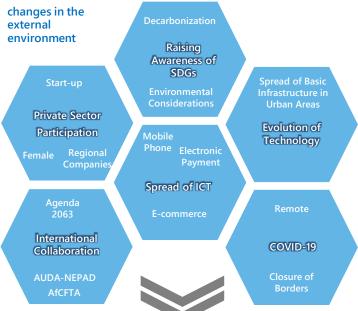
African Regional Corridors

The survey covered the three key corridors as well as the North-South and the Central corridor.



Environmental Changes in African Regional Corridor Development

The environment surrounding the development of corridors in Africa has changed significantly, and future development and implementation of corridor development strategies should take them into account.



Significant impact on corridor development strategy

Five barriers to overcome by corridor development

In corridor development, there are many "barriers" to overcome, depending on regional characteristics such as "coastal and landlocked countries," "cities and provinces," and "borders and gateways." There are "Five Pillars" that combine the hardware and software necessary to overcome those problems.

Capital and

Five Barriers in the Deve	lopment of Regional Corridors in Africa	Gateway	big city in a coastal country	Border	Capital of landlocked country	Roadside area
Barrier of Distance and Time	Longer travel time due to distance from gateway to landlocked country and lack of infrastructure				•	
Barrier of Transport Infrastructure Quality	Inappropriate maintenance and management, obsolescence due to user's inappropriate behaviors, and aging infrastructure	•	•		•	
Barrier of Gateway and Border	Inefficient procedures at borders and gateways	•		•		
Barrier of Regional Disparities"	Widening gap between cities with improved infrastructure and rural areas without investment	•	•	•		•
Barrier of People and Consciousness	Harassment at national borders, slow progress in women's participation in society, lack of environmental awareness, etc.	•	•			•

Five Pillars for Overcoming the Five Barriers

Institutional Framework

Regulatory and

Multilateral agreement

- Trade agreement
- Business environment
- Tax system
- Document standardization

Hard Infrastructure



Development of transportation infrastructure

- Distribution facility
- · Energy-related facility

Industry & Economy

- Supply chain
- Private sector vitality and PPP
- Activation of regional trade

Human Resources



Governance

- Technology transfer
- Management and financing
- Compliance



Technology

Logistics DX/IoT

- Transportation ICT
- Decarbonization



Corridor Development Impact

The effects and issues of corridor development for the three priority corridors are summarized below.

Corridor Development Impact Verification Results

	Northern Corridor	Nacala Corridor	West African Growth Ring		
Countries (Related Countries)	Kenya, Uganda (Rwanda)	Mozambique (Malawi, Zambia)	Ivory Coast, Ghana, Togo, Burkina Faso (Benin)		
Corridor Map	Kampala Nairobi Mombasa	Lichinga Nacala Cuamba Nampula Tete	Ouagadougou Abidjan Acora		
Year of MP Formulation	2017	2015	2018		
Effects	Positive Improvements in the operation of the Port of Mombasa and the performance of freight transportation with the partial opening of the freight railway Challenges Inland transport from west of Nairobi including border control still requires time	Positive There have been some improvements, including a reduction in the cost of transporting trucks to Blantyre (Malawi). Challenges The port of Nacala struggles for competing with rival ports	Positive Improvement of all major ports is confirmed and the handling volume is increasing. Reduced transportation costs to inland areas are confirmed for some routes. Challenges Although some issues remain, such as road harassment, relatively good results have been achieved in transportation and logistics.		
Wider Economic Benefits	Positive In Development of industrial clusters are confirmed, and the momentum for industrial development incorporating new technologies such as local e- commerce is rising	Positive The ripple effect of corridor development has not confirmed yet	Positive Agglomeration of industrial		
	Challenges There are concerns about the negative environmental impact of increased traffic. The effect is expected to spread to inland and roadside areas	Challenges Strategies based on mineral exports might need to be reconsidered in the decarbonization trend.	Challenges The degree of effectiveness varies from country to country. There are also concerns about environmental degradation caused by increased traffic volime		
Summary and Implications					

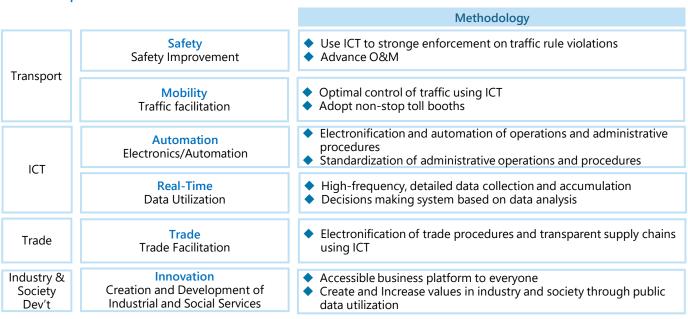
- Overall, direct positive impacts are confirmed, such as improved transportation infrastructure through the implementation of corridor development projects. On the other hand, although the social and economic spillover effects differ depending on the circumstances of each corridor, progress is limited to some regions: industrial agglomeration in the Northern Corridor and the West African Growth Ring.
- Although there are differences in the degree of benefits to each region within the corridor, in order to achieve balanced development throughout the region, it is desirable to develop the corridor in a more inclusive manner, including inland and rural areas, in accordance with the phased development scenario.



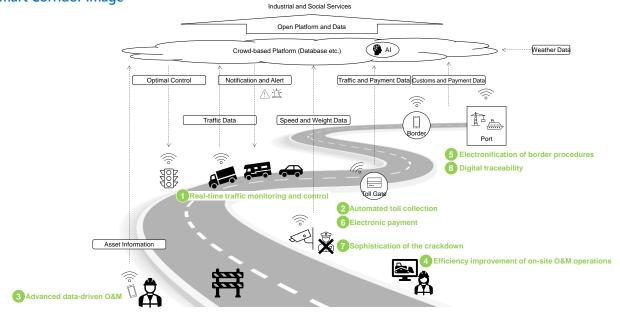
Smart Corridor

In future corridor development, we will use ICT and digital transformation (DX) to promote industry, increase value-added, and create innovation by facilitating transport and trade, improving safety, and achieving high-quality maintenance, based on the concept of SMART+I.

The Concept of SMART + I



Smart Corridor Image



When solutions are introduced, it is expected to promote the integration and standardization of data formats and standards in the region for building smart corridor platforms and operating systems from a medium- to long-term perspective. JICA will assist the creation of new industrial and social services through prompt and transparent policy decisions and the provision of open data to enhance the added value in industrial and social services.

Approach towards smart corridors

Introduction of individual ICT solutions

Short-Term

- Real-time understanding and control of traffic conditions
- automatic toll collection
- Data-driven O & M
- Electronic border procedures, etc.

Middle-Term Development of national/regional

auidelinesGuaranteed compatibility of

- different services and functions
 Standardization of data
- Collection and accumulation of data necessary for performance and status analysis, etc.

specifications and security rules

Building a platform (OS)

Centralized construction and management of common functions

Long-Term

- Developing Solutions with Different Data Combinations
- Linkage with and utilization of own and external services by common OS rules

Update the Corridor Development Approach

The future corridor development approach is the "Corridor Development Approach 2.0", which considers changes in the external environment in recent years, results of evaluation of development impact, and smart corridor concepts, focusing on the Corridor Infrastructure Development Plan, Industrial Development Strategy, and Social Sector Development Strategy.

Review of the JICA Corridor Development Approach

	✓ Results	X Challenges
JICA corridor development Approach		 More time is needed to realize the effect of closing the gap Awareness of local base development Support for small businesses and startups Use of ICT Strengthening Awareness of the SDGs Perspective

Corridor Development Approach 2.0

Source: JICA

The Corridor Development Approach 2.0 aims to promote the SDGs and pursue inclusive growth in the regions by incorporating the advancement of SMEs and startups, the use of ICT/DX, and other factors into corridor development.

Concept of Corridor Development Approach 2.0

Balanced Growth 1. Development Goal Integration Integrated Platform (OS) Inter Operability Corridor Strategy ture Dev't Development Approach Use of ICT Regional /Inland Local Carbon Resilience Company Inclusive Growth Surrounding Neutral Start-Un Environment Digitalization Social & Economic Mandate

JICA's Cooperation Policy

Flimination of Bottlenecks/

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ltem	Description		
System/ Mechanism	 ✓ Support improvement of database for corridor development ✓ Build impact assessment and feedback structures ✓ Horizontal expansion of OSBP 		
Hard Infrastructure	 ✓ Develop key infrastructure projects to strengthen connectivity ✓ Support for improving infrastructure operations using ICT 		
Industry/ Economy	 ✓ Enhance logistics functions with the idea of value chains ✓ Create local industries ✓ Strengthen the financial system 		
Human Resources	 ✓ Strengthen administrative capacity for Post-ODA era ✓ Support entrepreneurial activities 		
Technology	✓ Promote the use of ICT solutions✓ Promote decarbonization		

Source: AfDB

Concrete Idea of JICA Cooperation in Corridor Development

Source: JICA

Smart Corridor	Support for Startup Companies	Enhancement of Connectivity to Inland Areas	Expansion of OSBP
in each country, considering	industries and to the vitalisation of trade by supporting start-ups	infrastructure which contributes	Promote intra-regional through the horizontal development of the OSBP
	Store Side		IMMIGRATION CO
Image of Kampala Traffic Control Centre	Cashless Service in Ghana (Project NINJA)	(Chana)	OSBP at the Kenya-Tanzania Border

Source: JICA