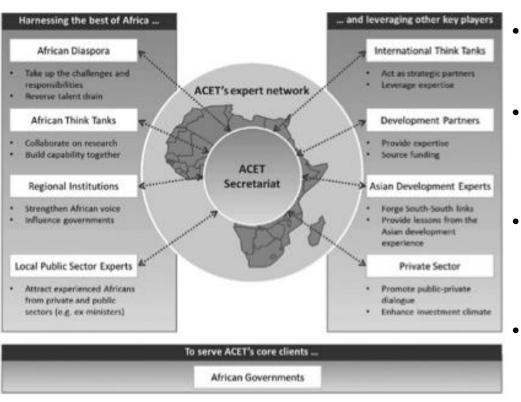


The private sector in Africa's economic transformation



KY Amoako, President, ACET Yaw Ansu, Chief Economist, ACET TICAD V, Yokohama June 1, 2013

ACET - Going beyond growth



- Economic policy institute based in Accra, serving Africa
- Founded in 2007 to support sustained growth through transformation
- Staff of 30 from 10 African countries, global network of leading thinkers and practitioners
- Diverse board of highly accomplished leaders in business, government and global development



The ACET approach



- Ask new questions about old and emerging problems
- Search for evidence around the world
- Adapt solutions to Africa

- Engage African governments
- Engage the private sector
- Broker public-private dialogues
- Share lessons among governments
- Push for action

Support governments to implement



On economic transformation

Export competitiveness

Productivity

Diversification

Technology

Human well-being

Growth

with



Where Africa stands

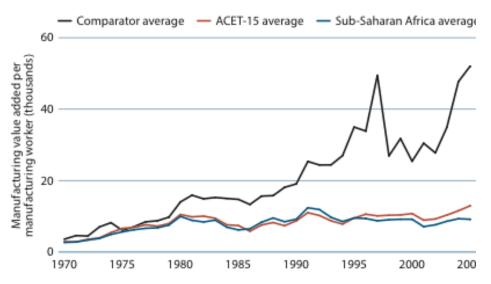
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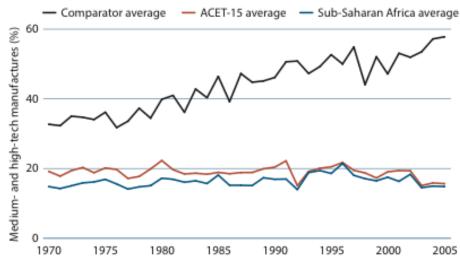
Where Africa stands

Transforming slowly

Productivity



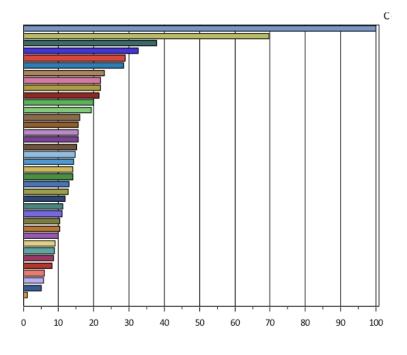
Technology





The African Transformation Report (ATR)

Overview



- Review of transformation performance (Growth + DEPTH)
 - The African Transformation Index
- Drivers of transformation
- Pathways to Africa's transformation

Informed by country case studies (Angola, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Cameroon, Ghana, Ethiopia, Kenya, Mauritius, Mozambique, Nigeria, Rwanda, Senegal, South Africa, Uganda, Zambia)



What drives transformation?



State capacity



Technology upgrading



Business environment



Foreign direct investment



Domestic savings/investment



Labor-industry relations



Public infrastructure



 Targeted sectoral strategies



Education and skills



Export promotion



The state

Agent for transformation?

State - traditional role

 Law and order, property rights, macroeconomic management, public goods delivery, regulation etc.

State - transformation role (lessons from Asia and others)

- Facilitate private sector access to technology
- Facilitate private sector access to new markets
- Promote economic activities based on comparative advantage
- Foster public-private collaboration

Questions arising

- Government failure
- Corruption
- Crony capitalism



...and opportunities for investment

Agroprocessing



AFRICAN CENTER FOR ECONOMIC TRANSFORMATION

- Leverages Africa's comparative advantage in arable land, low wages, growing market
- The 2013 ATR looks at opportunities for:
 - Boosting traditional exports
 - Expanding nontraditional exports
 - Substituting imports
 - Growing markets
- Crops covered: cocoa, coffee, cotton, fruits, palm oil, soybean, sugar cane
- What can governments do to lift the constraints?
- What can governments do to attract investors?



...and opportunities for investment

Oil, gas, & minerals



- Leverages Africa's comparative advantage in natural resources
- The 2013 ATR looks at opportunities for:
 - Expanding exploration
 - Ensuring transparency and accountability
 - Designing fiscal regimes
 - Adding value domestically
 - Investing revenues in transformational projects

- What can governments do to lift the constraints?
- What can governments do to attract



...and opportunities for investment

Light manufacturing



- Positions Africa favorably as wages rise in China and other Asian countries
- The 2013 ATR looks at opportunities for:
 - Component assembly
 - Textiles and apparel

- What can governments do to lift the constraints?
- What can governments do to attract investors?



...and opportunities for investment

Tourism



- Leverages Africa's comparative advantage in natural resources
- The 2013 ATR looks at opportunities for:
 - Capturing business travel dollars
 - Providing skills
 - Creating jobs

- What can governments do to lift the constraints?
- What can governments do to attract investors?



ExportsStill the way out?



- Imperative for
 - Expanding production
 - Creating jobs
 - Financing inputs for transformation

- What can governments do to lift the constraints?
- What can governments do to attract investors?

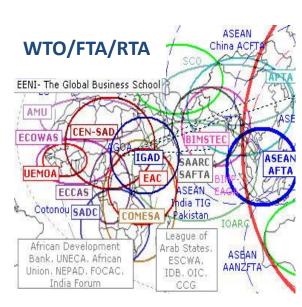


The challenges

Skills Infrastructure New trade rules







- What can governments do to lift the constraints?
- What can governments do to attract investors?
- Where are the opportunities for PPP?
- What can governments do to grow dynamic economies



FDI manufacturing

Is Africa the next frontier?

Number of plants by 180 global companies in Apparel—

Agroprocessing/food/beverages—Chemicals—Communications equipment—Computers and electronics/electrical equipment and appliances—Earthen products



India (107)

Asia ex-China (141)

China (167)

South Africa (61)

Russia/CIS (63)

Brazil (97)

Kenya (11)

Nigeria (11)

Cameroon (5)

Ghana (5)

Botswana (1)

Burkina Faso (1)

Mauritius (1)

Rwanda (1)

Uganda (1)

Ethiopia (2)

Mozambique (2)

Senegal (2)

Tanzania (3)

Zambia (3)

