## Program Overview (Development Studies Programs Offered by Various Universities)

Name of	Toyo University
University	
Name of	Course of Public-Private Partnership
School	Graduate School of Economics
Features of	http://www.pppschool.jp/en/
School	
Program	This course is the only master program in the world that specializes in Public-
Outline	Private Partnership (PPP). PPP is a general term for methods that provide
	public services and improve social infrastructure not only by the government
	but also by the cooperation of private companies, NPOs / NGOs, and citizens.
	Demand for new infrastructure development and renewal investment is
	increasing worldwide. However, expectations for PPP are rising because the
	portion that can be covered by the financial funds and ODA is shrinking.
Outline of	1 Lecture on Japan's experience of growing with development assistance
Subjects	Global PPPVII: PPP Theory (Japanese development history)
	PPP Omnibus Lecture Series I (Japanese development history) (only in
	FY2021)
	This lecture will cover the history of Japan's modernization and industrialization,
	its economic development, and the role of development assistance Japan
	received in this process. The topics covered include: 1) after the Meiji Restoration
	(industrialization and privatization of industry, some private-sector-led
	infrastructure development), 2) post World War reconstruction (tilted production,
	privatization of development enterprises, etc.), 3) high growth period ('Japan
	Inc.', Shinkansen and highway development), 4) bubble economy (resort
	development, Japanese 'third sectors' or joint ventures, privatization of public
	enterprises), 5) after the collapse of the bubble economy (development of PPP,
	Koizumi reform), and 6) issues and debates we face today.
	From the post-war reconstruction period to the period of economic growth, Japan
	received a large amount of loans from the World Bank to build highways,
	railroads (Shinkansen), power plants, and other essential infrastructures. We will
	focus on the history of these infrastructure projects in Japan, the schemes for
	development and funding, and the privatization/liberalization approaches that
	followed.
	2 Lecture on Japan's experience of supporting foreign development
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Global PPPIV: Global PPP Finance (Japan's ODA) Global PPP VI: Japan's ODA (only in FY2021) Japan has several unique characteristics as a donor compared with other conventional donors. It focuses more on loans than grants in modality. It prioritizes economic infrastructure than social infrastructure, and geographically provides more assistance to developing countries in the Asian region. By looking back at the history of Japan's official development assistance (ODA), we will try to understand the background that has led to such characteristics. The program will also look at how Japan is trying to address, through its ODA, current development issues and global challenges that developing countries are facing. To demonstrate an example of Japan's current efforts in this field, promoting the "quality infrastructure" development strategy will be discussed by focusing on Leading Asia's Private Infrastructure Fund, or "LEAP," a concrete collaborative approach between JICA and ADB to help developing countries pursue quality infrastructure development. This discussion is also related to public-private partnerships (PPPs). Related URL https://g-sys.toyo.ac.jp/syllabus/ Program's Many Japanese students are enrolled in public servants of the national and appeal local governments, construction, real estate, finance, think tanks, etc., and you can also form many personal connections in Japan. In the lectures, practice is emphasized in addition to theory, and there are also exercises for planning actual PPP projects.