Indonesia

Development Project of Institute of Technology in Bandung (1)



School Building newly Constructed by the Project (No.5 Building)

Outline of Loan Agreement

Disbursed Amount	¥1,609 million / ¥1,580 million
Loan Agreement	October 1992
Terms and Conditions	Interest rate: 2.6%, Repayment period: 30 years (grace period: 10 years)
Final Disbursement Date	November 1997

Project Profile

Improvement of the internal efficiency (graduation rates) of educational research, opening of planned new subjects and provision of materials and equipment for existing subjects were used to expand and improve this university, so that it can take a leadership role as a center for technical education and development in Indonesia.

Results and Evaluation

Due to the project, numbers of students enrolled in the new subjects are rising, enabling the university to meet demand for new academic fields. In 1991, the graduation rate (Number of graduating students ÷ Number of students registered × 100) in the established faculties was in the 10~15% range. By 1999, the graduation rate had improved to the 13~22% range. The average number of years to graduate was less than the regulation number of years, and the trend was toward a shorter study period. These changes indicated that the project helped to expand and improve higher education. The number of students per member of the teaching staff was 10~13 in the three old faculties, and it will be difficult to reach the target of 8.4 by 2002. Considering the growing number of students seeking further education, and the shortage of staff, the teaching staff should be increased. A questionnaire survey of teaching staff and students found that over 80% of them responded that the project had enhanced educational efficiency and the level of scholarship.

Continuing acquisition and replacement of superior staff is a necessity for the improvement and appropriate maintenance of the facilities. The government should provide an appropriate budget for the purpose, and consideration should also be given to secure financial independence through cooperation with the private sector and the introduction of external funding from sources such as research contracts.