

(1) Meeting minutes, Register of Signature and Photo in Lot 1

### CHAPTER FOUR: CONSULTATIONS

#### 4.1 Introduction

In compliance with JICA and World Banks guidelines on requirement for local stakeholder's engagement, our organization in planning and conducting this RAP survey engaged the affected communities and groups in consultations. Consultation mainstreamed all stakeholders including Baales (community leaders), farmers, women, youths and Ministries, Department and Agencies such as State Ministry of Agriculture and Ministry of Land and Survey. The engagement which started at the planning phase will still continue at different stages of the RAP implementation and post implementation. Public consultation and engagement was not only helpful in informing, sensitizing and harvesting inputs of the communities and groups about the TCN project and RAP purpose and processes, but was hugely helpful in achieving a socially acceptable, smooth and inclusive exercise. The lists of attendees are attached as appendix 4.

#### 4.2 Stakeholder Identification and Method of Participation

The consultant in conjunction with TCN mapped out the potential stakeholders and categorized them as primary and secondary stakeholders.

#### Primary stakeholders

These are groups and persons that will be directly affected either by the positive or negative impact of the transmission line project. They include Project Affected Persons (PAPs), Affected LGA Councils, Communities and notable groups such as community leaders, women, youths, vulnerable and minority groups within the communities.

#### Secondary stakeholders

Those classified as secondary stakeholders are people and institutions that have some form of rights, interest and roles to play/protect within the project and/or project area. Secondary stakeholders identified and contacted included Federal Ministry of Environment, Ogun State Ministry of Environment, Federal Ministry of Power, Work and Housing and Ogun state Ministry of Agriculture, Ministry of Physical Planning and Urban Development, NGOs.

#### 4.3 Stakeholders Method of Participation

The participation process of the stakeholders is multifaceted. Letters were written officially to the various Ministries that have statutory functions to play in the project, detailing them about the project and requesting for their involvements. This was also followed up with visits to some ministries for collection of relevant documents at their custodies that are relevant for the RAP study.

In response to the request for participation, the Ogun state Ministry of Environment, Ministry of Agriculture, Ministry of Physical Planning and Urban Development were present to work with the consulting team on daily basis to ensure that the exercise complied with their standards and policies.

Similarly, primary stakeholder's involvement started with courtesy call on the heads of the communities. Initial meetings with heads of communities paved way for wider consultations with communities and affected groups. The heads of the communities (Baales) gave unwieldy support by mobilizing their wards for consultations at given dates of meetings. To ensure inclusive and robust participation, our approach to consultations entailed holding focus group discussions with smaller groups such as the vulnerable, women and minority groups in addition to general community

consultations which were held across centers. Tools of information gathering also included RAP survey instrument and In-depth interview.

#### 4.4 Outcome and Gains of the Stakeholders Consultation Process

This section discusses the summary of the consultations held at community and group levels. Generally, the consultations dwelled on informing the participants on the project development objectives of the TCN-JICA Transmission Line Project, including the expected benefits and adverse impacts, which may result from construction and implementation work activities. Our scope of consultation covers hearing the perception of stakeholders on the project, to issues of concerns to them, their experience with past development donor funded projects and their experience with involuntary resettlement and livelihood. The people of the project area were sufficiently informed about their rights to participation in the RAP process, and were ensured that their entitlements will be paid before commencement of civil works in line with international best practices. They were also informed that the project will establish Grievance Redress Mechanism where aggrieved persons can channel their grievances for speedy and fair hearing and redress. Highlights of the consultations are presented in section 4.5 while details of the specific consultations held across the communities follows.

#### 4.5 Highlights and Gains of the Consultations

**OBSERVATIONS AND CONCERNS:** Gratitudes from the community leaders was shown towards the project as their livelihood source is not worsened after counting losses as a result of the impact of the project. Promises were made as well as their input to support the project. Their concerns were as follows;

- Employment of locals should be put into consideration prior to the commencement of civil works
- Dates of commencement of fieldwork exercise at respective communities should be communicated to them on time
- Shrines should also be put into consideration for compensation as it is one of their historical values
- Cost of relocation should be the responsibility of the project proponents.

#### **QUESTIONS AND RESPONSES:**

The following questions were also raised by the PAPs:

- Will PAPs be permitted to be identified by proxy in case of recorded absentees?
- How would a PAP who has land elsewhere be captured if the data capturing exercise is done simultaneously at different communities?
- If PAPs who have more than one assets located within the community be captured separately?
- Who is the rightful claimant eligible for entitlement for land that has been leased out for crop farming?
- How would a compensation plan between a land owner and a crop farmer on affected portion of land be captured and reconciled?
- What happens to owners of fallow lands in terms of compensation entitlement?
- Will the project consider compensating land owners with statutory rights only or all owners of land irrespective of title holding?
- Will the project create employment opportunity to engage the youths who are not gainfully employed?
- Is there a time limit to which PAPs are given to open a valid and functional bank account if compensation will not be paid in cash?
- Is there some provision or entitlement from the RAP for community leaders who may not be PAPs.

## RESPONSES TO THE QUESTIONS:

The above questions were addressed as follows:

Will PAPs be permitted to be identified by proxy in case of recorded absentces?  PAP upon receiving a consent (written or phone confirmation) from the 1st PAP that authorizes the second party to act as PAP, and also substantiated by the witnessing of the community leaders that the person representing an absentee PAP is known by them.  Census exercise is continuous; even if the captured if the data capturing exercise is done simultaneously at different communities?  Census exercise is continuous; even if the enumerators have worked in the location where a PAP has not been captured, they are subject to revisiting for the sake of any PAP who was not available.  Will PAPs who have more than one assets located separately within the community be captured separately?  Who is the rightful claimant eligible for entitlement for land that has been leased out for crop farming?  How would a compensation plan between a land owner and a crop farmer on affected portion of land be captured and reconciled?  What happens to owners of fallow lands in terms of compensation entitlement?  Owners of fallow land are not entitled for compensation, except they hold	Questions/Concerns	Answers to Questions
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	terms of compensation entitlement?	for compensation, except they hold
some statutory rights		some statutory rights

Will the project consider compensating land	Land owners without statutory rights	
owners with statutory rights only or all are only entitled to compensation for		
owners of land irrespective title holding?	the value of improvement on the land.	
Will the project create employment	The project will try to create	
opportunity to engage the youths who are not	employment directly and indirectly	
gainfully employed?		
Is there a time limit to which PAPs are given	PAPs will be screened for bank account	
to open a valid and functional bank account if	during implementation of RAP. Those	
compensation will not be paid in cash?	without bank accounts will be requested	
	and assisted to do so	
Is there some provision or entitlement from	No provision is made in this RAP	
the RAP for community leaders who may not		
be PAPs?		
CONCLUSION:		

Inputs from the consultations have been noted and integrated into the RAP for informed decision as it is hoped to ensure successful RAP implementation.

Outcome of specific consultation processes across project communities is presented below:

**Table 4.1: Consultation Proceedings at Abese Community** 

Meeting date	18 <sup>th</sup> January, 2018
Meeting venue	Abese community town hall
Attendance	The meeting was attended by the Community leaders, Community members,
	PAPs within the project area, Representatives from Ministry of Lands and
	Urban Survey, State Ministry of Agriculture, RAP Consultant and his team
Preamble	The project coordinator of Godira Chemicals Ltd introduced the RAP
	consultant and his team who have been engaged to prepare a Resettlement
	Action Plan (RAP) for the transmission line network project. Thereafter, the
	lead consultant, Mr. Daniel Okoh gave a brief introduction of the RAP study,
	in which he stated that involuntary resettlement is triggered by the TCN line
	route and sub-station activities. The ROW for the 330kVA is 25meters while
	132kVA is 15meters. The project intends to as much as possible avoid land
	acquisition and other forms of displacement that have adverse impacts on the
	community. However, where impacts cannot be avoided, TCN is prepared to
	carryout resettlement and/or compensation to the project affected persons and
	to restore their livelihood to ensure no net loss.
	Resettlement or compensation implementation shall take place before the
	actual line route project implementation, in line with global best practices.
	According to the consultant, PAPs have right to participate in the resettlement
	process and therefore, will be consulted from time to time. This project will
	also establish a Grievance Redress Mechanism (GRM) at various levels,
	beginning with the village level where aggrieved PAPs can go and lodge their
	complaints for redress. The Grievance Redress Committee (GRC) shall
	include members of the community who have good reputation to ensure that
	matters of complaints received fair hearing and quick processing. PAPs that
	feel dissatisfied with the judgment of the GRC can exercise their rights by
	approaching the court of law.
	Members of this community are therefore, requested to support this project
	and make inputs and ask questions as deemed appropriate that will help for
	project sustainability.

	The RAP Lead consultant also requested for the nomination of site
	representatives who are conversant with individual's boundaries to help in
	identification of claimants assets to avoid impersonation.
Responses and	The community head, Baale Oluwale Babayemi .Aikulola, on behalf of the
Expectation	community members expressed his gratitude towards the initiative taken by
	the TCN and GODIRA to take into cognizance the need to compensate PAPs
	for their land and assets that will be acquired or displaced by the project.
	According to him, the recent RAP that was carried out as a result of the
	ongoing railway line project was successful and therefore wished that same
	should be the outcome of the TCN-JICA transmission line project.
	He introduced the community site representatives who he nominated to
	participate in the enumeration exercise.
Questions raised	The following questions were also raised by the PAPs:
	<ul> <li>If PAP would be permitted to be identified by proxy in case of recorded absentees</li> <li>How would a PAP who has a land elsewhere be captured if the data capturing exercise is scheduled to be carried out at different communities simultaneously?</li> <li>If PAPs who own more than one asset will be captured Separately for claims on different assets located within the same community</li> <li>Who is the rightful claimant of land that has been leased out for crop farming</li> </ul>
How questions	The RAP lead consultant addressed the questions as follows:
were addressed	<ul> <li>That relative of PAPs / representative of the PAPs would be captured only when identified by the community head or affidavit of consent sent by the PAP</li> <li>With reference to the RAP instrument for survey, a PAP should notify ownership of land elsewhere that would be affected as a result of the project</li> <li>PAPs who own more than one asset will be captured Separately for claims on different assets located within the same community hence it is within the transmission line route</li> <li>According to the Nigeria Law on Land Use Act, compensation is paid for development on land but whereby a land has been leased</li> </ul>

	to a crop owner, then a landowner will be considered and captured for his economic trees and crops.
conclusion	January 21st was scheduled for commencement of census of PAPs.

Table 4.2 : Consultation with Group of Baales from Project Areas held at Sowunmi

Date of Consultation	20 <sup>th</sup> January 2018
Venue	De Kuns Global Hotel , Sowunmi Community
Start and End Time	Started by 10:20 am and Ended by 12:30pm
Participation	The meeting was attended to by 26 community leaders from
Distribution	20 communities along the Olurunso Transmission Line Axis,
	made up of 20 Baales ( heads of communities) 2 Women
	leaders and 4 youth leaders.
Introduction	The Project Coordinator of Godirra (the Consultant)
	introduced the RAP team to the community leaders present
	and informed them that they were on a mission to carry out
	studies that will lead to the preparation of RAP report which
	is necessitated by the proposed Transmission Line Project in
	the area.
Key Information	The RAP expert thanked the community leaders for
	responding to the invitation. In addressing them, he reiterated
	the importance and economic benefits of the TCN-JICA
	Transmission Line Project. He was however quick to add that
	certain persons with land, crops, structures and economic
	trees will be unfortunately displaced/affected by the project.
	To protect the interest of these groups, the project has
	commissioned the preparatory of RAP which involves the
	consultation of affected communities and groups,
	identification of PAPs, determination of their compensation

entitlements and the need to engage them meaningfully as much as possible in the process of the implementation of the RAP and through the project implementation. The RAP expert, explained to the leaders the national and international laws guiding the preparation and implementation of RAP in Nigeria. He therefore, appealed for support and cooperation of the Baale's and all leaders of the communities especially, to disseminate the right information to the members of the community about the census exercise and the procedures being followed. He wants them to mobilize all potential PAPs to be available at their sites at designated date and delays to be given to their community. He stated that, a Grievance Redress Mechanism (GRM) will be established to hear and resolve all grievances as much as possible to avoid lengthy court processes associated with litigation. He hinted that the GRM will be such that is built around the principles of existing GRM in the local communities.

He persuaded the community leaders to warn their subjects against going to erect structures on land after the census must have been taken as PAPs who are late entry PAPs (those that encumbered the land after cut-off date will not receive compensation.

#### Response from leaders

The responses from the Baales and other leaders are as follow:

The project was adjudged a welcome development. They promised to support the project and help contractors to succeed in their tasks. However, the following observations/concerns were made:

- Previous RAP exercise from Railway Project in the community was marred with unfulfilled promises (e.g in employment of locals);
- They want this project to carry the community

	along by ensuring that their people are employed, giving sub-contracts and supply
	<ul> <li>The leaders want information communicated early to them on the day/date of census or field work in their respective communities to enable them mobilize their wards for the exercise.</li> <li>The leaders also requested that the project should factor into consideration for consultation and compensation, affected shrines (local altars) that might be affected by the project.</li> </ul>
Questions that came up	<ul> <li>What happens to owners of fallow lands?</li> <li>Will the project consider compensating land owners without statutory rights?</li> </ul>
Response	<ul> <li>Owners of fallow land are not entitled to resettlement/compensation in line with LUA and international laws and policies guiding involuntary resettlement</li> <li>Land owners without statutory rights are only entitled to compensation for the value of improvements on the land</li> </ul>

**Table 4.3: Consultation at Ogidi and Ake Communities** 

Meeting Date	26 <sup>th</sup> January, 2018
Meeting Venue	Ogidi community town hall
Attendance	The meeting was attended by the Community leaders, Community members,
	PAPs within the project area, RAP Consultant and his team.
Preamble	The meeting started with a word of prayer by one of the community leaders
	after which the Resettlement Action Plan (RAP) lead consultant who
	introduced himself as Mr Daniel Okoh thanked the audience who had
	gathered at the instance of ongoing transmission line project as the
	consultation was scheduled based on the meeting held previously with the
	community leaders who their communities have been mapped out as one of
	the project encroached areas. He also enlightened the community members on
	the essence of the data capturing exercise which will be carried out to enable
	Resettlement Action Plan to be prepared successfully. He emphasized on the
	need for all PAP to ensure access to a valid bank account details as BVN is
	the trending banking system. He solicited for the cooperation of the
	community heads, especially the project affected persons (PAPs) in achieving
	the goals for the TCN-JICA project.
	The lead consultant clarified the community members on the following issues
	of their concerns:
	According to the Nigerian land use Act which clearly states that all land
	belongs to the government therefore compensation is only applicable when
	there is development on land such as structures, economic crops, trees etc. and
	cases whereby a land owner has a backup document or title for the land which
	he or she has acquired then compensation will be considered.
	Also, for individuals who are identified as vulnerable including widows, aged
	persons above 65 years on low income, physically disadvantaged persons and
	mentally disadvantaged persons will be considered.
	He further emphasized that the project is void of any form of middlemen as
	grievance redress mechanism will be adopted to resolve cases where PAPs are
	omitted or not properly identified and captured as this mechanism is people

	oriented and simple.
	He requested to know the concerns of the people towards the project and gave
	opportunities for questions and contributions
Responses and	The community leader expressed his gratitude towards the upcoming
Perception of	development and initiative taken by TCN-JICA to ensure that their livelihood
the community	source is not worsen off after counting losses as a result of the impact of the project during civil work.
Questions raised	The following questions were asked:
	• If the project is such that will create employment opportunity to engage the youths who are not gainfully employed
	• If there is a time limit to which PAPs are given to open a valid and functional bank account since compensation will not be paid in cash
	<ul> <li>How would the compensation plan between a land owner and a crop farmer on affected portion of land be captured and reconciled?</li> <li>If the project and the capturing exercise grants special allocation and preferences to community leaders</li> </ul>
How questions	The RAP lead consultant addressed the questions as follows:
where addressed	• Engagement of youths will be recommended to the RAP implementers as RAP document is abiding to further review, consideration and approval
	<ul> <li>PAPs who has no access to functional bank accounts are advised to process a valid account as soon as they have been identified and captured as the PAPs bears the risk of affidavit of consent</li> </ul>
	• Compensation will be paid only for development on land such as (economic crop, farm land, structures etc.) but not to the land owner except if the economic crop belongs to the land owner then he or she will be considered for capturing
	• The project has no special provision for the community leaders rather restricted to only Project Affected Persons PAPs)
Conclusion	A date was scheduled for the enumeration exercise to take place while the community promised to grant adequate support needed to ensure a successful capturing exercise.

**Table 4.4: Consultation at Ajade Communities** 

Meeting date	31st January, 2018
Meeting venue	Ajade community
Attendance	The meeting was attended by the Traditional ruler, Community leaders from
	Ajade and Pankere village, Community members, PAPs within the project
	area, representative from the state ministry of agriculture and the RAP
	Consultants
Preamble	The meeting commenced with an opening remark by the Resettlement Action
1 Tournest	Plan (RAP) lead consultant, Mr. Oliver Nwuju who thanked the communities
	who had gathered for the scheduled consultation and also commended their
	effort so far having cooperated with the enumerators in achieving the goals
	for the TCN-JICA project.
	A critical issue of concern regarding the involuntary resettlement of most of
	the community members was raised by the RAP lead consultant to be
	dialogued as this will affect a wholesome number of persons.
	He probed for the opinion of the community members especially the PAPs on
	their decision to be totally resettled as the ongoing transmission line route cuts
	in between their various residence and farm land thus, this project is such that
	considers the safety and livelihood of people living within the project encroached area.
	He also inquired to know if they have any choice of location for their
	resettlement as this will help during the RAP preparation and further
	requested to know the concerns of the people as their suggestions, questions
	and contributions will be highly appreciated.
Response and	Mr Samson Gbenga Fashola reacted to the negative impact of the project on
Perception of	their community as the 15meters taken side by side from the center point of
the community	the transmission line route corridors has divided the community into two
	sought relocation as a best option.
	The traditional ruler suggested that relocation should not be limited to only
	the PAPs because of loss of historical values, archives and other inheritances
	including the shrine and was of the opinion that the relocation should affect

	the entire Ajade community.
	He further suggested that since Gbangba, Ajade and Ijumo communities are
	under his royal supervision, then relocation to Gbangba should be considered
	as an option.
	A member of the community leaders craved the indulgence of the project
	proponents including the government to be responsible for the cost of
	relocation as most the land which has been mapped out during the
	transmission line route survey where acquired by inheritance while some
	affected portions were bought by individual families therefore he suggested
	that compensation and relocation should be appropriately carried out to avoid
	grievance and conflict.
Concerns and	A major issue of concern was if the relocation will affect only the PAPs or the
questions raised	entire Agade community and who will be responsible for the cost of
	relocation?
How concerns	The RAP lead consultant addressed the questions as follows:
were addressed	<ul> <li>That the inventory of the project affected area will be properly taken to be used in preparation of the Rap document as the project proponent will be responsible for the cost of relocation</li> <li>Relocation will affect only the PAPs and not the entire Ajade community</li> </ul>

conclusion

An inventory was taken on the affected area with the outcome as follows:

#### **NUMBER OF AFFECTED HOUSES** – 14

SIZE OF AFFECTED AREA- 10957m2 (2.7076 acres)

The RAP lead consultant requested for the provision of a key in-depth history of the community including their system of operation, cultural values, socioeconomics, method of land acquisition etc.

According to him, the size of the area of relocation to be mapped out will be same as acquired by the project from their previous location after all necessary survey has been carried out.

He encouraged the traditional ruler to schedule a meeting with his community to harmonize on the area of relocation after which a time frame of one week was agreed to send a feedback and other necessary documents as requested.

In a meeting with TCN and JICA on 6<sup>th</sup> day of February, 2018 held at TCN project office in Abuja, the outcome of the public consultation and issues of concern in Ajade was discussed. It was agreed that a site visit will be necessary to reconsider the issues raised about Ajade and the possibility of re-aligning the transmission line route to at least minimize impacts.

The Joint inspection and monitoring exercise was led by TCN Project Manager Engr. Ajibade on the 8<sup>th</sup> day of February, 2018. At end of the field inspection/monitoring, TCN/JICA Experts, the Project consultant and the project affected community (Ajade village) reached a consensus to re- align the TCN power transmissions line so as not to transverse the middle of the village. The RAP Project consultant however, considered it appropriate to hold another community consultation meeting following completion of the re-alignment by the line route consultant.

Below is the summary of the outcome of the community consultation meeting with Ajade community on March 2, 2018:

The meeting started at about 2.20p.m at Ajade Community. The RAP team leader in the Person of Mr Okoh Daniel welcomed participants from various communities and especially people of Ajade Community. He thanked the head of the Community for cooperating with Government in ensuring development in the power sector. He informed the community that, the power line will no longer pass through the village as earlier proposed.

The Baale of Ajade Community and PAPs present at the meeting demanded to know reasons for the Power line not to pass through the community as earlier proposed. In respond, the team leader informed the community that the decision was reached after the Joint inspection and monitoring exercise by TCN and JICA Experts led by TCN Project Manager Engr. Ajibade on the 8<sup>th</sup> day of February, 2018. The RAP team leader explained that option 1 was preferred after critical evaluation of two options available which includes:

- Re- alignment of the TCN line to avoid passing through AJADE Village
- Relocation of Ajade Village as earlier recommended during community consultation

The team leader further explained that, the decision was reached after weighing the two options following request by the community for TCN to shift the power line away from the village. He maintained that Federal Government through TCN respect the wishes of the people in carryout any developmental project. According to him, the visit and consultation meeting with the community on the 8<sup>th</sup> day of February 2018 informed the decision made by TCN and JICA which favored option one (1) in line with the community choice.

In response, the Baale of Ajade Community made it clear to the RAP team that, he has no right to obstruct the decisions made by the owners of the project and furthermore, has communicated to the families that the realignment would affect. The Families to be affected by the new line were also present at the meeting according to the Baale.

Further questions were asked by Ibrahim Aderibigbe Fashola, who wanted to know the date for commencement of the exercise, Mr. Kolawole responded, saying that it will begin immediately after the meeting. Mr. Michael Taiwo asked if there is compensation for those whose houses were marked before the realignment.

One of the community members, Mr. Adekunle reacted to the question by saying that since the assets on ground will no longer be affected, there will be no any form of compensation. Mrs. Adekunle Abeni asked if fallow lands will be compensated for, Mr. Kolawole responded by saying that compensation is only for assets that were on ground and that would be affected during the cause of carrying out the project be it a structure, cash crops, economic trees or any source of livelihood, and that fallow lands are not compensated for. Mr. Taliatu asked why the project was shifted to outskirt of the community; Mr. Okoh explained that, it was in line with people choice and International Best Practices.

In retrospect, Mr. Jolaoso showed concern on the previously marked structures, asking if they will be affected, Mr. Okoh made him to understand that since the power line project has taken another route, the previously marked structures will not be affected and therefore, no compensation will be paid to them.

In conclusion, the community leader and the youth leader further appreciated the consultant (RAP team) for the community consultation meeting. The meeting ended at about 3:10 pm. *Table 4.5* 

**Table 4.5: Consultation at Ikereku Communitie** 

Meeting date	3 <sup>rd</sup> February, 2018
Meeting venue	Ikereku community
Attendance	The meeting was attended by the Community leaders, Community members,
	PAPs within the project area, RAP Assistant Coordinator and the Team
	Consultants
Preamble	The meeting commenced with an introduction by the Resettlement Action
	Plan (RAP) Assistant coordinator, Mrs. Edna Okoh who thanked the
	communities who had gathered for the scheduled consultation. She sensitized
	them on the essence of the project in which their community has been
	identified for total resettlement.
	According to her, critical issue of concern regarding the involuntary
	resettlement community is as result of the transmission line route which has
	positioned the community in between an already existing power line and the
	proposed power line.She probed for the opinion of the community members
	especially the PAPs on their decision to be totally resettled as the ongoing
	project is such that considers the safety and livelihood of people living within
	the project encroached area.
	She also inquired to know if they have any choice of location for their
	resettlement as this will help during the RAP preparation and further
	requested to know the concerns of the people as their suggestions, questions
	and contributions where addressed accordingly.
Response and	One of the PAPs said that they have a place to be relocated but the cost of
Perception of the	relocation should be accrued to the responsibility of the project proponents.
community	
Conclusion	An inventory was taken on the affected area and structures in which the PAPs
	comprise of three families. The RAP Assistant coordinator suggested that a
	meeting should be held among the PAPs in order to come up with a concrete
	resolution regarding the process of their relocation.

CHAPTER FIVE: S

SOCIO-ECONOMIC BASELINE OF THE

PROJECT AREA AND PROJECT

AFFECTED PERSONS

5.1 Introduction

This socio-economic data in this section is largely derived from our Environmental and

Social Impact Assessment study which field work took place in the month of December

2017. Other sources of information are also referenced.

**5.2** Socio Economic Baseline

Methodology

Data gathering for the baseline information as reported in this RAP was carried out by

our firm during the field work for ESIA. The socio-economic baseline study starts with

some reviews and desktop studies of various reports on Nigeria. This provides the

context within which the baseline information about Ogun State, the affected Local

Government Areas (LGAs) and the immediate settlements around the project site will

be appreciated. Finally, mostly data in statistical representation and charts, reflected in

this ESIA, were obtained from structured consultations with the traditional rulers,

community heads, and officials of the LGAs as well as members of the affected

communities.

Human environmental baseline data was gathered using a combination of desktop

studies and field surveys. It covers the following social components: demography, land

uses, land ownership, administrative and socio-cultural institutions, infrastructures,

economics and livelihood, cultural heritage and health.

The baseline socio-economic and health status of the project area was assessed using

questionnaires distributed to not less than 50% of the people in the affected

76

communities (because members of the affected communities were quite few). The data was supplemented by interview of selected adults and youths in each community. A total of five hundred (500) community members and health personnel within each community were interviewed between 16<sup>th</sup> and 23<sup>rd</sup> of December 2017.

#### a. Stakeholder Engagement and Consultation

The communities were first visited and the Chiefs, Elders, Youth leaders and women leaders were contacted. Various meetings were held with these groups on the need for the studies. They were then mobilized to co-operate and participate in the survey. The process of consultations with members of the communities continued throughout the study and is even to continue in the course of execution of the transmission power line plant project in the communities.





Olorunsogo, Lerin, Ita-Alaji, Akilagun consultation

**Abese, Soderu Consultation** 

Plate 5.1: Socioeconomic Consultation with the affected communities





**Oba Eerin consultation** 

Ijumo Ologbomi consultation





Women group consultation

Youth group consultation

Plate 5.2: Socioeconomic Consultation with the affected communities

#### Recruitment and Training of Field Assistants

With the approval of the community leaders, educated and literate members of the communities were recruited and trained as field assistants in the administration of questionnaires and to conduct the study team round the communities.

#### Socio-economic data collection

This was done mainly by the use of a well-structured questionnaires which addressed all the socio-economic issues e.g. occupation, income, marital status and marriage practice, educational status, historical data, Natural resources management, social groups, land use and on infrastructures like housing, markets, schools, hospital type of water, electricity, roads and other baseline socio-economic data.

#### Health Data Collection

The administered health questionnaires contained questions addressing the sociodemographic data; housing; infrastructure and physical environment; health and wellbeing including current prevalent communicable and non-communicable diseases; health seeking behaviours, nutritional status; occupational health, lifestyle and social habits as they affects health. Adults, children and infants in the surveyed households were physically examined. Some of the parameters assessed were weight, and height (with which the Body Mass Index was calculated) hair quality and colour, the eyes, skin, ear, mouth, breath and heart sounds, breasts and abdominal examinations. The various disease ailments seen were recorded. Other parameters assessed were common adult and childhood diseases, immunization status, physical body assessment and general appearance of the individuals.

#### Assessment of Available Health Care Facilities

The local hospitals/clinic and other orthodox health establishments where available in the communities were visited and their health data and records were obtained. Some of the parameter obtained are as follows:

- Types and number of health professionals
- Types of available equipment
- Types of health services available for the communities
- In-patient and Out-Patients records
- Types and conditions of health infrastructure
- Administrative structure
- Logistic /accessibility of the health facilities to the community members
- Utilization of the facilities as well as baseline health parameters.

#### Sampling Technique:

The socio-economic and health questionnaires were administered to the households. A cross sectional stratified random survey method was employed. Questionnaires were administered to 15% of the adult population (i.e. 39% of the total population). A total of 500 questionnaires were randomly administered to adults in the different communities. The study team ensured that the entire communities were covered.

#### Focus Group Discussions (FGD)

These were held separately with male elders, youths and women groups. All socioeconomic and health issues and how they have been affected by previous development projects as well as what is to be expected in the current project were discussed. The felt needs of the communities, and possible ways of mitigating against the identified possible negative impacts due to the negative environmental effects that may arise in the transmission line projects in all the neighbouring communities were also discussed.





Plate 5.3: Focus Group discussion with adult men and women

Source: Godirra Chemicals Fieldwork, 2017/2018

**Appendix 4: Attendance List** 

Appendix 4. Attenuance List		
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TCN-JICA TRANSMISSION LINE NETWORK PROJECT ATTENDANCE LIST FOR RESETTLEMENT ACTION PLAN (RAP)

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## TCN-JICA TRANSMISSION LINE NETWORK PROJECT

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6	TUNJI SOLABI		BAALE LEMO VILLAGE	- Jaco	Dan's
7	KEHNDE SOMUTI		BALOGUN		
8	AKINYEMI ISTIOLA				
9	MURACLA MALOMO				
10	FADEYI OLAMPEWAJU		DTUN BAALE AWADO YILINGE		
CP.	ARIYIBI JOSIAH				
2	OYEBO TIMOTHY				
	DYEBO JOHN				
4	TITILATO YUSHF				
5	MAKINWUNMI MUSBAY				Kinigz.

REMI STOBOWALE

BOEKAMBI SAMSOM

AKIMOLA MUSBAY

AKIMOLA MAYA

ISMAIL AKIMOLA

SMLAMMON JAMIN

OYEBO TANIMO

REBECCA SHODEMDE DOUNTOLA

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GODFREY SILAS

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# TCN-JICA TRANSMISSION LINE NETWORK PROJECT ATTENDANCE LIST FOR RESETTLEMENT ACTION PLAN (RAP)

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TCN-JICA TRANSMISSION LINE NETWORK PROJECT
ATTENDANCE LIST FOR RESETTLEMENT ACTION PLAN (RAP)

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