

Thilawa Special Economic Zone (Zone B) Development

Environmental Monitoring Report Phase-3 (Construction Phase)



Myanmar Japan Thilawa Development Limited.

December 2019

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1. Executive Summary

The environmental inspection and compliance monitoring program will be implemented under the direction of Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation (MONREC) with oversight by Thilawa SEZ Management Committee.

The monitoring record from September 2019 to November 2019 according to the Environment Monitoring Plan is submitted in conformity with the provision of Chapter 10, 10.1 Table 10.1-2 and 10.2, Table 10.2-2 Content of the EIA Report of Thilawa SEZ Development Project (Zone B).

2. Summary of Monitoring Activities

a) Progress made to date on the implementation of the EMP against the submitted implementation schedule;

We submitted EMP for TSEZ Zone-B as following table.

Report No.	Description	Phase	Submission
1	Environmental Monitoring Report	Phase-1 Pre-construction Phase	March, 2017
2	Environmental Monitoring Report	Phase-1 Construction Phase	June, 2017
3	Environmental Monitoring Report	Phase-1 Construction Phase	September, 2017
4	Environmental Monitoring Report	Phase-1 Construction Phase	December, 2017
5	Environmental Monitoring Report	Phase-2 Pre-construction Phase	December, 2017
6	Environmental Monitoring Report	Phase-1&2 Construction Phase	March, 2018
7	Environmental Monitoring Report	Phase-1&2 Construction Phase	June, 2018
8	Environmental Monitoring Report	Phase-1&2 Construction Phase	September, 2018
9	Environmental Monitoring Report	Phase-3 Pre-construction Phase	December, 2018
10	Environmental Monitoring Report	Phase-2&3 Construction Phase	March, 2019
11	Environmental Monitoring Report	Phase-2&3 Construction Phase	June, 2019
12	Environmental Monitoring Report	Phase-2&3 Construction Phase	September, 2019
13	Environmental Monitoring Report	Phase 3 Construction Phase	December, 2019

Report (No.13 is submitted this day attached with Construction Phase implementation schedule. Subsequent Construction Phase reports will be submitted on Quarterly.

 Difficulties encountered in implementing of the EMP and recommendations for remedying those difficulties and steps proposed to prevent or avoid similar future difficulties;

None

- c) Number and type of non-compliance with the EMP and proposed remedial measures and timelines for completion of remediation;
 - Depend on the exceeding parameters and situation
- d) Accidents or incidents relating to the occupational and community health and safety, and the environment:

Neither accidents nor incidents happen during this monitoring period.



e) Monitoring data on environmental parameters and conditions as committed in the EMP or otherwise required.

Please refer to the attached Environmental Monitoring Form.

3. Construction Progress

Thilawa SEZ Zone B Development Project construction activities is submitted enclosed with monthly progress reports from contractor in Appendix E to G.

- E. Monthly Progress Report for September, 2019
- F. Monthly Progress Report for October, 2019
- G. Monthly Progress Report for November, 2019

4. Monitoring Result

Environmental Monitoring Plan report for construction phase implemented according to the following table, reference on Table 10.2-2, Chapter 10, EIA for Industrial Area of Zone-B.

Monitoring Plan (Construction Phase)

	1				
Category	Item	Location	Frequency	Remark	
Air Quality	NO ₂ , SO ₂ , CO, PM _{2.5} , PM ₁₀	Construction site (1 point)	Once/ 3month	September 2019, Air Quality Monitoring Report	
Water Quality	Water temperature, pH, SS, DO, BOD ₅ , COD, coliforms, oil and grease, chromium	- Over flow of construction site to the creek (at least 3 sampling points/ mixing point: i) discharge water, ii) upstream water and iii) downstream water - Well near the construction site (1 point)	Once/ 2 month	October 2019 Water and Wastewater Quality Monitoring Report	
Waste	Amount and kind of solid waste	Construction site	Once/ 3 month	Monthly Progress Reports (September, October, November 2019)	
	· Noise and vibration level	Preservation area such as residence around the proposed construction site (at least 1 point)	Once/ 3 month	Noise and Vibration Monitoring Report September 2019	
Noise and Vibration	- Traffic Count	Preservation site such as residence along the route for on-site vehicles (1 point for noise and vibration and 2 points for traffic count)	(peak period)	Traffic Count Monitoring Report September 2019	
Ground Subsidence	- Ground water level - Ground elevation level	Representative (1 point)	Every week	Monthly Progress Reports	
Hydrology	Consumption of ground water amount	ttepresentative (1 point)	Livery week	(September, October, November 2019)	
Risk for infectious disease such as AIDS/HIV	Status of measures of infectious disease	Construction site	Once/month	Monthly Progress Reports	
Working conditions (including occupational safety)	Prehension of condition of occupational safety and health Prehension of infectious disease	Construction site	Once/ month	(September, October, November 2019)	

Category	Item	Location	Frequency	Remark
Accident	Existence of accident	Construction site	As occasion arise	





Thilawa Special Economic Zone (Zone B) Development Project - Phase 3

Environment Monitoring Form



Environment Monitoring Form

The latest results of the below monitoring items shall be submitted to Authorities on once at Pre-Construction Phase and on quarterly basis at Construction Phase, and on bi-annually base at Operation Phase. The items, standards to be applied, measurement points, and frequency for each monitoring parameter are established based on the EIA Report for Thilawa Special Economic Zone Development Project (Industrial Area of Zone B). Should there be any changes to the original plan, such change shall be reviewed and evaluated by environmental expert.

(1) General

- 1) Phase of the Project
 - Please mark the current phase.

Pre-Construction	Phase
TIC COMBUNICATION	LILLIOC

Construction Phase

Operation Phase

2) Obtainment of Environmental Permits

Name of permits	Expected issuance date	Actual issuance date	Concerned authority	Remarks (Conditions, etc.)
Approved letter for Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Report of Industrial Area, Thilawa Special Economic Zone (Zone-B)		29th December 2016	Thilawa SEZ Management Committee	
Notification of the comments of Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation regarding with the Standard Change of Wastewater Quality of Industrial Zone, Internal Regulations of Thilawa SEZ Zone-A and Zone-B	5th January 2018	10 th January 2018	Thilawa SEZ Management Committee	







3) Response/Actions to Comments and Guidance from Government Authorities and the Public

Monitoring Item	Monitoring Results during Report Period	Duration of Report Period	Frequency
Number and contents of formal comments made by the public			Upon receipt of comments/
Number and contents of responses from Government agencies			complaints

(2) Monitoring Results

1) Ambient Air Quality (September 2019)

NO₂, SO₂, CO, PM_{2.5}, PM₁₀

Location	Item	Unit	Measured Value (Mean)	Measured Value (Max)	Country's Standard	Target value to be applied*1	Referred International Standard	Frequency	Method	Note (Reason of excess of the standard)								
	NO ₂	mg/m³	0.029	0.110	0.2 mg/m ³ (1 Hour)	0.1 mg/m ³ (24 Hour)	-											
				0.02 mg/m ³	0.02 mg/m ³													
	SO ₂ *2	mg/m^3 0.	0.022	0.085	(24 Hours)	(24 Hours)	-	One time /	Haz- Scanner	Refer to air								
AO 1	СО	mg/m³	/ 3 0.000	0.219	_	10.26 mg/m ³	_											
AQ-1		nig/m³	0.099	0.219	-	(24 Hours)		3 months q		quality report								
	D) (0.5	PM2.5 mg/m ³		0.010	0.040	0.025 mg/m ³	0.025 mg/m^3			EPAS								
W 1	PM2.5		0.010	0.040	(24 Hours)	(24 Hours)	-											
	D) (4.0				40		, ,		, -			0.042	0.05 mg/m ³	0.05 mg/m ³				
	PM10	mg/m³	0.012	0.042	(24 Hours)	(24 Hours)	-											

^{*1}Remarks: Referred to the tentative target value of ambient air quality (EIA Report for industrial area, Table 2.4-1), Reference to the air quality monitoring report (September 2019)



2) (b) Water Quality - October 2019

<u>Measurement Point:</u> Effluent of Wastewater (SW-2 and SW-4 are attached as reference point only and they are natural creek water which are combine all the wastewater from the Local industrial water and domestic water from existing living environment. SW-7 is the main discharging point. GW-2 is also as reference point for monitoring of existing tube well located in the Monastery Compound near Zone-B area)

- Are there any effluents to water body in this monitoring period?

If yes, please attach "Analysis Record" and fill in the items not to comply with Refereed International Standard





Location	Item	Unit	Measured Value (Max)	Country's Standard*2	Target value to be applied*1	Frequ- ency	Method	Note (Reason of excess of the standard)
	Temperature	°C	31	< 3 (increase)	≤ 35		Instrument Analysis Method	
	pН	-	7.9	6-9	6.0 - 9.0		Instrument Analysis Method	
	SS*3	mg/L	70	50	50		APHA 2540D (Dry at 103-105°C Method)	
	DO	mg/L	4.75	-	-		Instrument Analysis Method	
SW-2	BOD ₅	mg/L	6.81	50	30		APHA 5210 B (5days BOD Test)	
(reference	COD _{Cr}	mg/L	29.3	250	125		APHA 5220 D (Close Reflux Colorimetric Method)	Refer to
point)	Total Coliform*4	MPN/100	>160,000	400	400	Once per	APHA 9221 B (Standard Total Coliform Fermentation	water
		ml				2 months	Technique)	quality
	Oil and Grease		<3.1	10	10		APHA 5520 B (partition Gravimetric Method)	report
	Chromium	mg/L	0.008	0.5	0.5		APHA (Inductively Coupled Plasma (ICP) Method)	
-	Total Dissolved	mg/L	196	-	2000		APHA 2540C (Total Dissolved Solids Dried at 180.C)	
	solids (TDS)*6							
	Iron*6	mg/L	4.052	3.5	3.5		APHA 3120 B (Inductively Coupled Plasma (ICP) Method)	
	Mercury*6	mg/L	≤ 0.002	0.01	0.005		APHA 3120 B (Inductively Coupled Plasma (ICP) Method)	
SW-4	Temperature	°C	29	< 3 (increase)	≤ 35		Instrument Analysis Method	
(reference	рН	-	7.6	6-9	6.0 – 9.0	Once per	Instrument Analysis Method	
point)	SS*3	mg/L	194	50	50	2 months	APHA 2540D (Dry at 103-105°C Method)	
	DO	mg/L	7.43	-	_	2 monus	Instrument Analysis Method	
	BOD ₅	mg/L	8.52	50	30		APHA 5210 B (5days BOD Test)	



Location	Item	Unit	Measured Value (Max)	Country's Standard*2	Target value to be applied*1	Frequ- ency	Method	Note (Reason of excess of the standard)
	COD _{Cr}	mg/L	12.5	250	125		APHA 5220 D (Close Reflux Colorimetric Method)	Refer to
	Total Coliform*4	MPN/100	35000	400	400		APHA 9221 B (Standard Total Coliform Fermentation	water
		ml					Technique)	quality
4) 4	Oil and Grease	mg/L	<3.1	10	10		APHA 5520 B (partition Gravimetric Method)	report
	Chromium	mg/L	0.022	0.5	0.5		APHA (Inductively Coupled Plasma (ICP) Method)	
	Total Dissolved	mg/L	278	-	2000		APHA 2540C (Total Dissolved Solids Dried at 180.C)	
	solids (TDS)*6							
	Iron*5, *6	mg/L	11.186	3.5	3.5		APHA 3120 B (Inductively Coupled Plasma (ICP) Method)	
	Mercury*6	mg/L	≤ 0.002	0.01	0.005		APHA 3120 B (Inductively Coupled Plasma (ICP) Method)	
* 4.4	Temperature	°C	33	< 3 (increase)	≤ 35		Instrument Analysis Method	
	pН	-	9	6-9	6.0 - 9.0		Instrument Analysis Method	
	SS	mg/L	28	50	50		APHA 2540D (Dry at 103-105°C Method)	
3.2	DO	mg/L	8.26	-	-		Instrument Analysis Method	Refer to
	BOD ₅	mg/L	4.05	50	30	Once per	APHA 5210 B (5days BOD Test)	water
SW-7	COD _{Cr}	mg/L	10.8	250	125	2 months	APHA 5220 D (Close Reflux Colorimetric Method)	quality
(Discharge	Total Coliform	MPN/100	46	400	400		APHA 9221 B (Standard Total Coliform Fermentation	report
d Point)		ml					Technique)	
1189	Oil and Grease	mg/L	< 3.1	10	10		APHA 5520 B (partition Gravimetric Method)	
WMAR JAPA	Chromium	mg/L	≤0.002	0.5	0.5		APHA (Inductively Coupled Plasma (ICP) Method)	



Location	Item	Unit	Measured Value (Max)	Country's Standard*2	Target value to be applied*1	Frequ- ency	Method	Note (Reason of excess of the standard)
	Total Dissolved solids (TDS) *6	mg/L	158	-	2000		APHA 2540C (Total Dissolved Solids Dried at 180.C)	
	Iron*6	mg/L	1.020	3.5	3.5		APHA 3120 B (Inductively Coupled Plasma (ICP) Method)	
	Mercury*6	mg/L	≤ 0.002	0.01	0.005		APHA 3120 B (Inductively Coupled Plasma (ICP) Method)	
	Temperature	°C	28	< 3 (increase)	≤ 35		Instrument Analysis Method	
	рН	-	7.6	6-9	6.0 - 9.0		Instrument Analysis Method	
	SS	mg/L	2.00	50	50		APHA 2540D (Dry at 103-105°C Method)	
GW-2	DO	mg/L	6.63	-	-		Instrument Analysis Method	
(reference	BOD ₅	mg/L	8.00	50	30		APHA 5210 B (5days BOD Test)	
point)	COD _{Cr}	mg/L	11.6	250	125		APHA 5220 D (Close Reflux Colorimetric Method)	Refer to
	Total Coliform*7	MPN/100	540	400	400	Once per	APHA 9221 B (Standard Total Coliform Fermentation	water
		ml				2 months	Technique)	quality
	Oil and Grease	mg/L	< 3.1	10	10		APHA 5520 B (partition Gravimetric Method)	report
	Total Dissolved	mg/L	128	-	2000		APHA 2540C (Total Dissolved Solids Dried at 180.C)	
	solids (TDS)*6							
	Iron*8,*6		4.940	3.5	3.5		APHA 3120 B (Inductively Coupled Plasma (ICP) Method)	
	Mercury*6	mg/L	≤ 0.002	0.01	0.005		APHA 3120 B (Inductively Coupled Plasma (ICP) Method)	
		mg/L						

 $^{^{*1}} Remark: Reference \ to \ the \ Water \ and \ Wastewater \ Quality \ Monitoring \ Report \ (October \ 2019)$



*2Remark: Referred to the National Emission Quality Guideline (NEQG) 29th December 2015

*3Remark: For the monitoring point of SW2 and SW-4, the result of SS exceeded than the target value due to three expected reasons i) delivered from upstream area such as natural origin and wastewater from local industrial zone outside of Thilawa SEZ, and ii) influence by water from the downstream of monitoring points due to flow back by tidal fluctuation iii) surface water run-off from bare land in Zone B.

*4Remark: For the monitoring point of SW2 and SW-4, the result of total coliform exceeded than the target value due to three expected reasons i) natural bacteria existed in discharged creek because there are various kinds of vegetation of creature such as birds, and small animals in and along the discharged creek and retention pond ii) wastewater from the local industrial zone outside of Thilawa SEZ and iii) delivered from surrounding area by tidal effect. Total coliforms do not affect human health directly, self-monitoring was carried out to identify health impact by coliform bacteria. As for the result of E-Coli SW-7 was 5.5. It is considered that there is no significant impact to human health.

*5 Remark: For the monitoring point of SW-4, the result of iron exceeded than the target value due to the influence of natural origin i) iron is used as a construction material and in the rainy season the water run-off from the construction sites may contain iron particles ii) influence of natural origin (iron can reach out from soil by run-off)

*6 Remark: Recommendation from JICA Environmental expert (TSMC), to be more emphasized on Environmental and analyzing only.

*7 Remark: For the monitoring point of GW-2, the results of total coliform exceeded than the target value due to two expected reasons i) poor maintenance of well which can increase the rate of bacteria and other harmful organisms ii) the well was not operated regularly and was not used for long time.

*8 Remark: For the monitoring point of GW-2, the results of iron exceeded due to expected reason i) it may be due to corrosion of pipe because the water is pumped through the iron pipelines burnied underneath the ground.

3) Soil Contamination (only operation phase)

Situations environmental report from tenants

- Are there any serious issues regarding soil contamination in this monitoring period? □ Yes, ☑ No
If yes please describe the contents of complains and its countermeasures to fill in below the table.

Contents of Issues on Soil Contamination	Countermeasures







4) Noise Level (September 2019)

Location	Item	Unit	Measured Value (Mean)	Measured Value (Max)	Country's Standard	Target value to be applied*	Referred International Standard	Frequency	Method	Note (Reason of excess of the standard)
Residential Area	Leq (day)	dB(A)	52	56		75				
NV-2	Leq (evening)	dB(A)	51	53	Refer to	60	Refer the section	One time /		
	Leq(night)	dB(A)	55	57	NEQG	55	2.4 in EIA main	3 months		
Along the road	Leq (day)	dB(A)	65	64	Article 1.3	75	report	3 months		
(NV-1)	Leq(night)	dB(A)	54	64		70				

^{*}Remarks: Referred to the tentative target value of ambient air quality (EIA Report for industrial area, Table 2.4-8), Reference to the noise and vibration monitoring report (September 2019)

Complaints from Residents

- Are there any complaints from residents regarding noise in this monitoring period?		Yes,	\checkmark	No
If ves, please describe the contents of complains and its countermeasures to fill in below the table.	-			

Contents of Complaints from Residents	Countermeasures



5) Solid Waste

Measurement Point: Construction Site (Construction Phase), Storage for Sludge (Operation Phase)

Are there any wastes if sludge in this monitoring period?

V	Yes,	No

If yes, please report the amount of sludge and fill in the results of solid waste management activities.

Item	Date	Generated from	Unit	Value	Solid Waste Management Activities
Amount of Sludge	20-Aug-2019	Construction Waste	Loads	2	Waste disposing to authorized waste collector (YCDC)

6) (a) Ground Subsidence Hydrology

Duration	Water Consumption		Ground Level		Note
(Week)	Quantity	Unit	Quantity	Unit	Note
5- September -2019	184	m³/ week	+ 6.301	m	
12- September -2019	172	m³/ week	+ 6.299	m	
19- September -2019	158	m³/ week	+ 6.300	m	
26- September -2019	168	m³/ week	+ 6.298	m	

Remarks: Reference to Monthly Progress Report (June-2019)

6) (b) Ground Subsidence Hydrology

	Duration	Water Consumption		Ground Level		Note
	(Week)	Quantity	Unit	Quantity	Unit	Note
	3- October -2019	148	m³/ week	+ 6.298	m	
	10- October -2019	126	m³/ week	+ 6.298	m	
	17- October -2019	159	m³/ week	+ 6.302	m	
AA.	24- October -2019	185	m³/ week	+ 6.301	m	

Remarks: Reference to Monthly Progress Report (July-2019)





6) (c) Ground Subsidence Hydrology

Duration	Water Cor	sumption	Ground Level		Note
(Week)	Quantity	Unit	Quantity	Unit	Note
7- November -2019	175	m³/ week	+ 6.299	m	
14- November -2019	198	m³/ week	+ 6.301	m	
21- November -2019	172	m³/ week	+ 6.297	m	
28- November -2019	188	m³/ week	+ 6.298	m	

Remarks: Reference to Monthly Progress Report (August-2019)

7) Offensive Odor (only operation phase	se)	phas	peration 1	ope	(onl)dor	O	fensive	') C	7
---	-----	------	------------	-----	------	------	---	---------	------	---

Complaints from Residents

- Are there any complaints from residents regarding offensive odor in this monitoring period?	
If yes, please describe the contents of complains and its countermeasures to fill in below the table.	

Yes,

Countermeasures

✓ No

Situations environmental report from tenants

Contents of Complaints from Residents

- Are there any serious issues regarding offensive odor in this monitoring period?

If yes, please describe the contents of complains and its countermeasures to fill in below the table.

	Yes,	abla	No
_			

Contents of Issues on Soil Contamination	Countermeasures



- 8) Infectious disease, Working Environment, Accident
 <u>Information from contractor (construction phase)</u> or tenants (operation phase)
- Are there any incidents regarding infectious disease, Working Environment, Accident in this monitoring period?

 Yes, Vo
 No
 If yes, please describe the contents of complains and its countermeasures to fill in below the table.

Contents of Incidents	Countermeasures

Note: If emergency incidents are occurred, the information shall be reported to the relevant organizations and authorities immediately.

- 9) Resettlement Works for Project Affected Persons (PAPs) and Common Assets Information from TSMC
 - Please describe the progress and remarkable issues (if any) to fill in below the table.

Res	entment Works	Progress in Narrative	Remarkable Issues
Projected Affected Persons	Land Acquisition and Relocation	The number of PAHs who got land compensation; • 6 PAHs from Zone B (Area 2-2 West (Part-1)) • 4 PAHs from Zone B(Candidate site of Cemetery) • 1 PAH from Zone B (Diverge Road Area) • 1 PAH from Shwe Pyauk Creek Expansion The number of PAHs who already relocated; • 1 PAH from Zone B (Area 2-1 Ex_2) • 11 PAHs from Zone B (Area 2-2 West (Part-1)) The number of PAHs who got cultivation compensation;	





No		
		 2 PAHs from Shwe Pyauk Creek Expansion 1 PAH from Zone B (Area 2-2 West (Part-1))
	Income Restoration Program	 Supporting for Valuable People Program at Zone B for every month Tailoring training started in November for Zone B PAPs (Phase 2 &3) Cleaning and digging for Creek which has full of trash and mud at Zone B relocation site 6th Monitoring survey started in December for Valuable People Program for Zone B Phase 2 (PAPs)
Common Assets	Relocation	

- Are there any grievances submitted, solved and pending regarding resettlement works? If yes, please describe the contents of grievances to fill in below the table.

Contents of Grievance	Response/ Countermeasures
There was 2 grievance received during September to	The situation of these 2 complains have been resolved.
November 2019. These complains are about	
"Compensation" and "Labor" issue.	

Yes,

□ No



10) CSR activities such as Community Support Program

	A .1	COD			1 . 1	•	. 1 .	• • •	•	•	10
_	Are there any	CSK	activities	imn	lemented	111	thic	mont	Oring	Derio	17
-	The there arry	COIL	activities	TITLD.	icilicilica	TIL	uus	THOTH	CHILLE	PCIIO	4.
									U	1	

	_	
Yes,		No

If yes, please describe the outline of CSR activities implemented to fill in below the table.

Date	Activities	Description (Location, Participant etc)
	Monthly Scholarship Support	15 high school students in Kyaut Tan and Thanlyin Township
2 =	Plantation Activity	Zone A
September 2019	Students visit to TSEZ Factories	Yakult Factory
1	Opening Japanese language Class	Fujiwork Myanmar Company Limited
	Medical Aids to Community Health Clinic (Aduttaw and Asoka)	Aduttaw Village and Kyauk Tan Township
O-1-12010	Monthly Scholarship Support	15 high school students in Kyaut Tan and Thanlyin Township
October 2019	Students visit to TSEZ Factories	Yakult Factory
	Monthly Scholarship Support	15 high school students in Kyaut Tan and Thanlyin Township
November 2019	TSEZ Community Run 2019	Around TSEZ Area (Especially in Zone A)
	Kahtina Robe Offering Ceremony	Thilawa Monastery (Near Zone A)

End of Document





Thilawa Special Economic Zone (Zone B) Development Project - Phase 3

Appendix

Water and Waste Water Monitoring Report October 2019



WATER QUALITY MONITORING REPORT FOR DEVELOPMENT OF INDUSTRIAL AREA IN THILAWA SEZ ZONE B (PHASE 3 CONSTRUCTION STAGE)

(Bi-Monthly Monitoring)

October 2019 Myanmar Koei International Ltd.



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CHAPTER 1: INTRODUCTION

1.1 General

Thilawa Special Economic Zone (SEZ) is located in southern district of Yangon region and about 23 km southeast of Yangon city. As the developer of Thilawa SEZ, Myanmar Japan Thilawa Development Ltd. (MJTD) has a responsibility to carry out regular monitoring in the industrial area of Zone B in accordance with the approved Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) report and Environmental Management Plan (EMP). MJTD has implemented monitoring various environmental items with the specified time frame to know the environmental conditions in and around the area. As for the monitoring of the water quality, total four sampling points are set for water quality survey, named SW-2, SW-4, SW-7, and GW-2 have been monitored in Thilawa SEZ and its surrounding area in timely manner. Among the four locations, SW-7 is main discharged point of Zone B during the construction stage. Moreover, GW-2 is monitored as a reference of existing tube well which is located in the monastery compound of Phalan village. Location of sampling points for water quality monitoring is shown in Figure 1.1-1.



Figure 1.1-1 Location of Sampling Points of Water Quality Monitoring



CHAPTER 2: WATER QUALITY MONITORING

2.1 Monitoring Items

Sampling points and parameters for water quality monitoring are determined to cover the environmental monitoring plan of the EIA report.

Water quality sampling was carried out at four locations. Among the four locations, water flow measurement was carried out at one location (SW-4) where can be measured by current meter. Monitoring items and sampling points are summarized in Table 2.1-1.

Table 2.1-1 Monitoring Items for Water Quality

SECURITY OFFI	Table 2:11 Titlomeoring Remis for 11 acres Quanty						
No.	Parameters	SW-2	SW-4	SW-7	GW-2	Remarks	
1	Water Temperature	0	0	0	0	On-site measurement	
2	pH	0	0	0	0	On-site measurement	
3	DO	0	0	0	0	On-site measurement	
4	BOD ₍₅₎	0	0	0	0	Laboratory analysis	
5	COD _(Cr)	0	0	0	0	Laboratory analysis	
6	Suspended Solids	0	0	0	0	Laboratory analysis	
7	Total Coliform	0	0	0	0	Laboratory analysis	
8	Oil and Grease	0	0	0	0	Laboratory analysis	
9	Chromium	0	0	0	0	Laboratory analysis	
10	Total Dissolved solids (TDS) (Self-monitoring)	0	0	0	0	Laboratory analysis	
11	Iron (Self-monitoring)	0	0	0	0	Laboratory analysis	
12	Mercury (Self-monitoring)	0	0	0	0	Laboratory analysis	
13	Escherichia Coli (Self-monitoring)	-	-	0	0	Laboratory analysis	
14	Flow Rate	-	0	-	-	On-site measurement	

Source: Myanmar Koei International Ltd.

2.2 Description of Sampling Points

The outline of sampling points is mentioned in Table 2.2-1. The photos of conducting field survey at each sampling points are mentioned in Appendix-1.

Table 2.2-1 Outline of Sampling Points

No.	Station	Detailed Information
		Coordinate- N - 16° 40′ 20.69″, E - 96° 17′ 18.04″
1	SW-2	Location - Upstream of Shwe Pyauk Creek
		Survey Item - Surface water sampling.
		Coordinate- N - 16° 39' 42.84", E - 96° 16' 27.42"
2	SW-4	Location - Downstream of Shwe Pyauk Creek
		Survey Item - Surface water sampling and water flow rate measurement.
		Coordinate - N - 16° 40′ 13.25″, E - 96° 17′ 5.66″
3	SW-7	Location - Outlet of retention pond of Zone B construction site before connecting to Shwe Pyauk Creek
		Survey Item - Discharge water sampling.
		Coordinate - N - 16° 39' 25.30", E - 96° 17' 15.60"
4	GW-2	Location - In the monastery compound of Phalan village
		Survey Item - Ground water sampling.

Source: Myanmar Koei International Ltd.



SW-2 (Reference Point)

SW-2 was collected at the upstream of Shwe Pyauk creek. This sampling point is located at the northeast of Zone B area and at the south of Dagon-Thilawa road. The surrounding areas are Zone A in the northwest and local industrial zone in the east respectively.

SW-4 (Reference Point)

SW-4 was collected at the downstream of Shwe Pyauk creek, after mixing of discharge water from local industrial zone, construction site of Zone B and Zone A, which is flowing from east to west and then entering into the Yangon River. The distance is about 2.15 km downstream of SW-2. This sampling point is located in the west of Zone B area and in the south of Dagon-Thilawa road. The surrounding areas are Zone A in the northeast, local industrial zone in the east and paddy fields in the south and west respectively.

SW-7 (Discharged Point)

SW-7 is main discharged point of Zone B during construction stage. The distance is about 434 m downstream of SW-2. This sampling point is located at outlet of retention pond of Zone B construction site, in the north of Zone B area and in the south of Dagon-Thilawa road. The surrounding areas are Zone A in the north and local industrial zone in the east respectively.

GW-2 (Reference of Existing Tube Well)

GW-2 was collected from tube well as ground water sample. It is located in the monastery compound of Phalan village. The surrounding areas are Thilawa SEZ Zone A in the north, Phalan village in the south, fields in the west and local industrial zone in the northeast and construction of Thilawa SEZ Zone B in the east and northeast respectively.



2.3 Monitoring Method

All water samples were collected with cleaned sampling bottles and analyzed by the following standard method as shown in Table 2.3-1. All samples were kept in iced boxes keeping at 2-4 °C and were transported to the laboratory. Among the parameters; water temperature, pH and DO were measured by the on-site instrument "Horiba, U-52" and water flow rate was also conducted by using the on-site instrument "Tamaya Digital Current Meter".

Table 2.3-1 Analytic Method for Water Quality

No.	Parameter	Method
1	Temperature	Instrument Analysis Method (Horiba, U-52, Multi Water Quality Checker)
2	pH	Instrument Analysis Method (Horiba, U-52, Multi Water Quality Checker)
3	Dissolved Oxygen (DO)	Instrument Analysis Method (Horiba, U-52, Multi Water Quality Checker)
4	BOD ₍₅₎	APHA 5210 B (5 days BOD Test)
5	COD _(Cr)	APHA 5220D (Close Reflux Colorimetric Method)
6	Suspended Solids (SS)	APHA 2540D (Dry at 103-105°C Method)
7	Total Coliform	APHA 9221B (Standard Total Coliform Fermentation Technique)
8	Oil and Grease	APHA 5520B (Partition-Gravimetric Method)
9	Chromium	APHA 3120 B (Inductively Coupled Plasma (ICP) Method)
10	Total Dissolved solids (TDS)	APHA 2540C (Total Dissolved Solids Dried at 180°C Method)
11	Iron	APHA 3120 B (Inductively Coupled Plasma (ICP) Method)
12	Mercury	APHA 3120 B (Inductively Coupled Plasma (ICP) Method)
13	Escherichia Coli	APHA 9221 F (Escherichia Coli Procedure Using Fluorogenic Substrate)
14	Flow Rate	Detection of Electromagnetic Elements (Real-time measurement by UC-200V Digital Current Meters)

Source: Myanmar Koei International Ltd.

2.4 Monitoring Period

Water quality and water flow rate monitoring were conducted on 21 October 2019 and sampling time is shown in Table 2.4-1 to avoid tidal effect. The tide record for Yangon River, Myanmar on 21 October 2019 is shown in Table 2.4-2.

Table 2.4-1 Sampling Time of Each Station

No.	Station	Sampling Time
1	SW-2	21/10/2019 14:24
2	SW-4	21/10/2019 09:09
3	SW-7	21/10/2019 13:53
4	GW-2	21/10/2019 15:03

Source: Myanmar Koei International Ltd.

Table 2.4-2 Tide Record for Yangon River

Date	Time	Height	Tide Conditions
	03:29	1.71	Low Tide
21/10/2019	08:34	5.10	High Tide
21/10/2019	16:17	1.46	Low Tide
	21:41	4.68	High Tide

Source: Myanmar Port Authority, Tide Table for the Yangon River and Elephant Point, 2019

2.5 Monitoring Results

Results of water quality monitoring at discharged point and discharged creek are summarized in Table 2.5-1. Analytical results of the laboratory are described in Appendix-2, Appendix-3 and Appendix-4. The results were compared with the target value of effluent water quality discharged to water body stipulated in the EIA report.

2.5.1 Results of Discharged Point and Discharged Creek

As the comparison with the target value, the results of SS, total coliform and iron exceeded the target value. As for the result of SS, results at the surface water monitoring point (SW-2 and SW-4) exceeded the target value. The exceed result for SS may be due to three expected reasons; i) delivered from upstream area such as natural origin and wastewater from local industrial zone outside of Thilawa SEZ, and ii) influence by water from the downstream of monitoring points due to flow back by tidal fluctuation.

As for the result of total coliform of surface water, results at surface water monitoring points (SW-2 and SW-4) exceeded the target value due to three expected reasons; i) natural bacteria existed in discharged creek and retention pond because there are various kinds of vegetation and creature such as birds and small animals in and along the discharged creek and retention pond and ii) wastewater from the local industrial zone outside of Thilawa SEZ and iii) delivered from surrounding area by tidal effect.

As for the result of iron, the result at the monitoring point of surface water monitoring point (SW-2 and SW-4) exceeded the target value. The possible reasons may be due to the influence of natural origin (iron can reach out from soil by run-off). In Yangon, soil is naturally rich in iron. However, since it cannot reach to the conclusion of what is the reason for this result, the periodic monitoring will be necessary.

Table 2.5-1 Results of Water Quality Monitoring at Discharged point and Discharged Creek

No.	Parameters	Unit	SW-2	SW-4	SW-7	Target Value (Reference Value for Self-Monitoring)
1	Temperature	°C	31	29	33	≤ 35
2	pН	-	7.9	7.6	9.0	6~9
3	Suspended Solid (SS)	mg/L	70.00	194.00	28.00	50
4	Dissolved Oxygen (DO)	mg/L	4.75	7.43	8.26	-
5	BOD ₍₅₎	mg/L	6.81	8.52	4.05	30
6	$COD_{(Cr)}$	mg/L	29.3	12.5	10.8	125
7	Total Coliform	MPN/100ml	>160000	35000	46	400
8	Oil and Grease	mg/L	< 3.1	< 3.1	< 3.1	10
9	Chromium	mg/L	0.008	0.022	≤ 0.002	0.5
10	Total Dissolved solids (TDS)	mg/L	196	278	158	2000
11	Iron	mg/L	4.052	11.186	1.020	3.5
12	Mercury	mg/L	≤ 0.002	≤ 0.002	≤ 0.002	0.005
13	Escherichia Coli	MPN/100ml	-	-	< 1.8	(1000)* (CFU/100ml)
14	Flow Rate	m³/s	-	0.51	-	- "

Note: Red color means exceeded value than target value.

*Note: Based on the water utilization at discharged creek, the quality standard for water baths in Japan, (Ministry of Environment, 1997) is set as a reference value for self-monitoring of E. coli for surface water monitoring. However, due to limitation of capacity for analytical laboratory in Myanmar, the method to analyze the "Colony Forming Unit (CFU)" is not available in Myanmar. Therefore, the results of "Most Probable Number (MPN)" are assumed similar to CFU values and compared with reference values. Once the method to analyze the CFU will be available in Myanmar, the analytical method will be changed. Source: Myanmar Koei International Ltd.



2.5.2 Result of Reference Tube Well

Result of water quality monitoring at reference tube well monitoring point is shown in Table 2.5-2. As the comparison with the target value, the results of total coliform and iron exceeded the target value.

As for the result of total coliform in ground water, results at GW-2 exceeded the target value. It may be possible due to expected reasons i) the poor maintenance of well which can increase the risk of bacteria and other harmful organisms ii) the well was not operated regularly and was not use for long time. However, the result of E.coli of GW-2 was under the reference value. Therefore, although the target value of total coliform was exceeded at monitoring point of GW-2 but it is considered that there is no significant impact on human health.

As for the result of the iron, the result at the monitoring point of reference tube well (GW-2) exceeded the target value due to expected reason; 1) It may be due to the corrosion of pipes because the water is pumped through the iron pipelines buried underneath the ground. However, since it cannot reach to the conclusion of what is the reason for this result, the continuous monitoring will be necessary.

Table 2.5-2 Results of Water Quality Monitoring at Reference Tube Well

No.	Parameters	Unit	GW-2	Target Value (Reference Value for Self-Monitoring)
1	Temperature	°C	28	≤ 35
2	pН	-	7.6	6~9
3	Suspended Solid (SS)	mg/L	2.00	50
4	Dissolved Oxygen (DO)	mg/L	6.63	-
5	BOD ₍₅₎	mg/L	8.00	30
6	COD _(Cr)	mg/L	11.6	125
7	Total Coliform	MPN/100ml	540	400
8	Oil and Grease	mg/L	< 3.1	10
9	Chromium	mg/L	\leq 0.002	0.5
10	Total Dissolved solids (TDS)	mg/L	128	2000
11	Iron	mg/L	4.940	3.5
12	Mercury	mg/L	≤ 0.002	0.005
13	Escherichia Coli	MPN/100ml	2.0	(100)* (MPN/100ml)
14	Flow Rate	m ³ /s	-	-

*Note: Based on the water utilization at monitoring point for ground water, B1(Irrigation water) of National Technical Regulation on Surface Water Quality in Vietnam (No. QCVN 08: 2008/BTNMT) is set as a reference value of self-monitoring for ground water monitoring. Source: Myanmar Koei International Ltd.



CHAPTER 3: CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

As described in Chapter 2 (Section 2.5), the results of SS, total coliform and iron at (SW-2 and SW-4) in surface water exceeded the target value in this monitoring period for construction stage of Thilawa SEZ Zone B.

There are some possible reasons for exceeding the target values of SS and total coliform at (SW-2 and SW-4). They are by i) natural origin such as natural bacteria existed in discharged creek and retention pond because there are various kinds of vegetation and creature such as birds and small animals in and along the discharged creek and ii) wastewater from the local industrial zone outside of Thilawa SEZ, iii) delivered from surrounding area by tidal effect.

As for the result of iron, the result at the monitoring point of surface water monitoring point (SW-2 and SW-4) exceeded the target value. The possible reasons may be due to the influence of natural origin (iron can reach out from soil by run-off). In Yangon, soil is naturally rich in iron. However, since it cannot reach to the conclusion of what is the reason for this result, the periodic monitoring will be necessary.

As for the result of total coliform in ground water, results at GW-2 exceeded the target value. It may be possible due to expected reasons i) the poor maintenance of well which can increase the risk of bacteria and other harmful organisms ii) the well was not operated regularly and was not use for long time. However, the result of E.coli of GW-2 was under the reference value. Therefore, although the target value of total coliform was exceeded at monitoring point of GW-2 but it is considered that there is no significant impact on human health.

As for the result of the iron, the result at the monitoring point of reference tube well (GW-2) exceeded the target value due to expected reason; 1) It may be due to the corrosion of pipes because the water is pumped through the iron pipelines buried underneath the ground. However, since it cannot reach to the conclusion of what is the reason for this result, the continuous monitoring will be necessary.

As for future subject for main discharged points of Thilawa SEZ Zone B, the following action may be taken to maintain the target value of SS, total coliform, iron and appropriate water quality monitoring:

- 1) To continue monitoring Escherichia coli (E. Coli) level to identify health impact by coliform bacteria.
- 2) To monitor the possibility of the overflow water from construction sites and
- 3) To monitor the possibility of the domestic wastewater from construction sites.

End of the Document



APPENDIX-1 FIELD SURVEY PHOTOS



FOR DISCHARGED POINT OF THILAWA SEZ ZONE B



Surface water sampling and onsite measurement at SW-7



FOR REFERENCE MONITORING POINTS FOR COMPARISON WITH DISCHARGED POINTS AND BASELINE OF DISCHARGED CREEK



Surface water sampling and onsite measurement at SW-2



Surface water sampling and onsite measurement at SW-4



Ground water sampling and onsite measurement at GW-2



APPENDIX-2 LABORATORY RESULTS



FOR DISCHARGED POINT



GOLDEN DOWA ECO-SYSTEM MYANMAR CO., LTD.

Lot No E1. Thilawa SEZ Zone A, Yangon Region, Myanmar.

Phone No Fax No: (+95) 1 2309051



Report No.: GEM-LAB-201910194

Revision No.: 1

Report Date: 31 October, 2019 Application No.: 0001-C001

Analysis Report

Client Name : Myanmar Koei International LTD (MKI)

Address : No, 36/A, 1st Floor, Grand Pho Sein Condominium, Pho Sein Road, Tamwe Township, Yangon, Myanmar.

Project Name : Environment Monitoring report for Zone A & B

Sample Description

Sample Name : MKI-SW-7-1021 Sampling Date : 21 October, 2019

Sample No. : W-1910173 Sampling By : Customer

Waste Profile No. : - Sample Received Date : 21 October, 2019

No.	Parameter	Method	Unit	Result	LOQ
1	ss	APHA 2540D (Dry at 103-105'C Method)	mg/l	28.00	_
2	BOD (5)	APHA 5210 B (5 Days BOD Test)	mg/l	4.05	0.00
3	COD (Cr)	APHA 5220D (Close Reflux Colorimetric Method)	mg/l	10.8	0.7
4	Total Coliform	APHA 9221B (Standard Total Coliform Fermentation Technique)	MPN/100ml	46	1.8
5	Total Nitrogen	HACH Method 10072 (TNT Persulfate Digestion Method)	mg/l	0.7	0
6	Total Phosphorous	APHA 4500-P E (Ascorbic Acid Method)	mg/l	< 0.05	0.050
7	Color	APHA 2120C (Spectrophotometric Method)	TCU	3.87	0.00
8	Odor	APHA 2150 B (Threshold Odor Test)	TON	2	0
9	Oil and Grease	APHA 5520B (Partition-Gravimetric Method)	mg/l	< 3.1	3.1
10	Chromium	APHA 3120 B (Inductively Coupled Plasma (ICP) Method)	mg/l	≤ 0.002	0.002

Remark : LOQ - Limit of Quantitation

APHA - American Public Health Association (APHA), the American Water Works Association (AWWA), and the Water Environment Federation (WEF), Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 22nd edition

22nd editio

Analysed By :

Ni Ni Aye Lwin Assistant Manager LAB Oct 31, 2019 GEM

Approved By:

Tomova Suzuki Oct 2

Tomoya Suzuki

Oct 31, 2019

Director



FOR REFERENCE MONITORING POINTS FOR COMPARISON WITH DISCHARGED POINTS AND BASELINE OF DISCHARGED CREEK



GOLDEN DOWA ECO-SYSTEM MYANMAR CO., LTD. Lot No E1. Thilawa SEZ Zone A, Yangon Region, Myanmar. Phone No Fax No: (+95) 1 2309051



Report No.: GEM-LAB-201910191

Revision No.: 1

Report Date: 31 October, 2019 Application No.: 0001-C001

Analysis Report

Client Name

: Myanmar Koei International LTD (MKI)

Address

; No, 36/A, 1st Floor, Grand Pho Sein Condominium, Pho Sein Road, Tamwe Township, Yangon, Myanmar.

Project Name

: Environment Monitoring report for Zone A & B

Sample Description

: MKI-SW-2-1021 Sample Name

Sampling Date: 21 October, 2019

: W-1910170 Sample No.

Sampling By : Customer

Waste Profile No.

Sample Received Date: 21 October, 2019

No.	Parameter	Method	Unit	Result	LOQ
1	SS	APHA 2540D (Dry at 103-105'C Method)	mg/l	70.00	-
2	BOD (5)	APHA 5210 B (5 Days BOD Test)	mg/l	6.81	0.00
3	COD (Cr)	APHA 5220D (Close Reflux Colorimetric Method)	mg/l	29.3	0.7
4	Total Coliform	APHA 9221B (Standard Total Collform Fermentation Technique)	MPN/100ml	> 160000	1.8
5	Total Nitrogen	HACH Method 10072 (TNT Persulfate Digestion Method)	mg/l	2.4	0
6	Total Phosphorous	APHA 4500-P E (Ascorbic Acid Method)	mg/l	0.091	0.050
7	Color	APHA 2120C (Spectrophotometric Method)	TCU	12.20	0.00
8	Odor	APHA 2150 B (Threshold Odor Test)	TON	1	0
9	Oil and Grease	APHA 5520B (Partition-Gravimetric Method)	mg/l	< 3.1	3.1
10	Chromium	APHA 3120 B (Inductively Coupled Plasma (ICP) Method)	mg/l	0.008	0.002

Remark : LOQ - Limit of Quantitation

APHA - American Public Health Association (APHA), the American Water Works Association (AWWA), and the Water Environment Federation (WEF), Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 22nd edition

Analysed By:

Ni Ni Aye Lwin Assistant Manager

Approved By :

Tomoya Suzuki Oct 31, 2019





GOLDEN DOWA ECO-SYSTEM MYANMAR CO., LTD. Lot No E1. Thilawa SEZ Zone A, Yangon Region, Myanmar. Phone No Fax No: (+95) 1 2309051



Report No.: GEM-LAB-201910192

Revision No.: 1

Report Date: 31 October, 2019 Application No.: 0001-C001

Analysis Report

Client Name

: Myanmar Koei International LTD (MKI)

Address

; No, 36/A, 1st Floor, Grand Pho Sein Condominium, Pho Sein Road, Tamwe Township, Yangon, Myanmar.

Project Name

: Environment Monitoring report for Zone A & B

Sample Description

Sample Name

: MKI-SW-4-1021

Sampling Date: 21 October, 2019

Sample No.

: W-1910171

Sampling By: Customer

Waste Profile No. : -

Sample Received Date: 21 October, 2019

No.	Parameter	Method	Unit	Result	LOQ
1	SS	APHA 2540D (Dry at 103-105'C Method)	mg/l	194.00	-
2	BOD (5)	APHA 5210 B (5 Days BOD Test)	mg/l	8.52	0.00
3	COD (Cr)	APHA 5220D (Close Reflux Colorimetric Method)	mg/l	12.5	0.7
4	Total Coliform	APHA 9221B (Standard Total Coliform Fermentation Technique)	MPN/100ml	35000	1.8
5	Total Nitrogen	HACH Method 10072 (TNT Persulfate Digestion Method)	mg/l	2.9	0
6	Total Phosphorous	APHA 4500-P E (Ascorbic Acid Method)	mg/l	0.098	0.050
7	Color	APHA 2120C (Spectrophotometric Method)	TCU	3.78	0.00
8	Odor	APHA 2150 B (Threshold Odor Test)	TON	1	0
9	Oil and Grease	APHA 5520B (Partition-Gravimetric Method)	mg/l	< 3.1	3.1
	Chromium	APHA 3120 B (Inductively Coupled Plasma (ICP) Method)	mg/l	0.022	0.002

: LOQ - Limit of Quantitation

APHA - American Public Health Association (APHA), the American Water Works Association (AWWA), and the Water Environment Federation (WEF), Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 22nd edition

Analysed By:

Ni Ni Aye Lwin Assistant Manager

Approved By:

Tomoya Suzuki

Director





GOLDEN DOWA ECO-SYSTEM MYANMAR CO., LTD.
Lot No E1. Thilawa SEZ Zone A, Yangon Region, Myanmar
Phone No Fax No: {+95} 1 2309051



Report No.: GEM-LAB-201910195

Revision No.: 1

Report Date: 31 October, 2019

Application No.: 0001-C001

Analysis Report

Client Name : Myanmar Koei International LTD (MKI)

Address : No, 36/A, 1st Floor, Grand Pho Sein Condominium, Pho Sein Road, Tamwe Township, Yangon, Myanmar.

Project Name : Environment Monitoring report for Zone A & B

Sample Description

Sample Name : MKI-GW-2-1021 Sampling Date : 21 October, 2019

Sample No. : W-1910174 Sampling By : Customer

Waste Profile No. : - Sample Received Date : 21 October, 2019

No.	Parameter	Method	Unit	Result	LOQ
1	ss	APHA 2540D (Dry at 103-105'C Method)	mg/l	2.00	-
2	BOD (5)	APHA 5210 B (5 Days BOD Test)	mg/i	8.00	0.00
3	COD (Cr)	APHA 5220D (Close Reflux Colorimetric Method)	mg/l	11.6	0.7
4	Total Coliform	APHA 9221B (Standard Total Coliform Fermentation Technique)	MPN/100ml	540	1.8
5	Total Nitrogen	HACH Method 10072 (TNT Persulfate Digestion Method)	mg/l	0.5	0
6	Total Phosphorous	APHA 4500-P E (Ascorbic Acid Method)	mg/l	0.678	0.050
7	Color	APHA 2120C (Spectrophotometric Method)	TCU	20.69	0.00
8	Odor	APHA 2150 B (Threshold Odor Test)	TON	1	0
9	Oil and Grease	APHA 5520B (Partition-Gravimetric Method)	mg/l	< 3.1	3.1
10	Chromium	APHA 3120 B (Inductively Coupled Plasma (ICP) Method)	mg/l	≤ 0.002	0.002

Remark : LOQ - Limit of Quantitation

APHA - American Public Health Association (APHA), the American Water Works Association (AWWA), and the Water Environment Federation (WEF), Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater,

22nd edition

Analysed By :

Ni Ni Aye Lwin Assistant Manager LAB oct 31, 2019 GEM

Approved By:

餘丰有也

Tomoya Suzuki Oct 31,2019



APPENDIX-3 LABORATORY RESULT OF ESCHERICHIA COLI (SELF-MONITORING)



FOR DISCHARGED POINT



GOLDEN DOWA ECO-SYSTEM MYANMAR CO., LTD. Lot No E1. Thilawa SEZ Zone A, Yangon Region, Myanmar. Phone No Fax No: (+95) 1 2309051



Report No.: GEM-LAB-201910167

Revision No.: 1

Report Date: 31 October, 2019 Application No.: 0001-C001

Analysis Report

Client Name

: Myanmar Koei International LTD (MKI)

Address

: No, 36/A, 1st Floor, Grand Pho Sein Condominium, Pho Sein Road, Tamwe Township, Yangon, Myanmar.

Project Name

: Environment Monitoring report for Zone A & B

Sample Description

Sample Name : MKI-SW-7-1021 Sampling Date: 21 October, 2019

Sample No. : W-1910156 Sampling By : Customer

Waste Profile No. : -

Sample Received Date: 21 October, 2019

No.	Parameter	Method	Unit	Result	LOQ
1	Escherichia Coli	APHA 9221 F Escherichia Coli Procedure Using Fluorogenic Substrate	MPN/100ml	< 1.8	1.8
		i fi sant			
	-				

Remark : LOQ - Limit of Quantitation

APHA - American Public Health Association (APHA), the American Water Works Association (AWWA), and the Water Environment Federation (WEF), Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater,

Analysed By:

Ni Ni Aye Lwin

Assistant Manager

Approved By:

Tomoya Suzuki Oct 31, 2019



FOR REFERENCE MONITORING POINTS FOR COMPARISON WITH DISCHARGED POINTS AND BASELINE OF DISCHARGED CREEK



GOLDEN DOWA ECO-SYSTEM MYANMAR CO., LTD. Lot No E1. Thilawa SEZ Zone A, Yangon Region, Myanmar. Phone No Fax No: (+95) 1 2309051



Report No.: GEM-LAB-201910169

Revision No.: 1

Report Date: 31 October, 2019

Application No.: 0001-C001

Analysis Report

Client Name

: Myanmar Koei International LTD (MKI)

Address

; No, 36/A, 1st Floor, Grand Pho Sein Condominium, Pho Sein Road, Tamwe Township, Yangon, Myanmar.

Project Name

: Environment Monitoring report for Zone A & B

Sample Description Sample Name

: MKI-GW-2-1021

Sampling Date: 21 October, 2019

: W-1910158 Sample No.

Sampling By: Customer

Waste Profile No.

Sample Received Date: 21 October, 2019

No.	Parameter	Method	Unit	Result	LOQ	
1	Escherichia Coli	APHA 9221 F Escherichia Coli Procedure Using Fluorogenic Substrate	MPN/100ml	2.0	1.8	
			1			

Remark

LOQ - Limit of Quantitation

APHA - American Public Health Association (APHA), the American Water Works Association (AWWA), and the Water Environment Federation (WEF), Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 22nd edition

Analysed By:

Ni Ni Aye Lwin Assistant Manager

Tomoya Suzuki Oct 30, 2014



APPENDIX-4 LABORATORY RESULTS (SELF-MONITORING)



FOR DISCHARGED POINT



GOLDEN DOWA ECO-SYSTEM MYANMAR CO., LTD. Lot No E1. Thilawa SEZ Zone A, Yangon Region, Myanmar. Phone No Fax No: (+95) 1 2309051



Report No.: GEM-LAB-201910186

Revision No.: 1

Report Date: 31 October, 2019 Application No.: 0001-C001

Analysis Report

Client Name

: Myanmar Koei International LTD (MKI)

Address

; No, 36/A, 1st Floor, Grand Pho Sein Condominium, Pho Sein Road, Tamwe Township, Yangon, Myanmar.

Project Name

: Environment Monitoring report for Zone A & B

Sample Description

Sample Name

: MKI-SW-7-1021

Sampling Date: 21 October, 2019

: W-1910165

Sampling By : Customer

Waste Profile No.

Sample Received Date: 21 October, 2019

No.	Parameter	meter Method		Result	LOQ
1	TDS	APHA 2540 C (Total Dissolved Solids Dried at 180'C Method)	mg/l	158	-
2	Mercury	APHA 3120 B (Inductively Coupled Plasma (ICP) Method)	mg/l	≤ 0.002	0.002
3	Iron	APHA 3120 B (Inductively Coupled Plasma (ICP) Method)	mg/l	1.020	0.002
	*				

Remark

: LOQ - Limit of Quantitation

APHA - American Public Health Association (APHA), the American Water Works Association (AWWA), and the Water Environment Federation (WEF), Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 22nd edition

Analysed By:

Ni Ni Aye Lwin Assistant Manager

Approved By:

Tomoya Suzuki Oct 31, 2019



FOR REFERENCE MONITORING POINTS FOR COMPARISON WITH DISCHARGED POINTS AND BASELINE OF DISCHARGED CREEK



GOLDEN DOWA ECO-SYSTEM MYANMAR CO., LTD.
Lot No E1. Thilawa SEZ Zone A, Yangon Region, Myanmar.
Phone No Fax No: (+95) 1 2309051



Report No.: GEM-LAB-201910183

Revision No.: 1

Report Date: 31 October, 2019 Application No.: 0001-C001

Analysis Report

Client Name

: Myanmar Koei International LTD (MKI)

Address

: No, 36/A, 1st Floor, Grand Pho Sein Condominium, Pho Sein Road, Tamwe Township, Yangon, Myanmar.

Project Name

: Environment Monitoring report for Zone A & B

Sample Description

Sample Name : MKI-SW-2-1021

Sampling Date: 21 October, 2019

Sample No. : W-1910162

Sampling By : Customer

Waste Profile No. :

Sample Received Date: 21 October, 2019

No.	Parameter	Parameter Method		Result	LOQ	
1	TDS	APHA 2540 C (Total Dissolved Solids Dried at 180'C Method)	mg/l	196	-	
2	Mercury	APHA 3120 B (Inductively Coupled Plasma (ICP) Method)	mg/I	≤ 0.002	0.002	
3	Iron	APHA 3120 B (Inductively Coupled Plasma (ICP) Method)		4.052	0.002	
	en e	20 00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0				

Remark

: LOQ - Limit of Quantitation

APHA - American Public Health Association (APHA), the American Water Works Association (AWWA), and the Water Environment Federation (WEF), Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater,

22nd edition

Analysed By:

Ni Ni Aye Lwin

Assistant Manager

LAB oct 31, 2019 GEM Approved By:

彩本有世

Tomoya Suzuki Oct 31,2019





GOLDEN DOWA ECO-SYSTEM MYANMAR CO., LTD. Lot No E1. Thilawa SEZ Zone A, Yangon Region, Myanmar. Phone No Fax No: (+95) 1 2309051



Report No. : GEM-LAB-201910184

Revision No.: 1

Report Date: 31 October, 2019 Application No.: 0001-C001

Analysis Report

Client Name

: Myanmar Koei International LTD (MKI)

Address

: No, 36/A, 1st Floor, Grand Pho Sein Condominium, Pho Sein Road, Tamwe Township, Yangon, Myanmar.

Project Name

Environment Monitoring report for Zone A & B

Sample Description

Sample Name

: MKI-SW-4-1021

Sampling Date: 21 October, 2019

Sample No.

: W-1910163

Sampling By : Customer

Waste Profile No.

Sample Received Date: 21 October, 2019

No.	Parameter	Method		Result	LOQ
1	TDS	APHA 2540 C (Total Dissolved Solids Dried at 180'C Method)	mg/l	278	-
2	Mercury	APHA 3120 B (Inductively Coupled Plasma (ICP) Method)	mg/l	≤ 0.002	0.002
3	Iron	APHA 3120 B (Inductively Coupled Plasma (ICP) Method)	mg/l	11.186	0.002
	** at 3	1			

Remark

: LOQ - Limit of Quantitation

APHA - American Public Health Association (APHA), the American Water Works Association (AWWA), and the Water Environment Federation (WEF), Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 22nd edition

Analysed By:

Ni Ni Aye Lwin

Assistant Manager

Approved By:

Tomoya Suzuki Oct 31,2019





GOLDEN DOWA ECO-SYSTEM MYANMAR CO., LTD. Lot No E1. Thilawa SEZ Zone A, Yangon Region, Myanmar. Phone No Fax No: (+95) 1 2309051



Report No.: GEM-LAB-201910187

Revision No. : 1

Report Date: 31 October, 2019 Application No.: 0001-C001

Analysis Report

Client Name

: Myanmar Koei International LTD (MKI)

Address

; No, 36/A, 1st Floor, Grand Pho Sein Condominium, Pho Sein Road, Tarnwe Township, Yangon, Myanmar.

Project Name

Environment Monitoring report for Zone A & B

Sample Description

: MKI-GW-2-1021 Sample Name

Sampling Date: 21 October, 2019

Sample No.

: W-1910166

Sampling By : Customer

Waste Profile No.

Sample Received Date : 21 October, 2019

No.	Parameter Method		Unit	Result	LOQ
1	TDS	APHA 2540 C (Total Dissolved Solids Dried at 180'C Method)	mg/l	128	
2	Mercury	APHA 3120 B (Inductively Coupled Plasma (ICP) Method)	mg/l	≤ 0.002	0.002
3	Iron	APHA 3120 B (Inductively Coupled Plasma (ICP) Method)	mg/l	4.940	0.002

Remark

LOQ - Limit of Quantitation

APHA - American Public Health Association (APHA), the American Water Works Association (AWWA), and the Water Environment Federation (WEF), Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 22nd edition

Analysed By:

Ni Ni Aye Lwin

Assistant Manager

Approved By:

Tomoya Suzuki Oct 31,2019





Thilawa Special Economic Zone (Zone B) **Development Project - Phase 3**

Appendix

Air Quality Monitoring Report September 2019



AIR QUALITY MONITORING REPORT FOR DEVELOPMENT OF INDUSTRIAL AREA THILAWA SEZ ZONE B (PHASE 3 CONSTRUCTION STAGE)

(QUARTERLY MONITORING)

September 2019 Myanmar Koei International Ltd.



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CHAPTER 1: OUTLINES AND SUMMARY OF MONITORING PLAN

1.1 General

Thilawa Special Economic Zone (TSEZ) is located in southern district of Yangon region and about 23 km southeast of Yangon city. As the developer of Thilawa SEZ, Myanmar Japan Thilawa Development Ltd. (MJTD) has a responsibility to carry out regular environmental monitoring in the industrial area of Zone B in accordance with the approved Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) report with Environmental Management Plan (EMP). MJTD has implemented monitoring various environmental items with the specified time frame to know the environmental conditions in and around the area.

1.2 Outlines of Monitoring Plan

To assess the environmental condition under the construction of industrial area in and around Thilawa SEZ Zone B, air quality had been monitored from 16 September 2019 – 23 September 2019 as follows;

Table 1.2-1 Outlines of Air Quality Monitoring Plan

Monitoring Date	Monitoring Item	Parameters	Number of Point	Duration	Monitoring Methodology
From 16 Sep – 23 Sep, 2019	Air Quality	CO, NO ₂ , PM _{2.5} , PM ₁₀ and SO ₂	1	7 Days	On site measurement by Haz-Scanner Environmental Perimeter Air Station (EPAS)

Source: Myanmar Koei International Ltd.



CHAPTER 2: AIR QUALITY MONITORING

2.1 Monitoring Item

The parameters for air quality monitoring were CO, NO₂, PM_{2.5}, PM₁₀ and SO₂.

2.2 Monitoring Location

The air quality measurement equipment, "Haz-Scanner Environmental Perimeter Air Station (EPAS) was set up at the south of the Thilawa SEZ Zone B, N: 16°39'24.20", E: 96°17'15.80", inside the monastery compound of Phalan village, surrounded by the residential houses of Phalan village in the south and fields in west, Thilawa SEZ Zone A in north, local Thilawa Industrial Zone in northeast and construction of Thilawa SEZ Zone B in east, north, north-northwest, northwest and northeast respectively. The air quality monitoring is carried out above location where is near to the residential houses of Phalan village. Possible emission sources are dust emissions from construction activities and exhaust gas emissions from construction fuel-burning equipment and daily human activities in Phalan village. The location of air quality monitoring is shown in the Figure 2.2-1.



Source: Google Earth Pro

Figure 2.2-1 Location of Air Quality Monitoring Point

2.3 Monitoring Period

Air quality monitoring was conducted seven consecutive days from 16 September, 2019 - 23 September, 2019.



2.4 Monitoring Method

Monitoring of CO, NO₂, PM_{2.5}, PM₁₀ and SO₂ were conducted by referring to the recommendation of the United States Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA). The Haz-Scanner EPAS was used to collect ambient air pollutants. The EPAS measures automatically every one minute and directly reads and records onsite for CO, NO₂, PM_{2.5}, PM₁₀ and SO₂. The state of air quality monitoring is shown in Figure 2.4-1.



Source: Myanmar Koei International Ltd.

Figure 2.4-1 Status of Air Quality Monitoring Point

2.5 Monitoring Results

The daily average value of air quality monitoring results of CO, NO₂, PM_{2.5}, PM₁₀ and SO₂ are described in Table 2.5-1. Comparing with the target value of CO, NO₂, PM_{2.5}, PM₁₀ and SO₂ prescribed in EIA report for Thilawa SEZ development project Zone B, seven days average concentration of CO, NO₂, PM_{2.5} and PM₁₀ were lower than the target value and seven days average concentration of SO₂ was slightly higher than the target value. Moreover, daily average concentration of SO₂ measured results for five days exceeded the target value.



Table 2.5-1 Air Quality Monitoring Result (Daily Average) During Construction and Non-Construction Period

叶	СО	NO ₂	PM _{2.5}	PM ₁₀	SO ₂
Date	mg/m³	mg/m ³	mg/m³	mg/m³	mg/m ³
16~17 September, 2019	0.088	0.028	0.013	0.013	0.022
17~18 September, 2019	0.094	0.026	0.007	0.009	0.022
18~19 September, 2019	0.107	0.027	0.007	0.007	0.022
19~20 September, 2019	0.088	0.041	0.013	0.016	0.022
20~21 September, 2019	0.110	0.033	0.012	0.016	0.026
21~22 September, 2019	0.084	0.023	0.005	0.007	0.019
22~23 September, 2019	0.120	0.026	0.013	0.012	0.020
7 Days Average Value	0.099	0.029	0.010	0.012	0.022
Target Value	10.26	0.1	0.025	0.05	0.02

Note: Red color mentions the exceeded value for SO₂.

The target value of CO, NO₂ and SO₂ were converted from ppm units to mg/m³. The conversion equation are as follows;

- $(CO, mg/m^3) = (CO, ppm) * (Molecular Weight of CO (28)) / 24.45 at 25°C and 1 atm condition$
- 2
- $(NO_2, mg/m^3) = (NO_2, ppm) * (Molecular Weight of NO_2 (46)) / 24.45 at 25°C and 1 atm condition (SO_2, mg/m^3) = (SO_2, ppm) * (Molecular Weight of SO_2 (64)) / 24.45 at 25°C and 1 atm condition$

Source: Myanmar Koei International Ltd.

Construction activities of Thilawa SEZ Zone B are described in Table 2.5-2. SO2 results during construction period are described in Table 2.5-3. During construction period, (Day 1 to Day 5 and Day 7) daily average results for SO2 were slightly higher than the target value and seven days average value of SO₂ exceeded the target value.

Table 2.5-2 Construction Activities of Thilawa SEZ Zone B

Date	Time	Location	Construction Activities
16 September 2019	8:30- 17:00	Phase1 Phase-2 (BL1 & 2)	Wild grass removing and yellow flower planting, Fence painting and repairing
17 September 2019	8:00 -17:00	Phase1 canals Phase-2 (BL1 & 2)	Wild grass removing and yellow flower planting, Fence painting and repairing
18 September 2019	8:00 -17:00	Dagon Thilawa road Phase1 canals Phase-2 (BL1 & 2)	Manual excavation at MH-6, Wild grass removing and yellow flower planting, Fence painting and repairing
19 September 2019	8:00 -17:00	Dagon Thilawa road Phase1 canals Phase-2 (BL1 & 2) Phase-3	Manual excavation for pipe level, Wild grass removing and yellow flower planting, Fence painting and repairing, Precast Manhole Delivery and unloading
20 September 2019	8:00 -17:00	Dagon Thilawa road Phase1 canals Phase-2 (BL1 & 2) Phase-3	Wild grass removing and yellow flower planting, Fence painting and repairing, Drainage manhole delivery and unloading
21 September 2019	8:00-17:00	Dagon Thilawa road Phase1 canals Phase-2 (BL1 & 2)	Ladder Painting at MH 1,2 & 3, Wild grass removing and yellow flower planting, Fence painting and repairing
22 September 2019	9:00-17:00	Phase1 canals Phase-2 (BL1 & 2)	Wild grass removing and yellow flower planting, Fence painting and repairing
23 September 2019	8:30-17:00	Dagon Thilawa road Phase1 canals Phase-2 (BL1 & 2)	Manual excavation for water proofing at MH-6, Wild grass removing and yellow flower planting, Fence painting and repairing

Source: Myanmar Japan Thilawa Development Ltd.



Table 2.5-3 SO₂ Results (During Construction Period)

	Construction	SO ₂
Day	Time for each day	mg/m ³
Day 1	(8:00- 17:00)	0.028
Day 2	(8:00 -17:00)	0.022
Day 3	(8:00 -17:00)	0.029
Day 4	(8:00 -17:00)	0.030
Day 5	(8:00 -17:00)	0.031
Day 6	(9:00-17:00)	0.020
Day 7	(8:30- 17:00)	0.029
7 days Average value		0.027
Target Value	-	0.020

Note: Red color mentions the exceeded value than target value

Source: Myanmar Koei International Ltd.

Wind direction and wind speed were measured at AQ-1. Hourly average values of measured wind direction and wind speed data are described in Appendix-1. Status of air quality monitoring point and wind direction are described in Figure 2.5-1. Depending on the wind direction, West-Northwest (WNW), Northwest (NW), North-Northwest (NNE), Northeast (NE), East-Northeast (ENE) and East (E) directions are assumed to come from the construction site of Zone B.



Source: Google Earth Pro

Figure 2.5-1 Status of Air Quality Monitoring Point and Wind Direction



Overall summary of total exceeded hours for Day 1 to Day 7 during construction and non-construction time for SO₂ are shown in Table 2.5-4. The summary of wind direction at AQ-1 is shown in Table 2.5-5.

Based on the summary table of total exceeded hours for SO_2 , the total exceeded hours for seven days during construction and non-construction were 64 hours but exceeded hours for construction time was 36 hours. After detailed analyzed the SO_2 exceeded time according to the wind direction during construction period, 20 hours exceeded are come from other sides of Zone B and 16 hours exceeded are come from construction site of Zone B.

According to the summary of wind direction at AQ-1, 56.15% come from outside of Zone B and 43.85% come from inside of Zone B.

Possible emission sources for SO₂ are affected from the combustion of fuel for vehicles from nearby roads, operation activities of Myanmar International Terminals Thilawa Port, operation activities of local industrial zone and construction activities of Zone B.

Table 2.5-4 Summary of Total Exceeded Hours for Day 1 to Day 7 During construction and non-Construction Period for SO₂

	SO ₂													
·	Construction Time for each day	Total Exceeded hours	Construction Period exceeded hours	Non- construction period exceeded hours	Non- construction period (wind from Zone B)	Non- construction period (wind from other sides)	Construction period (wind from Zone B)	Construction period (wind from other sides)						
Day-1	(8:00- 17:00)	10	6	4	3	1	2	4						
Day-2	(8:00 -17:00)	9	3	6	3	3	2	1						
Day-3	(8:00 -17:00)	6	4	2	1	1	4	0						
Day-4	(8:00 -17:00)	11	6	5	1	4	2	4						
Day-5	(8:00 -17:00)	11	4	7	5	2	3	1						
Day-6	(9:00-17:00)	7	5	2	1	1	0	5						
Day-7	(8:30- 17:00)	10	8	2	2	0	3	5						
Total		64	36	28	16	12	16	20						

Source: Myanmar Koei International Ltd.



Table 2.5-5 Summary of Wind Direction at AQ-1

Wind		Summary			side/Outside		
Direction	All Day	Day Time	Night Time		Zone B		
N	1.98%	1.19%	2.78%				
NNE	4.46%	2.98%	5.95%				
NE	13.19%	6.55%	19.84%	42.46%	Inside Zone B		
ENE	12.20%	6.15%	18.25%				
Е	10.62%	7.54%	13.69%				
ESE	11.51%	11.11%	11.90%				
SE	13.39%	22.62%	4.17%				
SSE	7.64%	12.90%	2.38%				
S	8.04%	13.89%	2.18%	5(150/	Outside Zone B		
SSW	3.97%	6.15%	1.79%	56.15%	Outside Zone B		
SW	4.07%	4.56%	3.57%				
WSW	6.05%	4.17%	7.94%				
W	1.49%	0.20%	2.78%				
WNW	0.30%	0.00%	0.60%				
NW	1.09%	0.00%	2.18%	1.39%	Inside Zone B		
NNW	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%				

Source: Myanmar Koei International Ltd.



CHAPTER 3: CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATION

The result of seven days average air quality of CO, NO₂, PM_{2.5} and PM₁₀ during seven days monitoring did not exceed the target value, thus there are no impacts on the surrounding environments. The result of seven days average air quality of SO₂ was slightly higher than the target value. In addition, daily average concentration of SO₂ measured results for five days exceeded the target value. During construction period, (Day 1 to Day 5 and Day 7) daily average results for SO₂ were also higher than the target values.

During the seven days (168 hours) monitoring period, 64 hours results were exceeded for SO₂. According to wind direction of Zone B during the construction period, total 36 exceeded hours are during construction period and 20 exceeded hours are come from outside of Zone B and 16 exceeded hours are come from construction site Zone B. Possible emission sources for SO₂ are affected from the combustion of fuel for vehicles from nearby roads, operation activities of Myanmar International Terminals Thilawa Port, operation activities of local industrial zone and construction activities of Zone B. In the public health statement SO₂ reported by ATSDR (Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry) in US, 100 ppm (261.8 mg/m³) SO₂ is considered immediately dangerous to life and health (short term). Lung function changes observed when 0.4 to 3 ppm (1.05mg/m³ to 7.85 mg/m³) exposure for 20 years or more (long term). Therefore, although the target value of SO₂ was slightly exceeded during monitoring period but it is considered that there is no significant impact on human health.

As for future subject for air quality monitoring in Zone B, the following action may be taken to achieve the target level:

- 1) To spray the water during construction period.
- 2) To control the speed limit of all machinery & vehicle (25km/hr) on site to avoid excessive dust creation and to minimize air pollution by the exhaust fumes.
- 3) To conduct the proper operation (stop idling while no operation).
- 4) To implement the regular maintenance of machine used for construction activities.
- 5) To give awareness training to workers on machinery.
- 6) To check and maintain the generator regularly.

The continuous monitoring will be necessary to grasp the environmental conditions in construction stage of Thilawa SEZ Zone B. The mitigation measures for environmental management will be considered in collected periodical environmental data and has to be reviewed in future.



APPENDIX-1 HOURLY AIR RESULTS





		СО	NO ₂	PM _{2.5}	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	Wind Speed	Wind	Direction
Date	Time	mg/m³	mg/m³	mg/m³	mg/m³	mg/m ³	kph	Deg.	Direction
		Hourly	Hourly	Hourly	Hourly	Hourly	Hourly	Hourly	Hourly
16 Sep, 2019	14:00 ~ 14:59	0.085	0.004	0.034	0.019	0.022	1.30	136.00	SE
16 Sep, 2019	15:00 ~ 15:59	0.095	0.004	0.025	0.012	0.049	0.90	167.50	SSE
16 Sep, 2019	16:00 ~ 16:59	0.075	0.004	0.034	0.019	0.015	0.75	169.83	S
16 Sep, 2019	17:00 ~ 17:59	0.164	0.049	0.025	0.012	0.014	0.55	166.33	SSE
16 Sep, 2019	18:00 ~ 18:59	0.166	0.087	0.001	0.002	0.014	0.68	168.17	SSE
16 Sep, 2019	19:00 ~ 19:59	0.163	0.073	0.005	0.008	0.014	0.47	184.67	S
16 Sep, 2019	20:00 ~ 20:59	0.090	0.040	0.012	0.016	0.015	0.50	178.83	S
16 Sep, 2019	21:00 ~ 21:59	0.108	0.031	0.001	0.002	0.015	0.33	160.50	SSE
16 Sep, 2019	22:00 ~ 22:59	0.099	0.029	0.005	0.008	0.014	0.52	116.50	ESE
16 Sep, 2019	23:00 ~ 23:59	0.108	0.025	0.012	0.016	0.035	0.26	116.40	ESE
17 Sep, 2019	0:00 ~ 0:59	0.078	0.025	0.004	0.005	0.014	0.07	165.00	SSE
17 Sep, 2019	1:00 ~ 1:59	0.069	0.028	0.017	0.017	0.013	0.13	146.33	SSE
17 Sep, 2019	2:00 ~ 2:59	0.067	0.018	0.012	0.018	0.020	0.15	71.83	ENE
17 Sep, 2019	3:00 ~ 3:59	0.063	0.017	0.012	0.016	0.020	0.25	40.33	NE
17 Sep, 2019	4:00 ~ 4:59	0.049	0.008	0.017	0.020	0.016	0.60	38.67	NE
17 Sep, 2019	5:00 ~ 5:59	0.074	0.060	0.011	0.019	0.013	0.90	74.83	ENE
17 Sep, 2019	6:00 ~ 6:59	0.144	0.084	0.010	0.012	0.017	0.43	66.83	ENE
17 Sep, 2019	7:00 ~ 7:59	0.117	0.049	0.004	0.006	0.042	0.33	69.17	ENE
17 Sep, 2019	8:00 ~ 8:59	0.091	0.028	0.017	0.017	0.051	0.82	96.00	Е
17 Sep, 2019	9:00 ~ 9:59	0.003	0.004	0.010	0.015	0.026	1.10	97.00	E
17 Sep, 2019	10:00 ~ 10:59	0.013	0.004	0.011	0.016	0.013	1.10	102.67	ESE
17 Sep, 2019	11:00 ~ 11:59	0.040	0.004	0.017	0.019	0.050	1.25	126.17	SE
17 Sep, 2019	12:00 ~ 12:59	0.064	0.004	0.011	0.019	0.005	1.28	129.50	SE
17 Sep, 2019	13:00 ~ 13:59	0.082	0.004	0.010	0.012	0.020	1.08	143.83	SE

Max	0.166	0.087	0.034	0.020	0.051
Avg	0.088	0.028	0.013	0.013	0.022
Min	0.003	0.004	0.001	0.002	0.005

		СО	NO ₂	PM _{2.5}	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	Wind Speed	Wind	Direction
Date	Time	mg/m³	mg/m³	mg/m ³	mg/m ³	mg/m³	kph	Deg.	Direction
		Hourly	Hourly	Hourly	Hourly	Hourly	Hourly	Hourly	Hourly
17 Sep, 2019	14:00 ~ 14:59	0.039	0.004	0.006	0.008	0.014	1.24	134.80	SE
17 Sep, 2019	15:00 ~ 15:59	0.110	0.004	0.006	0.008	0.037	0.90	160.60	SSE
17 Sep, 2019	16:00 ~ 16:59	0.117	0.004	0.005	0.003	0.018	0.82	172.00	S
17 Sep, 2019	17:00 ~ 17:59	0.187	0.058	0.014	0.016	0.013	0.50	162.50	SSE
17 Sep, 2019	18:00 ~ 18:59	0.189	0.090	0.001	0.001	0.015	0.23	182.33	S
17 Sep, 2019	19:00 ~ 19:59	0.112	0.077	0.000	0.000	0.013	0.18	211.67	SSW
17 Sep, 2019	20:00 ~ 20:59	0.073	0.045	0.000	0.000	0.013	0.13	214.17	SW
17 Sep, 2019	21:00 ~ 21:59	0.116	0.044	0.001	0.001	0.016	0.18	216.33	SW
17 Sep, 2019	22:00 ~ 22:59	0.108	0.038	0.000	0.000	0.021	0.02	168.67	SSE
17 Sep, 2019	23:00 ~ 23:59	0.141	0.032	0.003	0.004	0.018	0.02	63.67	ENE
18 Sep, 2019	0:00 ~ 0:59	0.074	0.030	0.015	0.019	0.015	0.00	129.50	SE
18 Sep, 2019	1:00 ~~ 1:59	0.033	0.028	0.014	0.018	0.014	0.02	118.50	ESE
18 Sep, 2019	2:00 ~ 2:59	0.047	0.018	0.002	0.002	0.014	0.02	168.50	SSE
18 Sep, 2019	3:00 ~ 3:59	0.095	0.030	0.001	0.001	0.026	0.02	92.00	Е
18 Sep, 2019	4:00 ~ 4:59	0.054	0.012	0.001	0.002	0.021	0.03	192.50	SSW
18 Sep, 2019	5:00 ~ 5:59	0.192	0.024	0.027	0.015	0.057	0.03	105.50	ESE
18 Sep, 2019	6:00 ~ 6:59	0.126	0.033	0.019	0.012	0.034	0.02	62.80	ENE
18 Sep, 2019	7:00 ~ 7:59	0.093	0.011	0.024	0.032	0.035	0.08	81.17	Е
18 Sep, 2019	8:00 ~ 8:59	0.092	0.004	0.003	0.005	0.055	0.42	47.67	NE
18 Sep, 2019	9:00 ~ 9:59	0.009	0.004	0.003	0.005	0.018	0.63	77.00	ENE
18 Sep, 2019	10:00 ~ 10:59	0.029	0.004	0.009	0.017	0.005	0.70	46.33	NE
18 Sep, 2019	11:00 ~ 11:59	0.059	0.004	0.008	0.016	0.020	0.77	61.33	ENE
18 Sep, 2019	12:00 ~ 12:59	0.073	0.004	0.007	0.017	0.013	0.75	99.00	Е
18 Sep, 2019	13:00 ~ 13:59	0.082	0.014	0.007	0.017	0.015	0.73	114.67	ESE

Max	0.192	0.090	0.027	0.032	0.057
Avg	0.094	0.026	0.007	0.009	0.022
Min	0.009	0.004	0.000	0.000	0.005





		- Take	СО	NO ₂	PM _{2.5}	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	Wind Speed	Wind	Direction
Date	Time		mg/m³	mg/m³	mg/m ³	mg/m³	mg/m³	kph	Deg.	Direction
	the second second	# = V6/3		Hourly	Hourly	Hourly	Hourly	Hourly	Hourly	Hourly
18 Sep, 2019	14:00 ~	14:59	Hourly 0.123	0.004	0.003	0.007	0.012	0.60	146.33	SSE
18 Sep, 2019	15:00 ~	15:59	0.140	0.004	0.004	0.005	0.015	0.72	183.33	S
18 Sep, 2019	16:00 ~	16:59	0.127	0.012	0.023	0.012	0.007	0.60	203.17	SSW
18 Sep, 2019	17:00 ~	17:59	0.157	0.066	0.004	0.006	0.014	0.27	178.00	S
18 Sep, 2019	18:00 ~	18:59	0.137	0.074	0.003	0.007	0.016	0.30	188.33	S
18 Sep, 2019	19:00 ~	19:59	0.155	0.078	0.004	0.005	0.015	0.35	232.67	SW
18 Sep, 2019	20:00 ~	20:59	0.119	0.061	0.022	0.012	0.014	0.42	236.67	WSW
18 Sep, 2019	21:00 ~	21:59	0.111	0.041	0.005	0.005	0.016	0.95	248.83	WSW
18 Sep, 2019	22:00 ~	22:59	0.112	0.042	0.003	0.007	0.017	0.40	228.83	SW
18 Sep, 2019	23:00 ~	23:59	0.082	0.031	0.004	0.005	0.013	0.42	233.83	SW
19 Sep, 2019	0:00 ~	0:59	0.080	0.040	0.023	0.012	0.013	0.85	245.50	WSW
19 Sep, 2019	1:00 ~	1:59	0.076	0.042	0.004	0.006	0.013	0.68	243.17	WSW
19 Sep, 2019	2:00 ~	2:59	0.073	0.034	0.003	0.007	0.014	0.87	243.83	WSW
19 Sep, 2019	3:00 ~	3:59	0.082	0.032	0.004	0.005	0.018	0.87	257.83	WSW
19 Sep, 2019	4:00 ~	4:59	0.075	0.020	0.022	0.012	0.017	0.27	197.50	SSW
19 Sep, 2019	5:00 ~	5:59	0.122	0.020	0.013	0.019	0.026	0.17	156.67	SSE
19 Sep, 2019	6:00 ~	6:59	0.117	0.004	0.007	0.007	0.015	0.37	30.83	NNE
19 Sep, 2019	7:00 ~	7:59	0.155	0.010	0.000	0.001	0.020	0.33	37.67	NE
19 Sep. 2019	8:00 ~	8:59	0.084	0.004	0.000	0.000	0.031	0.55	41.33	NE
19 Sep, 2019	9:00 ~	9:59	0.107	0.004	0.000	0.000	0.058	0.57	38.17	NE
19 Sep, 2019	10:00 ~	10:59	0.098	0.004	0.000	0.000	0.036	0.63	27.50	NNE
19 Sep, 2019	11:00 ~	11:59	0.066	0.004	0.012	0.018	0.018	0.77	57.17	ENE
19 Sep, 2019	12:00 ~	12:59	0.070	0.004	0.007	0.007	0.020	0.68	53.17	NE
19 Sep, 2019	13:00 ~	13:59	0.091	0.004	0.000	0.001	0.081	0.82	58.20	ENE

Max	0.157	0.078	0.023	0.019	0.081
Avg	0.107	0.027	0.007	0.007	0.022
Min	0.066	0.004	0.000	0.000	0.007

			СО	NO ₂	PM _{2.5}	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	Wind Speed	Wind I	Direction
Date	Time		mg/m³	mg/m³	mg/m³	mg/m³	mg/m ³	kph	Deg.	Direction
			Hourly	Hourly	Hourly	Hourly	Hourly	Hourly	Hourly	Hourly
19 Sep, 2019	14:00 ~	14:59	0.102	0.004	0.016	0.001	0.056	0.68	63.20	ENE
19 Sep, 2019	15:00 ~	15:59	0.136	0.005	0.016	0.001	0.031	0.62	93.17	Е
19 Sep, 2019	16:00 ~	16:59	0.179	0.062	0.020	0.026	0.014	0.58	144.00	SE
19 Sep, 2019	17:00 ~	17:59	0.043	0.084	0.025	0.016	0.023	0.25	167.17	SSE
19 Sep, 2019	18:00 ~	18:59	0.000	0.090	0.024	0.016	0.023	0.02	196.00	SSW
19 Sep, 2019	19:00 ~	19:59	0.000	0.074	0.010	0.012	0.033	0.07	151.67	SSE
19 Sep, 2019	20:00 ~	20:59	0.150	0.050	0.002	0.002	0.019	0.07	142.00	SE
19 Sep, 2019	21:00 ~	21:59	0.166	0.047	0.023	0.024	0.022	0.05	138.50	SE
19 Sep, 2019	22:00 ~	22:59	0.036	0.044	0.013	0.011	0.013	0.07	179.33	S
19 Sep, 2019	23:00 ~	23:59	0.037	0.032	0.017	0.015	0.013	0.10	162.50	SSE
20 Sep, 2019	0:00 ~	0:59	0.086	0.030	0.016	0.015	0.014	0.02	207.83	SSW
20 Sep, 2019	1:00 ~	1:59	0.089	0.033	0.015	0.024	0.016	0.07	219.50	SW
20 Sep, 2019	2:00 ~	2:59	0.093	0.051	0.010	0.020	0.013	1.00	97.33	Е
20 Sep, 2019	3:00 ~	3:59	0.120	0.110	0.014	0.029	0.013	0.80	131.50	SE
20 Sep, 2019	4:00 ~	4:59	0.091	0.065	0.005	0.009	0.013	1.10	126.83	SE
20 Sep, 2019	5:00 ~	5:59	0.105	0.052	0.005	0.023	0.013	0.57	166.83	SSE
20 Sep, 2019	6:00 ~	6:59	0.121	0.052	0.010	0.038	0.017	0.22	168.83	S
20 Sep, 2019	7:00 ~	7:59	0.219	0.072	0.018	0.019	0.028	0.20	96.33	Е
20 Sep, 2019	8:00 ~	8:59	0.123	0.013	0.009	0.002	0.026	0.42	172.00	S
20 Sep, 2019	9:00 ~	9:59	0.050	0.004	0.008	0.008	0.011	0.57	102.50	ESE
20 Sep, 2019	10:00 ~	10:59	0.022	0.000	0.005	0.023	0.042	0.63	125.00	SE
20 Sep, 2019	11:00 ~	11:59	0.044	0.004	0.010	0.038	0.047	0.75	147.83	SSE
20 Sep, 2019	12:00 ~	12:59	0.045	0.005	0.018	0.019	0.023	0.77	189.00	S
20 Sep, 2019	13:00 ~	13:59	0.062	0.004	0.009	0.002	0.016	0.93	196.00	SSW

Max	0.219	0.110	0.025	0.038	0.056
Avg	0.088	0.041	0.013	0.016	0.022
Min	0.000	0.000	0.002	0.001	0.011



			СО	NO ₂	PM _{2.5}	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	Wind Speed	Wind I	Direction
Date	Time		mg/m³	mg/m³	mg/m³	mg/m³	mg/m ³	kph	Deg.	Direction
			Hourly	Hourly	Hourly	Hourly	Hourly	Hourly	Hourly	Hourly
20 Sep, 2019	14:00 ~	14:59	0.075	0.004	0.005	0.002	0.014	0.87	209.17	SSW
20 Sep, 2019	15:00 ~	15:59	0.111	0.021	0.010	0.001	0.011	0.52	193.50	SSW
20 Sep, 2019	16:00 ~	16:59	0.121	0.037	0.010	0.001	0.015	0.20	179.33	S
20 Sep, 2019	17:00 ~	17:59	0.010	0.063	0.027	0.027	0.037	0.08	163.17	SSE
20 Sep, 2019	18:00 ~	18:59	0.162	0.075	0.016	0.018	0.025	0.50	85.83	Е
20 Sep, 2019	19:00 ~	19:59	0.193	0.073	0.002	0.003	0.014	0.17	23.00	NNE
20 Sep, 2019	20:00 ~	20:59	0.171	0.064	0.024	0.033	0.019	0.05	67.83	ENE
20 Sep, 2019	21:00 ~	21:59	0.175	0.044	0.027	0.032	0.024	0.05	129.83	SE
20 Sep, 2019	22:00 ~	22:59	0.215	0.031	0.016	0.016	0.037	0.00	100.83	Е
20 Sep, 2019	23:00 ~	23:59	0.182	0.034	0.019	0.019	0.015	0.03	47.83	NE
21 Sep, 2019	0:00 ~	0:59	0.029	0.009	0.024	0.033	0.013	0.58	105.17	ESE
21 Sep, 2019	1:00 ~	1:59	0.038	0.013	0.027	0.032	0.014	0.12	208.00	SSW
21 Sep, 2019	2:00 ~	2:59	0.098	0.037	0.016	0.017	0.016	0.05	207.83	SSW
21 Sep, 2019	3:00 ~	3:59	0.094	0.029	0.019	0.019	0.022	0.12	61.00	ENE
21 Sep, 2019	4:00 ~	4:59	0.090	0.017	0.001	0.001	0.022	0.23	34.50	NE
21 Sep, 2019	5:00 ~	5:59	0.068	0.029	0.001	0.001	0.013	0.52	53.50	NE
21 Sep, 2019	6:00 ~	6:59	0.100	0.052	0.004	0.020	0.014	0.28	57.50	ENE
21 Sep, 2019	7:00 ~	7:59	0.144	0.029	0.004	0.020	0.057	0.37	47.50	NE
21 Sep, 2019	8:00 ~	8:59	0.029	0.004	0.004	0.026	0.037	0.65	74.83	ENE
21 Sep, 2019	9:00 ~	9:59	0.068	0.004	0.006	0.008	0.085	0.85	95.17	Е
21 Sep, 2019	10:00 ~	10:59	0.102	0.033	0.003	0.011	0.013	0.57	43.17	NE
21 Sep, 2019	11:00 ~	11:59	0.156	0.061	0.004	0.027	0.015	0.30	51.83	NE
21 Sep, 2019	12:00 ~	12:59	0.114	0.017	0.006	0.008	0.044	0.23	82.67	Е
21 Sep, 2019	13:00 ~	13:59	0.107	0.017	0.003	0.011	0.045	0.48	146.50	SSE

Max	0.215	0.075	0.027	0.033	0.085
Avg	0.110	0.033	0.012	0.016	0.026
Min	0.010	0.004	0.001	0.001	0.011

		СО	NO ₂	PM _{2.5}	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	Wind Speed	Wind	Direction
Date	Time	mg/m³	mg/m³	mg/m³	mg/m³	mg/m³	kph	Deg.	Direction
		Hourly	Hourly	Hourly	Hourly	Hourly	Hourly	Hourly	Hourly
21 Sep, 2019	14:00 ~ 14:59	0.010	0.004	0.007	0.012	0.005	1.05	133.33	SE
21 Sep, 2019	15:00 ~ 15:59	0.043	0.004	0.007	0.012	0.021	1.05	150.33	SSE
21 Sep, 2019	16:00 ~ 16:59	0.090	0.004	0.011	0.009	0.025	1.30	141.83	SE
21 Sep, 2019	17:00 ~ 17:59	0.142	0.043	0.005	0.005	0.013	1.22	128.00	SE
21 Sep, 2019	18:00 ~ 18:59	0.219	0.079	0.007	0.012	0.013	0.88	116.67	ESE
21 Sep, 2019	19:00 ~ 19:59	0.134	0.080	0.011	0.009	0.014	0.52	112.50	ESE
21 Sep, 2019	20:00 ~ 20:59	0.102	0.063	0.005	0.006	0.013	0.40	111.50	ESE
21 Sep, 2019	21:00 ~ 21:59	0.077	0.042	0.002	0.002	0.019	0.47	92.83	Е
21 Sep, 2019	22:00 ~ 22:59	0.077	0.035	0.012	0.009	0.013	0.38	79.83	Е
21 Sep, 2019	23:00 ~ 23:59	0.056	0.029	0.005	0.005	0.013	0.45	80.17	Е
22 Sep, 2019	0:00 ~ 0:59	0.038	0.019	0.002	0.002	0.013	0.48	98.33	Е
22 Sep, 2019	1:00 ~ 1:59	0.042	0.020	0.001	0.001	0.013	0.58	83.33	Е
22 Sep, 2019	2:00 ~ 2:59	0.049	0.019	0.002	0.002	0.014	0.60	113.50	ESE
22 Sep, 2019	3:00 ~ 3:59	0.046	0.017	0.012	0.009	0.016	0.53	105.17	ESE
22 Sep, 2019	4:00 ~ 4:59	0.052	0.015	0.005	0.006	0.015	0.52	102.67	ESE
22 Sep, 2019	5:00 ~ 5:59	0.066	0.023	0.002	0.002	0.015	0.40	75.50	ENE
22 Sep, 2019	6:00 ~ 6:59	0.068	0.027	0.001	0.001	0.015	0.78	65.00	ENE
22 Sep, 2019	7:00 ~ 7:59	0.151	0.014	0.001	0.004	0.028	0.48	82.33	Е
22 Sep, 2019	8:00 ~ 8:59	0.100	0.004	0.010	0.027	0.063	0.32	133.83	SE
22 Sep, 2019	9:00 ~ 9:59	0.063	0.007	0.001	0.001	0.027	0.75	145.50	SE
22 Sep, 2019	10:00 ~ 10:59	0.055	0.004	0.001	0.004	0.016	1.70	106.67	ESE
22 Sep, 2019	11:00 ~ 11:59	0.127	0.004	0.010	0.026	0.031	1.58	112.67	ESE
22 Sep, 2019	12:00 ~ 12:59	0.114	0.004	0.001	0.001	0.013	2.00	119.17	ESE
22 Sep, 2019	13:00 ~ 13:59	0.086	0.004	0.001	0.001	0.025	1.90	137.17	SE

Max	0.219	0.080	0.012	0.027	0.063
Avg	0.084	0.023	0.005	0.007	0.019
Min	0.010	0.004	0.001	0.001	0.005



		СО	NO ₂	PM _{2.5}	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	Wind Speed	Wind Direction	
Date	Time	mg/m ³	mg/m³	mg/m ³	mg/m ³	mg/m³	kph	Deg.	Direction
		Hourly	Hourly	Hourly	Hourly	Hourly	Hourly	Hourly	Hourly
22 Sep, 2019	14:00 ~ 14:	59 0.091	0.004	0.031	0.031	0.023	1.77	143.67	SE
22 Sep, 2019	15:00 ~ 15:	59 0.161	0.004	0.013	0.001	0.043	1.73	133.33	SE
22 Sep, 2019	16:00 ~ 16:		0.004	0.031	0.031	0.035	1.73	134.67	SE
22 Sep, 2019	17:00 ~ 17:	59 0.157	0.047	0.013	0.001	0.013	1.18	145.83	SE
22 Sep, 2019	18:00 ~ 18:	59 0.153	0.077	0.016	0.018	0.013	0.77	164.67	SSE
22 Sep, 2019	19:00 ~ 19:		0.071	0.039	0.042	0.014	0.62	142.50	SE
22 Sep, 2019	20:00 ~ 20:	59 0.211	0.026	0.017	0.018	0.013	0.52	121.33	ESE
22 Sep, 2019	21:00 ~ 21:	59 0.194	0.033	0.040	0.042	0.013	0.30	83.33	Е
22 Sep, 2019	22:00 ~ 22:	59 0.034	0.040	0.014	0.014	0.013	0.25	100.67	Е
22 Sep, 2019	23:00 ~ 23:	59 0.109	0.035	0.002	0.003	0.013	0.03	95.00	Е
23 Sep, 2019	0:00 ~ 0::	9 0.143	0.038	0.008	0.012	0.014	0.13	48.83	NE
23 Sep, 2019	1:00 ~ 1::	9 0.100	0.031	0.003	0.006	0.013	0.47	73.83	ENE
23 Sep, 2019	2:00 ~ 2::	9 0.082	0.030	0.008	0.012	0.014	0.22	52.67	NE
23 Sep, 2019	3:00 ~ 3::	9 0.074	0.022	0.004	0.006	0.015	0.52	59.17	ENE
23 Sep, 2019	4:00 ~ 4::	9 0.078	0.025	0.000	0.001	0.013	0.55	77.33	ENE
23 Sep, 2019	5:00 ~ 5::	9 0.097	0.025	0.000	0.001	0.015	0.37	68.83	ENE
23 Sep, 2019	6:00 ~ 6::	9 0.132	0.023	0.001	0.001	0.026	0.23	38.00	NE
23 Sep, 2019	7:00 ~ 7::	0.155	0.008	0.021	0.025	0.029	0.35	38.17	NE
23 Sep, 2019	8:00 ~ 8::	0.108	0.004	0.001	0.001	0.038	0.48	53.00	NE
23 Sep, 2019	9:00 ~ 9::	9 0.112	0.051	0.010	0.003	0.009	0.92	249.00	WSW
23 Sep, 2019	10:00 ~ 10:	59 0.111	0.021	0.001	0.001	0.039	0.40	147.33	SSE
23 Sep, 2019	11:00 ~ 11:	59 0.060	0.004	0.021	0.025	0.028	0.77	76.67	ENE
23 Sep, 2019	12:00 ~ 12:	59 0.085	0.004	0.001	0.001	0.025	0.95	95.00	Е
23 Sep, 2019	13:00 ~ 13:	59 0.152	0.004	0.010	0.003	0.021	0.88	119.83	ESE

Max	0.211	0.077	0.040	0.042	0.043
Avg	0.120	0.026	0.013	0.012	0.020
Min	0.034	0.004	0.000	0.001	0.009

APPENDIX-2 CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION









Thilawa Special Economic Zone (Zone B) **Development Project -Phase 3**

Appendix

Noise and Vibration Monitoring Report September 2019



NOISE AND VIBRATION MONITORING REPORT FOR DEVELOPMENT OF INDUSTRIAL AREA THILAWA SEZ ZONE B (PHASE 3 CONSTRUCTION STAGE)

(QUARTERLY MONITORING)

September 2019 Myanmar Koei International Ltd.



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CHAPTER 1: OUTLINES AND SUMMARY OF MONITORING PLAN

1.1 General

Thilawa Special Economic Zone (TSEZ) is located in southern district of Yangon region and about 23 km southeast of Yangon city. As the developer of Thilawa SEZ, Myanmar Japan Thilawa Development Ltd., (MJTD) has a responsibility to carry out regular environmental monitoring in the industrial area of Zone B in accordance with the approved Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) report with Environmental Management Plan (EMP). MJTD has implemented monitoring various environmental items with the specified time frame to know the environmental conditions in and around the area.

1.2 Outlines of Monitoring Plan

To assess the environmental condition under the construction of industrial area in and around Thilawa SEZ Zone B, noise and vibration levels had been monitored from 16 September 2019 – 18 September 2019 as follows;

Table 1.2-1 Outlines of Noise and Vibration Level Monitoring

Monitoring Date	Monitoring Item	Parameters	Number of Points	Duration	Monitoring Methodology
From 17–18 Sep 2019	Noise Level	LA _{eq} (dB)	1 (NV-1)	24 hours	On-site measurement by "Rion NL-42 sound level meter"
From 16–17 Sep 2019	Noise Level	LA _{eq} (dB)	1 (NV-2)	24 hours	On-site measurement by "Rion NL-42 sound level meter"
From 17–18 Sep 2019	Vibration Level	L _{v10} (dB)	1 (NV-1)	24 hours	On-site measurement by "Vibration Level Meter- VM-53A"
From 16–17 Sep 2019	Vibration Level	L _{v10} (dB)	1 (NV-2)	24 hours	On-site measurement by "Vibration Level Meter- VM-53A"

Source: Myanmar Koei International Ltd



CHAPTER 2: NOISE AND VIBRATION LEVEL MONITORING

2.1 Monitoring Item

The noise and vibration level monitoring items are shown in Table 2.1-1.

Table 2.1-1 Monitoring Parameters for Noise and Vibration Level

No.	Item	Parameter				
1	Noise	A-weighed loudness equivalent (LAeq)				
2	Vibration	Vibration level, vertical, percentile (Lv10)				

Source: Myanmar Koei International Ltd.

2.2 Monitoring Location

Noise and vibration levels were measured in the northeast corner of the Thilawa SEZ Zone B, monitoring point (NV-1); N: 16°40′18.22″, E: 96°17′18.18″ for traffic noise concerned and in the south of the Thilawa SEZ Zone B, monitoring point (NV-2); N: 16°39′24.90″, E: 96°17′16.70″, inside the monastery compound of Phalan village. The location of the noise and vibration monitoring points are shown in Figure 2.2-1.



Figure 2.2-1 Location of Noise and Vibration Level Monitoring Points



NV-1

NV-1 is located in front of temporary gate of construction site of Thilawa SEZ Zone B and next to Thilawa Development road. The surrounding area are Zone A in the northwest, local industrial zone in the east respectively. Possible sources of noise and vibration is generated from construction activities and road traffic.

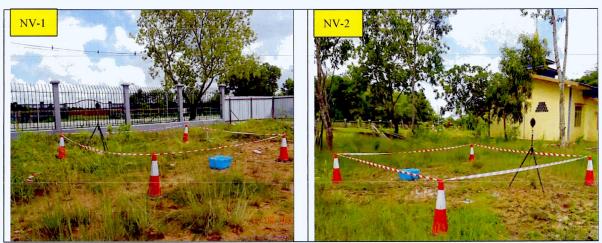
NV-2

NV-2 is located at the south of the Thilawa SEZ Zone B, inside the monastery compound of Phalan village, surrounded by the residential houses of Phalan village in the south and fields in west, Thilawa SEZ Zone A in north, local industrial zone in northeast respectively. Possible sources of noise and vibration is generated from construction activities from Zone B and daily human activities from nearby Phalan village.

2.3 Monitoring Method

Noise level was measured by "Rion NL-42 sound level meter" and automatically records every 10 minutes in a memory card. The vibration level meter, VM-53A (Rion Co., Ltd., Japan), was accompanied by a 3-axis accelerometer PV-83C (Rion Co., Ltd.) and it was placed on solid soil ground. Vertical vibration (Z axis), L_v , was measured every 10 minutes within the adaptable range of (10-70) dB at NV-1 and (10-70) dB at NV-2 and recorded to a memory card.

The measurement period of noise and vibration was 24 hours for each monitoring point. The status of the noise and vibration level monitoring on NV-1 and NV-2 are shown in Figure 2.3-1.



Source: Myanmar Koei International Ltd

Figure 2.3-1 Status of Noise and Vibration Level Monitoring at NV-1 and NV-2



2.4 Monitoring Results

Noise Monitoring Results

Noise monitoring results are separated as daytime (6:00 AM to 10:00 PM) and evening time (10:00 PM to 6:00 AM) time frames for NV-1 and daytime (7:00 AM to 7:00 PM), evening time (7:00 PM to 10:00 PM) and night time (10:00 PM to 7:00 AM) time frames respectively for NV-2. Noise measurement was carried out for one location on a 24-hour basis. The monitoring results are summarized in Table 2.4-1 and Table 2.4-2. Hourly noise level (LA_{eq}) monitoring results at NV-1 and NV-2 are shown in Table 2.4-3 and Table 2.4-4.

Figure 2.4-1 and Figure 2.4-2 showed the results of noise level (LA_{eq}) at NV-1 and NV-2. Comparing with the target value of noise level in construction stage prescribed in EIA report for Thilawa SEZ development project Zone B, all results were under the target values.

However, hourly noise level monitoring results at NV-2 during night time was slightly higher than the target value for four hours. And there were no construction activities at that time. According to the field surveyor record, the result in early morning (2:00 AM to 6:00 AM) at NV-2 was exceeded the target value due to sound from crowing of rooster, crowing of birds, passing of motorcycles and motorcycles horn, etc. in surrounding village. Therefore, it is considered that there is no impact from construction activities of Zone B to the surrounding environment.

Table 2.4-1 Results of Noise Levels (LAeq) Monitoring at NV-1

	(Traffic Noise Level) Equivalent Noise Level (LAeq, dB)		
Date	Day Time (6:00 AM – 10:00 PM)	Night Time (10:00 PM – 6:00 AM)	
17 – 18 Sep 2019	65	54	
Target Value	75	70	

Note: Target value is applied to the noise standard along main road stipulated in the Noise Regulation Law (Japan) (Law No. 98 of 1968, Latest Amendment by Law No. 91 of 2000).

Source: Myanmar Koei International Ltd.

Table 2.4-2 Results of Noise Levels (LAeq) Monitoring at NV-2

	(Residential area & monastery located less than 150m from the construction site Equivalent Noise Level (LAeq, dB)					
Date	Day Time (7:00 AM - 7:00 PM)	Evening Time (7:00 PM – 10:00 PM)	Night Time (10:00 PM – 7:00 AM)			
16 – 17 Sep 2019	52	51	55			
Target Value	75	60	55			

Note: Target value is applied to the noise level during the construction stage in the EIA Report for Thilawa SEZ Development Project (Industrial Area of Zone B).



Table 2.4-3 Hourly Noise Level (LA_{eq}) Monitoring Results at NV-1

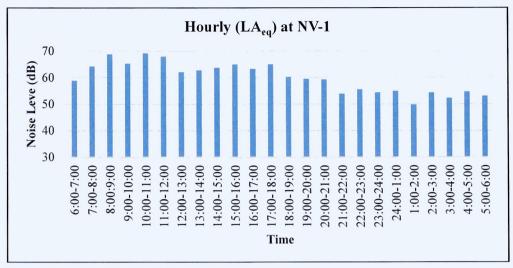
Date	Time	(LA _{eq} , dB)	(LAeq, dB) Each Category	(LA _{eq} , dB) Target Value	Remark
	6:00-7:00	59			No construction Activities
	7:00-8:00	64			Two construction retrytties
	8:00:9:00	69			
	9:00-10:00	65			Construction activities of
	10:00-11:00	69			Zone B
	11:00-12:00	68			(Wild grass removing and
	12:00-13:00	62		75	yellow flower planting,
	13:00-14:00	63	65		fence painting and repairing, manual excavation, etc.,)
	14:00-15:00	64			
	15:00-16:00	65			
	16:00-17:00	63			
17 - 18 Sep 2019	17:00-18:00	65			
17 - 10 Sep 2017	18:00-19:00	60			
	19:00-20:00	59			
	20:00-21:00	59			
	21:00-22:00	54			
	22:00-23:00	56			
	23:00-24:00	54			No construction Activities
	24:00-1:00	55			
	1:00-2:00	50	54	70	
	2:00-3:00	54			
	3:00-4:00	52			
	4:00-5:00	55			
	5:00-6:00	53			

Source: Myanmar Koei International Ltd.

Table 2.4-4 Hourly Noise Level (LA_{eq}) Monitoring Results at NV-2

Date	Time	(LA _{eq} , dB)	(LA _{eq} , dB) Each Category	(LA _{eq} , dB) Target Value	Remark
	7:00-8:00	50			No construction Activities
	8:00:9:00	50			
	9:00-10:00	53			Construction activities of
	10:00-11:00	50			Zone B
	11:00-12:00	48			(Wild grass removing and
	12:00-13:00	45	52	75	yellow flower planting,
	13:00-14:00	47] 32	73	fence painting and
	14:00-15:00	48			repairing, etc.,)
	15:00-16:00	52			
	16:00-17:00	57			
	17:00-18:00	57			
16 - 17 Sep 2019	18:00-19:00	48			
10 - 17 Sep 2019	19:00-20:00	51		60	
	20:00-21:00	51	51		
	21:00-22:00	52			
	22:00-23:00	50			
	23:00-24:00	49			No construction Activities
	24:00-1:00	49		To the second se	No construction Activities
	1:00-2:00	49			70
	2:00-3:00	59	55	55	
	3:00-4:00	56			
	4:00-5:00	56	22		
	5:00-6:00	57		2	
	6:00-7:00	50			





Source: Myanmar Koei International Ltd

Figure 2.4-1 Results of Noise Levels (LA_{eq}) Monitoring at NV-1

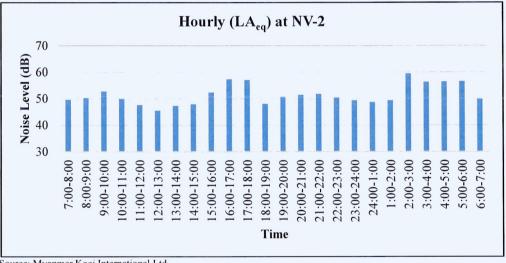


Figure 2.4-2 Results of Noise Levels (LA_{eq}) Monitoring at NV-2



Vibration Monitoring Results

Vibration monitoring results are separated as daytime (7:00 AM to 7:00 PM), evening time (7:00 PM to 10:00 PM) and night time (10:00 PM to 7:00 AM) time frames respectively for both NV-1 and NV-2. Vibration measurement was carried out for one location on a 24-hour basis. The results of vibration level (L_{v10}) monitoring at NV-1 and NV-2 are shown in Table 2.4-5 and Table 2.4-6. Hourly vibration level (L_{v10}) monitoring results at NV-1 and NV-2 are shown in Table 2.4-7 and Table 2.4-8. Figure 2.4-3 and Figure 2.4-4 showed the graph of vibration level monitoring results at NV-1 and NV-2. By comparing with the target vibration level in construction stage in EIA report for Thilawa SEZ development project Zone B, all of results were under the target values.

Table 2.4-5 Results of Vibration Levels (L_{v10}) Monitoring at NV-1

	(Residential and commercial and industrial areas) Equivalent Vibration Level (Lv10, dB)				
Date	Day Time (7:00 AM - 7:00 PM)	Evening Time (7:00 PM – 10:00 PM)	Night Time (10:00 PM - 7:00 AM)		
17 – 18 Sep 2019	45	37	31		
Target Value	70	70	65		

Note: Target value is applied to the vibration level during the construction stage in the EIA Report for Thilawa SEZ Development Project (Industrial Area of Zone B).

Source: Myanmar Koei International Ltd.

Table 2.4-6 Results of Vibration Levels (L_{v10}) Monitoring at NV-2

	(Monastery and residential area) Equivalent Vibration Level (L _{v10} , dB)				
Date	Day Time (7:00 AM - 7:00 PM)				
16 – 17 Sep 2019	33	30	16		
Target Value	65	65	60		

Note: Target value is applied to the vibration level during the construction stage in the EIA Report for Thilawa SEZ Development Project (Industrial Area of Zone B).



Table 2.4-7 Results of Hourly Vibration Levels (L_{v10}) Monitoring at NV-1

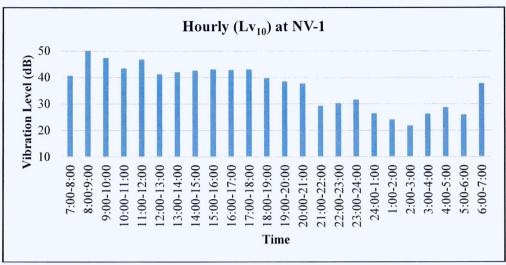
Date =	Time	(L _{v10} , dB)	(L _{v10} , dB) Each Category	(L _{v10} , dB) Target Value	Remark
	7:00-8:00	41	13.		No construction Activities
	8:00:9:00	50			Gtiti
	9:00-10:00	47			Construction activities of Zone B
	10:00-11:00	43			(Wild grass removing and
	11:00-12:00	47			yellow flower planting,
	12:00-13:00	41	45	70	fence painting and
	13:00-14:00	42] 43	/0	repairing, manual
	14:00-15:00	43			excavation, etc.,)
	15:00-16:00	43			
	16:00-17:00	43			
	17:00-18:00	43			
17 - 18 Sep 2019	18:00-19:00	40			
17 - 16 Sep 2019	19:00-20:00	38		70	
	20:00-21:00	38	37		
	21:00-22:00	29			
	22:00-23:00	30			
	23:00-24:00	32			No construction Activities
	24:00-1:00	26			No construction Activities
	1:00-2:00	24			
	2:00-3:00	22	31	65	
	3:00-4:00	26			
	4:00-5:00	29			
	5:00-6:00	26			
	6:00-7:00	38			

Source: Myanmar Koei International Ltd.

Table 2.4-8 Results of Hourly Vibration Levels (L_{v10}) Monitoring at NV-2

Date	Time	(L _{v10} , dB)	(L _{v10} , dB) Each Category	(L _{v10} , dB) Target Value	Remark
	7:00-8:00	18			No construction Activities
	8:00:9:00	30			
	9:00-10:00	33			Construction activities of
	10:00-11:00	34			Zone B
	11:00-12:00	32			(Wild grass removing and
	12:00-13:00	29	33	65	yellow flower planting,
	13:00-14:00	33] 33	0.5	fence painting and
	14:00-15:00	33			repairing, etc.,)
	15:00-16:00	34			
	16:00-17:00	34			
	17:00-18:00	33			
16 17 Can 2010	18:00-19:00	35			
16 - 17 Sep 2019	19:00-20:00	33		65	
	20:00-21:00	31	30		
	21:00-22:00	22			
	22:00-23:00	15			
	23:00-24:00	16			No construction Activities
	24:00-1:00	15			No construction Activities
	1:00-2:00	15	1		
	2:00-3:00	15	16	60	
	3:00-4:00	14			
	4:00-5:00	15			
	5:00-6:00	18			
	6:00-7:00	18			





Source: Myanmar Koei International Ltd.

Figure 2.4-3 Results of Vibration Levels (L_{v10}) Monitoring at NV-1

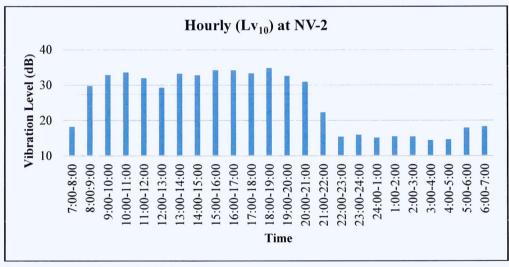


Figure 2.4-4 Results of Vibration Levels (L_{v10}) Monitoring at NV-2



CHAPTER 3: CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATION

By comparing with the target noise and vibration level in construction stage in EIA report for Thilawa SEZ development project Zone B, all results were under the target values at NV-1 and NV-2. As for the detailed analysis of noise level at NV-1 and NV-2 for 24 hours, all results were under the target value except for NV-2 during night time. However, hourly noise level monitoring results at NV-2 during night time was slightly higher than the target value for four hours. And there were no construction activities at that time. According to the field surveyor record, the result in early morning (2:00 AM to 6:00 AM) at NV-2 was exceeded the target value due to sound from crowing of rooster, crowing of birds, passing of motorcycles and motorcycles horn, etc. in surrounding village. The results of vibration level for NV-1 and NV-2 were also lower than the target levels. Thus, there is no negative impact on noise and vibration from construction activities of Zone B to the surrounding environment.

In conclusion of this environmental monitoring, there are no specific noise and vibration impacts to the surrounding area of industrial area of Thilawa SEZ Zone B during the monitoring period.





Thilawa Special Economic Zone (Zone B) **Development Project - Phase 3**

Appendix

Traffic Volume Monitoring Report September 2019



TRAFFIC VOLUME MONITORING REPORT FOR DEVELOPMENT OF INDUSTRIAL AREA THILAWA SEZ ZONE B (PHASE 3 CONSTRUCTION STAGE)

(QUARTERLY MONITORING)

September 2019 Myanmar Koei International Ltd.



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CHAPTER 1: OUTLINES AND SUMMARY OF MONITORING PLAN

1.1 General

Thilawa Special Economic Zone (TSEZ) is located in southern district of Yangon region and about 23 km southeast of Yangon city. As the developer of Thilawa SEZ, Myanmar Japan Thilawa Development Ltd., (MJTD) has a responsibility to carry out regular environmental monitoring in the industrial area of Zone B in accordance with the approved Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) report with Environmental Management Plan (EMP). MJTD has implemented monitoring various environmental items with the specified time frame to know the environmental conditions in and around the area.

1.2 Outlines of Monitoring Plan

To assess the environmental condition under the construction of industrial area in and around Thilawa SEZ Zone B, Traffic volume had been monitored from 17 September 2019 to 18 September 2019 as follows;

Table 1.2-1 Outlines of Traffic Volume Monitoring

Monitoring Date	Monitoring Item	Parameters	Number of Points	Duration	Monitoring Methodology
17 Sep 2019 - 18 Sep t2019	Traffic Volume	_	1 (TV-1)	24 hours	Manual Count



CHAPTER 2: TRAFFIC VOLUME MONITORING

2.1 Monitoring Item

The traffic volume monitoring item are shown in Table 2.1-1. All vehicles were classified into four types as detailed in Table 2.1-2.

Table 2.1-1 Monitoring Parameters for Traffic Volume

No.	Item	Parameter
1	Traffic volume	Number of Vehicle (4 Types)

Source: Myanmar Koei International Ltd.

Table 2.1-2 Classification of Vehicles Types

No.	Classification	Table 2.12 Classification of Venes	Description
1	Two-wheeled vehicle		Motorbike, Motorcycle taxi
2	Four-wheeled light vehicle		Pick-up car, Jeep, Taxi, Saloon car, Light truck (under 2 tons)
3	Four-wheeled heavy vehicle		Medium bus, Express, Big bus, Medium truck, Heavy truck
4	Others		Tractor



2.2 Monitoring Location

Traffic volume was measured at the northeast corner of the Thilawa SEZ Zone B, monitoring point (TV-1); N: 16°40′17.90″, E: 96°17′18.20″. The location of the traffic volume monitoring point is shown in Figure 2.2-1.



Figure 2.2-1 Location of Traffic Volume Monitoring Point

TV-1

TV-1 is located in front of main gate of construction site of Thilawa SEZ Zone B and next to Thilawa Development road. The surrounding area are Zone A in the northwest and local industrial zone in the east respectively.



2.3 Monitoring Method

The traffic volume monitoring was conducted for 24 hours at the same time as the traffic noise and vibration level monitoring. Traffic volume monitoring was conducted to count the number of vehicles moving in each direction. Manual count method was used and data was recorded using tally sheets. The status of the traffic volume monitoring on TV-1 is shown in Figure 2.3-1.



Source: Myanmar Koei International Ltd.

Figure 2.3-1 Status of Traffic Volume Monitoring at TV-1

2.4 Monitoring Results

The traffic volume monitoring results are summarized in Table 2.4-1. Hourly quantities of each type of vehicle were recorded. The Table 2.4-1 shows that the number of 2-wheel vehicles are distinctly and highly utilized in weekdays. The number of 4-wheel heavy vehicles are three times lower than the number of 4-wheel light vehicles for each direction.

Table 2.4-1 Summary of Traffic Volume Recorded at TV-1

Survey Point	Direction	Date	Weekday	2-wheel Vehicles	4-wheel Light Vehicles	4-wheel Heavy Vehicles	Others	Total
TV-1	Phalan village to Dagon- Thilawa road	17 Sep 2019 -	Tuesday & Wednesday	2,908	1,364	438	63	4,773
	Dagon-Thilawa road to Phalan village	18 Sep 2019		2,911	1,280	422	48	4,661

Source: Myanmar Koei International Ltd.

The summary monitoring results of hourly traffic volume at TV-1 is shown in Table 2.4-2 and Table 2.4-3 respectively. Compare the result of each direction in morning peak hours as 6:00 to 9:00 and in the evening peak hours as 16:00 to 18:00, traffic volume from Dagon-Thilawa road to Phalan village is higher than another direction in the morning peak hours. In the evening peak hours, traffic volume from Phalan village to Dagon-Thilawa road is higher than another direction. It may be possible commuting vehicles are passing from Dagon-Thilawa road to Phalan village in the morning peak hours and returning from Phalan village to Dagon-Thilawa road in the evening peak hours in this monitoring period.



	То		Total			
From						
		Two-wheeled vehicle	Four-wheeled light vehicle	Four-wheeled heavy vehicle	Others	
13:00	14:00	86	87	31	4	208
14:00	15:00	80	85	34	3	202
15:00	16:00	100	111	26	4	241
16:00	17:00	190	112	49	7	358
17:00	18:00	410	154	30	6	600
18:00	19:00	215	92	20	3	330
19:00	20:00	140	70	14	2	226
20:00	21:00	92	32	15	3	142
21:00	22:00	69	25	11	1	106
22:00	23:00	30	4	4	1	39
23:00	0:00	6	5	3	1	15
0:00	1:00	3	4	6	0	13
1:00	2:00	2	3	2	0	7
2:00	3:00	5	1	2	0	8
3:00	4:00	6	2	1	0	9
4:00	5:00	6	0	6	0	12
5:00	6:00	14	5	0	0	19
6:00	7:00	230	61	9	2	302
7:00	8:00	535	82	17	4	638
8:00	9:00	220	88	26	9	343
9:00	10:00	115	79	30	4	228
10:00	11:00	120	90	52	2	264
11:00	12:00	145	98	36	6	285
12:00	13:00	89	74	14	1	178
To	tal	2908	1364	438	63	4773

Table 2.4-3 Hourly Traffic Volume Results at TV-1 (From Dagon-Thilawa Road to Phalan Village)

			Total			
From	To					
	10	Two-wheeled vehicle	Four-wheeled light vehicle	Four-wheeled heavy vehicle	Others	
13:00	14:00	143	110	32	6	291
14:00	15:00	105	83	33	2	223
15:00	16:00	110	82	46	5	243
16:00	17:00	160	64	43	5	272
17:00	18:00	405	98	35	7	545
18:00	19:00	195	66	19	0	280
19:00	20:00	160	40	19	0	219
20:00	21:00	112	46	4	3	165
21:00	22:00	58	21	8	1	88
22:00	23:00	15	4	4	1	24
23:00	0:00	17	4	7	0	28
0:00	1:00	0	3	2	0	5
1:00	2:00	4	1	2	0	7
2:00	3:00	4	1	1	0	6
3:00	4:00	6	2	4	0	12
4:00	5:00	6	5	4	0	15
5:00	6:00	14	3	0	0	17
6:00	7:00	155	20	2	2	179
7:00	8:00	610	153	23	5	791
8:00	9:00	250	162	37	6	455
9:00	10:00	75	67	19	1	162
10:00	11:00	94	88	19	2	203
11:00	12:00	125	99	40	2	266
12:00	13:00	. 88	58	19	0	. 165
To	otal	2911	1280	422	48	4661



The summary of traffic volume results during quarterly monitoring at TV-1 is shown in Table 2.4-4 and Table 2.4-5 respectively. In the summary of traffic volume results during quarterly monitoring surveys at TV-1, comparison of traffic volume results for more than two years was described. Among the traffic monitoring surveys (quarterly), traffic volume results for September 2017 is the lowest compared with other quarterly monitoring surveys. Traffic volume results are increasing start from December 2017. Traffic volume results of September 2019 are the highest compared with other quarterly monitoring surveys from Phalan village to Dagon-Thilawa Road and from Dagon-Thilawa Road to Phalan village.

Table 2.4-4 Summary of Traffic Volume Results During Quarterly Monitoring Surveys at TV-1

(From Phalan Village to Dagon Thilawa Road)

(From Finatal Vinage to Dagon Timawa Koau)									
Survey Point	Direction	Date	Weekday	2-wheel Vehicles	4-wheel Light Vehicles	4-wheel Heavy Vehicles	Others	Total	
	Phalan village to Dagon- Thilawa road	29 Mar – 30 Mar 2017	Wednesday & Thursday	1,712	545	216	29	2,502	
		22 Jun – 23 Jun 2017	Thursday & Friday	1,402	528	352	47	2,329	
		19 Sep – 20 Sep 2017	Tuesday & Wednesday	1,254	509	393	17	2,173	
		7 Dec – 8 Dec 2017	Thursday & Friday	1,800	652	339	43	2,834	
		15 Mar – 16 Mar 2018	Thursday and Friday	2,210	830	360	52	3,452	
TV-1		5 Jun – 6 Jun 2018	Tuesday & Wednesday	2,253	847	323	54	3,477	
		5 Sep – 6 Sep 2018	Wednesday & Thursday	2,146	826	242	41	3,255	
		11 Dec – 12 Dec 2018	Tuesday & Wednesday	2,404	865	371	50	3,690	
		12 Mar – 13 Mar 2019	Tuesday & Wednesday	2,484	916	377	68	3,845	
		11 Jun – 12 Jun 2019	Tuesday & Wednesday	2,743	1,158	278	58	4,237	
		17 Sep – 18 Sep 2019	Tuesday & Wednesday	2,908	1,364	438	63	4,773	



Traffic Volume Monitoring Report for Development of Industrial Area Thilawa SEZ Zone B
(Phase 3 Construction Stage, FY September 2019)

Table 2.4-5 Summary of Traffic Volume Results During Quarterly Monitoring Surveys at TV-1 (From Dagon-Thilawa Road to Phalan Village)

(From Dagon-Thilawa Road to Phalan Village)									
Survey Point	Direction	Date	Weekday	2-wheel Vehicles	4-wheel Light Vehicles	4-wheel Heavy Vehicles	Others	Total	
	Dagon-Thilawa road to Phalan village	29 Mar – 30 Mar 2017	Wednesday & Thursday	1,534	500	236	28	2,298	
		22 Jun – 23 Jun 2017	Thursday & Friday	1,291	542	357	43	2,233	
		19 Sep – 20 Sep 2017	Tuesday & Wednesday	1,195	486	372	19	2,072	
		7 Dec – 8 Dec 2017	Thursday & Friday	1,695	682	322	40	2,739	
TV-1		15 Mar – 16 Mar 2018	Thursday and Friday	2,062	812	312	48	3,234	
		5 Jun – 6 Jun 2018	Tuesday & Wednesday	2,048	799	322	52	3,221	
		5 Sep – 6 Sep 2018	Wednesday & Thursday	2,117	865	250	41	3,273	
		11 Dec – 12 Dec 2018	Tuesday & Wednesday	2,388	944	384	65	3,781	
		12 Mar – 13 Mar 2019	Tuesday & Wednesday	2,618	970	362	57	4,007	
		11 Jun – 12 Jun 2019	Tuesday & Wednesday	2,940	1,200	244	54	4,438	
		17 Sep – 18 Sep 2019	Tuesday & Wednesday	2,911	1,280	422	48	4,661	



CHAPTER 3: CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATION

The results of the traffic volume show that the number of 2-wheel vehicles are distinctly and highly utilized in this monitoring period. The number of 4-wheel heavy vehicles are three times significantly lower than the number of 4-wheel light vehicles for each direction. It seems that commuting vehicles are more utilized during this monitoring period as compared with construction related vehicles (4-wheel heavy vehicles). By comparing the previous quarterly traffic surveys, the traffic volume is increasing, starting from December 2017. Traffic volume results of September 2019 are the highest compared with other quarterly monitoring surveys from Phalan village to Dagon-Thilawa Road and from Dagon-Thilawa Road to Phalan village.

The continuous monitoring will be necessary to grasp the traffic volume data in construction stage of Thilawa SEZ Zone B. Once enough traffic volume data is collected, the mitigation measures for traffic volume management will be considered in future.



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