



# Crop Calendar Making Methods of Implementation

Type the name of your organization here.



### WHERE ARE WE?: Crop Calendar Making in SHEP's 4 Steps

4 Steps	Activities				
1. Share goal with farmers.	Sensitization Workshop				
2. Farmers' awareness is raised.	Participatory Baseline Survey (optional) Stakeholder Forum Market Survey				
3. Farmers make decisions.	Target Crop Selection Crop Calendar Making Crop Calendar Making is where the farmers make decisions.				
4. Farmers acquire skills.	In-field trainings				
Follow-up and monitoring (including	Participatory Endline Survey)				

#### PART 1: CONCEPT

# WHY?: Objectives of Crop Calendar Making

 Crop Calendar Making enables the farmer group to plan future action as a group in terms of;



(1) production and,

(2) Marketing

of the target crops.

### WHAT?: Outline of Crop Calendar Making

- The farmer groups make an annual plan of production and marketing activities for the target crops.
- The plan includes collective actions as a group for better production and marketing of the target crops.

Crop Calendar as an Axis for Group Work



#### **FORMAT: Crop Calendar**

- The farmer groups decide what they want to change (e.g. variety, quantity, quality, timing, buyers, etc.)
- They identify monthly actions on production, marketing (incl. business management) and group activities.

We are improving and/or changing  $\Box$  Crop/Variety,  $\Box$  Quality,  $\Box$  Quantity,  $\Box$  Harvest timing,  $\Box$  Buyers,  $\Box$  Others (specify: )

Month							
Production	1 <sup>st</sup> Crop ( )						
	2 <sup>nd</sup> Crop ( )						
	3 <sup>rd</sup> Crop ( )						
Marketing & Busi Management	iness						
Group Activities/	Others						

## **HOW?**: Key Implementation Tips

- The farmer groups discuss and decide the best annual production and marketing plan for generating more income from horticulture.
- The extension staff ensures that the plan is realistic and sustainable taking into consideration the current capacity of the farmer group.

Support for

Autonomy

#### **Raising Motivation**



We are now determined to grow the target crops successfully. We can plan various production and marketing activities as a group. Our extension staff gives us advice to make the plan realistic. We trust her because her advice is very much to the point. We are able to make a good plan.

Support for Competence & Relatedness

### **Mitigating Asymmetric Information**

Planning well using the Crop Calendar mitigates information gaps between farmers and market stakeholders.

We can decide different planting timings among the members. We can then supply onions constantly to the market as a group.



It would be very nice if the local farmers can supply onions throughout the year.

We only planted the traditional varieties before. But now as a group, we can try this new variety on a small scale for the next season. If it is successful, we can expand the planting area and supply more to the market.

This variety is selling much better than the traditional varieties. But not many farmers are producing it. We need more supply.



Market Stakeholder

Farmer

#### **PART 2: PRACTICE**

#### **STEP:** Implementation Procedures

- Organize a meeting at the community and invite the group members as well as their spouses. [Tip!] Inviting the members' spouses facilitate effective decision-making.
- 2. Ask the farmer groups to decide what changes they want to make with regard to the target crops; e.g. changes in crops/varieties, quality, quantity, harvest timing, buyers, and others such as packaging.
- The farmer groups make an annual plan specifying monthly actions in terms of (1) production, (2) marketing & business management, and (3) other group activities focusing on the target crops. [Tip!] The extension staff should remind the farmers of various market information the farmers have collected so far.

#### **Crop Calendar**

Example Crop Calendar

#### Date:\_\_/\_/

Name of District:\_\_\_\_\_ Name of Sub-District:\_\_\_\_\_

Name of the Farmer Group:\_

#### What changes and improvements do

#### the farmer group want to make?

We are improving and/or changing Crop/Variety, Quality, zQuantity, Harvest timing, Buyers, Others (specify: Packaging, Stronger price negotiation



# CHECKLIST: Points to be Confirmed after Crop Calendar Making

- The target farmers understand the methods of crop calendar making.
- Each one of the group members understands what specific actions and roles he or she will be taking in accordance with the group's crop calendar.
- ✓ The target groups agree to undertake crop calendar making on a regular basis by themselves in the future.
- ✓ The male-female ratio of the participants is balanced.
- The quality of participation of male and female members in decision-making is ensured.
- ✓ (optional) The members' spouses are involved.

#### **Crop Calendar Making in Action**



Photo: Malawi

#### TROUBLESHOOTING



- ✓ Do all the farmers need to plant the same crops at the same time by making the Crop Calendar?→Not necessarily. For example, the group can agree to stagger planting timing among the members.
- ✓ The farmers already planted crops when the Crop Calendar making meeting was organized. → Ideally, the Crop Calendar should be made before the planting season starts. If it is not possible to do so, encourage the farmers to produce the crops in the next season.

### Way Forward: Implementation Schedule, Reporting, add any other necessary info. here