

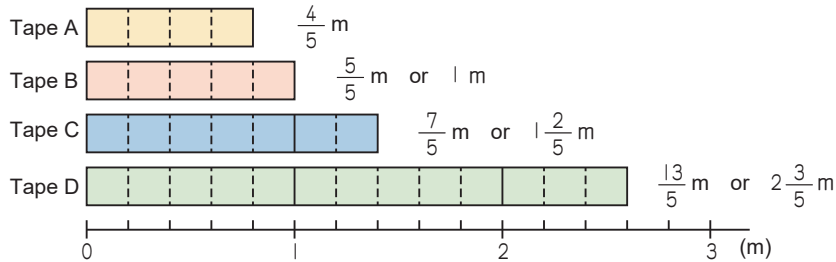
15-1

Fractions

Expressing Fractions (1)

Instruction

Four pieces of tape are shown below. How many metres long is each piece?



The small tick indicates $\frac{1}{5}$ m.

Fractions where the numerator is less than the denominator, such as $\frac{4}{5}$ called **proper fractions**.

Fractions where the numerator is equal to or greater than the denominator such as $\frac{5}{5}$, $\frac{7}{5}$ and $\frac{13}{5}$ are called **improper fractions**.

Fractions expressed as a combination of a whole number and a proper fraction such as $1\frac{2}{5}$ and $2\frac{3}{5}$ are called **mixed numbers**. $1\frac{2}{5}$ is read as “one and two fifths.”

Example

Write down the length of the tape as an improper fraction and as a mixed number.



Show the length of the following tapes by using both the improper fraction and mixed number.

Tape A m or m

Tape B m or m

Tape C m or m

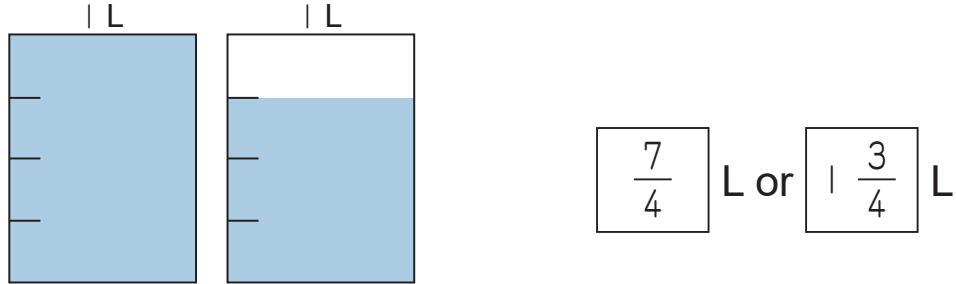
Tape D m or m

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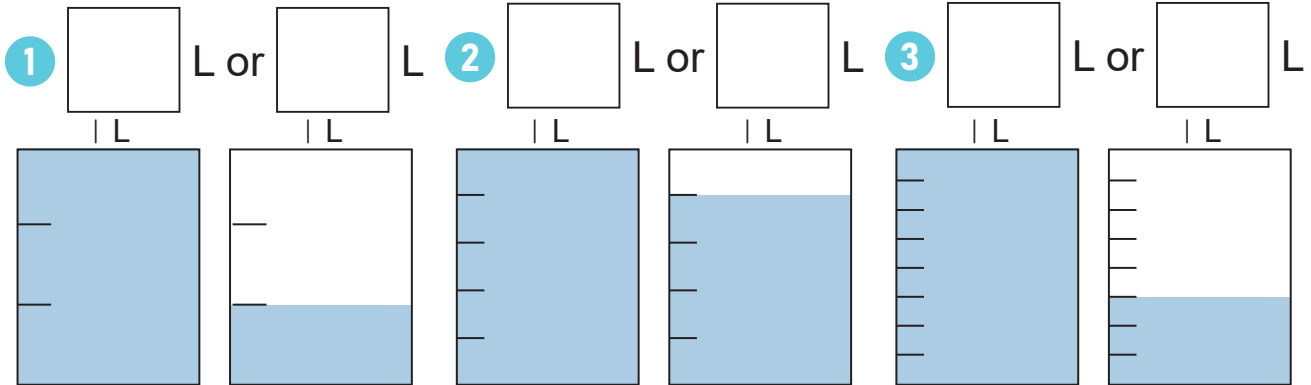
Fractions

Expressing Fractions (2)

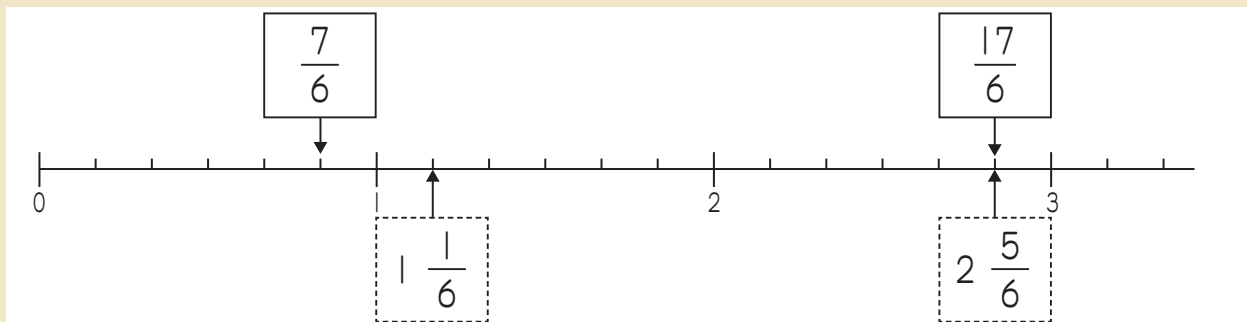
Example 1 Write the total amount of water as an improper fraction and as a mixed number.



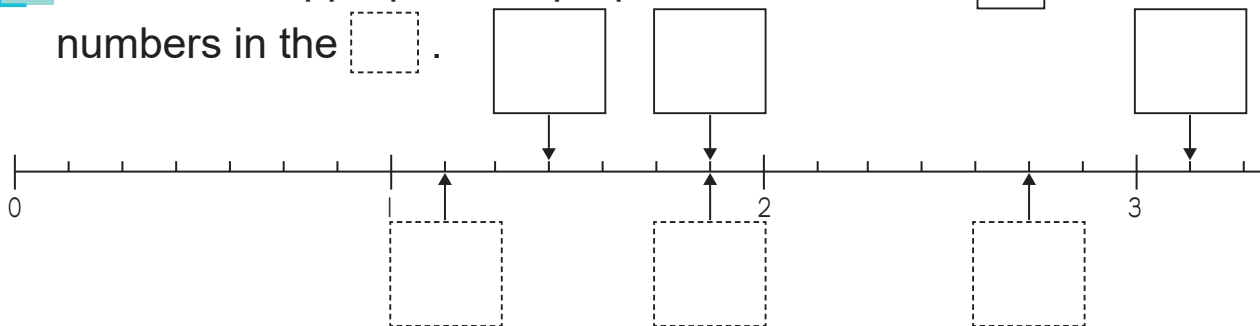
1 Write the total amount of water as an improper fraction and as a mixed number.



Example 2 Write the appropriate improper fraction in the and mixed number in the .



2 Write the appropriate improper fractions in the , and mixed numbers in the .

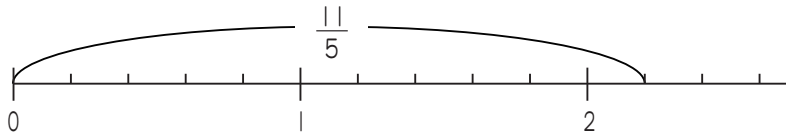


15 - 3

Fractions

Expressing Fractions (3)

Example Change $\frac{11}{5}$ into a mixed number.



$\frac{5}{5} = 1$
So $\frac{10}{5} = 2$



$$\frac{11}{5} = 2 \frac{1}{5}$$

$$11 \div 5 = 2 \text{ R } 1$$

$$\frac{11}{5} = 2 \frac{1}{5}$$

Change the following improper fractions into mixed numbers or whole numbers.

1 $\frac{12}{5}$

2 $\frac{9}{4}$

3 $\frac{13}{3}$

4 $\frac{7}{2}$

5 $\frac{30}{7}$

6 $\frac{56}{9}$

7 $\frac{31}{6}$

8 $\frac{40}{8}$

9 $\frac{35}{4}$

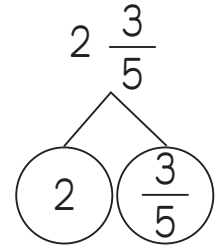
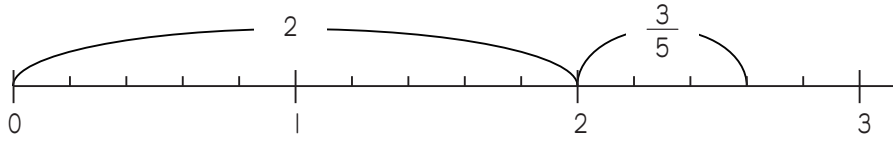
10 $\frac{28}{5}$

15 - 4

Fractions

Expressing Fractions (4)

Example Change $2 \frac{3}{5}$ into an improper fraction.



$$2 \frac{3}{5} = \frac{13}{5}$$

$$5 \times 2 + 3 = 13$$

Because 1 is the same as five $\frac{1}{5}$'s, 2 must be 10 $\frac{1}{5}$'s.



$$2 \frac{3}{5} = \frac{13}{5}$$

Change the following mixed numbers into improper fractions.

1 $1 \frac{1}{3}$

2 $1 \frac{1}{4}$

3 $4 \frac{2}{5}$

4 $3 \frac{5}{6}$

5 $2 \frac{4}{7}$

6 $4 \frac{3}{8}$

7 $5 \frac{1}{2}$

8 $3 \frac{5}{9}$

9 $4 \frac{1}{6}$

10 $6 \frac{2}{3}$

15 - 5

Fractions

Comparing the Size of Numbers (1)

Example Use an inequality symbol ($<$ or $>$) to express the relationship between the two numbers.

$$\frac{25}{7} \quad \square \quad 3 \frac{5}{7}$$

Compare them as mixed numbers:

$$\frac{25}{7} = 3 \frac{4}{7}$$

$$25 \div 7 = 3 \text{ R } 4$$

Therefore, this problem is...

$$3 \frac{4}{7} \quad \square \quad 3 \frac{5}{7}$$

Compare them as improper fractions:

$$3 \frac{5}{7} = \frac{26}{7}$$

$$7 \times 3 + 5 = 26$$

Therefore, this problem is...

$$\frac{25}{7} \quad \square \quad \frac{26}{7}$$

It is easier to compare the two numbers if they are both mixed numbers or both improper fractions.



Use an inequality symbol ($<$ or $>$) to express the relationship between the two numbers.

1 $\frac{8}{3} \quad \square \quad 2 \frac{1}{3}$

2 $\frac{23}{4} \quad \square \quad 5 \frac{1}{4}$

3 $\frac{23}{7} \quad \square \quad 3 \frac{3}{7}$

4 $\frac{30}{6} \quad \square \quad 4 \frac{5}{6}$

4 $\frac{16}{5} \quad \square \quad 3 \frac{2}{5}$

6 $\frac{22}{9} \quad \square \quad 2 \frac{2}{9}$

7 $\frac{27}{8} \quad \square \quad 3 \frac{1}{8}$

8 $\frac{26}{3} \quad \square \quad 9 \frac{1}{3}$

9 $\frac{15}{2} \quad \square \quad 6 \frac{1}{2}$

10 $\frac{45}{7} \quad \square \quad 6 \frac{4}{7}$

15-6

Fractions

Comparing the Size of Numbers (2)

Example Put the numbers in the () in order from the largest to smallest.

$$\left(\frac{7}{8}, 2\frac{3}{8}, \frac{15}{8} \right)$$

Compare them as improper fractions:

$$2\frac{3}{8} = \frac{19}{8}$$

$$8 \times 2 + 3 = 19$$



It is easier to compare the three numbers if they are all mixed numbers or all improper fractions.

Answer $2\frac{3}{8} \rightarrow \frac{15}{8} \rightarrow \frac{7}{8}$

Put the numbers in the () in order from the largest to smallest.

1 $\left(\frac{12}{5}, 2\frac{1}{5}, \frac{9}{5} \right)$ Answer \rightarrow \rightarrow

2 $\left(\frac{20}{7}, 3, 2\frac{5}{7} \right)$ Answer \rightarrow \rightarrow

3 $\left(\frac{25}{6}, 3\frac{5}{6}, 4 \right)$ Answer \rightarrow \rightarrow

4 $\left(7\frac{1}{4}, \frac{31}{4}, 7, 6\frac{3}{4} \right)$ Answer \rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow

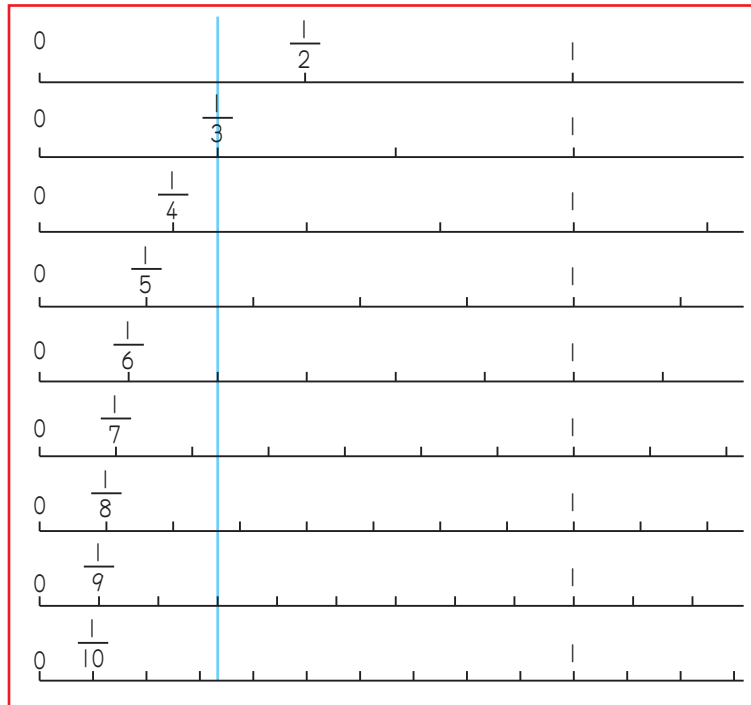
5 $\left(\frac{70}{9}, 8\frac{8}{9}, \frac{68}{9}, 8 \right)$ Answer \rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow

Fractions of Equal Size

Example Look at the number line below and find two fractions that are exactly equal in size to $\frac{1}{3}$.



In which two number lines does the blue line land on a tick mark? Now what is the fraction for that tick mark?



Answer

$\frac{2}{6}$ and $\frac{3}{9}$

Look at the number line above and answer the following questions.

- 1 Find the fractions that are equal in size to $\frac{1}{4}$.
- 2 Find four fractions that are equal in size to $\frac{1}{2}$.
- 3 Find the fractions that are equal in size to $\frac{2}{3}$.
- 4 Which is greater, $\frac{1}{6}$ or $\frac{1}{7}$?
- 5 Which is greater, $\frac{3}{5}$ or $\frac{5}{9}$?

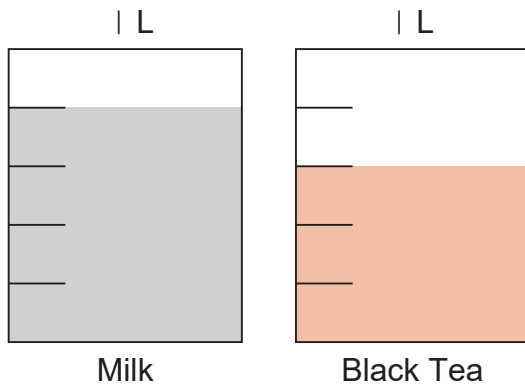
15 - 8

Fractions

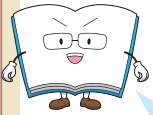
Addition of Fractions (1)

Example

My mother made milk tea by mixing $\frac{4}{5}$ L of milk and $\frac{3}{5}$ L of black tea. How many litres of milk tea did she make?



Milk: Four $\frac{1}{5}$'s
 Black Tea: Three $\frac{1}{5}$'s
 Altogether: Seven $\frac{1}{5}$'s



When proper fractions have the same denominator, add the numerators only.

Math sentence

$$\frac{4}{5} + \frac{3}{5} = \frac{7}{5}$$

Answer $\frac{7}{5}$ L or $1\frac{2}{5}$ L

It is fine that the answer will be either improper fraction or mixed number.



- 1** I have two pieces of tape. One is $\frac{4}{7}$ m long and the other is $\frac{6}{7}$ m long. How long is the total length of both pieces together?

Math sentence

Answer

- 2** Calculate the following addition problems.

1 $\frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{3} =$

2 $\frac{5}{7} + \frac{6}{7} =$

3 $\frac{11}{5} + \frac{3}{5} =$

4 $\frac{7}{4} + \frac{5}{4} =$

5 $\frac{14}{9} + \frac{3}{9} =$

6 $\frac{15}{6} + \frac{5}{6} =$

15 - 9

Fractions

Addition of Fractions (2)

Example 1 Calculate $2\frac{1}{5} + 1\frac{3}{5}$

Calculate the whole number parts and the fraction parts separately.

$$2\frac{1}{5} + 1\frac{3}{5} = 3\frac{4}{5}$$

It is also fine to change the mixed number to an improper fraction and to calculate.

$$2\frac{1}{5} + 1\frac{3}{5} = \frac{11}{5} + \frac{8}{5} = \frac{19}{5} = 3\frac{4}{5}$$



1 Calculate the following addition problems.

1 $1\frac{2}{5} + 4\frac{1}{5} = \square$ 2 $1\frac{1}{7} + 2\frac{4}{7} = \square$ 3 $4\frac{1}{9} + 2\frac{7}{9} = \square$

Example 2 Calculate $2\frac{2}{5} + \frac{4}{5}$

Calculate the whole number parts and then write the fraction part.

$$2\frac{2}{5} + \frac{4}{5} = 2\frac{6}{5} = 3\frac{1}{5}$$

As same as Example 1, it is also fine to change the mixed number to an improper fraction and to calculate.

$$2\frac{2}{5} + \frac{4}{5} = \frac{12}{5} + \frac{4}{5} = \frac{16}{5} = 3\frac{1}{5}$$



2 Calculate the following addition problems.

1 $3\frac{4}{5} + \frac{3}{5} = \square$ 2 $1\frac{3}{7} + \frac{5}{7} = \square$ 3 $\frac{7}{9} + 2\frac{4}{9} = \square$

Example 3 Calculate $3 + 1\frac{2}{5}$

Calculate the whole number parts and the fraction parts separately.

$$3 + 1\frac{2}{5} = 4\frac{2}{5}$$

It is also fine to change both whole number and mixed number to improper fractions and to calculate.

$$3 + 1\frac{2}{5} = \frac{15}{5} + \frac{7}{5} = \frac{22}{5} = 4\frac{2}{5}$$



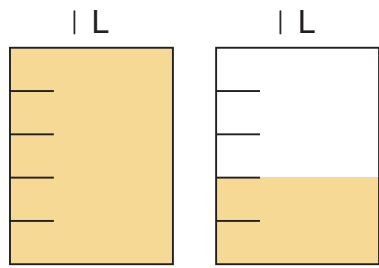
3 Calculate the following addition problems.

1 $2 + 3\frac{1}{2} = \square$ 2 $1 + 2\frac{3}{5} = \square$ 3 $1\frac{5}{8} + 3 = \square$

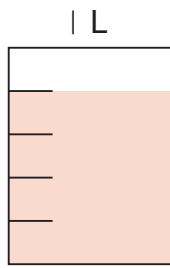
Subtraction of Fractions (I)

Example

My mother made $\frac{7}{5}$ L of orange juice and $\frac{4}{5}$ L of apple juice. How many more L of orange juice did she make?



Orange Juice



Apple Juice

Orange Juice: Seven $\frac{1}{5}$'s

Apple Juice: Four $\frac{1}{5}$'s

The difference: Three $\frac{1}{5}$'s



When the denominators of both fractions have the same number, subtract the numerators.

Math sentence

$$\frac{7}{5} - \frac{4}{5} = \frac{3}{5}$$

Answer $\frac{3}{5}$ L

- 1** I have a $\frac{11}{7}$ m red tape and $\frac{6}{7}$ m white tape. How many more metres of red tape do I have?

Math sentence

Answer _____

- 2** Calculate the following subtraction problems.

1 $\frac{10}{7} - \frac{4}{7} =$

2 $\frac{11}{3} - \frac{4}{3} =$

3 $\frac{13}{9} - \frac{8}{9} =$

4 $\frac{9}{7} - \frac{5}{7} =$

5 $\frac{14}{5} - \frac{7}{5} =$

6 $\frac{10}{9} - \frac{5}{9} =$

7 $\frac{8}{3} - \frac{4}{3} =$

8 $\frac{7}{5} - \frac{4}{5} =$

15 - 11

Fractions

Subtraction of Fractions (2)

Example 1 Calculate $3\frac{4}{5} - 1\frac{3}{5}$

Calculate the whole number parts and the fraction parts separately.

$$3\frac{4}{5} - 1\frac{3}{5} = 2\frac{1}{5}$$

It is also correct to change the mixed number to an improper fraction and to calculate.

$$3\frac{4}{5} - 1\frac{3}{5} = \frac{19}{5} - \frac{8}{5} = \frac{11}{5} = 1\frac{1}{5}$$



1 Calculate the following subtraction problems.

1 $4\frac{4}{7} - 1\frac{1}{7} = \boxed{}$

2 $6\frac{3}{5} - 4\frac{2}{5} = \boxed{}$

3 $5\frac{2}{3} - 4\frac{1}{3} = \boxed{}$

Example 2 Calculate $2\frac{1}{5} - \frac{4}{5}$

Make the fractional part of the mixed number an improper fraction by regrouping and then calculate.

$$2\frac{1}{5} - \frac{4}{5} = 1\frac{6}{5} - \frac{4}{5} = 1\frac{2}{5}$$

It is also fine to change the mixed number to an improper fraction and to calculate. $2\frac{1}{5} - \frac{4}{5} = \frac{11}{5} - \frac{4}{5} = \frac{7}{5}$



2 Calculate the following subtraction problems.

1 $2\frac{2}{5} - \frac{4}{5} = \boxed{}$

2 $2\frac{1}{3} - \frac{2}{3} = \boxed{}$

3 $3\frac{2}{7} - 1\frac{6}{7} = \boxed{}$

Example 3 Calculate $2 - \frac{1}{3}$

Change the whole number to the fraction and then calculate it.

$$2 - \frac{1}{3} = 1\frac{3}{3} - \frac{1}{3} = 1\frac{2}{3}$$

It is also fine to change the mixed number to an improper fraction completely and to calculate.

$$2 - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{6}{3} - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{5}{3} = 1\frac{2}{3}$$



3 Calculate the following subtraction problems.

1 $2 - \frac{4}{5} = \boxed{}$

2 $3 - \frac{2}{7} = \boxed{}$

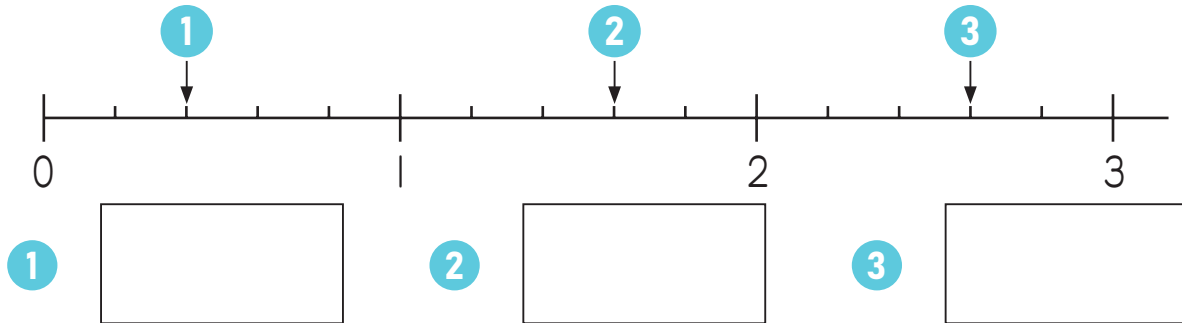
3 $5 - 2\frac{3}{10} = \boxed{}$

15-12

Fractions

Review

- 1** What fractions are represented by the tick marks labeled **1**, **2** and **3**? If the fraction is greater than 1, express it as an improper fraction and as a mixed number.



- 2** Write the fractions in the () in order from the largest to smallest.

1 $\left(\frac{13}{5}, 3\frac{2}{5}, \frac{11}{5} \right)$ Answer \rightarrow \rightarrow

2 $\left(2\frac{5}{9}, \frac{28}{9}, 3\frac{3}{9} \right)$ Answer \rightarrow \rightarrow

3 $\left(\frac{22}{7}, 3\frac{3}{7}, 3 \right)$ Answer \rightarrow \rightarrow



- 3** Calculate the following problems.

It is fine that the answer will be either improper fraction or mixed number.

- 1** $\frac{2}{5} + \frac{4}{5}$ **2** $1\frac{2}{9} + 3\frac{5}{9}$ **3** $1\frac{7}{9} + 3\frac{4}{9}$ **4** $\frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{3}$
5 $2 + \frac{5}{6}$ **6** $\frac{6}{7} - \frac{5}{7}$ **7** $5\frac{4}{5} - 3\frac{3}{5}$ **8** $7\frac{1}{3} - 5\frac{2}{3}$
9 $4\frac{3}{5} - \frac{4}{5}$ **10** $3\frac{5}{9} - \frac{7}{9}$ **11** $2 - \frac{7}{8}$ **12** $3 - 1\frac{4}{9}$

1		2		3		4	
5		6		7		8	
9		10		11		12	