The role of media in democratic countries - access to information and function as a watchdog 民主国家におけるメディアの役割一情報へのアクセスと権力監視	
Target Countries:	
Course No.: J1804331 No.: 18 Sector: Governance/Democratic Institutions	884677
Sub-Sector:	
Language: English	
Outline	
In order to maintain a sound democratic state, the existence of media wchich guarantee the public's right to know and keep a critical eye on power is indispensable. This seminar mainly focuses on the Public Service Broadcasting, which is expected to report without being influenced by the state power or the market. The participants of the seminar also learn Japan's media administration, the dual system with the private media, self-regulatory system to protect freedom of expression.	
Objective/Outcome	Target Organization / Group
[Objective] The role of the media in a democratic state is understood, and Japanese expeinstitutional building for function improvement and the upbringing of human of media are shared among participants. [Outcome] 1) Japanese media policy: To understand the relationship between media and go (including access to information) in Japan, and compare its effectiveness wof the system in participant's country. 2) The role of a public broadcaster:	Target Organization erience on State-owned or public broadcaster, newspaper companies / news agencies, ministries concerned with information, independent media regulatory agencies, etc. etc. Target Group [Target Group]
of the system in participant's country. 2) he role of a public broadcaster, and to be explain the characteristics based on a comparison with the highly public me participant's country. 3) The role of private media: To understand the characteristics of private media which respond to the needs of the market and the effectiveness of Japanese dual system (public and private). 4) Social Munderstand the system to secure the credibility of information and importance media-literacy based on the comparison with the traditional mass media and to explain the future landscape of the fusion of media. 5) The self-regulator to protect the freedom of expression: To understand the role of Broadcasting Program Improvement Organization (BPO) and the press association and compare system of participant's countries.	take initiative for institutional reform in their own countries after learning media in Japan. Media: To be of to be able by system g Ethics &
Contents	2018/9/15~2018/10/15
①Japanese media policy: •Lecture on "Broadcasting administration" "Access to Information" by Minist Internal Affairs and Communications of Japan •Lecture on "State and Media" by a media researcher ②The role of public broadcaster:	Course Period
•Lecture on "What is a public broadcaster?" "Election reporting in a publi broadcaster" "Disaster reporting in a public broadcaster" "program product public broadcaster" by NHK and related companies	in Charge
 Lecture and observation at a branch office "Human resource development in broadcaster" Lecture on "For the improvement of the broadcasting technology" by NHK Sci Technical Res. Lab. ③A role of the private media: Lecture and observation "Making program which reflected the views of the audience" by private media 	Tokyo (Industry&Public)
 Lecture and observation "role as the opinion leader" by a newspaper compan news agencies Social Media 	ny and JICA Center
 Lecture on "Social Media and Media Literacy" The self-regulatory system to protect the freedom of expression: Lecture on "improvement a of the quality of programs and protection of hu rights" by BPO Lecture and observation "Reporting ethics" by the press association 	uman
becture and observation reporting ethics by the press association	G. m. mati
Implementing Partner Under Planning	Cooperation 2018~2020
Remarks and Website	