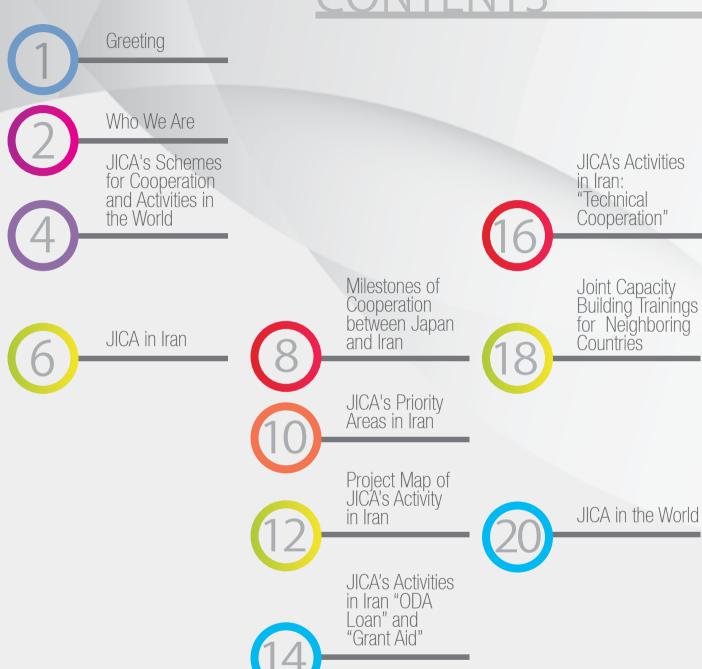






JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY IRAN

CONTENTS



It is my great honor and pleasure to take a position of Chief Representative of JICA Iran Office since March 2017.

Ancestors of Iranian people appear frequently in the world history school textbooks used in Japan, such as Persepolis and other historical architectures and the Persian Empire in the 5th century BC. People of Iran and Japan have developed the mutual tie in the long history as the relationship between the two countries has been founded since ancient times through the Silk Road.

In modern days, Iran has taken a vital role for Japanese economy as an energy supplier. We have been utilizing the petroleum and other energy products imported from Iran. Japan has also involved in the development of petroleum engineering and infrastructure.

Today, with the strong bilateral relation between the two countries, Iran and Japan have deepened the mutual cooperation, and JICA, as a governmental organization of Japan, will take an active role for supporting the further national development of Iran.

In order to strengthen the economic and social infrastructure development in Iran, JICA is seeking to enhance cooperation on Strengthening Infrastructure, Enhancement of Job Creation, Disaster Risk Reduction, Water Resources Management, and so forth.

For sustainable development, JICA is strengthening cooperation in the fields of Conservation of Natural Environment, Environment Pollution Management, and Global Warming Management. We also support the initiative of Iranian government as a development partner to support the neighboring countries through the joint training schemes.

JICA also supports the expansion of bilateral relations in private sector. We support the further expansion of businesses in and return of Japanese companies to the Iranian market.

JICA Iran Office will expand the Japanese traditional friendship with Iran. We will continue implementing developmental projects supporting the economic and social stability and development of Iran.





Yukiharu KOBAYASHI Chief Representative JICA Iran Office

JICA's Mission

JICA, in accordance with the Development Cooperation Charter, will work on human security and quality growth.

JICA's Vision

Leading the world with trust











What is JICA?

Japan has been providing financial and technical assistance to developing countries through Official Development Assistance (ODA), aiming to contribute more proactively to the peace, stability and prosperity of the international community.

JICA, the world's largest bilateral aid agency, is in charge of administering ODAs such as technical cooperation, ODA loans and grant aid in an integrated manner.

Where is JICA?

JICA's headquarter is in Tokyo, and there are 15 domestic centers in Japan. With about hundred overseas offices across the world, JICA's operational reach extends to more than 150 countries.





Supporting developing countries by providing low-interest, long-term and concessional funds. ODA loan is used for large-scale infrastructure and other forms of development that require substantial funds.

13.6

billion USD*

(New L/A Commitments in 2016 JFY)



For human resource development and the formulation of administrative systems in developing countries, technical cooperation involves the dispatch of experts, the provision of necessary equipment and the training of personnel from developing countries in Japan and other countries. Cooperation plans can be tailored to address a broad range of issues.

1.9

billion USD*



The provision of funds to developing countries that have low income levels, without the obligation of repayment. Grant aid is used for improving basic infrastructure such as schools, hospitals, water-supply facilities and roads, along with obtaining health and medical care equipment and other requirements.

0.9

billion USD*

(Amount of concluded Grant Agreements in 2016 JFY)



JICA dispatches volunteers such as Japan Overseas Cooperation Volunteers (JOCV), manages donation projects via JICA Fund and enhances development education (education for international understanding) to assist in understanding issues faced by developing countries. 1,132

(the number of persons newly dispatched in 2016 JFY)



In cases of the occurrence of a largescale disaster overseas, JICA dispatches Japan Disaster Relief teams in response to requests from the governments of affected countries or international organizations and in accordance with the decision of the Japanese government. 16

(the number of teams dispatched in 2016 JFY)

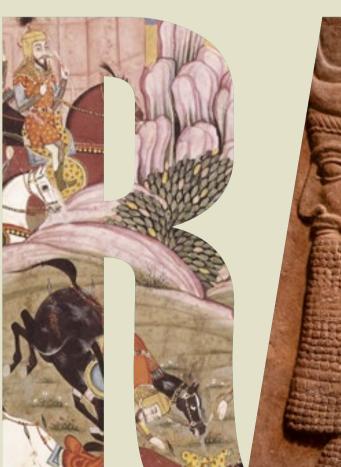














3,509

Total Number of Iranian Participant for Training Programs in Japan

253.7

million USD*

1,205

Total Number of Expert
Assigned in Iran

744.4

million USD*
Total Amount of ODA loan in JICA

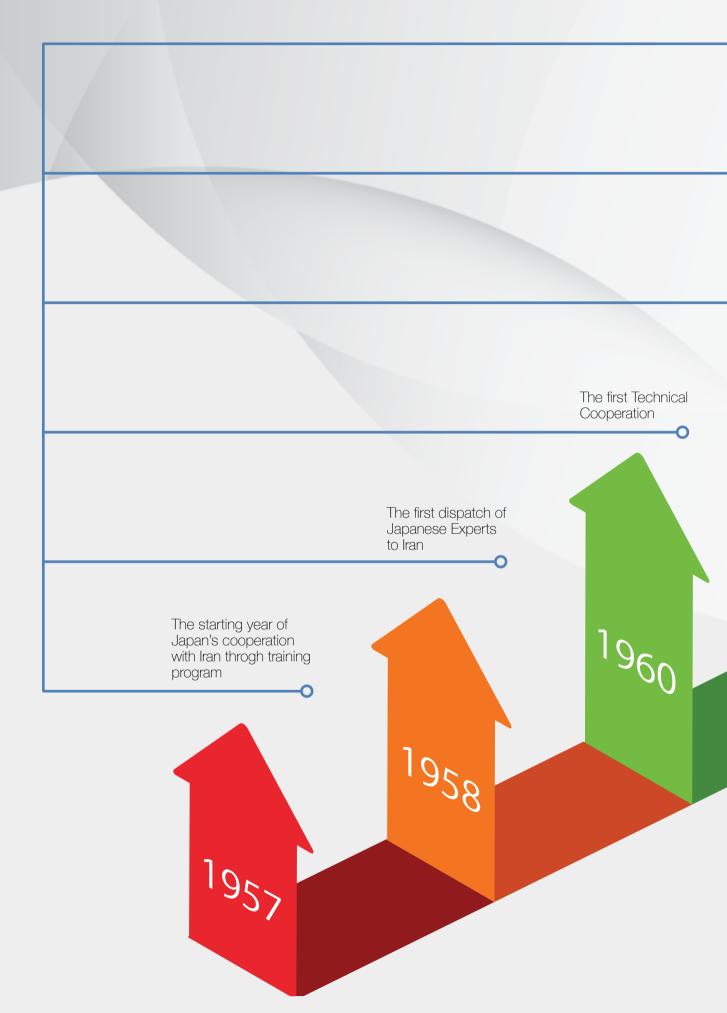




Japan started its assistance to Iran in 1957, welcoming Iranian governmental officers in agriculture section to Japan for training. After some decades of cooperation, JICA Iran Office was formally established in 1974. JICA has strived to accelerate Iran's socio-economic development by tackling broad issues, such as energy, agriculture, fishery, forestry, environment, human resources, regional development, health, disaster management and water supply.



- * as of 2016
- * 1 dollar = 108.8 JPY



The dispatch of Japan Disaster Relief team to Bam



The JICA's Priority Areas in Iran

JICA's priority areas are updated regularly, and we strive to make our operations responsive to the current needs and situations of Iran

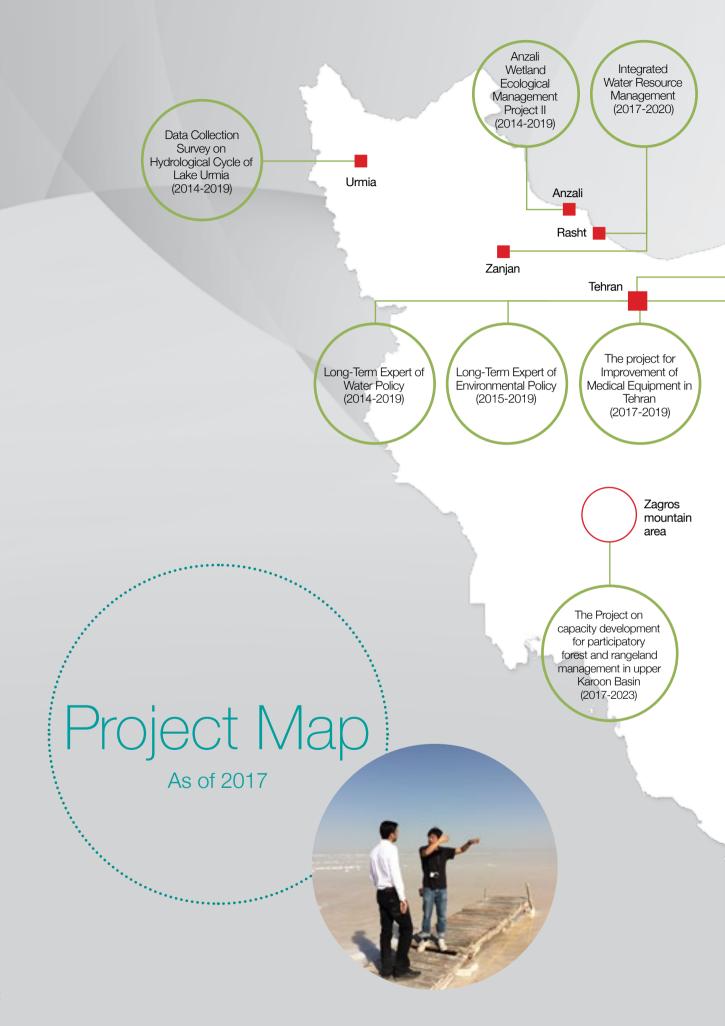
Enhancement of Job Creation

Disaster Risk Reduction

Strengthening Infrastructure

Water Resources Management

Building Strong Society **Global Warming** Management Strengthening Relations Conservation with the International of Natural Community and the Environment Surrounding Area Environment Pollution Management





The Project on Implementation of Pilot Project to Introduce ESCO for Governmental Buildings

(2013-2017)

The
Development of
analysis equipment
for monitoring air
pollution in Tehran
(2017-2018)

The Project for Capacity Development on Air Pollution Control in Tehran Municipality (2017-2019) The project for a Master Plan for Developing Environmental Friendly Technologies in Iranian Power Sector (2017-2019)

Trainings in Japan

- Planning and Management of Ecotourism
- Project for Strengthening the Capacities of Disaster Management in Municipalities
- Planning of Waste Incineration and Energy Recovery for Municipal Solid Waste Management for Iran
- Development of an Integral Carbon Management Strategy for Iranian Oil and Gas Industry
- Labor Law and Standards

The Project
for Communitybased Sustainable
Development Master Plan
of Qeshm Island toward
"Eco-Island" in the Islamic
Republic of Iran
(2015-2018)

The
Development
of a Master Plan
for Environmental
Conservation and
Management of Southern
Coastal Areas of Iran
(2017-2020)



Costal area of Hormozgan Province

Survey for Future Cooperation

- Tourism Development
- Electricity
- Scholarship Program

Joint Capacity Building Trainings for Neighboring Countries

- Tuberculosis (2012-2017) (Af.)
- Irrigation (2015-2018) (Af.)
- Rice-based Agriculture (2012-2016) (Af.)
- Rice-based Agriculture (2018-) (Taj.)
- Custom (2010-2019) (Af.)
- Custom (2017-2019) (Taj.)
- Electricity (2018-2019) (Af.)
- Waste Management (2017-2019) (Af.)





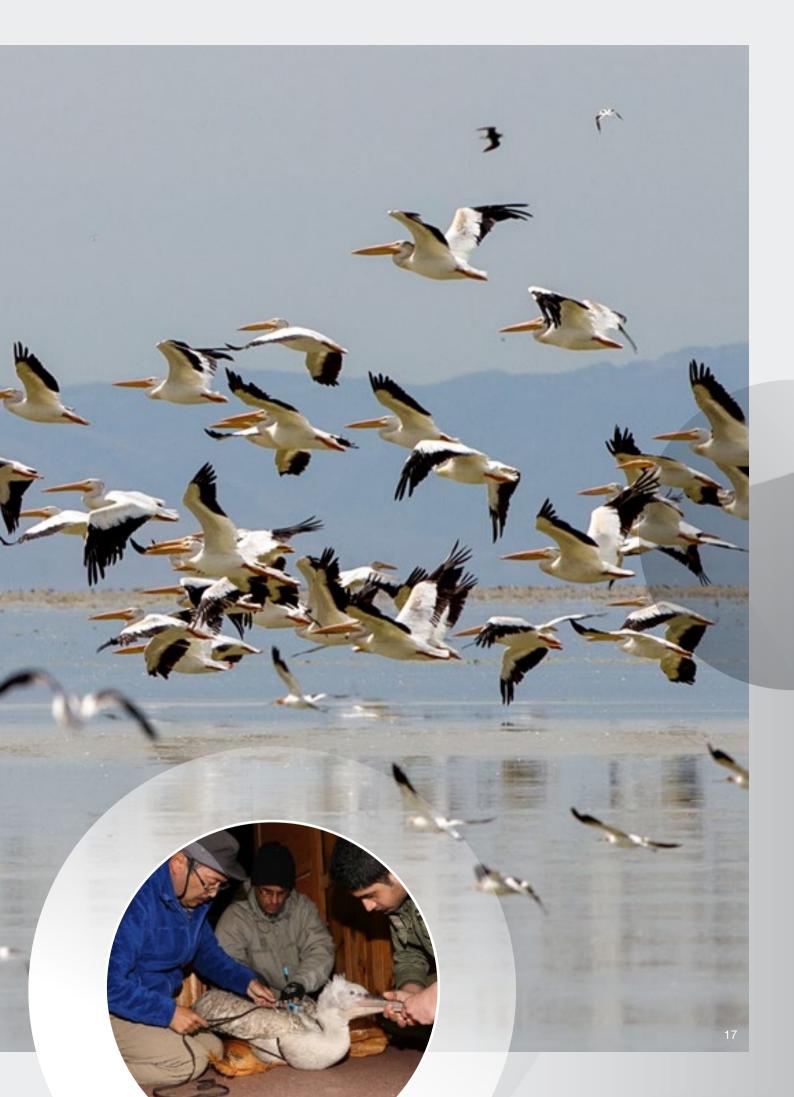


JICA's Activities in Iran

Technical Cooperation

The needs of developing countries are increasingly diverse and multifaceted. Therefore, the key to effective development are crosscutting perspectives such as human resources development, research and development, technology transfer, and institutional development. One of JICA's prominent strengths is the Technical Cooperation scheme, and it is especially effective in achieving these challenging goals. JICA's Technical Cooperation can be implemented through several sub-methods. Experts can be assigned to work with Iranian government agencies to provide professional advice, necessary equipment can be provided, training courses can be arranged in Japan for Iranian experts, necessary equipment can be provided and/or studies can be carried out for the purpose of planning. Thanks to this breadth of options, we can offer tailor- made projects to address challenging issues.









JICA in the World

Overseas Offices

1.Indonesia
2.Malaysia
3.Philippines
4.Thailand
5.Cambodia
6.Laos
7.Timor-Leste
8.Vietnam
9.Myanmar
10.China
11.Mongolia
12.Bangladesh
13.India

14.Nepal

7.Fiji 8.Papua New Guinea 9.Dominican Republi 20.El Salvador 21.Honduras 22.Mexico 23.Bolivia 27.Afghanistan
28.Palestine
29.Jordan
30.Iraq
31.Syria
32.Turkey
33.Egypt
34.Morocco
35.Tunisia
36.Burkina Faso
37.Ethiopia
38.Ghana
39.Kenya
40.Malawi
41.Nigeria
42.South Africa
43.Uganda
44.Tanzania
45.Zambia
46.Madagascar
47.Mozambique

49.Kyrgyz Rep.
50.Uzbekistan
51.Balkans
52.France
53.USA
54.Bhutan
55.Guatemala
56.Nicaragua
57.Iran
58.D.R. Congo
59.Sudan
60.South Sudan
61.Rwanda
62.Argentina
63.Cameroon
64.Cote d'Ivoire
65.Tajikistan
66.Ecuador
67.Cuba

Liaison/ Branch Offices

1.Micronesia 2.Solomon 3.Tonga 4.Maldives 5.Vanuatu 6.Samoa 7.Palau 8.Marshal Isl. 9.Costa Rica

10.Jamaica 11.Belize 12.Colombia 13.Chile 14.Venezuela 15.Uruguay 16.Yemen 17.Botswana 18.Benin 19.Gabon 20.Djibouti 21.Zimbabwe 22.Namibia 23.Niger 24.Georgia 25.Haiti 26.Sierra Leone 27.Niger





JICA Iran Office

6th Floor, No. 114, Kajabadi St., Africa Blvd., Tehran, Iran, Postal Code: 1966916531 Tel: (+98)-21 22659501~ 4 Fax: (+98)-21 22659505 URL: http://www.jica.go.jp/iran/

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