30 YEARS OF JICA TANZANIA OFFICE [1980-2010]





The Selander Bridge, whose construction work was started in 1980

Japan International Cooperation Agency Tanzania Office 2010

JICA Tanzania Office

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(cover photo:1982, Kajima)

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Message from Mr. Ramadhani M. KHIJJAH Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Finance and Economic Affairs on the 30TH Anniversary of JICA Tanzania Office



It is with great pleasure that I congratulate JICA on their 30th anniversary of successful development cooperation with Tanzania.

I wish to take this opportunity, on behalf of the Government and the people of the United Republic of Tanzania,

to express our sincere gratitude for the continued support by the Government of Japan, through JICA, to our national development efforts.

JICA has enormously contributed to the efforts of the Government of Tanzania in its endeavours to promote economic growth and to reduce poverty. The support from JICA to Tanzania has included Grant Aid, Technical Assistance, financing projects in government priority areas particularly in agriculture, roads infrastructure, water, energy, governance and health sectors.

For instance, recognizing the importance of the Agriculture Sector in Tanzania, JICA has been assisting our Government in establishing irrigation schemes and providing technical assistance towards increasing productivity in the Agricultural Sector. Similarly, JICA has been supporting the improvement and rehabilitation of roads in Dar es Salaam and construction of trunk roads between major towns in the country. JICA's invaluable assistance in the improvement of our roads has significantly promoted economic activities by facilitating easy and safe movement of both our people and our traded goods.

Tanzania cherishes the excellent bilateral relations with Japan and JICA over the years. We look forward to even stronger relationship in the years ahead, as we identify our development priorities which will enable Japan and JICA, in particular, to find their niche and to demonstrate their proven expertise, for visible impact in our socio-economic endeavours.

Let me conclude my message by, once again, congratulating JICA on her 30th anniversary and also by extending our sincere appreciation to the dedicated staff of JICA, for their contribution to our national agenda for growth and improvement of the well-being of our people.

Message from Mr. Yukihide KATSUTA Chief Representative of JICA Tanzania Office

As we mark the 30th anniversary of the opening of JICA office in Tanzania, I would like to take this opportunity to thank all the Tanzanians and the Government for the tremendous support they have extended to our activities.



Although the opening of JICA Tanzania Office in 1980 was, needless to say, an important milestone in the history of friendship between Japan and Tanzania, that was not the beginning of Japanese cooperation to the country; it was a continuation of the long history of such cooperation which commenced in 1962 when a single Tanzanian was, upon request, accepted for technical training in Japan. Since then the activities of JICA have continued to grow and expand over the years and now include not only technical cooperation but also the provision of grant aid and concessionary loans.

JICA's basic idea of cooperation to the country is aimed at supporting the self initiatives of the Tanzanian people in their endevours to promote their social and economic development. In this regard JICA's cooperation to the country is in line with the country's blue prints for development (Vision 2025 and Vision 2020) and the country's National Strategies for Growth and Reduction of Poverty (MKUKUTA and MKUZA).

JICA has throughout this cooperation, respected with mutual trust, the ownership of the Government of Tanzania and its people and will continue to do so in the future. I trust that this Pamphlet will increase your understanding of JICA's activities in Tanzania and we look forward to your continued cooperation and support to such activities for the sake of the enhancement of the livelihoods of the Tanzanian people.

Long live the friendship between Japan and Tanzania!

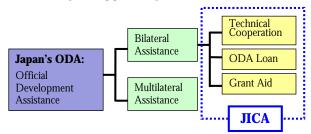
1. Japan's ODA and JICA

Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA), assists and supports developing countries as the executing agency of Japanese Official Development Assistance (ODA).

Since its establishment in 1974, JICA has provided various forms of assistance in over 150 countries and areas. JICA's role has been changing with times.

In accordance with its vision of "Inclusive and Dynamic Development," JICA supports the resolution of issues of developing countries by using the most suitable tools of various assistance methods and combined regional-, country- and issue-oriented approach.

It also works closely with partner governments, international donor organizations, private enterprises and above all, local people and communities providing greater hope for the future.



Assistance to TANZANIA from Japan < last 5 years > million JPY (Yen=15Tsh)

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Technical Cooperation	2,287	2,411	2,444	2,136	2,009
ODA Loan	-	-	8,857	2,000	2,000
Grant Aid	2,372	1,837	3,776	5,705	6,304
Total per Year	4,659	4,248	15,077	9,841	10,313

VISION

Inclusive and Dynamic Development

Mission

- Addressing global agenda
- •Reducing poverty through equitable growth
- Improving governance
- Achieving human security

Strategy

- •Integrated assistance
- Seamless assistance
- Promoting development partnerships
- Enhancing research and knowledge-sharing



Water Project in Lindi

2. 30 years of JICA Tanzania Office [1980 -2010]

In 1980, JICA office was officially opened in Tanzania, although Japanese assistance to Tanzania had already started in 1962 with the acceptance of participants for training in Japan, and with the dispatch of experts from Japan in 1965.

The volunteer programme was started in 1966, and in the same year, Japan Overseas Cooperation Volunteers (JOCV) Office was opened in Dar es Salaam.

As the relationship of Japan and Tanzania expanded, JICA upgraded the JOCV office to full-scaled JICA office in 1980.



The Selander Bridge was the first Japanese road project in Dar es Salaam which Started in 1980 (Conceptional Drawing)





(photo:1996 Inage/JICA





(photo:1997, Ofuchi/JICA)

Current Strategy and Approach of JICA Tanzania

Japan/JICA's objectives of cooperation to Tanzania are: "Creation and promotion of sustained and stable growth and poverty reduction" by supporting MKUKUTA/MKUZA.

Pillars of cooperation are (a) promotion and enhancement of productivity and competitiveness by supporting infrastructure development & agriculture, (b) promotion of good governance through capacity development of public administrative and financial management systems. JICA also continues to support the health and education sectors.

To address different challenges facing Tanzania, JICA uses different aid modalities such as grant aids, loans, technical cooperation including the dispatch of volunteers. JICA also strengthens its cooperation to align it to those of other development partners and the Government of Tanzania in line with the concept of aid coordination.

3. JICA's Activities by Approach:

(1) Technical Cooperation Project

Technical cooperation is one of JICA's main schemes of overseas activities.

For human resources development and formulation of administrative systems of developing countries, this involves the dispatching of experts, provision of necessary equipment and training of personnel from developing countries in Japan and other counties.

The first Japanese expert to Tanzania was dispatched in 1965 in the field of bamboo products. Through various technical cooperation in the fields of agriculture, health, infrastructure development and others, JICA supports capacity development of Tanzanian people for the social and economic development of Tanzania.



Japanese Expert at Kilimanjaro Industrial Development Centre (photo:1986, Fujii/JICA)



Japanese Expert with villagers of Pongwe, Tanga in Maternal and Child Health Service Project (photo:1999)



The irrigation scheme at Ministry of Agriculture Training Institute-Ilonga was improved as preparation for training on rice cultivation through JICA Technical Cooperation Project (photo:2009)

(2) ODA Loan

ODA loans support developing countries by providing lowinterest, long-term and concessional funds to finance their development efforts. This scheme promotes efficient use of the borrowed funds and appropriate supervision of the project they finance, thereby underpinning developing countries' ownership in the development process.

In Tanzania, ODA loan has been provided for large scale infrastructure development, such as irrigation, electric power supply, and telecommunication etc, since 1978. Currently, ODA loan project for trunk road development linking Tanzania and Kenya is under implementation.



Arusha-Namanga-Athi River Road Development Project is under construction with support from Japanese ODA Loan which is scheduled to be completed in 2011 (photo:2009)



Lower Moshi Irrigation Scheme was built by ODA loan in 1980's. In this area, since 1970's Japanese experts provide technical supports to Kilimanjaro Agricultural Training Centre which was built by Grant Aid from Japan

General Budget Support (GBS)

Through this ODA loan, JICA together with other 14 Developing Partners provides General Budget Support to Government of Tanzania. GBS is a highly harmonized approach that provides financial support to the government budget through government system, to implement MKUKUTA/MKUZA (growth and poverty reduction strategy).

(3) Grant Aid

Grant aid is the provision of funds to developing countries without the obligation of repayment. The aim is to cooperate with economic and social development by helping the government of the recipient country to introduce and upgrade its facilities and equipment.

In Tanzania, many grant aid projects, mainly infrastructure development, such as road, electric power supply, water supply, as well as agriculture, health, education, have been implemented.

Many of the trunk roads in Dar es Salaam have been improved under the Grant Aid from the Government of Japan.



Magogoni Fish Market at Dar es Salaam constructed in 2000 (photo:2004, Funao/IICA)



4 bridges on trunk road between Mtwara and Lindi were reconstructed after severe damage caused by flood in 1990. This project (1997-99) contributes to improve the accessibility to and within this area (photo:2010)



Classrooms built in some Primary Schools in Dar es Salaam in 2001 (photo:2001, Konoike)

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(4) Technical Training Programme

The Training Programme involves the transfer of knowledge/technology through the training of key administrators, technicians and researchers. This is the most fundamental human development programme implemented by JICA.

The first Tanzanian participated in training in Japan in 1962. Since then, nearly 8,000 Tanzanians have attended courses in Japan, Tanzania and in other countries e.g. Malaysia, Singapore, Egypt etc. and shared experiences/knowledge with people from other developing counties.

After these training, participants join the JICA Alumni Association of Tanzania (JATA) and continue to share their experiences with other ex-participants and thereby contribute to the development of the community.



Science and Mathematics teachers from different Asian and African countries on training in Malaysia (photo:2008)



A Tanzanian participant in a Cultural Event in Japan: Mr. Ado Mapunda attended the course of General Management for Regional Development and Planning (photo:2005)



Nurses among JATA members sharing their experience at a workshop on PMTCT (photo:2010)

(5) Japan Overseas Cooperation Volunteers

JICA's Volunteer Programme is designed to optimize volunteers' knowledge, technical know-how and valuable experience for the benefit of people in developing countries.

In 1967, the first batch of 30 Japanese youths arrived in Tanzania. Among these, 24 were specialists in sewing and 6 in gardening. Volunteers may have been dispatched in group to specific projects. Between 1986-98, 40 JOCV's worked for the Green Cooperation Project in Dodoma and between 1992-97, 17 were dispatched as nurses, nutritionists, rural development officers in Ilonga, Morogoro Region.

Since its commencement, nearly 1300 JOCVs have been dispatched to Tanzania and worked in various areas and fields, e.g. agriculture and fishery, education, health, mechanics, civil works.



One of the first JOCV members teaching Sewing skills to a young mother (photo:1967)



A JOCV supporting the maintenance of telecommunication lines in Dar es Salaam (photo:1994, Watanabe/JICA)



Japanese nurse, one of the JOCV members, consulting a patient in Ilonga (photo:1997, Watanabe/IICA)

4. JICA's Activities by Sector

(1) Agriculture Sector

Japan recognizes agriculture as one of the highest priority areas of cooperation with Tanzania.

JICA's cooperation to the agricultural sector began with the dispatch of Japanese experts in 1970s. In 1980's, Japan focused on rice production, especially in Kilimanjaro area through the construction of the agricultural centre by Grant Aid and the irrigation scheme by ODA Loan. Also Technical Cooperation has been provided since 1980's and has succeeded to drastically increase paddy yields in project's model sites.

One of the on-going projects aims to spread such success to many other areas in the country through strengthening of service delivery systems of irrigated agriculture.



Paddy harvesting at Lower Moshi Irrigation Scheme (photo:2007)



A Japanese expert instructing farmers how to cultivate paddy rice by using a tractor in Lower Moshi Irrigation Scheme (photo:1986, Fujii/JICA)



"Farmer to Farmer" Training JICA's training considers gender issues and sustainability of improving farmers' life (photo:2005)

(2) Infrastructure Sector: Transport

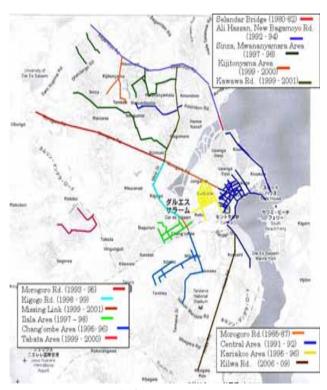
Infrastructure sector, including road sector, is one of the priority areas for JICA's cooperation in Tanzania.

JICA has been supporting the road sector since 1970's, in terms of improvement and rehabilitation of roads, through Grant Aid and ODA Loan Projects. This support was directed at urban areas such as Dar es Salaam, and in the construction of trunk roads between major towns which facilitated easy and safe movement of cargos and human traffic in such areas.

JICA also provides Technical Cooperation to this sector.



A Japanese expert for the Development Master Plan makes a presentation to stakeholders. JICA supported Dar es Salaam City Council to do survey and make a transport master plan (photo:2008)



Japanese Assistance for the improvement of transportation in Dar es Salaam (Drawing by JICA Tanzania)

(3) Infrastructure Sector: Energy

Over the last three decades, JICA has been one of the biggest and most active development partners in the Energy Sector in Tanzania.

All of its work has been implemented collaboratively with TANESCO and had main focus on the new and enhanced transmission and distribution systems in Dar es Salaam and Kilimanjaro Regions, thus contributed to a large extent the development of major industries and improved access to electricity for the people.

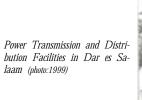
Through these efforts, the state of electricity is much better than 30 years ago.



Japanese engineers with TANESCO engineers at the project for Reinforcement of Electric Power Distribution Network in Dar es Salaam (photo:1986, Fujii/JICA)



One of the sub stations in Kilimanjaro area which was built in 1985 under the Kilimanjaro Region Transmission and Distribution Network Project (photo:2009)



(4) Infrastructure Sector: Water

To improve access to clean and safe water in rural areas, JICA has provided assistance for formulating water resource development and water supply plans. In constructing water supply facilities it has drilled boreholes in Lindi, Mtwara, Dar es Salaam, Coast, Mwanza, Mara Regions etc.

In addition, JICA is providing assistance for enhancing the capability of the Local Government Authorities (LGAs) in providing rural water supply and sanitation services, and in strengthening water resource management capacity of Water Basin Offices.

In Zanzibar, JICA is providing assistance for constructing/improving water supply facilities and in establishing water bill collection system in urban areas.



Villagers watching the drilling works with great anxiety of getting water in Mtwara (photo:2005)



A staff of the water project training village leaders on administrative and financial management for the sustainability of water facilities (photo:2006)



Water Supply was improved in refugee affected areas of Kagera Region through Japanese Assistance in 1996 (photo:2008)

(5) Governance Sector

For decades, JICA has been supporting the Government of Tanzania's efforts in improving service delivery and accountable service in the public sector through the provision of training programmes in Japan. Over 500 civil servants have been trained in such fields as public sector management, finance management, information technology, statistics, police administration etc.

Recently, JICA has extended financial assistance to the on-going Public Financial Management Reform Programme, and Local Government Reform Programme.

JICA also supports the effective internal audit function, the enhanced management system of training provision for Local Government, and the participatory planning process at grass-roots level through Technical Cooperation.



JICA initiated the Local Government Reform training in Osaka from 2002 -2006 involving PMO-RALG and Leaders from Local Government Authorities (LGAs) of Tanzania. From 2007, JICA has extended this training to Kenya, Uganda and Zambia (photo:2008)



The first meeting of Tanzania-Osaka Alumni, which was established in 2006 to strengthen net-workings between LGAs and to disseminate the good practices from Japanese experiences (photo:2008)



Training for O and OD facilitators organized by JICA's technical cooperation in strengthening participatory planning and community development cycle for good local governance (photo:2010)

(6) Health Sector

Japan has been supporting the Tanzanian Government in the health sector since 1970s in various areas such as Maternal and Child Health, HIV/AIDS, Malaria, and Health System Strengthening.

In the area of Maternal and Child Health, JICA has provided technical cooperation to the Paediatric Department of the Muhimbili Medical Center (Muhimbili National Hospital) for strengthening Lab-Based Medicine and Acute Paediatric Care since 1994 through dispatching doctors.

Also in-country training programmes for paediatric doctors and nurses in the whole country were implemented with support of JICA to improve their knowledge and skills.



Seminar for Acute Pediatric Care for nurses (photo:2005)



JICA Expert working at Muhimbili Maternal and Child Health (photo:1997, Ofuchi/JICA)



JICA supports work environment improvement using 5S (Sort, Set, Shine, Standardize, and Sustain) principles, as a foundation to health care quality improvement at several hospitals in the country

Current JICA's Programmes and Projects in Tanzania

< January 2010>

T: Technical Cooperation, G: Grant Aid, L: ODA Loan

Programme / Project	Туре	Area	Period
(1) Agriculture			
Strengthening the Backstopping Capacities for the DADP Planning and Implementation	Т	Whole Country	2009.3-2012.3
ASDP Basket Fund	G	Whole Country	2006.7-2010.6
Capacity Development for the ASDP Monitoring and Evaluation Systems	Т	Dar, Morogoro, Dodoma	2008.3-2011.3
Formulation and Training of the DADP Guidelines on Irrigation Scheme Development	Т	Morogoro, Kilimanjaro, Mbeya, Mtwara	2007.2-2010.1
Supporting Delivery Systems of Irrigated Agriculture (TANRICE)	Т	Whole Country	2007.6-2012.6
(2) Infrastructure (transportation)			
Capacity Strengthening on Labour Based Technology at ATTI	T	Mbeya	2005.10-2011.2
Upgrading Masasi-Mangaka Road (Phase I, II, III)	G	Masasi	2007.11-2011.9
Arusha-Namanga-Athi River Road Development	L	Arusha	2006.9-2011.6
Capacity Building for the Customs and Administrations of the Eastern African Region Phase2	Т	Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda	2009.9-2013.9
(3) Infrastructure (Energy)			
Capacity Development of Efficient Distribution and Transmission Systems	Т	Dar es Salaam	2009.8-2014.8
Reinforcement of Transmission and Distribution Facilities in Oysterbay Substation	G	Dar es Salaam	2008.5-2011.11
(4) Infrastructure (Water)	1		
Study on Rural Water Supply in Tabora Region	Т	Tabora	2009.2-2011.5
Water Supply Development around the Metropolitan Area	G	Coast, Dar	2007.7-2010.3
Rural Water Supply in Mwanza and Mara Regions	G	Mwanza, Mara	2009.5-2012.2
Rural Water Supply and Sanitation Capacity Development	Т	Dar, Coast, Lindi, Mtwara	2007.6-2010.8
Zanzibar Urban Water Supply Development (Phase I, II)		Zanzibar	2006.6-2010.8
	G	Zanzibar	2007.9-2010.12
Enhancement of Water Supply Management of Zanzibar Water Authority (5) Governance	ļ '	Zarizibai	2007.9-2010.12
Strengthening Participatory Planning and Community Development Cycle for Good		Dodoma, Coast,	
Local Governance	T	Morogoro	2009.10-2013.4
Capacity Development for Local Government Training	T	Dodoma	2008.5-2010.12
LGDG Basket Fund	G	Whole Country	2008.7-2010.6
LGRP2 Basket Fund	G	Whole Country	2009.7-2010.6
PFMRP Basket Fund		Whole Country	2008.7-2010.6
Capacity Development for Internal Audit	Т	Dae es Salaam	2009.3-2012.9
(6) Health			
Capacity Development for Regional Referral Health Management	T	Whole Country	2008.4-2011.4
Human Resource for Health Planning Advisor	T	Dar es Salaam	2008.11- 2010.11
Institutional Capacity Strengthening for HIV Prevention Focusing on STIS and VCT Services $$	Т	Dar es Salaam	2006.3-2010.3
Test kits and STD drags for HIV/AIDS Control	G	Whole Country	2009.2-2012.3
(7) Education			
In-Country Training for Educational Management	Т	Whole Country	2009.10-2012.6
Training for Secondary School Science and Mathematics Teachers	Ţ	Whole Country	2009.7-2012.6
(8) Private Sector			
Industrial Development Advisor for Ministry of Industry, Trade and Marketing	Т	Dar es Salaam	2008.1- 2011.1
(9) Regional Development			
African Institute for Capacity Development Phase3	T	Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda	2007.9-2012.6
(10) Technical Training Programme			
Technical Training Programme	T	Whole Country	
(11) Volunteer Programme			
	Т	Whole Country	
Japanese Overseas Cooperation Volunteers	1 1		
Japanese Overseas Cooperation Volunteers (12) General Budget Support			2003.7-2010.6