

Shaping a New Development Agenda from the MDG Experience

In 2000, the United Nations agreed on eight Millennium Development Goals (MDGs) crafted to reduce extreme poverty worldwide, with the target of achieving them by 2015. With one year remaining, the international community continues to closely monitor the progress made toward the goals and to explore new targets for a post-2015 development agenda.

Worldwide efforts toward

achieving the MDGs have halved the proportion of people living on less than \$1.25 a day, improved access to safe drinking water, and increased primary education enrollment. Progress, however, has been uneven within countries and regions, and as the deadline approaches, some targets are in danger of remaining unmet.

JICA's efforts toward the MDGs have taken as a guiding principle the concept of "human security,"

which stresses protecting people from various threats, including natural disasters and conflicts—and, by making the benefits of development universally available, empowering individuals to meet these threats on their own. This issue of *JICA's World* features JICA projects to date and considers post-2015 development goals through the lens of inclusiveness, resilience, and environmental sustainability.

Millennium Development Goals

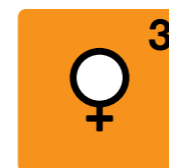
MDG logos courtesy of UNDP Brazil.



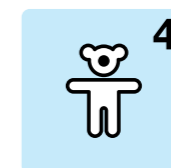
1 GOAL 1:
ERADICATE EXTREME
POVERTY AND HUNGER



2 GOAL 2:
ACHIEVE UNIVERSAL
PRIMARY EDUCATION



3 GOAL 3:
PROMOTE GENDER EQUALITY
AND EMPOWER WOMEN



4 GOAL 4:
REDUCE CHILD
MORTALITY



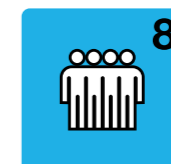
5 GOAL 5:
IMPROVE
MATERNAL HEALTH



6 GOAL 6:
COMBAT HIV/AIDS, MALARIA,
AND OTHER DISEASES



7 GOAL 7:
ENSURE ENVIRONMENTAL
SUSTAINABILITY



8 GOAL 8:
DEVELOP A GLOBAL PARTNERSHIP
FOR DEVELOPMENT