

Africa Kaizen Annual Conference 2021



"Opportunities to Accelerate Industrialization and Trade in Africa: Streamlining Kaizen/QPI with Digital Technologies, Start-ups, SME Development, and Home-Grown Economic Activities in Africa"

Panel Discussion

"How to Strengthen the Competitiveness of African Firms and Businesses in the Global Economy, and the Roles of Stakeholders in a Changing Environment."

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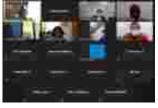












Reasons or issues that bring about the lack of competitiveness of African firms or business in the global economy/market



Internal Factors

Weak Firm
Capability
(Management,
Technical)

Weak
Entrepreneur
Capability for
Innovation



Lack of Access to
Global Business
(Trade &
Investment)

Lack of Access to Finance



Unfavorable Business
Environment
(incl. Policies &
Regulations)

Fundamental
External Issues (incl.
Security, Climate,
Population etc.)

Comprehensive approach of private sector development

- 5 critical approaches for strengthening competitiveness by JICA with partners -



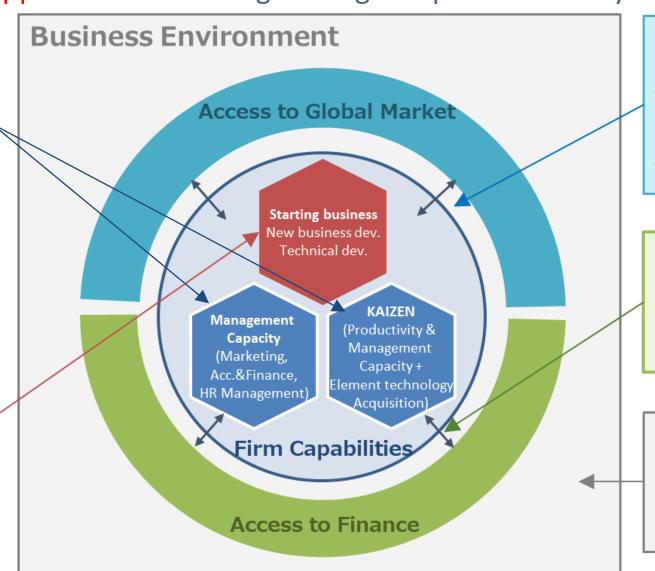
③ Firm Capability Enhancement

- Management capacity: Provision of BDS (Business Plan, Marketing, Accounting and Finance etc)
- Technical capacity: Improvement of quality and productivity management

5 Facilitation of radical innovation

- Effective entrepreneur development programme
- Development of new business (renovating business models)
- Industry-governmentacademia partnership





4 Business Linkage Promotion

B to B

- Support value chain development
- Facilitate business matching B to C
- Utilise E-Commerce





- Funding startups (e.g. Venture capitals)
- Promoting innovation in financial service for SMFs

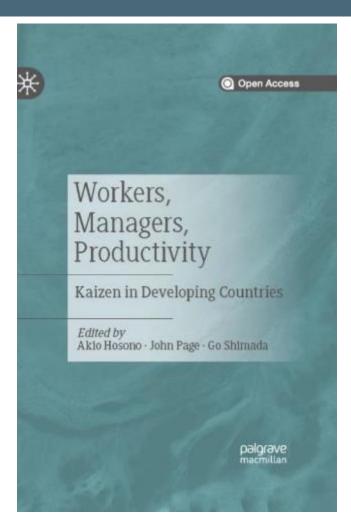


- Industrial policy reform
- SEZ development, investment promotion
- Business Environment Reform



(For reference) How Kaizen can contribute to strengthening competitiveness of firms "Workers, Managers, Productivity: Kaizen in Developing Countries"

- Edited by Akio Hosono, John Page and Go Shimada (2020); GDN-JICA RI joint research -



Chapter 1: Overview

Akio Hosono, John Page, Go Shimada

Chapter 2: Industrial Policy, Firm Capabilities and Kaizen John Page

Chapter 3: Kaizen towards learning, transformation, and high-quality growth: insights from outstanding experiences

Akio Hosono

Chapter 4: Why is Kaizen Critical for Developing

Countries? – Kaizen as a Social Innovation in
the Era of Global Inequality

Go Shimada

Chapter 5: Kaizen promotion in Ethiopia Kimiaki Jin

Chapter 6: Kaizen Dissemination through the Government and Private Sector in Southeast Asia: Malaysia, Indonesia, and Myanmar Toru Homma

Chapter 7: Opportunities for Kaizen in Africa, Developing the Employability of African Youth through Kaizen

Momoko Suzuki, Eriko Sakamaki

Chapter 8: The Role of Kaizen in Participation in the Global Value Chain: The Case in Mexico

Keiji Katai

Chapter 9: Enhancing Learning through Continuous Improvement: Case Studies of the TPS in South Africa Keiji Ishigame

Chapter 10: Does Managemnt Matters? An Assessment of Kaizen in Brasil

Filipe Lage de Sousa, Mauricio Canêdo-Pinheiro, Bernardo Pereira Cabral,

Glaucia Estefânia de Sousa Ferreira

Chapter11: Kaizen for Small and Medium Sized Enterprises in Vietnam

> Vu Hoang Nam, Nguyen Thi Tuong Anh, Doan Quang Hung

Chapter 12: Management Practices and Performance Improvement in Manufacturing Enterprises: The Case in Ghana

Charles Godfred Ackah, Richmond Atta-Ankomah, Johnson Appiah Kubi

Chapter 13: Consequences of Kaizen practices in

MSMEs in the Philippines:

Nestor O. Raneses, Nelson G. Cainghog, Mili-Ann M. Tamayao, Kristine Mae C. Gotera

Open Access: https://www.palgrave.com/gp/book/9789811503634



"Given its wide range of case studies from across Africa, Asia and Latin America, the book showed evidence in both large and smaller firms that Kaizen resulted in productivity and quality improvements and in some cases, that it enabled firms to upgrade their position in global value chains."

