**Psycho-Education for Patients and Family Members** 

# Session 4: Alcohol and Recovery (2)

#### **Alcohol and Women**



 Compared with men, women develop alcohol-related disease more quickly and with less alcohol.

# **Alcohol and Pregnancy**

Babies born to mothers who drank during pregnancy may have mental retardation or other learning and behavioral problems.

# **Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorders**

- The most serious risk during pregnancy is fetal alcohol spectrum disorders (FASD).
- FASD is the leading known cause of mental retardation.

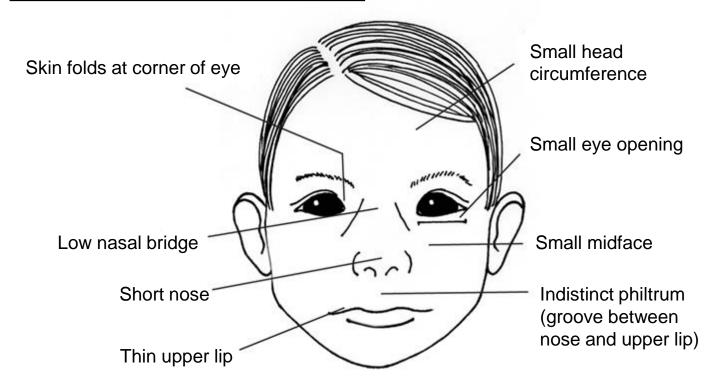
# **Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorders**

### Cognitive and Behavioral Impairments

 Behavioral and neurological problems associated with FASD may lead to poor academic performance and legal and employment difficulties in adolescence and adulthood.

# **Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorders**

#### **Craniofacial Features**



# **Questions**:

- Do you think it is a good idea to drink alcohol in recovery from drug dependence?
- Why do you think so?

#### **Total Abstinence**

- Patients in treatment of drug dependence are asked to stop using all illicit drugs and alcohol.
- People in recovery who drink alcohol are
  8 times more likely to relapse to stimulant use than those who don't drink.

# Other Reasons for Abstaining

- Drinking prevents people in recovery from directly confronting their stimulant use disorder.
- Drinking puts people in recovery at risk of becoming dependent on alcohol.

# **Question**:

- What are some triggers for alcohol in each category?
  - -People
  - Places and situations
  - -Materials
  - -Feelings

# **Alcohol Triggers Are Everywhere**

- Advertisements
- Movies
- TV shows

Friends and family who drink

Celebrations and holidays



# **Internal Triggers**

- Depression
- Anxiety
- Loneliness
- Stress
- Anger
- Guilt



# Relapse Risk Posed by Alcohol

Alcohol → Lowered inhibitions

Add a trigger, and the result may be

impulsive use of stimulants

# **Question**:

• What are possible ways that you can prepare to avoid drinking alcohol?

#### **Plan Not To Drink**

- Think about other ways of celebrating.
- Avoid being around others who are drinking.
- Think about other ways of spending time with friends.
- Make friends with others in recovery.
- Practice saying "no thank you."
- Avoid going to bars and parties.
- Talk to your family.

# Plan To Cope

- Attend 12-Step or self-help group meetings.
- Discuss your feelings in group.
- Practice relaxation techniques.
- Practice HALT (not becoming too Hungry, Angry, Lonely, or Tired).
- Remind yourself that uncomfortable feelings are normal and will pass.
- Obtain help from a therapist.