

KINGDOM OF CAMBODIA Nation- Religion- King

# **Economic Census of Cambodia 2011**

# Analysis of the Census Results Report No.3 Comparative Analysis by Scale



National Institute of Statistics, Ministry of Planning Phnom Penh, Cambodia

Supported by: Government of Japan and Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA)

February 2013

# Contents

	Page
Foreword	i
Composition of the National Census Committee	iii
Index Map	vii
Figures at a Glance	ix
Outline of the 2011 Economic Census of Cambodia	xi
Explanation of Terms	xvii
Definition of scale of establishments	xxvii
Abbreviation	xxix

Part 1: Summary of the Results	1
Chapter 1 Establishments	3
1-1 Number of establishments by scale and section of industrial classification	
1-2 Number of establishments by scale and nationality of owner	
1-3 Number of establishments by scale of establishments and sex of representative	
1-4 Number of establishments registered at Ministry or Agency by scale of establishments	
1-5 Ownership of establishments by scale of establishments	
1-6 Type of establishments by scale of establishments	
Figure 1. Percentage of establishments by scale of establishments	
Chapter 2 Business	15
2-1 Tenure of business place by scale of establishments	
2-2 Kind of business place by scale of establishments	
2-3 Area of business place by scale of establishments	
2-4 Year of starting business by scale of establishments	
2-5 Number of establishments by business hours	
Figure 2. Number of establishments by year of starting business by scale	
Chapter 3 Employment	25
3-1 Average number of persons engaged by scale of establishments	
3-2 Number of persons engaged by scale of establishments and nationality of owner	
3-3 Number of persons engaged by scale and ownership of establishments	
3-4 Number of persons engaged by scale of establishments and year of starting business	
3-5 Number of persons engaged by size of persons engaged	
Figure 3. Percentage of number of persons engaged by scale of establishments	
Figure 4. Percentage of number of establishments by year of starting business	
Figure 5. Percentage of number of persons engaged by year of starting business	

Figure 6. Number of persons engaged per establishments by year of starting business Figure 7. Number of persons engaged by section of industry 4-1 Number of establishments by province and scale of establishments 4-2 Number of persons engaged by province and scale of establishments 4-3 Average number of persons engaged per establishments 5-1 Number of establishments that keep Balance Sheet (B/S) and Income Statements (I/S) 5-2 Sales 5-3 Profit 5-4 Capital and assets Figure 8. Distribution of sales by scale of entities Figure 9. Distribution of profit by scale of entities Table 1.1.1 Number of establishments by scale and section of industrial classification (number) Table 1.1.2 Number of establishments by scale and section of industrial classification (share, %) Table 1.1.3 Number of establishments by scale and section of industrial classification (%) Table 1.2.1 Number of establishments by scale and nationality of owner (number) Table 1.2.2 Number of establishments by scale and nationality of owner (%) Table 1.3.1 Number of establishments by sex of representative (number) Table 1.3.2 Number of establishments by sex of representative (%) Table 1.4.1 Number of establishments registered and non-registered (number) Table 1.4.2 Number of establishments registered and non-registered (%) Table 1.4.3 Number of establishments registered by registered agencies (number) Table 1.4.4 Number of establishments registered by registered agencies (%) Table 1.5.1 Number of establishments by ownership and scale (number) Table 1.5.2 Number of establishments by ownership and scale (%) Table 1.6.1 Number of establishments by type of establishments (number) Table 1.6.2 Number of establishments by type of establishments (%) Table 2.1.1 Number of establishments by tenure of business place (number) Table 2.1.2 Number of establishments by tenure of business place (%)

Table 2.2.1 Establishments by kind of business place (number)

Table 2.2.2 Establishments by kind of business place (%)

Table 2.3.1 Establishments by area of business place (number)

- Table 2.3.2 Establishments by area of business place (%)
- Table 2.4.1 Establishments by year of starting business (number)
- Table 2.4.2 Establishments by year of starting business (%)
- Table 2.4.3 Opening rate of establishment by scale of establishments (%)
- Table 2.5.1 Establishments by operating time (number)
- Table 2.5.2 Establishments by operating time (composition, %)
- Table 2.5.3 Establishments by business hours (number)
- Table 2.5.4 Establishments by business hours (%)
- Table 3.1.1 Number of persons engaged
- Table 3.1.2 Persons engaged by sex (number)
- Table 3.1.3 Persons engaged by sex (%)
- Table 3.2.1 Persons engaged by nationality of owner (number)
- Table 3.2.2 Persons engaged by nationality of owner (%)
- Table 3.2.3 Average number of persons engaged by nationality of owner (number)
- Table 3.3.1 Persons engaged by ownership of establishments (number)
- Table 3.3.2 Persons engaged by ownership of establishments (%)
- Table 3.3.3 Persons engaged by ownership of establishments (%)
- Table 3.4.1 Persons engaged by year of starting business (number)
- Table 3.4.2 Persons engaged by year of starting business (%)
- Table 3.5.1 Persons engaged by size of persons engaged (number)
- Table 3.5.2 Persons engaged by size of persons engaged (%)
- Table 3.5.3 Persons engaged by section of industry (number)
- Table 3.5.4 Persons engaged by section of industry (%)
- Table 4.1.1 Number of establishments by province and scale (number)
- Table 4.1.2 Number of establishments by province and scale (%)
- Table 4.2.1 Persons engaged by province and scale (number)
- Table 4.2.2 Persons engaged by province and scale (%)
- Table 4.3.1 Average number of persons engaged per establishments by province and scale (number)
- Table 4.3.2 Average number of persons engaged per establishments by province and scale (times)
- Table 5.1.1 Entities that keep B/S and Income Statements (number)
- Table 5.1.2 Entities that keep B/S and Income Statements (%)
- Table 5.1.3 Number of entities and persons engaged of the entities that answered Q16 and Q21
- Table 5.2.1 Annual sales by scale of entities
- Table 5.2.2 Annual sales by scale of enterprises
- Table 5.2.3 Distribution of sales by scale of entities (number)
- Table 5.2.4 Distribution of sales by scale of entities (%)

- Table 5.3.1 Annual profit by scale of entities (USD)
- Table 5.3.2 Entities by size of profit (number)
- Table 5.3.3 Entities by size of profit (%)
- Table 5.3.4 Annual profit and loss of entities with B/S by industry and scale (USD)
- Table 5.3.5 Annual profit and loss of enterprises by scale (USD)
- Table 5.3.6 Profit rate of enterprises by scale (%)
- Table 5.3.7 Salaries and wages per person engaged of entities (USD)
- Table 5.3.8 Ratio of major costs to sales of enterprises
- Table 5.3.9 Number of enterprises that paid profit tax
- Table 5.3.10 Number of entities/enterprises that receive Subsidy/Grant
- Table 5.4.1 Enterprises by size of capital and scale (number)
- Table 5.4.2 Enterprises by sixe of capital and scale (%)
- Table 5.4.3 Number of enterprises by capital, assets and scale
- Table 5.4.4 Enterprises by size of assets and scale (number)
- Table 5.4.5 Enterprises by size of assets and scale (%)

Attachments......127

- 1. Formula used for calculating financial indicators
- 2. Form of Questionnaire

# FOREWORD

It is our great pleasure to officially release the analysis of the census results of the 2011 Economic Census of Cambodia (EC2011) which was conducted from 1 to 31 March 2011 with 1 March 2011 as the reference date, covering the entire territory of the Kingdom of Cambodia. Historically, it was the first Economic Census in Cambodia as a complete count of all establishments.

Under the legal basis of the Statistics Law, the EC2011 aims at compiling basic statistics on establishments and enterprises in the whole Cambodia's territory. The analysis of the census results provide information on the current situation of establishments in Cambodia and serve for various users such as policy makers, government officials at both national and local levels, international organizations, NGOs, private sectors, researchers, and development partners. The analysis of the census results will contribute to achieving the socio-economic development goals of the Royal Government in supporting evidence-based planning. I am sure that the public will be very much benefitted to use the EC2011 results to the full extent possible.

We express our deep sense of gratitude to the Royal Government of Cambodia led by **Samdech Akka Moha Sena Padei Techo HUN SEN**, Prime Minister of the Kingdom of Cambodia for his constant support to the statistical activities, especially to the EC2011 which enabled very successful completion of the census. Our thanks are due to the Ministry of Planning (MOP), the National Institute of Statistics (NIS) and line ministries such as the Ministry of Economy and Finance, the Ministry of Industry, Mines and Energy, the Ministry of Commerce, the Ministry of Interior and other relevant government ministries and institutions which facilitated our activities and led to the success of the EC2011.

I gratefully acknowledge funding and technical assistance provided by the Government of Japan and Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA). Our deep thanks are due to Mr. Fumihiko Nishi, Chief Adviser of the JICA Project on Improving Official Statistics in Cambodia, Mr. Akihiko Itoh, and other JICA experts of this project, who made all the best efforts in the complete success of the implementation of the EC2011.

We thank Governors of Phnom Penh Capital, provinces, and chiefs of districts as well as Chiefs of commune and village, who provided administrative facilitation for the implementation of the EC2011. The EC2011 was one of the greatest statistical exercises, and its successful completion was possible with the total help and cooperation received from one and all. The major share of the credit for the success of the EC2011 should go to the entrepreneurs of small, medium and large enterprises who paid busy and valuable time of their daily business to provide information to the EC2011 Forms.

Deep thanks are also given to enumerators, supervisors, and the staff of the NIS and the MOP who were devoted, hard work, and loyal. H.E. San Sy Than, Director General of the NIS ably led the EC2011 operations, being assisted by Mr. Khin Sovorlak, Deputy Director General, personnel associated with this report by Mr. Mich Kanthul, Director Department, Mr. Sam Sok Sotheavuth, Deputy Director, Mr. Teav Rongsa, Deputy Director, Mr. Hisatsugu Furukawa, Senior Consultant of Japan Economic Research Institute Inc. and other NIS staff.

This report on the organization and administration on the 2011 Economic Census keeps a comprehensive set of records and documents compiled for various procedures, and lessons learned, from the planning stage to the data processing stage of EC2011.

It is hoped that this report will be utilized as a useful reference document when understanding the results of the 2011 Economic Census and undertaking future economic censuses and surveys.

Ministry of Planning Phnom Penh February 2013

> **CHHAY THAN** Senior Minister Minister of Planning

# Composition of the National Census Committee for the 2011 Economic Census of Cambodia (NCC)

1. Minister of Planning	Chairman
2. Secretary of State, Ministry of Economy and Finance	Vice chairman
3. Secretary of State, Ministry of Interior	Vice chairman
4. Secretary of State, Ministry of Planning	Permanent
	vice chairman
5. Secretary of State, Council of Ministers	Member
6. Secretary of State, Ministry of Industry, Mines and Energy	Member
7. Secretary of State, Ministry of Commerce	Member
8. Secretary of State, Ministry of Education, Youth and Sports	Member
9. Secretary of State, Ministry of Health	Member
10. Secretary of State, Ministry of Labor and Vocational Training	Member
11. Secretary of State, Ministry of Land Management, Urbanization	Member
and Construction	
12. Secretary of State, Ministry of Post and Telecommunication	Member
13. Secretary of State, Ministry of Information	Member
14. Secretary of State, Ministry of Public Works and Transports	Member
15. Secretary of State, Ministry of Tourism	Member
16. Secretary of State, Ministry of Social Affairs, Veterans	Member
and Youth Rehabilitation	
17. Secretary of State, Ministry of Culture and Fine Arts	Member
18. Secretary of State, Ministry of Women's Affairs	Member
19. Secretary of State, Secretariat of Civil Aviation	Member
20. Secretary General, Council for Development of Cambodia	Member
21. Vice Governor, National Bank of Cambodia	Member
22. Director General, National Institute of Statistics,	Secretary
Ministry of Planning	

# **Composition of the Census Technical Committee for the 2011 Economic Census of Cambodia (CTC)**

1. Secretary of State, Ministry of Planning	Chairman
2. Under Secretary of State, Ministry of Planning	Vice chairman
3. Director General, NIS, Ministry of Planning Permanent	Member
4. Chief of Cabinet, Ministry of Planning	Member
5. Deputy Director General, Taxation Department,	Member
Ministry of Economy and Finance	
6. Director of Department, Ministry of Industry, Mines and Energy	Member
7. Director of Department, Ministry of Commerce	Member
8. Deputy Director General, Ministry of Tourism	Member
9. Director of Department, Cambodia Development Council	Member
10. Deputy Director General, NIS, Ministry of Planning	Member
11. Director, Economic Statistics Department, NIS	Secretary

# Composition of the Provincial Census Committee for the 2011 Economic Census of Cambodia (PCC)

1. Governor of Capital/Province	Chairman
2. Deputy Governor of Capital/Province	Vice-Chairman
3. Director of Planning Office of Capital/Province Permanent	Member
4. Director of Economy and Finance Office of Capital/Province	Member
5. Police Commissioner of Capital/Province	Member
6. Director of Industry, Mines and Energy Office of Capital/Province	Member
7. Director of Tourism Office of Capital/Province	Member
8. Director of Commerce Office of Capital/Province	Member
9. Director of Tax Office of Province	Member
10. Chief Cabinet of Capital/Provincial Hall	Member
11. One Representative from NIS	Member
12. Deputy Director of Capital/Provincial Planning Office,	Secretary
responsible for Statistics or Bureau Chief of Statistics	

# Composition of the National Steering Committee for Census Information and Education Campaign (NSC)

1. Secretary of State, Ministry of Planning	Chairman
2. Secretary of State, Ministry of Information	Vice Chairman
3. Director General, TVK	Vice Chairman
4. Director General, National Radio	Vice Chairman
5. Director General, Cambodian Press Agency	Vice Chairman
6. Director General, NIS, MoP	Permanent
	Member
7. Representative, Ministry of Interior	Member
8. Representative, Ministry of Economy and Finance	Member
9. Representative, Ministry of Commerce	Member
10 .Representative, Ministry of Industry, Mines, and Energy	Member
11. Representative, Ministry of Tourism	Member
12. Representative, Ministry of Education, Youth and Sports	Member
13. Representative, Ministry of Labor and Vocational Training	Member
14. Representative, Ministry of Social Affairs, Veteran and	Member
Youth Rehabilitation	
15. Representative of Ministry of Religions and Culture	Member
16. Representative of Ministry of Culture and Fine Arts	Member
17. Deputy Director General, NIS, MOP Secretary	

# Index Map : Provinces in Cambodia





---- Coast Line

Water Area

00 Provincial / Municipal Code

\* Codes and boundaries are as of 18 May 2011.

# **Figures at a Glance**

Number of Establishments by Scale: Total number of establishments		505,134
	Large	781
	M & S	10,809
	Micro	493,544
Number of Establishments Registered by Scale: Total		39,212
Large		744
	M & S	7,688
	Micro	30,780
Number of Establishments by Year of Starting B	Business:	

During 2000-2004	16.8%
During 2005-2010	58.3%

Number of Establishments by Business Hour and by Scale (share %):

	Total	Large	M&S	Micro
Less than 9 hours	15.9	2.2	9.5	16.1
9-12 hours	65.5	75.9	69.2	65.4
More than 13 hours	18.6	21.9	21.3	18.5

# Number of Establishments by Province and by Scale: Top 3 provinces (share %)

	Total	Large	M&S	Micro
Phnom Penh	19.0	59.8	35.1	18.6
Kampong Cham	11.1	4.4	8.0	11.2
Kandal	8.0	9.0	7.1	8.0

Number of Persons Engaged by Scale: Total		1,673,390
	Large	451,739
	M & S	245,671
	Micro	975,980

Number of Persons Engaged by Nation	ality of Ov	vner and by	Scale:			
Camb	odian	Large	M&S	M&S		Micro
1,381	,254	193,295	224,7	792	9	963,167
Foreig	gner	Large	M&S	5	N	Micro
292,1	36	258,444	20,8	79	1	2,813
Average Number of Persons Engaged p	er Establis	hments: Tot	al		3.3	3
		La	arge		57	8.4
		Μ	[ & S		22	.7
		Μ	licro		2.0	)
Number of Entities that keep B/S and I/	S: Total	l			92	0
	Larg	e			31	6
	M &	S			43	1
	Micr	0			17	3
Annual Sales per Entities by Scale (US	D): Total	l			25	,548
	Larg	e			8,7	786,657
	М &	S			18	0,596
	Micr	ю			11	,884
Annual Profit per Entities by Scale (US	D): Total	l			3,4	424
	Larg	e			35	1,600
	М &	S			25	,083
	Micr	ю			2,5	599
Profit Rate of Enterprises by Scale (%):	, ,					
	Total	l La	arge	M&S		Micro
Operating profit to sales ratio	26.6	26	5.7	26.7		7.6
Profit after tax to sales ratio	1.6	0.	6	8.8		-19.6
Salaries and Wages of Enterprises by So	cale (USD)	):				
	Total	l La	arge	M&S		Micro
Per enterprises	381,4	435 1,	112,800	85,138		10,751
Per person engaged	1,35	5 1,	289	2,420		1,701

# Number of Persons Engaged by Nationality of Owner and by Scale:

# **Outline of the 2011 Economic Census of Cambodia**

# 1. Purpose of the Census

The Census aimed:

a) to provide the fundamental statistics on the current status of the business activities of the establishments and enterprises including the financial aspects, which central and local governments require for profiling the nation, policy-making, calculating national accounts etc., and which academic researchers and other users need for their own study,

b) to provide the directories of establishments and enterprises as the master sampling frame of various sample surveys on businesses.

# 2. Reference date of the Census

The Census was taken as of 1<sup>st</sup> March 2011.

# 3. Period of the Census enumeration

The census enumeration was conducted within one month period from 1<sup>st</sup> March to 31 March 2011.

# 4. Legal basis of the Census

The Census was taken on the basis of the following legislation:

a) Statistics Law, Article 6 and 7

b) Sub-Decree on 2011 Establishment Census of the Kingdom of Cambodia

#### 5. Coverage of the Census

The Census covered all establishments which existed at the reference date in the territory of the Kingdom of Cambodia.

The following establishments, however, were excluded:

- a) Establishments classified into "Section A, Agriculture, forestry and fishing" specified in the United Nations International Standard Industrial Classification of Economic Activities, Revision 4 (hereinafter, quoted as the ISIC);
- b) Establishments classified into "Section O, Public administration and defense; compulsory social security" specified in the ISIC;
- c) Establishments classified into "Section T, Activities of households as employers; undifferentiated goods-and services-producing activities of households for own use" specified in the ISIC;
- d) Establishments classified into "Section U, Activities of extraterritorial organizations and bodies" specified in the ISIC.

# 6. Enumeration unit

The establishment as an enumeration unit for the Census is defined as follows, according to UN definition:

The establishment can be defined as an economic unit that engages, under a single ownership or control - that is, under a single legal entity - in one, or predominantly one, kind of economic activity at a single physical location – for example, a mine, factory or workshop.

# 7. Organization

- 1) Chain of Command
  - [Administrative line]

Director General of the National Institute of Statistics, the Ministry of Planning (Director General of GECC)  $\rightarrow$ Senior Census Officer  $\rightarrow$  Provincial Director (Provincial Census Officer)  $\rightarrow$  District Chief (District Census Officer)  $\rightarrow$  Commune Chief (Commune Census Officer)

[Census Line]

Director General of the National Institute of Statistics, the Ministry of Planning (Director General of GECC)  $\rightarrow$ Senior Census Officers (6 persons)  $\rightarrow$ Regional Officers (24 persons)  $\rightarrow$ Assistant Regional Officers (84 persons)  $\rightarrow$  Supervisors (484 persons)  $\rightarrow$  Enumerators (4,030 persons)

2) ROs and AROs

RO (Regional Officer) and ARO (Assistant Regional Officer), which were appointed from among the staff of the NIS, were allocated to each province.

- 3) Main Duties of ROs and AROs
- a) coordinating Census work with NIS and Provincial government;
- b) ensuring exact implementation of training sessions held in every stage;
- c) guiding or assisting Provincial Directors, District and Commune Census Officers regarding implementation of the Census.

# 8. Method of the Census enumeration

- 1) The Census enumeration was carried out through a method in which an enumerator visited each establishment within a certain enumeration area, interviewed the owner or manager of the establishment or his/her substitute who was entitled to represent the establishment, and filled in the Census Form.
- 2) In addition to this, a self-enumeration method was applied to the establishment, which requested to fill in the form by themselves.
- 3) In case that the enumeration did not finish due to reasons of establishments until 20<sup>th</sup> March 2011, "Special Survey Team" carried out the enumeration.

# 9. Enumerator

4,030 enumerators were employed temporarily for the Census. Each enumerator was assigned to one or two more villages, or one enumeration area which had been demarcated to accomplish their duties which were described in Enumerator's Manual.

# 10. Supervisor

484 supervisors were employed temporarily for the Census. Each supervisor was assigned several enumerators to accomplish their duties which were described in Supervisor's Manual.

# 11. Training of local staff, supervisors and enumerators

- 1) The training of provincial staff was done twice in the NIS: the first one was for two days on 14 and 15 December 2010; the second one was for five days from 17 to 21 January 2011.
- 2) The training of district and commune chiefs was done for a half day on 18 or 25 February 2011 in each province.
- 3) The training of supervisors and enumerators was done for five days between 14 and 25 February 2011 in each province.
- 4) Core Staff of NIS and the trainers of trainees (hereinafter, it refer to as TOT), which were assigned from among the staff of NIS were charged with the training of the above-mentioned seminars.
- 5) TOTs carried out the duties as ROs and AROs at the stage of the Census-conducting.

# 12. Submission of documents to the superior organizations

- 1) The enumerators submitted the documents including the Census Forms which were scrutinized completely to their supervisors by 1<sup>st</sup> April 2011.
- 2) Finally, the Provincial Census Officers submitted the documents to NIS Census officer by the prescribed date of April 2011 after checking them.

# 13. Topics Studied

- 1) Name of establishment, Address of establishment and Telephone number of establishment, Contact person
- 2) Sex of representative of establishment and Nationality of owner of establishment
- 3) Registration at Ministry of Commerce or Provincial Department of Commerce
- 4) Names of ministries or agencies which have issued a license or an approval for operating the businesses
- 5) Ownership of establishment (Legal status)
- 6) Single unit, head or branch office

- 7) Tenure, Kind and Area of business place
- 8) Business hours
- 9) Year of starting the business
- 10) Number of persons engaged by sex, employment status and nationality during one week before 1<sup>st</sup> March 2011
- 11) Kind of main business activities (Industrial classification)

[Topics 12) to 14) relate with the following establishments only.]

Response of the topic 6) is Head office.

- 12) Number of branch offices
- 13) Total number of entire regular employees at the end of December 2010
- 14) Kind of main and second main business activities as the entire enterprise

[Topics 15) to 21) relate with the following establishments only.]

Response of the topic 6) is Single unit or Head office.

- 15) Does this establishment or this enterprise keep Balance Sheet or Income Statement? [In the following case: Establishments whose response to the topic 15) is "No"]
- 16) Total amount of sales, operating expenses, and employee's salaries and wages per day or per month, and number of working days in February 2011 or past recent month *[In the following case: Establishments whose response to the topic 15] is "Yes"]*
- 17) Total amount of assets at the end of December 2010
- 18) Total amount of equity held at the end of December 2010
- 19) Total amount of non-current liabilities at the end of December 2010
- 20) Total amount of current liabilities at the end of December 2010
- 21) Total amount of revenues and expenses during 2010, under "Accrual basis accounting" which records revenues and related expenses during 2010.

# 14. Tabulation and Data Processing

1) Preliminary Results

The data of the Establishment Lists and Summary Sheets were checked and tapped in the computer in NIS, and were tabulated as the Preliminary Results.

- 2) Final Results
- a) Manual editing and coding work was done at NIS by province one after the other immediately after NIS received the Census Forms and related documents and kept them systematically in the storage in NIS building.
- b) Data entry was done manually at NIS by province one after the other followed by computer editing, and clean data were produced.
- 3) Analysis of the Results

The results were analyzed from various viewpoints.

4) Census Atlas

Statistical maps for the whole country and for each province were drawn.

5) Directory of Establishments

An ACCESS database containing establishments, entities, administrative area codes, etc. was constructed as the sampling frame for various economic sample surveys, and for other various uses.

# **15. Dissemination**

The results of the Census were released through various media such as publications, CD, Internet on the following schedule.

1) Preliminary results were released on 8 August 2011

2) Final Results were released in March 2012

3) National and Provincial Profiles will be released in March 2013

4) Results of analysis will be released in March 2013

5) Census Atlas was published in November 2012

6) Use of Directory of Establishments will be released in March 2013.

# **16. Statistical Tables Produced**

The following statistics were produced by national, province, district, commune and village:

1) Distributional statistics cross-tabulated for various topics

2) Average number of persons engaged per establishment, average amount of sales, expenses etc. per entity or enterprise classified for selected topics.

# 17. Safekeeping of the Census Forms and Other Related Documents

The Census Forms and other related documents were kept in an appropriate way at every stage of enumerators, supervisors, local government offices and NIS so that the Statistics Law, Article 22 may not be violated.

## 18. Mapping

Village Boundary Maps were drawn on the basis of Village Maps of 2008 Population Census in order to instruct enumeration areas to enumerators. Villages with a large number of establishments were divided into Enumeration Areas. The Enumeration Area Maps were drawn in order to instruct enumeration area to enumerators.

# **19. Pretest and Pilot Surveys**

# 1) Pretest

a) A pretest was carried out in around 15 Villages in Phnom Penh City as of 15 December

2009 for two weeks.

b) The pretest aimed to test form-designing, enumeration methods, instructions to be included in the enumerators' manual and so on, and the results were utilized for making appropriate plans for the 2011 Economic Census.

# 2) Pilot Survey

- a) A survey was carried out as of 1<sup>st</sup> March 2010 (one year before the Census date) during one month of March 2010 in around 200 Villages/Enumeration Areas selected based on sampling theory from among all provinces.
- b) In addition to this, all large-scaled establishments with 100 persons engaged and more were enumerated.
- c) The Pilot Survey aimed:
  - (a) to test the final draft of the Census Form and other documents;
  - (b) to test work procedures of every stage of enumerators, supervisors, local government offices and NIS;
  - (c) to test tabulation methods to be adopted, and
  - (d) to gain statistical data on large-scaled enterprises and others.
- d) The results were released in October 2010.

# 20. Post-census stage Work

- 1) A Post Enumeration Survey was carried out in July 2011 in 60 Villages/Enumeration Areas based on sampling theory in order to analyze coverage errors and content errors of the Census.
- 2) The Cambodia Inter-censal Economic Survey (CIES) is planned to be carried out in March 2014 on the basis of the Directory of Establishments constructed from the Census data in order to provide updated statistics on economic activities of establishments and enterprises of the country, and to maintain capability of conducting economic censuses and surveys.

# **Explanation of Terms**

Numbers in parentheses are those of related questions in the Census Form.

## Establishment

An establishment refers to a unit of the place where economic activities are performed and fulfill the following conditions in principle:

(1) An establishment is a unit of place which occupies a certain space (1 plot) and in which economic activities are performed under a single management.

(2) An establishment has (a) person(s) engaged and equipment, and produces and/or sells goods, or provides services on a continuous basis.

#### Entity

An entity is a generic name to express a single unit establishment (**Single unit Entity**) or a group of establishments which consists of a head office in Cambodia and its branch offices within or outside Cambodia (**Multi-unit Entity**).

## Enterprise

An enterprise is a single unit establishment or a group of establishments whose Ownership of Establishment (Legal Status; Q5) is one of the following categories:

3. General Partnership, 4. Limited Partnership, 5. Private Limited Company, 6. Public Limited Company or 7. Subsidiary of a Foreign Company.

Single unit Enterprise and Multi-unit Enterprise are defined in a similar way as for the entity.

#### Sex of Representative of Establishment (Q3-1)

A person who actually manages its activities; not always its owner.

#### Nationality of Owner of Establishment (Q3-2)

The owner of an establishment is a person who owns it.

In case of joint ownership, the nationality of the largest shareholder prevails; in case of equal shares between a Cambodian and a foreigner, the nationality is set to be Cambodian.

# Whether Registered or not at Ministry of Commerce or Provincial Department of Commerce (Q4-1): Self-explanatory; based on the Law on Commercial Rules and Register.

# Ministries or Agencies regarding Official License or Approval for the Business Operation of this Establishment (Q4-2): Self-explanatory

#### **Ownership of Establishment (Legal Status; Q5)**

#### **1. Individual proprietor (with no registration)**

This refers to individual proprietors other than "Sole proprietor" shown below.

# 2. Sole Proprietor (with registration)

This refers to an individual proprietor who has been registered at the Ministry of Commerce or Provincial Departments of Commerce in accordance with the Law on Taxation (or the Law on Commercial Rules and Register).

#### **3.** General Partnership

This refers to an economic organization which is operated under a contract between two or more persons to combine their property, knowledge or activities in common to carry on business with a view to pursue profits as prescribed in Article 8 of the Law on Commercial Enterprise.

# 4. Limited Partnership

This refers to an economic organization which is operated under a contract between one or more general partners who are authorized to administer and bind the partnership, as well as one or more limited partners who are bound to contribute capital to the partnership as prescribed in Article 64 of the Law on Commercial Enterprise.

#### **5. Private Limited Company**

This is a form of a limited company that meets basically the following requirements as prescribed in Article 85 of the Law on Commercial Enterprise:

a. The company has 2 to 30 shareholders. However, one person may form a company called a single member private limited company.

b. The company may not offer its shares or other securities to the public generally, but may offer them to shareholders, family members and managers.

#### 6. Public Limited Company

This is a form of a limited company that is authorized to issue securities to the public by the Law on Commercial Enterprise as prescribed in Article 87.

#### 7. Subsidiary of a Foreign Company

a. This is a company that is incorporated by a foreign company in the Kingdom of Cambodia with at least fifty-one (51) percent of its capital held by the foreign company.

b. In addition, a subsidiary of a foreign company may be incorporated in the form of partnership or limited company.

c. A subsidiary has a legal personality separate from its principal from the date of registration pursuant to the law on Commercial rules and Register.

d. A subsidiary may regularly carry on business in the same way as local companies except for any acts that are prohibited for natural or legal foreign persons.

e. These are prescribed in Articles 283 and 286 of the Law on Commercial Enterprise.

## 8. Branch of a Foreign Company

a. This is a branch office of a foreign company. The name should consist of the name of the company and "Branch".

b. The branch may perform not only the following activities but also regularly buy, sell or provide goods and services and engage in manufacturing, processing and construction in the same way as local companies except for those prohibited for natural or legal foreign persons as prescribed in Articles 278 and 282 of the Law on Commercial Enterprise.

a) Contact customers for the purpose of introducing customers to its principals; b) Research

commercial information and provide the information to its principal office; c) Conduct market research; d) Market goods at trade fairs, and exhibit samples and goods in its office or at trade fairs, etc.; e) Purchase and keep a quantity of goods for the purpose of trade fairs; f) Rent an office and employ local staff; g) Enter into contracts with local customers on behalf of its principal.

### 9. Commercial Representative Office of a Foreign Company

a. This category includes "Commercial relations offices" of foreign companies.

b. The name should consist of the name of the foreign company and such a term as "Commercial Representative Office" or "Commercial Relations Office".

c. This office performs the following activities in the Kingdom of Cambodia, but may not regularly buy. sell or provide goods or services, or engage in manufacturing, processing or construction as prescribed Articles 274 and 277 of the Law on Commercial Enterprise:

a) Contact customers for the purpose of introducing customers to its principal; b) Research commercial information and provide the information to its principal office; c) Conduct market research; d) Market goods at trade fairs, and exhibit samples and goods in its office or at trade fairs, etc.; e) Purchase and keep a quantity of goods for the purpose of trade fairs; f) Rent an office and employ local staff; g) Enter into contracts with local customers on behalf of its principal.

# **10.** Cooperative

This is a non-profit making business organization owned and operated by a group of individuals for their mutual benefit. It may also be defined as a business owned and controlled equally by the people who use its services or who work for it.

#### 11. State-owned Organization

(1) Public corporation owned and operated by the central government including

financial institutions like the National Bank of Cambodia and all other State-controlled institutions such as CAMINTEL, Cambodian Pharmaceutical Company, Electricite du Cambodge, State rubber plantations, State construction enterprises, State fishery enterprises, State printing house, State utilities, State courier and mail enterprises, national hospitals, national schools, etc.

(2) Such organizations as autonomy-owned organizations or local government-owned organizations whose fund is shared by the state are included in this category.

(3)Public corporations such as provincial hospitals, district schools and so on which are owned and operated by local governments.

# 12. NGO (Non-governmental Organization)

This is a non-profit making business organization other than "10. Cooperative", "11. State-owned organizations".

This category includes all Cambodian and foreign NGOs providing goods and services free or at a nominal fee that are not controlled and financed by the government. Also included are trade unions, professional associations, political parties, charities, pagodas and other religious institutions, and aid organizations financed by voluntary transfer.

# 13. Others

# Whether Single unit, Head or Branch office (Q6)

# 1. Single unit

This refers to a single establishment which has no head office or branch office under the same management in different places.

# 2. Head office

This refers to an establishment which controls all branch offices under the same management in other places.

# 3. Branch office

This refers to an establishment under supervision of the head office located in a different place.

# **Tenure of Business Place (Q7-1)**

In accordance with the situation in which the establishment owns, rents or uses the business place with approval from an authority or another organization etc.

# Kind of Business Place (Q7-2)

# 1. Street business

An establishment such as a stall, a booth etc. that runs at a fixed location on the sidewalk or the roadside, or around but outside a market.

# 2. Home business

An establishment that runs in a part of the residence where the owner resides actually.

# **3. Business in apartment building**

An establishment that runs in a part of an apartment building, but the business place and the owner's residence are separate.

# 4. Business in traditional market

An establishment that runs in a corner or a block inside a so-called market, regardless of having an approval or a license from the superintendent of the market.

# 5. Business in modern shopping mall

A business that runs in a shopping mall of high-rise building where a number of establishments are operating

# 6. Business that is occupying exclusively one block or one building

A factory, a bank, a hospital, a school, a pagoda etc. occupying a block or a building.

# 7. Others

Shops, restaurants, massage rooms etc. under separate management in a premise or building of a hotel, factory or university etc.

# Area of Business Place (Q7-3): Self-explanatory

#### **Business Hours (Q8-1, 2)**

This refers to the time when the business is opened and closed daily.

#### **Type of Business Hours**

- 1. Morning operation from 0am to 12am:
  - Is opened and closed between 0am to 12am; no matter how short the duration is
- 2. Afternoon operation from 0pm to 6pm:

Is opened and closed between 0pm to 6pm; no matter how short the duration is

- 3. Full day operation from 2am to 12pm: Is opened between 2am and noon, and closed between noon and 12pm; should be 8 hours or longer
- 4. Evening operation from 2pm to 12pm: Is opened between 2pm and 12pm, and closed between 6pm and 12pm; no matter how short the duration is
- 5. Night operation from 3pm to 3am: Is opened between 3pm and 12pm and closed between 0am and 3am; no matter how short the duration is
- 6. 24-hour operation: Is open 24 hours; never closed
- 7. Others

Year of Starting the Business (Q-9): Self-explanatory

# Number of Persons Engaged (Q10)

Number of persons engaged in the establishment during one week before 1st March 2012. If the number changes daily, the average was taken.

Included are all the persons who are hired by this establishment and earn salaries or wages even if dispatched to other establishments.

Excluded are those persons who are dispatched from other establishments to work in this establishment. In case of a head office, persons engaged in branch offices are excluded.

Individual proprietors or sole proprietors themselves are counted as persons engaged, but chairmen or executives who are in a position of employing the workers are excluded.

#### (1) Self-employed Proprietors (Individual Proprietors) or Sole Proprietors (Q10-A1)

The individual proprietor or sole proprietor, and the chief or director etc. who actually manages and owns the establishment concerned.

#### (2) Unpaid Family Workers (Q10-A2)

This refers to a person who is a family member of the owner and helps the business of the establishment under no payment contract.

#### (3) Regular Employees (Q10-A3)

This refers to those who are employed on a continuous basis with more than one month period.

#### (4) Other Employees than Regular Employees (Q10-A4) : Self-explanatory

#### (5) Voluntarily-engaged Persons (Q10-B)

This refers to persons engaged voluntarily in the establishment without any employment contract, and without any reward for work such as wage or salary. They include monks, clergymen, nuns, sisters and so on. They may receive a reward or a gratuity. **Number of Entire Persons Engaged**: (Q10-A1+Q10-A2+Q10-A4) in the head office plus Q13 which is the number of the entire regular employees.

**Number of Entire Employees**: Q10-A4 in the head office plus Q13 which is the number of the entire regular employees.

#### Kind of Main Business Activities (Q11)

In case of plural activities, it is the main activity in terms of value added or manpower inputted. In case of Head office, activities of its branch offices are not taken into account.

# Number of Branch Offices (Q12)

Total number of branch offices that the head office supervises.

Warehouses or dormitories where the employees of the entity are stationed are included.

#### Number of Entire Regular Employees (Q13)

Total number of regular employees who are engaged both in the head office and in the branch office(s) at the end of December of 2010.

#### Kind of Main Business Activities of the Entire Entity (Q14-1)

In case of plural activities, it is the main activity in terms of value added or manpower inputted.

#### Kind of Second Main Business Activities of the Entire Entity (Q14-2)

The second main activity is determined in terms of the second largest value added or the second largest manpower inputted.

#### Whether or not Keeping Balance Sheet or Income Statement (Q15): Self-Explanatory

The information is obtained from single unit establishments (single unit entities) and head offices of multi-unit entities.

#### Number of Working Days in February 2011 (Q16-3)

Number of days the establishment opens for its business in February 2011.

The information is obtained from entities not having Balance Sheet or Income Statement.

#### Annual Sales, Expenses, and Profit and Loss (Q16 and 21)

The information is obtained from single unit establishments (single unit entities) and head offices of multi-unit entities.

#### Annual Sales (Q16 and 21)

(1) For entities having Balance Sheet or Income Statement:

The amount is for 2010, and is the sum of operating revenues (Q21-1) and other revenues (Q21-3) in the Census Form.

(2) For entities not having Balance Sheet or Income Statement:

The amount is estimated from a daily or monthly figure in February 2011, that is, the month preceding the Census month immediately, or the most recent month. The estimation method is multiplying the daily figure by 365 days or the monthly figure by 12 months, depending on the

response to the Census Form. The daily figure is the response answered as "per day" in Q16-1 (sales), while the monthly figure is the one answered as "per month".

#### Annual Expenses (Q16 and 21)

(1) For entities having Balance Sheet or Income Statement:

The amount is for 2010, and is the sum of operating costs (Q21-2), operating expenses (Q21-4), interest expenses paid to residents (Q21-5), interest expenses paid to non-residents (Q21-6), and profit tax (Q21-7) in the Census Form.

(2) For entities not having Balance Sheet or Income Statement:

The amount is estimated from a daily or monthly figure in February 2011, that is, the month preceding the Census month immediately, or the most recent month. The estimation method is multiplying the daily figure by 365 days or the monthly figure by 12 months depending on the response to the Census Form. The daily figure is the response answered as "per day" in Q16-2 (expenses), while the monthly figure is the one answered as "per month".

#### Annual Employee's Salaries and Wages (Q16 and 21)

(1) For entities having Balance Sheet or Income Statement:

The amount is for 2010, and is the response to Q21-4-1(employee's salaries and wages) in the Census Form.

However, Q21-4-1 excludes salaries and wages for managers and workers in the production section. Those salaries and wages are included in Q21-2-1.

(2) For entities not having Balance Sheet or Income Statement: The above description for "Annual Expenses" applies with Q16-2 (expenses) being replaced with Q16-2-1(employee's salaries and wages).

# **Annual Profit and Loss**

Annual Profit and Loss = Annual Sales - Annual Expenses

# **Ratio of Labor Costs to Sales**

Ratio of Labor Cost = Annual Salaries and Wages / Annual Sales  $\times$  100;

#### **Gross Margin**

The gross margin is the difference between operating revenue (Q21-1) and operating costs (Q21-2).

#### Non-current Assets (Fixed Assets; Q17-1)

Total amount of the following items at the end of December 2010:

1) Freehold land, 2) Improvement and preparation of land, 3) Freehold building, 4) Freehold building on leasehold land, 5) Non-current assets in progress, 6) Plants and equipment, 7) Goodwill, 8) Preliminary formation expenses, 9) Leasehold assets and lease premiums, 10) Investment in other enterprises, 11) Other fixed assets.

#### Current Assets (Q17-2)

Sum of sock of raw materials and supplies, goods in storage for sale, stock of finished goods, and products in progress, plus the following items at the end of December 2010:

1) Trade debtors accounts receivable, 2) Other accounts receivable, 3) Prepaid expenses, 4) Cash on hand and at bank, 5) Prepayment of profit tax credit,6) Value added tax credit, 7) Other taxes credit, 8) Other current assets, 9) Differences arising from exchanging currency

#### Equity (Q18)

Total amount of the following items held at the end of December 2010:

 Capital/share capital, 2) Share premium, 3)Legal capital reserved, 4)Reserves revaluation surplus of assets, 5) Other reserved capital, 6) Profit and loss brought forward, and 7) that for the period

#### **Non-current Liabilities (Q19)**

Total amount of the following items at the end of December 2010:

1) Loan from related parties, 2) Loan from banks and other external parties, 3) Provision for charges and contingencies, 4) Other long-term liabilities.

#### **Current Liabilities (Q20)**

Total amount of the following items at the end of December 2010:

1) Bank overdraft, 2) Short-term borrowing-current portion of interest bearing borrowing, 3) Account payable to related parties, 4) Other accounts payable, 5) Unearned revenue, accrual and other current liabilities, 6) Provision for charges and contingencies, 7) Profit tax payable, 8) Other taxes payable, 9) Differences arising from currency exchange in liabilities.

# Revenues and Expenses in a year 2010 under "Accrual basis accounting" (Q21)

#### **Operating Revenues (Q21-1):**

1) Sales of manufactured products, 2) Sales of goods, 3) Sales/provision of services.

**Operating Costs (Q21-2)**: 1) Costs of products sold of production enterprises, 2) Costs of goods sold of non-production enterprises, 3) Costs of services provided.

**Other Revenues (Q21-3)**: 1) Subsidy/grant, 2) Dividend received or receivable, 3) Interest received or receivable, 4) Royalty received or receivable, 5) Rental received or receivable, 6) Gain from disposal of fixed assets (capital gained), 7) Gain from disposal of securities, 8) Share of profit from joint venture, 9) Realized exchange gain, 10) Unrealized exchange gain, 11) Other revenues.

**Operating Expenses (Q21-4)**: 1) Salaries and wages, 2) Fuel, gas, electricity and water expenses, 3) Travelling and accommodation expenses, 4) Transportation expenses, 5) Rents, 6) Repair and maintenance expenses, 7) Entertainment expenses, 8) Commission, advertising, and selling expenses, 9) Other tax expenses, 10) Donation expenses, 11) Management, consultant, other technical, and other similar services expenses, 12) Royalty expenses, 13) Bad debts written off expenses, 14) Amortization/depletion and depreciation expenses, 15) Increase/decrease in provisions, 16) Loss on disposal of fixed assets, 17) Realized exchange loss, 18) Unrealized exchange loss, 19) Other expenses.

Expenses incurred in the production section are not included in the above listed items if any, but included in Q21-2-1.

**Interest Expenses paid to residents** (Q21-5) : Self-Explanatory

### Interest Expenses paid to non-residents (Q21-6) : Self-Explanatory

Profit Tax (Q21-7) : Self-Explanatory

#### Industrial classification of establishments/entities (Q11/Q14)

The main industry of an establishment is determined based on the kind of its main business activities. Basically, the industrial classification is based on United Nations ISIC Rev.4 (International Standard Industrial Classification, Revision 4).

The main industry of an entity is determined based on the kind of its main economic activities basically according to ISIC Rev.4.

The second main industry of an entity is determined based on the kind of its second main economic activities basically according to ISIC Rev.4.

# **Definition of scale of establishments**

The definition of scale is in principle following the Cambodian Government criteria stated below. According to the SME Development Framework prepared by the SME Sub-committee of Cambodian government, for statistical purposes and policy development and implementation, the definition shall be based on full time employees and for other purposes where the number of full time employees is not appropriate total assets excluding land shall be used.

(Source:"Small and Medium Enterprise Development Framework", July 29, 2005, p13 Sentence 58 and 59)

Note: Definition for SMEs in brief		
Statistical Definition:	(cf. Financial Definition for Assets	
Employee number	excluding land, in USD)	
10 and less	(Less than 50,000)	
11 - 50	(50,000 - 250,000)	
51 - 100	(250,000 - 500,000)	
Over 100	(Over 500,000)	
	Statistical Definition: Employee number 10 and less 11 – 50 51 – 100	

(Source: ADB and RGC's Sub-committee on SME Secretariat, 2005 and 2007)

The Analysis of the Report 3 and 4 are made in line with the Statistical Definition mentioned above unless otherwise defined although the size of establishments in EC2011 is not the size of Number of Employees but the size of Number of Persons Engaged.

# Abbreviations:

ADB	Asian Development Bank
B/S	Balance sheet
CDC	Council for Development of Cambodia
Dept.	Department
DOC	Department of Commerce
EC2011	Economic Census Survey 2011
FDI	Foreign direct investment
GDP	Gross Domestic Products
I/S	Income statement
ISIC	International Standard for Industrial Classification
M & S	Medium and Small
MOC	Ministry of Commerce
MOI	Ministry of Investment
NGO	Non Government Organization
o/w	of which
Rev. 4	Revised version 4
RGC	Royal Government Council
ROA	Return on assets
ROE	Return on equity
SME	small and medium enterprises
SOO	State-owned organization
US	United States (of America)
USD	United States dollar
## Part 1:

# Summary of the Results

#### **Chapter 1 Establishments**

#### 1-1 Number of establishments by scale and section of industrial classification

The results of 2011 Economic Census show that there are in total 505,134 establishments including entities and branches in the whole kingdom. Majority of establishments are Micro, the number of which is 493,544 establishments and the share in percentages is 97.7 % of total establishments. By scale of industry, Micro is 493,544 establishments with a share of 97.7%.

Among Micro, Wholesale and retail trade, repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles is the largest with 291,062 establishments and57.6% share, followed by Manufacturing with 69,594 establishments and 14.1 % share, and Accommodation and food service activities with 67,575 establishments and 13.7 % share.

Among Large, Manufacturing sector is largest with 410 establishments and or more than half of the share as accounting for 52.5 % share, followed by Education with 101 establishments and 12.9 % share. It is noticed that among Medium & Small, Education sector is the largest with 3,400 establishments and 31.5 % share.

Among Medium & Small, second largest section of industry is Accommodation and food service activitieswith2,038 establishments and 18.9 % share, and Manufacturing is the third with 1,412 establishments and 13.1 % share.

(Note)							
1. "Establishments	1. "Establishments" include entities (single units and head offices) including such organizations						
as NGOs that suppl	financial data to this Census survey, and branches.						
Total number of est	lishments and entities are as follows:						
Number of Establis	nents 505,134 (Entities + Branches)						
- Number of Entitie	496,355						
o/w, Sing	Jnit 495,969						
Head	ffice 386						
- Number of Branc	- Number of Branches 8,779						
2. Establishments which belong to Section A, O, T and U of ISIC Rev.4 were not surveyed.							

Figure 1. Percentage of establishments by scale of establishments



	Section of ISIC Rev.4	Total	Large	Medium & small	Micro
Nui	nber of establishments: Total	505,134	781	10,809	493,544
В	Mining and quarrying	179	1	50	128
С	Manufacturing	71,416	410	1,412	69,594
D	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	4,607	8	126	4,473
E	Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	461	4	40	417
F	Construction	188	3	40	145
G	Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	292,350	19	1,269	291,062
Η	Transportation and storage	1,557	12	168	1,377
Ι	Accommodation and food service activities	69,662	49	2,038	67,575
J	Information and communication	4,711	20	132	4,559
K	Financial and insurance activities	3,584	27	562	2,995
L	Real estate activities	120	0	31	89
Μ	Professional, scientific and technical activities	957	1	62	894
N	Administrative and support service activities	6,023	22	267	5,734
Р	Education	9,874	101	3,400	6,373
Q	Human health and social work activities	4,885	34	433	4,418
R	Arts, entertainment and recreation	1,780	51	236	1,493
$\mathbf{S}$	Other service activities	32,780	19	543	32,218

Table 1.1-1 Number of establishments by scale and section of industrial classification (number)

	Section of ISIC Rev.4	Total	Large	Medium & small	Micro
Sha	re	100.0	0.2	2.1	97.7
В	Mining and quarrying	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
С	Manufacturing	14.1	0.1	0.3	13.8
D	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.9
Е	Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1
F	Construction	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
G	Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	57.9	0.0	0.3	57.6
Н	Transportation and storage	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.3
Ι	Accommodation and food service activities	13.8	0.0	0.4	13.4
J	Information and communication	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.9
K	Financial and insurance activities	0.7	0.0	0.1	0.6
L	Real estate activities	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
М	Professional, scientific and technical activities	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2
N	Administrative and support service activities	1.2	0.0	0.1	1.1
Р	Education	2.0	0.0	0.7	1.3
Q	Human health and social work activities	1.0	0.0	0.1	0.9
R	Arts, entertainment and recreation	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.3
S	Other service activities	6.5	0.0	0.1	6.4

Table 1.1-2 Number of establishments by scale and section of industrial classification (%)

#### 1-2 Number of establishments by scale and nationality of owner

98.9 % of establishments are owned by Cambodian. However, by scale of establishments, as for the Large establishments, 41.9% is owned by foreigners among whom Chinese has the largest share of 27.4 %.

	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
			Small	
Total number	505,134	781	10,809	493,544
Share (%)	100.0	0.2	2.1	97.7
Cambodian	98.9	0.1	2.0	96.8
Foreigner	1.1	0.1	0.1	0.9
Composition (%)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Cambodian	98.9	58.1	93.7	99.1
Foreigner	1.1	41.9	6.3	0.9
Chinese	0.4	27.4	2.7	0.3
Korean	0.0	3.3	0.5	0.0
Vietnamese	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5
Other Asian	0.1	7.4	1.0	0.0
US and Europe	0.1	2.7	1.4	0.0
Others	0.0	0.6	0.1	0.0

Table 1.2 Number of establishments by scale and nationality of owner

#### 1-3 Number of establishments by scale of establishments and sex of representative

Looking at establishments by scale and by sex of representative, 329,004 establishments are owned by female centering on the Micro establishments. The share of female owner is 65.1 % all over the Kingdom. Number of establishments owned by female is approximately twice larger than that by male.

By scale, majority of Large and Medium & Small are owned by male, the shares of which are 82.3 % and 76.1 % respectively.

Sex	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
			Small	
Total number	505,134	781	10,809	493,544
Share (%)	100.0	0.2	2.1	97.7
Male	34.9	0.1	1.6	33.1
Female	65.1	0.0	0.5	64.6
Composition (%)		100.0	100.0	100.0
Male		82.3	76.1	33.9
Female		17.7	23.9	66.1

Table 1.3 Number of establishments by sex of representative

## 1-4 Number of establishments registered at Ministry or Agency by scale of establishments

Majority of Cambodian establishments are not registered at any ministries or agencies: share of registered enterprises at MOC/DOC is only 3.4%. Even adding the number of registration at other ministries, total number of establishments registered is 39,212 and only 7.7% of total establishments.

By scale of enterprises, among Large enterprises, 4.7% of them are not registered. Among Medium and Small, 28.9% are not registered and among Micro, more than 90% (93.8%) are not registered.

Among registered establishments, the number of registration at the Ministry of Commerce/Provincial Department of Commerce is 17,378 and whose share is 35.3%, followed by Education sector with 7,806 establishments and 15.9 % share.

Comparing Table 1.4.1 (registered (a+b)) and Table 1.4.2 (total), it is noted that there are 10,033 establishments that registered both at MOC/DOC and at other ministries or agencies. The number of double registration is especially high among Micro (6,426).

	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
			Small	
Total number	505,134	781	10,809	493,544
Registered at MOC (a)	17,378	616	3,762	13,000
Registered at other ministries (b)	21,834	128	3,926	17,780
Registered (a+b)	39,212	744	7,688	30,780
Non-registered	465,922	37	3,121	462,764
Composition (%)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Registered at MOC	3.4	78.9	34.8	2.6
Registered at other ministries	4.3	16.4	36.3	3.6
Registered	7.8	95.3	71.1	6.2
Non-registered	92.2	4.7	28.9	93.8

Table1.4-1 Number of establishments registered and non-registered

	Total	Large	Medium & Small	Micro
Total number	49,245	1,429	10,610	37,206
Share (%)	100.0	2.9	21.5	75.6
Commerce / Provincial Dept. of Commerce	35.3	1.3	7.6	26.4
Economy and Finance	5.3	0.2	1.1	3.9
Interior	2.0	0.1	0.7	1.2
Health	8.7	0.1	0.8	7.8
Labor	0.7	0.1	0.3	0.2
Posts and Telecommunication.	3.7	0.0	0.1	3.6
Tourism	4.0	0.1	1.4	2.5
Social Affair	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.1
Women's Affair	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
National Bank	1.4	0.0	0.6	0.7
CDC	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0
Industry	8.4	0.4	1.5	6.5
Water Resource	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Public Work	0.6	0.0	0.1	0.5
Culture and Religion	8.5	0.0	0.1	8.4
Environment	0.9	0.2	0.3	0.4
Education	15.9	0.2	5.8	9.9
Culture and Fine Arts	1.0	0.0	0.1	0.9
Information	0.5	0.0	0.1	0.4
Justice	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Land Management	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.1
Civil Aviation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Others	2.3	0.1	0.5	1.7

Table 1.4-2 Number of establishments registered by registered agencies (%)

(Note) Because there are establishments that are registered MOC as well as other ministries or organizations, total number is different from Table 1.4.1.

#### 1-5 Ownership of establishments by scale of establishments

Looking at the ownership of establishment by scale in the whole kingdom, most of them are the Individual proprietor (473,197 and 93.7 % share) reflecting the fact that majority of Micro establishments are Individual proprietor.

By scale of establishments, in case of Large establishment, Private limited company has the largest share of 41.4 % (323 establishments), followed by Sole proprietor (25.5 %, 199 establishments). As for Medium & Small, Individual proprietor accounts for the largest share of 35.5% (3,841 establishments), followed by State-owned organization with 28.2% share (3,052 establishments). The third largest one is Sole proprietor with 21.5% share (2,322 establishments).

	Total	Large	Medium & Small	Micro
Total number	505,134	781	10,809	493,544
Individual proprietor	473,197	64	3,841	469,292
Sole proprietor	12,027	199	2,322	9,506
General partnership	204	28	81	95
Limited partnership	160	13	84	63
Private limited company	3,518	323	725	2,470
Public limited company	390	20	180	190
Subsidiary of foreign company	8	2	5	1
Branch of a foreign company	64	9	28	27
Commercial rep. office of a foreign company	20	0	4	16
Cooperative	41	0	2	39
State-owned organization	9,119	104	3,052	5,963
NGO	1,114	18	422	674
Others	5,272	1	63	5,208

Table 1.5-1 Number of establishments by ownership and scale (number)

	Total	Large	Medium & Small	Micro
Composition	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Individual proprietor	93.7	8.2	35.5	95.1
Sole proprietor	2.4	25.5	21.5	1.9
General partnership	0.0	3.6	0.7	0.0
Limited partnership	0.0	1.7	0.8	0.0
Private limited company	0.7	41.4	6.7	0.5
Public limited company	0.1	2.6	1.7	0.0
Subsidiary of foreign company	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0
Branch of a foreign company	0.0	1.2	0.3	0.0
Commercial rep. office of a foreign company	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Cooperative	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
State-owned organization	1.8	13.3	28.2	1.2
NGO	0.2	2.3	3.9	0.1
Others	1.0	0.1	0.6	1.1

Table 1.5-2 Number of establishments by ownership and scale (%)

#### 1-6 Type of establishments by scale of establishments

By type of establishments by scale, majority is the Single unit reflecting the huge number of Single unit in Micro establishments (the share of which is 98.6%). However, in case of Large and Medium & Small, the share of branches is fairly high about 30% and 18% respectively.

	Total	Large	Medium & Small	Micro
Total number	505,134	781	10,809	493,544
Composition (%)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Single unit	98.2	60.8	80.3	98.6
Head office	0.1	9.6	1.8	0.0
Branch office	1.7	29.6	17.8	1.3

Table 1.6 Number of establishments by type of establishments

#### **Chapter 2 Business**

#### 2-1 Tenure of business place by scale of establishments

By tenure of business place by scale of establishments in the whole Kingdom, 68.7% of establishments own their business place: in case of Large 39.2%, Medium & Small 59.0% and Micro 69.0%. However, among Large establishments, more than half of them are rented (56.7%). Among Medium & Small, about 1/3 (36.3%) is also rented.

	Total	Large	Medium & Small	Micro
Total (number)	505,134	781	10,809	493,544
Composition (%)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Owned	68.7	39.2	59.0	69.0
Rented	24.1	56.7	36.3	23.8
Others	7.1	4.1	4.7	7.2

Table 2.1 Number of establishments by tenure of business place

#### 2.2 Kind of business place by scale of establishments

In the whole Kingdom, more than half of establishments are classified as Home Business (64.7%) as the majority if Micro that has the largest number of establishments is Home business (65.4%).

But looking at Large establishments, the majority (78.7%) and in case of Medium & Small, about half (46.3%) are Business that is occupying exclusive one block or one building. Among Micro second largest are establishments that are running business in traditional market (18.9%).

	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
			Small	
Total number	505,134	781	10,809	493,544
Composition (%)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Street business	8.3	0.0	0.0	8.5
Home business	64.7	6.3	38.1	65.4
Business in apartment	0.7	14.0	12.0	25
building	2.7	14.0	13.0	2.5
Business in traditional	10.4	0.0	0.0	10.0
market	18.4	0.0	0.8	18.9
Business in modern	0.0	0.2	0.6	0.0
shopping mall	0.2	0.3	0.6	0.2
Business that is				
occupying exclusive one	4.2	78.7	46.3	3.2
block or one building				
Others	1.5	0.8	1.2	1.5

Table 2.2 Establishments by kind of business place

#### 2.3 Area of business place by scale of establishments

Looking at the area of business place, more than 2/3 (76.5%) are running business in a limited place, smaller than 30 m<sup>2</sup>. Micro establishments in particular are running stores, in local market with small area.

However, looking at Large establishments, 68% has business place over 1000 m2. In case of Medium & Small establishments, the area is dispersed between 30 m<sup>2</sup> and 500 m<sup>2</sup> and about 1/3 (32.5%) have business place over 1000 m2, too. Establishments such as clay factories, disco club are the typical examples of such cases that have large area of business.

	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
Area of business places			Small	
(m2)				
Total number	505,134	781	10,809	493,544
Composition (%)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 5 m2	26.1	0.0	0.0	26.7
5-9	26.4	0.0	0.0	27.0
10-29	24.0	0.1	5.5	24.4
30-49	10.7	1.8	14.5	10.6
50-99	5.7	3.1	12.9	5.6
100-199	3.2	6.9	18.2	2.9
200-499	0.9	15.2	12.1	0.7
500-999	0.4	4.9	4.3	0.3
Over 1,000	2.7	68.0	32.5	1.9

Table 2.3 Establishments by area of business place

#### 2.4 Year of starting business by scale of establishments

Number of establishments starting business shows a steady increase year by year in line with the stabilization of political situation in early 1990s.

But, the opening rate of business (percentage of establishments that newly started business during the year) is dramatically increased in 2000 and showed a steady increasing trend from 2000 to 2010. From 2005 to 2010 the increase was especially high with two digits. It is noted that the increase of Micro establishments was remarkable high supported by the implementation of the new investment law. (refer to Figure 4 on p 32)





Table 2.4-1 Establishments by year of starting business

	Total	Large	Medium & Small	Micro
Total number	505,134	781	10,809	493,544
Composition (%)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
In or before 1991	7.5	11.0	20.9	7.2
1992-1999	9.7	17.9	13.1	9.6
2000-2004	16.8	17.4	16.4	16.8
2005-2010	58.3	48.7	44.9	58.6
2011	6.4	3.7	3.2	6.5
Unknown	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.2

	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
			Small	
Total number	505,134	781	10,809	493,544
In or before 1991	37,784	86	2,253	35,445
1992	3,030	8	102	2,920
1993	6,198	15	176	6,007
1994	3,267	9	117	3,141
1995	8,606	16	172	8,418
1996	5,315	19	208	5,088
1997	6,117	31	227	5,859
1998	8,966	21	230	8,715
1999	7,648	21	187	7,440
2000	32,559	36	496	32,027
2001	15,374	21	261	15,092
2002	10,867	25	285	10,557
2003	12,364	26	350	11,988
2004	13,817	28	385	13,404
2005	30,488	48	592	29,848
2006	28,159	48	581	27,530
2007	35,022	55	748	34,219
2008	50,961	61	921	49,979
2009	62,855	71	899	61,885
2010	87,138	97	1,107	85,934
2011	32,446	29	350	32,067
Unknown	6,153	10	162	5,981

Table 2.4-2 Establishments by year of starting business (number)

	Total	Large	Medium & Small	Micro
In or before 1991	-	-	-	-
19921	9.6	10.5	4.9	9.9
$1993^{2}$	17.9	17.9	8.0	18.5
1994	8.0	9.1	4.9	8.2
1995	19.5	14.8	6.9	20.3
1996	10.1	15.3	7.8	10.2
1997	10.5	21.7	7.9	10.6
1998	14.0	12.1	7.4	14.3
1999	10.5	10.8	5.6	10.7
2000	40.3	16.7	14.1	41.6
2001	13.6	8.3	6.5	13.8
2002	8.4	9.2	6.7	8.5
2003	8.9	8.7	7.7	8.9
2004	9.1	8.6	7.9	9.1
2005	18.4	13.6	11.2	18.6
2006	14.3	12.0	9.9	14.5
2007	15.6	12.3	11.6	15.7
2008	19.6	12.1	12.8	19.9
2009	20.3	12.6	11.1	20.5
2010	23.3	15.3	12.3	23.6
2011	7.0	4.0	3.5	7.1

Table 2.4-3 Opening rate of establishment by scale of establishments (%)

(Note)

Opening rate ( $R_t$ ) of establishment = Number of establishment starting business in the year "t" ( $N_t$ ) / Number of establishments that started business up to the end of the year before( $\Sigma(N_{t-n})$ )- number of "unknown":

 $R_t = N_t / (N_{t-1} + N_{t-2} + N_{t-3} + .... + N_{t-n} - unknown) * 100$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> (Total number of establishments of 1992) / (Total number of establishments of "1991 and before" – number of "unknown")

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> (Total number of establishments of 1993) / (Total number of establishments of "1991 and before"+"that of 1992"—number of "unknown"): as for the years after 1994, the same way of calculation

#### 2.5 Number of establishments by business hours

Majority of establishments is starting business before 7 o'clock (89.0%), especially in case of Micro establishments. Most of establishments terminate business after 16 o'clock (81.6%), In case of Large establishments, they generally terminates business before 16 o'clock.

Looking at business hours per day, majority of establishments in Cambodia (84.1%) are running business more than 9 hours a day and 18.6% are running more than 13 hours. 6.6% are establishments that continue business even after 21 o'clock. They are mainly Micro establishments (6.3%). But even among Large and Medium & Small, more than 20% (21.9% and 21.3% each) are running business longer than 13 hours a day. However, within the scale of establishments, the percentage of Micro establishments that are requiring long time work is smaller than Large and Medium & Small establishments.

Start time	Total	Before 6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15 and after
No.	505,134	218,163	231,208	29,738	7,023	3,578	2,190	874	1,935	3,037	7,388
(%)	100	43.2	45.8	5.9	1.4	0.7	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.6	1.5
Large	100	20	69.7	8.1	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4
M&S	100	22.3	59.6	10.1	1.4	1.3	1	0.2	0.4	0.5	3.3
Micro	100	43.7	45.4	5.8	1.4	0.7	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.6	1.4
Close time	Total	Before 12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21 and after
No.	505,134	46,889	3,986	3,994	7,197	30,981	186,464	109,501	53,034	29,556	33,532
(%)	100	9.3	0.8	0.8	1.4	6.1	36.9	21.7	10.5	5.9	6.6
Large	100	9.1	0.3	0.3	1.5	35.5	28.4	8.2	2.7	3.7	10.4
M&S	100	8.3	0.4	0.5	1.1	6.6	49.2	6.9	5.8	4.3	16.7
Micro	100	9.3	0.8	0.8	1.4	6.1	36.7	22	10.6	5.9	6.4

Table 2.5-1 Establishments by operating time

(Note) No. stands for the number of establishments

	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
			Small	
Composition	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 5 hours	9.1	0.4	4.1	9.2
6-8 hours	6.8	1.8	5.4	6.9
9-12hours	65.5	75.9	69.2	65.4
More than 13 hours	18.6	21.9	21.3	18.5

Table 2.5-2 Establishments by business hours (%)

#### **Chapter 3 Employment**

#### 3.1 Average number of persons engaged by scale of establishments

Looking at the average number of persons engaged by scale of establishments, Micro is running business in average with 2 persons, whereas Large are doing by 578.4 persons and Medium & Small is running by 22.7 persons.

The percentage of regular employees is high with Large (52.3%), but less than 1/3 with Medium & Small (29.0%) and far lower with Micro establishments (18.7%).





	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
			Small	
Number of person engaged (a)	1,673,390	451,739	245,671	975,980
(share %)	100.0	27.0	14.7	58.3
o/w Regular employees (b)	755,780	395,392	219,205	141,183
(b/a, %)	45.2	87.5	89.2	14.5
Average number of person engaged per establishments	3.3	578.4	22.7	2.0
Average number of regular employees per establishments	1.5	506.3	20.3	0.3

Table 3.1-1 Number of persons engaged

#### (Number of persons engaged by sex)

In the whole Kingdom, by sex of persons engaged, the share of male labor is larger than female labor (56.6% vs 43.4%).

By scale of establishments, Large and Medium & Small are highly depending on male labor (80.2% and 77.8%), whereas Micro depend more on female labor (59.6%).

Table 3.1-2 Persons engaged by sex

	Total	Large	Medium & Small	Micro
Total number	1,673,390	451,739	245,671	975,980
Composition (%)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Male	56.6	80.2	77.8	40.4
Female	43.4	19.8	22.2	59.6

#### 3-2 Number of persons engaged by scale of establishments and nationality of owner

The share of number of persons engaged under Cambodian ownership is 82.5%. But looking at Large establishments only the number of persons engaged in Foreign establishments is bigger than Cambodian establishments.

Looking at the average number of persons engaged by nationality of owner, it shall be noted that Foreign establishments employ about 19 times bigger number of person than Cambodian establishments (average number of person engaged are 51.8 persons in foreign establishments whereas in Cambodian establishments the number is only 2.8 persons).

Moreover, among foreign large establishments, establishments of Chinese (809.1 persons) and other Asian (889.8 persons) employ large number of person (Labor intensive factories such as: garments factories are the examples).

Number of person	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
engaged			Small	
Total number	1,673,390	451,739	245,671	975,980
Composition (%)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Cambodian	82.5	42.8	91.5	98.7
Foreigner	17.5	57.2	8.5	1.3
o/w Chinese	11.2	38.3	4.2	0.5
Korean	1.2	3.9	0.5	0.1
Vietnamese	0.5	0.2	0.5	0.6
Other Asian	3.3	11.4	1.3	0.1
US and Europe	1.1	2.9	1.7	0.1
Others	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.0

Table 3.2-1 Persons engaged by nationality of owner

Number of person	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
engaged			Small	
Total	3.3	578.4	22.7	2.0
Cambodian	2.8	425.8	22.2	2.0
Foreigner	51.8	790.3	30.7	2.8
o/w Chinese	88.1	809.1	34.9	2.7
Korean	111.1	680.4	22.3	5.4
Vietnamese	3.2	355.3	25.8	2.3
Other Asian	149.0	889.8	28.3	4.8
US and Europe	49.3	633.4	28.3	5.3
Others	43.1	326.6	36.1	5.3

Table 3.2-2 Average number of persons engaged by nationality of owner (number)

#### 3-3 Number of persons engaged by scale and ownership of establishments

Looking at the number of persons engaged by scale and ownership of establishments, individual proprietor employs about 60% of persons engaged, and majority of which is Micro (53.1%).

By scale of establishments, among Large, Private limited company has the largest share (15.4%) followed by Sole proprietor (6.4%). Among Medium & Small, the share of Individual proprietor is 4.4% and that of State Owned Organization (SOO) is 4.2%. SOO are mainly engaging such services as Customs services, Airlines, Water supply, and telecommunication.

Ownership	Total	Large	Medium & Small	Micro
Total number	1,673,390	451,739	245,671	975,980
Share (%)	100.0	27.0	14.7	58.3
Individual proprietor	58.4	0.9	4.4	53.1
Sole proprietor	11.9	6.4	3.3	2.1
General partnership	1.1	0.9	0.2	0.0
Limited partnership	0.7	0.5	0.2	0.0
Private limited company	17.1	15.4	1.4	0.4
Public limited company	0.8	0.4	0.3	0.1
Subsidiary of foreign company	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Branch of a foreign company	0.6	0.5	0.1	0.0
Commercial rep. office of a foreign company	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Cooperative	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
State-owned organization	7.6	1.5	4.2	2.0
NGO	1.1	0.3	0.6	0.2
Others	0.5	0.0	0.1	0.4

Table 3.3-1 Persons engaged by ownership of establishments

	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
Ownership			Small	
Composition	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Individual proprietor	58.4	3.3	30.1	91.1
Sole proprietor	11.9	23.9	22.5	3.7
General partnership	1.1	3.5	1.0	0.0
Limited partnership	0.7	1.9	1.1	0.0
Private limited	17.1	57.1	9.2	0.6
company	17.1	57.1	9.2	0.0
Public limited company	0.8	1.6	2.2	0.1
Subsidiary of foreign	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0
company	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0
Branch of a foreign	0.6	2.0	0.4	0.0
company	0.0	2.0	0.4	0.0
Commercial rep. office	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
of a foreign company	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Cooperative	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
State-owned	7.0	<b>F</b> A	00.5	0.4
organization	7.6	5.4	28.5	3.4
NGO	1.1	1.2	4.4	0.3
Others	0.5	0.0	0.5	0.7

### Table 3.3-2 Persons engaged by ownership of establishments (%)

#### 3-4 Number of persons engaged by scale of establishments and year of starting business

More than half of persons engaged (59.4%) is employed after 2005. Not only Large and Medium & Small establishments but also Micro has recorded a rapid annual increase with two digits during 2008 - 2010. (refer to Table 3. 4.1 and Table 3.4.2 in Part 2)

	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
			Small	
Total number	1,673,390	451,739	245,671	975,980
Composition (%)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
In or before 1991	8.9	4.6	21.3	7.8
1992-1999	14.7	24.4	13.7	10.3
2000-2004	17.1	17.3	16.3	17.1
2005-2010	53.8	50.8	44.1	57.7
2011	4.3	1.5	3.0	5.9
Unknown	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.2

Table 3.4 Persons engaged by year of starting business

Figure 4 Percentage of number of establishments by year of starting business





Figure 5 Percentage of number of persons engaged by year of starting business



(%)



Figure 6 Number of persons engaged by year of starting business

#### 3.5 Number of persons engaged by size of persons engaged

More than half (56.2%) of Large establishments employ over 1,000 persons. In case of Medium & small, large variance can be seen from 11 up to 50 persons whereas Micro, majority has 2 and less person engaged.

Looking at section of industry, in case of Large, Manufacturing with over 1,000 persons (13.6%) and in case of Micro,-Wholesale and retail trade, repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles, with 2 persons (12.9%) are the two eminent sections that employ large number of person engaged.

Number of persons	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
engaged			Small	
Total number	1,673,390	451,739	245,671	975,980
Share (%)	100.0	27.0	14.7	58.3
Composition (%)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1	13.3	0.0	0.0	22.8
2	21.1	0.0	0.0	36.1
3	8.3	0.0	0.0	14.3
4	5.0	0.0	0.0	8.6
5-10	10.7	0.0	0.0	18.3
11-20	5.8	0.0	39.3	0.0
21-50	5.7	0.0	38.7	0.0
51-100	3.2	0.0	21.9	0.0
101-500	6.6	24.3	0.0	0.0
501-1,000	5.3	19.5	0.0	0.0
Over 1,000	15.2	56.2	0.0	0.0

Table 3.5 Persons engaged by size of persons engaged



Figure 7 Number of persons engaged by section of industry (refer to Table 3.5.3 in Part 2)

(Note) B, C, D.....S indicate section of ISIC Rev.4 (refer to Table 1.1-1).
#### **Chapter 4 Province**

#### 4-1 Number of establishments by province and scale of establishments

All over the country, Phnom Penh has the largest share of establishments with the share of 59.8%, followed by Kampong Cham (11.1%) and Kandal Provinces (8.0%).

In Phnom Penh and in Kandal, Manufacturing industry such as garments factories are the typical establishments in the region and in Kampong Cham Province, Agricultural processing industry such as rubber and foods processing are the examples of establishments with largest share.

Large establishments concentrate in Phnom Penh area (59.8%), but as for Medium & Small, the percentage of concentration into Phnom Penh area is lowered to 35.1% and in case of Micro establishments are more dispersed nation widely (share of Phnom Penh is only 18.6%).

Looking at the percentage of composition of scales of establishments, such provinces as Kandal, Siem Reap, Svay Rieng and Preah Sihanouk shows fairly balanced share than other provinces.

Provinces	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
			Small	
Whole country: Total number	505,134	781	10,809	493,544
Composition (%)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
01 Banteay Meanchey	4.3	2.4	4.5	4.3
02 Battambang	6.8	2.2	6.9	6.8
03 Kampong Cham	11.1	4.4	8.0	11.2
04 Kampomg Chhnang	3.9	1.4	2.1	3.9
05 Kampong Speu	4.5	1.9	2.8	4.5
06 Kampong Thom	4.4	0.8	2.3	4.5
07 Kampot	3.4	1.0	2.9	3.4
08 Kandal	8.0	9.0	7.1	8.0
09 Koh Kong	1.0	0.3	0.6	1.0
10 Kratie	2.2	0.3	1.5	2.2
11 Mondul Kiri	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.4
12 Phnom Penh	19.0	59.8	35.1	18.6
13 Preah Vihear	1.1	0.0	0.5	1.1
14 Prey Veng	5.9	0.9	3.6	6.0
15 Pursat	2.4	0.4	1.7	2.4
16 Ratanak Kiri	1.1	0.1	0.7	1.1
17 Siem Reap	6.4	5.8	8.2	6.3
18 Preah Sihanouk	2.1	3.2	2.6	2.1
19 Stung Treng	0.9	0.0	0.6	0.9
20 Svay Rieng	3.0	3.8	2.2	3.0
21 Takeo	6.3	1.4	3.9	6.4
22 Otdar Meanchey	1.0	0.3	0.6	1.0
23 Kep	0.3	0.0	0.4	0.3
24 Pailin	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.6

Table 4.1 Number of establishments by province and scale

#### 4-2 Number of persons engaged by province and scale of establishments

Phnom Penh employs 1/3 of persons engaged of the Kingdom and Large and Medium & Small establishments' shows high percentage of shares (59.7% and 37.2% respectively).

The share of persons engaged in each Province is not always in line with the share of establishments (refer to Tables 4.2.1 and 4.1.1). For instant, looking at Kampong Cham Province, the share of number of establishments (11.1%) is larger than that of persons engaged (8.5%). This indicates that in Kampong Cham, average number of persons engaged per establishments is smaller than the average number of persons engaged in the Kingdom as a whole whereas in Kandal Province, the average size of person engaged per establishments is bigger than nation's average thanks to garments factories located in the province.

Provinces	Total	Large	Medium & Small	Micro
Whole country: Total number	1,673,390	451,739	245,671	975,980
Composition (%)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
01 Banteay Meanchey	4.0	3.0	4.0	4.5
02 Battambang	5.1	0.7	6.6	6.7
03 Kampong Cham	8.5	4.2	7.7	10.8
04 Kampomg Chhnang	3.4	3.3	2.0	3.9
05 Kampong Speu	4.3	3.8	2.6	5.0
06 Kampong Thom	2.9	0.2	2.2	4.3
07 Kampot	2.5	0.7	2.7	3.3
08 Kandal	9.0	13.8	7.7	7.2
09 Koh Kong	0.8	0.3	0.6	1.1
10 Kratie	1.4	0.2	1.3	1.9
11 Mondul Kiri	0.4	0.0	0.3	0.5
12 Phnom Penh	33.3	59.7	37.3	20.1
13 Preah Vihear	0.6	0.0	0.4	1.0
14 Prey Veng	3.8	0.3	3.3	5.6
15 Pursat	1.6	0.1	1.5	2.3
16 Ratanak Kiri	0.8	0.0	0.7	1.1
17 Siem Reap	5.6	2.2	8.4	6.5
18 Preah Sihanouk	2.4	2.7	2.8	2.1
19 Stung Treng	0.7	0.0	0.6	1.0
20 Svay Rieng	3.2	3.4	2.2	3.3
21 Takeo	4.2	0.8	3.8	6.0
22 Otdar Meanchey	0.8	0.3	0.5	1.1
23 Kep	0.2	0.0	0.4	0.3
24 Pailin	0.5	0.3	0.5	0.6

Table 4.2 Persons engaged by province and scale

#### 4-3 Average number of persons engaged per establishments

Looking at the average number of persons engaged per establishments, the Census shows that in average 3.3 persons are engaging per establishments. But by scale, big difference can be seen. Large scale of establishments employs 578.4 persons, while Medium & Small employs 22.7 persons, about 1/25 and Micro employs only 2 persons per establishments.

By provinces, Kampong Chhnang and Kampong Speu, average number of persons engaged are particularly large, more than 2 times larger than national average of Large thanks to the garments factories and beer factory located there.

	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
Provinces			Small	
Whole country	3.3	578.4	22.7	2.0
01 Banteay Meanchey	3.1	724.0	20.3	2.1
02 Battambang	2.5	187.4	21.7	2.0
03 Kampong Cham	2.5	563.3	21.9	1.9
04 Kampomg Chhnang	2.9	1,336.4	20.9	2.0
05 Kampong Speu	3.2	1,148.9	21.2	2.2
06 Kampong Thom	2.2	131.0	21.4	1.9
07 Kampot	2.4	392.5	21.5	1.9
08 Kandal	3.7	887.5	24.6	1.8
09 Koh Kong	2.6	643.0	20.0	2.1
10 Kratie	2.1	383.5	19.8	1.7
11 Mondul Kiri	2.7	186.0	19.4	2.3
12 Phnom Penh	5.8	577.4	24.1	2.1
13 Preah Vihear	2.0	0	21.1	1.8
14 Prey Veng	2.1	191.1	20.4	1.9
15 Pursat	2.2	111.3	20.1	1.9
16 Ratanak Kiri	2.3	201.0	20.2	2.0
17 Siem Reap	2.9	222.2	23.3	2.0
18 Preah Sihanouk	3.7	496.7	24.5	1.9
19 Stung Treng	2.4	0	23.8	2.1
20 Svay Rieng	3.5	518.4	22.2	2.2
21 Takeo	2.2	313.6	21.9	1.8
22 Otdar Meanchey	2.7	584.5	17.9	2.3
23 Kep	2.4	0	19.1	1.9
24 Pailin	2.9	266.0	20.1	2.0

Table 4.3 Average number of persons engaged per establishments by province and scale (number)

#### **Chapter 5 Financial statements**

# 5.1 Number of establishments that keep Balance Sheet (B/S) and Income Statements (I/S)

1) The number of establishments that keep B/S and I/S among establishments surveyed is 920 and only 0.2% of all the establishments surveyed. Even looking at Large establishments only, the number is about one third of large establishments (283 among 786, 36%). Among establishments that keep B/S and I/S, the share of Large establishments is 30.8% only. Medium & Small has the share of about 50% (49.2%). The share of Micro establishments is 20%.

By section of ISIC, Manufacturing that keep B/S and I/S has the largest share (25.4%, 234 establishments out of 920), followed by Whole sale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles (21.1%, 194 out of 920) and Accommodation and food service activities (14.5%, 133 out of 920).

Among Large, Manufacturing has the largest share (19.7%) but among Medium and Small and Micro, it is Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles that has the largest share (12.1% and 8.2% for each).

		Total	Large	Medium & Small	Micro
Number		920	316	431	173
o/w	Section of ISIC Rev.4				
В	Mining and quarrying	5	0	3	2
С	Manufacturing	234	182	46	6
D	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	10	2	7	1
Е	Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	10	3	7	0
F	Construction	20	2	12	6
G	Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	194	16	106	72
Н	Transportation and storage	65	6	40	19
Ι	Accommodation and food service activities	133	28	89	16
J	Information and communication	37	14	18	5
K	Financial and insurance activities	55	20	28	7
L	Real estate activities	15	0	8	7
М	Professional, scientific and technical activities	20	3	11	6
N	Administrative and support service activities	47	8	16	23
Р	Education	28	11	15	2
Q	Human health and social work activities	11	2	9	0
R	Arts, entertainment and recreation	22	15	7	0
S	Other service activities	14	4	9	1

Table 5.1-1 Entities that keep Balance Sheet and Income Statements<sup>3</sup> (number)

 $<sup>\</sup>overline{}^{3}$  Table 5.1-1 and 5.1-.2 shall cover only the number of those who keep Balance Sheet and Income Statements only.

		Total	Large	Medium & Small	Micro
Shar	'e	100.0	34.3	46.8	18.8
o/w	Section of ISIC Rev.4				
В	Mining and quarrying	0.5	0.0	0.3	0.2
С	Manufacturing	25.4	19.8	5.0	0.7
D	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	1.1	0.2	0.8	0.1
Е	Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	1.1	0.3	0.8	0.0
F	Construction	2.2	0.2	1.3	0.7
G	Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	21.1	1.7	11.5	7.8
Н	Transportation and storage	7.1	0.7	4.3	2.1
Ι	Accommodation and food service activities	14.5	3.0	9.7	1.7
J	Information and communication	4.0	1.5	2.0	0.5
K	Financial and insurance activities	6.0	2.2	3.0	0.8
L	Real estate activities	1.6	0.0	0.9	0.8
М	Professional, scientific and technical activities	2.2	0.3	1.2	0.7
Ν	Administrative and support service activities	5.1	0.9	1.7	2.5
Р	Education	3.0	1.2	1.6	0.2
Q	Human health and social work activities	1.2	0.2	1.0	0.0
R	Arts, entertainment and recreation	2.4	1.6	0.8	0.0
S	Other service activities	1.5	0.4	1.0	0.1

Table 5.1-2 Entities that keep Balance Sheet and Income Statements (%)

2) As for the number of person engaged, the share of Large is 1/4 and that of Medium & Small is 12.7% and majority is Micro (62.1%).

Among entire person engaged, those who are employed in entities with B/S and I/S is 19.2% and majority is in Large establishments (18.2%). 62.0% of person engaged are working in Micro establishments that do not keep B/S and I/S.

Table 5.1-3 Number of entities and persons engaged of entities that answered Q16 and Q21

	Whole Industry	Large	M&S	Micro
Number of entities	496,355	602	8,876	486,877
o/w number of entities with B/S	920	316	431	173
number of entities without B/S	495,435	286	8,445	486,704
Number of entire person engaged (share)	1,535,903 (100.0)	387,273 (25.2)	194,705 (12.7)	953,925 (62.1)
o/w number of entire person engaged of entities with B/S (share)	295,592 (19.2)	278,843 (18.2)	15,583 (1.0)	1,166 (0.1)
number of entire person engaged of entities without B/S (share)	1,240,311 (80.6)	108,430 (7.1)	179,122 (11.6)	952,759 (62.0)

(number, share %)

(Note) In the table above, "entities with B/S" means entities that keep Balance Sheet and Income Statements and which answered to Q15 as "1-Yes" (refer to Attachments 2; Form of Questionnaire).

# 5.2 Sales

1) Looking at the whole industry, the size of total annual sales of entities that keep B/S and I/S (hereafter without B/S) is about 65% of those that do not keep (hereafter without B/S). But looking at the Large entities only, the former record 4.1 times larger sales amount than the latter. It is Micro entities that reported that the total amount of sales without B/S is remarkably larger than that of without B/S (147 times larger).

But looking at average amount of sales per entities with B/S is 5.4 million USD and 349 times larger than those without B/S. By scale, Large is 15 million USD, 5 times larger than those without B/S, Medium & Small record 1.5 million USD and about 14 times larger than those without B/S, and Micro is 0.2 million USD and about 18 times larger than those without B/S.

Average annual sales per person engaged of whole industry, too, is 16,851USD and 2.7 times larger than that of without B/S; Large 15,267USD and 1.6 times, Medium & Small 43,956USD and 8.6 times, and Micro 33,448USD and 5.5 times larger than that of without B/S.

	Whole industry	Large	Medium & Small	Micro
Total annual sales (USD)	12,678,385,624	5,289,567,787	1,602,970,661	5,785,847,176
(Share %)	-100	-37.6	-16.7	-45.7
o/w annual sales of entities that keep B/S and Income Statements (USD)	4,980,987,199	4,257,024,080	684,963,247	38,999,872
annual sales of entities that do not keep B/S and Income Statements (USD)	7,697,398,425	1,032,543,707	918,007,414	5,746,847,304
Annual sales per entities (USD)	25,543	8,786,657	180,596	11,884
o/w entities that keep B/S and Income Statements (USD)		13,471,595	1,589,242	225,433
entities that do not keep B/S and Income Statements (USD)		3,610,293	108,704	11,808
Annual sales of entities per entire person engaged (USD)		13,658	8,233	6,065
o/w entities that keep B/S and Income Statements (USD)		15,267	43,956	33,448
entities that do not keep B/S and Income Statements (USD)		9,523	5,125	6,032

Table 5.2-1 Annual sales by scale of entities

(Note) Data on "Annual sales of entities per entire person engaged" above covers Single unit and Head office of establishments that answered to Q16 and Q21.

2) Looking at enterprises, total annual sales of whole industry is about 1/3 of that of entities (4.1 billion USD vs. 12.7 billion USD: refer to Table 5.2.2 and 5.2.1). Annual sales per enterprises are also smaller than that of entities: about 3/4 of entities (4.1million vs. 5.4 million).

But amount of annual sales per entire person engaged of enterprises is larger than that of entities (14,552 USD vs. 8,255 USD). By scale, annual sales per entire person engaged of Large is nearly the same as that of entities but both Medium & Small and Micro establishments, the amounts are far larger than those of entities (about 4 times and 2 times larger than that of entities).

	Whole industry	Large	Medium &	Micro
			Small	
Total annual sales	4,126,482,859	3,557,335,022	548,931,194	20,216,643
(USD)	4,120,402,039	3,557,535,022	546,951,194	20,210,043
Share (%)	(100.0)	(86.2)	(13.3)	( 0.5)
Annual sales per	4 002 722	11,549,789	1,193,329	84,236
enterprises (USD)	4,093,733	11,549,769	1,195,529	04,230
Annual sales per entire	14,552	13,380	33,920	13,327
person engaged (USD)	14,552	13,300	55,920	13,327
<reference></reference>				
Number of enterprises	1,008	308	460	240
o/w with B/S	659	256	291	112
Number of entire person	000 570	005 070	10,100	4 5 4 7
engaged of enterprises	283,570	265,870	16,183	1,517
o/w with B/S	248,441	236,704	10,978	759

Table 5.2-2 Annual sales by scale of enterprises

(Note) This table covers enterprises both those who keep B/S and I/S and those who do not keep B/S and I/S.

3) Looking at the distribution of amount of sales, largest share is between 3,000 and 5,000 USD (16.5%). Among Large more than 90% is 50,000 or more. Medium & Small, 50,000 or more has the largest share (38.6%). Among Micro it is 3,000-under 5,000 that has the largest share (16.8%). It is noticed that even in Micro, there are establishments that records sales larger than 10,000 USD per year.

	Total number of	Large	Medium &	Micro
Size of Sales (USD)	establishments		Small	
Total (number o establishments)	f 496,355	602	8,876	486,877
Composition (%)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 500 USD	2.9	3.8	0.5	2.9
500-under 1,000	6.1	0.0	0.1	6.2
1,000-under 2,000	14.8	0.0	0.3	15.1
2,000-under 3,000	10.2	0.0	0.6	9.5
3,000-under 5,000	16.5	0.2	1.2	16.8
5,000-under 7,500	14.7	0.0	2.7	15.0
7,500-under10,000	9.3	0.5	4.5	9.4
10,000-under 25,000	15.0	0.7	31.5	14.7
25,000-under 50,000	6.1	1.2	20.1	5.8
50,000 USD or more	4.4	93.7	38.6	3.7

Table 5.2-3 Distribution of sales by scale of entities





(share, %)

#### 5.3 Profit

1) Looking at the total annual profit amount of entities of whole industry, the size of profit of entities with B/S is only 7% of that of entities without B/S (95 million USD vs. 1,604 million USD). In particular, among Micro, entities with B/S reported loss whereas those without B/S reported huge profit (loss of about 4 million vs. 1,269 million profit). About 94% of total profit reported in Cambodia is recorded by entities without B/S.

As for the annual profit per entities, amount of profit of Large is 135 times larger than that of Micro because Micro entities with B/S records loss. By scale, in case of Large entities without B/S reported 3.9 times larger profit than those with B/S but in case of Medium & Small, entities with B/S reported 6 times larger profit than those without B/S.

Looking at the annual profit per person engaged of entities, the size of Large is only 41% of that of Micro (547 vs.1,326 USD). But taking entities without B/S only, the size of profit is 4 times larger than that of entities with B/S (323 vs. 1,293 USD) and Large without B/S reported 14% more profit than Micro without B/S (1,518 vs. 1,332 USD).

The size of profit per entire person engaged reported by Large and Micro entities without B/S is far larger than that of entities with B/S. Only in case of Medium & Small, annual profit per entities as well as annual profit per person engaged is larger than those of entities without B/S. Thus clear difference of profitability can be observed among scale of establishments.

	Whole industry	Large	Medium & Small	Micro
Total annual profit	1,699,473,752	211,663,010	222,634,501	1,265,176,241
o/w entities that keep B/S and Income Statements	95,454,683	47,099,008	52,134,722	-3,739,046
entities that do not keep B/S and Income Statements		164,564,002	170,499,779	1,268,915,287
Annual profit per entities	3,424	351,600	25,083	2,599
o/w entities that keep B/S and Income Statements	103,799	149,047	120,962	-21,613
entities that do not keep B/S and Income Statements		575,399	20,189	2,607
Annual profit per entire persons engaged of entities	1,106	547	1,143	1,326
o/w entities that keep B/S and Income Statements	323	169	3,346	-3,207
entities that do not keep B/S and Income Statements		1,518	952	1,332

Table 5.3-1 Annual profit by scale of entities (USD)

(Note) Data on "entities that keep B/S and Income Statements" above covers Single unit and Head office of establishments that answered to Q16 and Q21.

2) In total only 2.5% of entities reported loss. But among Large, the percentage of entities that reported loss was as high as 36.5%. This high percentage of loss entities might imply that in case of Large the percentage of entities that are established recently is higher (start up period) and they are not yet at the stage of full operation and . Those industrial sector are mostly involved with garment factories because during 2007 - 2008, all most factories are closed and early 2010 some of them are re-opening again. Moreover, construction is also increase sharply reflecting the construction of new buildings as apartment and villa in 2008.

	Total number of	Large	Medium &	Micro
Size of profit in USD	entities		Small	
Total number	496,355	602	8,876	486,877
Share (%)	100.0	0.1	1.8	98.1
Composition (%)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 0 USD (loss)	2.5	36.5	6.1	2.4
0-under 250	13.0	9.3	28.8	12.7
250-under 500	11.0	0.3	1.0	11.2
500-under 750	13.0	0.2	1.4	13.2
750-under 1,000	7.1	0.0	0.9	7.2
1,000-under 1,500	11.5	0.0	2.4	11.6
1,500-under 2,000	14.1	0.2	1.8	14.3
2,000-under 3,000	7.0	1.0	4.0	7.1
3,000-under 5,000	9.1	1.2	6.6	9.1
5,000 USD or more	11.8	50.0	46.8	11.1
No answer	0.0	1.3	0.1	0.0

Table 5.3-2 Entities by size of profit





3) Looking at the profit & loss by section of ISIC, among Micro that reported huge loss, entities that are engaging in the Real estate activities reported the largest loss amount (43.8% of the loss of Micro), followed by Construction, and Finance and insurance activities etc. while among Large, Manufacturing reported the largest loss, followed by Information and communication. Among Medium & Small, Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles reported the largest loss (-9.6 million USD).

Table 5.3-3 Annual profit and loss of entities by industry and scale

(number of entities, amount of profit and loss in USD)

		Total		La	rge	Medium & Small		Mie	cro
		number	amount	number	amount	number	amount	number	amount
o/ w	Section of ISIC Rev.4	920	95,494,683	316	47,099,008	431	52,134,722	173	-3,739,046
в	Mining and quarrying	5	-2,134,868	0		3	-1,846,557	2	-288,311
$\mathbf{C}$	Manufacturing	234	-49,583,451	182	-46,427,952	46	-2,985,601	6	-169,898
D	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	10	59,330,888	2	56,714,726	7	2,616,348	1	-186
Е	Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	10	8,062,416	3	7,320,361	7	742,056	0	
$\mathbf{F}$	Construction	20	-2,092,676	2	37,282	12	-1,448,902	6	-681,056
G	Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	194	-23,907,548	16	-14,641,879	106	-9,565,793	72	300,123
Η	Transportation and storage	65	10,230,991	6	13,453,780	40	-2,733,623	19	-489,165
Ι	Accommodation and food service activities	133	50,398,560	28	-9,054,064	89	59,891,222	16	-438,598
J	Information and communication	37	-25,347,408	14	-33,732,537	18	8,656,303	5	-271,173
K	Financial and insurance activities	55	68,536,679	20	69,600,217	28	-405,297	7	-658,241
$\mathbf{L}$	Real estate activities	15	-1,927,485	0		8	-290,702	7	-1,636,783
М	Professional, scientific and technical activities	20	342,876	3	-1,259,639	11	1,465,248	6	137,267
Ν	Administrative and support service activities	47	3,058,204	8	908,474	16	1,692,306	23	457,424
Р	Education	28	3,354,515	11	3,312,764	15	32,973	2	8,778
Q	Human health and social work activities	11	-2,575,552	2	637,349	9	-3,212,901	0	
R	Arts, entertainment and recreation	22	-766,095	15	-52,667	7	-713,429	0	
$\mathbf{S}$	Other service activities	14	514,637	4	282,792	9	241,070	1	-9,225

#### (Profit ratio by scale of enterprises)

1) Medium & Small enterprises reported the largest amount of annual profit while Micro reported loss as a whole. Looking at the annual profit per enterprises, largest is Medium & Small which is about 1.7 times larger than Large.

Looking at the annual profit per persons engaged of enterprises, Medium & Small reported about 49 times larger profit than Large. Comparing enterprises with B/S and without B/S clear differences can be seen: that of Large with B/S is about 1/3 of that of without B/S; that of Micro with B/S is negative while that of without B/S is positive, far larger than the former, while among Medium & Small, the difference between that of with B/S and without B/S is not large, the latter is 15% larger than the former.

	Whole	Large	Medium &	Micro
	industry		Small	
Total annual profit	102,368,185	30,107,473	74,438,976	-2,178,264
o/w enterprises that keep B/S and Income Statements	66,503,513	22,265,561	48,194,070	-3,956,118
enterprises that do not keep B/S and Income Statements	35,864,672	7,841,912	26,244,906	1,777,854
Annual profit per enterprises	101,556	97,752	161,824	-9,076
o/w enterprises that keep B/S and Income Statements	100,916	86,975	165,615	-35,322
enterprises that do not keep B/S and Income Statements	102,764	150,806	155,295	13,889
Annual profit per entire persons engaged of enterprises (USD)	361	113	4,600	-1,436
o/w enterprises that keep B/S and Income Statements	268	94	4,390	-5,212
enterprises that do not keep B/S and Income Statements	1,021	269	5,042	2,345

Table 5.3-4 Annual profit and loss by scale of enterprises (USD)

2) Although the operating profit to sales of whole establishments is 26.6%, profit after tax to sales ratio is only 1.6%: Large 0.6% and Medium & Small reported 8.8% while Micro reported loss of -19.6%.

Profit before tax to sales ratio of enterprises is slightly higher than the profit after tax ratio except for Large: whole industry is 2.9%, Large is 2.1%, Medium & Small is 9.1% and Micro is -14.6%.

Both ROA and ROE of industry as a whole are also low (0.7% and 2.4% for whole industry), far lower than the market interest rate (currently about 6-7%) and economic growth rate of Cambodia (nominal rate about 10-11%).

When looking at the Profit after tax to sales ratio of entities of all industries, the ratios of all scale are higher than those of enterprises: whole industry 13.4%, especially Micro reported high profit ratio (21.9%).

	Whole industry	Large	Medium &	Micro	
			Small		
Operating profit to	26.6	26.7	26.7	7.6	
sales ratio					
Profit after tax to	1.6	0.6	8.8	-19.6	
sales ratio	-				
Profit before tax to	2.9	2.1	9.1	-14.6	
sales ratio	2.0	2.1	0.1	14.0	
Return on Assets	0.7	0.0	2.2	0.7	
(ROA) ratio	0.7	0.3	3.2	-3.7	
Return on equity	2.4	1.0	8.3	-24.7	
(ROE) ratio	2.4	1.0	0.5	-24.7	

Table 5.3-5 Profit rate of enterprises by scale (%)

(Note) Table 5.3.5 and Reference below is calculated only for enterprises (Single Unit and Head Office (Q6)) that keep B/S and I/S (Q15=1). Operating profit is equal to the gross margin (Q21\_GM: refer to "Explanation of Terms" and "Attachment 1").

## (Reference)

Profit after tax to sales ratio of all industries, including entities that do not keep balance sheet and income statements is as follows.

Profit of entities	Whole	Large	Medium &	Micro
	industry		Small	
Profit after tax to sales ratio of	13.4	4.0	13.9	21.9
entities of all industries (%)	13.4	4.0	13.9	21.9

#### (Salaries and wages per person engaged of enterprises)

Average salaries and wages of entities of whole industry are 1,654 USD: there is a big difference between Large and Micro: in case of Large average annual salaries paid by entities are 814,903 USD, whereas reported amount of Micro is very low (240 USD only).

But comparing the average salaries and wages of enterprises with that of Large entities, the former is paying 1.4 times larger than the amount of the latter.

Looking at average salaries and wages per person engaged of enterprises, Medium & Small is paying the highest amount (2,420 USD) especially those that keep B/S (2,779 USD) and Large pays lower than other two scales (Large 1,289 USD, whereas Micro 1,701 USD).

Reported Labor cost to sales of entities is 6.5% as a whole; Medium & Small reported the highest rate (13.3%) among all scale of industry. Micro is the lowest with 2.0%. But looking at enterprises only, Large reported the highest with 9.1%, then Micro (8.5%) and Medium & small (5.8%). Labor cost to sales of Micro entities and Micro enterprises show a clear difference: former is only 1/4 of latter because of inclusion of NGO and other non-profit organizations in entities surveyed.

	Whole Industry	Large	Medium & Small	Micro
Total Salaries & Wages of entities	820,728,604	490,571,756	213,478,394	116,678,454
Average salaries and wages of entities	1,654	814,903	24,051	240
Total Salaries & Wges of enterprises	384,486,003	342,742,448	39,163,260	2,580,295
o/w: enterprises that keep B/S & Income Statements	328,631,306	296,707,537	30,503,278	1,420,491
enterprises that do not keep B/S & Income Statements	55,854,697	46,034,911	8,659,982	1,159,804
Average salaries and wages of enterprises	381,435	1,112,800	85,138	10,751
o/w: enterprises that keep B/S & Income Statements	498,682	1,159,014	104,822	12,683
enterprises that do not keep B/S & Income Statements	160,042	885,287	51,242	9,061
Average salaries and wages per person engaged of enterprises	1,356	1,289	2,420	1,701
o/w: enterprises that keep B/S & Income Statements	1,323	1,253	2,779	1,872
enterprises that do not keep B/S & Income Statements	1,590	1,578	1,664	1,530
Labor Cost to Sales of entities (%)	6.5	9.3	13.3	2
Labor Cost to Sales of enterprises (%)	8.6	9.1	5.8	8.5

Table 5.3-6 Salaries and wages per person engaged of entities (USD)

(Note) Labor Cost to Sales in this table is calculated by dividing "annual employee's salaries and wages" by "annual sales excluding entities whose data of salaries & wages or sales is zero".

#### (Ratio of transportation expenses)

Share of transportation expenses to sales of enterprises with B/S is 1.3% and slightly smaller than the profit after tax to sales ratio.

#### (Ratio of repair and maintenance expenses)

Percentage of repair and maintenance expenses to sales of enterprises with B/S is only 1.0%.

#### (Ratio of amortization/depletion and depreciation expenses)

Share of Amortization/depletion and depreciation expenses to sales ratio is 4.5%. Comparing with the fixed asset per establishments, the weight of the amount of amortization/depletion and depreciation expenses is 9.4%. This implies that if Cambodian enterprises are accumulating amortization annually with this percentage, they might recover the investment capital in about 8 years.

		Transportation	Repair and	Amortization/
		expenses	maintenance	depletion and
			expenses	depreciation
				expenses
Large	Amount per enterprises (USD)	666,802	698,841	2,387,604
	Share to sales amount per enterprises (%)	1.3	1.4	4.8
M&S	Amount per enterprises (USD)	86,379	55,267	325,344
	Share to sales amount per enterprises (%)	1.1	0.7	4.1
Micro	Amount per enterprises (USD)	7,584	32,152	26,440
	Share to sales amount per enterprises (%)	1.5	6.4	5.3

Table 5.3-7 Ratio of major costs to sales of enterprises

(Note) The criteria of scale in this table is slightly different from the other tables (number of employees are as follows: Micro=1-9, Medium & Small=10-99, Large=100 and over.)

#### (Taxation: percentage of establishments that paid profit tax)

As for the profit tax, Large enterprises with B/S as a whole contributed 85 times bigger amount of tax than Micro. Looking at the profit tax paid per establishments, Large paid the biggest amount of 201,562USD, Medium & small 6,395 USD, and Micro 8,707USD.

Average tax ratio of whole enterprises is 45.0% but Large reported as high as 69.9%, but Medium & small 3.9% and Micro -31.4%.

	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
			Small	
Amount of profit tax (USD)	54,413,000	51,599,968	1,899,524	913,508
(share, %)	(100.0)	(94.8)	(3.5)	(1.7)
Amount of profit tax per enterprise (USD)	82,569	201,562	6,528	8,156
Average tax ratio (%)	34.7	63.2	2.5	-72.2

Table 5.3-8 Profit tax paid by enterprises

# (Share of enterprises with Subsidies/Grant)

In total, Large entities received 56.6% of Subsidy/Grant from the Government and Medium & Small entities received the remaining 43.4%, but Micro received none.

Looking at enterprises with B/S only, it is Medium & small that received majority of Subsidy/Grant (62.8%) whereas Large receives 37.2%.

Subsidy/Grant ratios to profit after tax are 2.8% in case of large establishments and 2.2% in case of Medium & Small.

Comparing with the amount of reported profit of enterprises, Large received subsidy/grant about 1/4 of their profit amount (8.6% vs. 2.8%: refer to Table 5.3.4 and 5.3.8) whereas in case of Medium & Small the amount of subsidy/grant received is only 1/4 of the profit (8.8% vs. 2.2%). Thus in addition to Micro, the contribution of large establishments in terms of government revenue with profit tax payment is negative. This means that among enterprises that keep B/S and I/S, only Medium & Small are contributing positively to the Government revenue from profit tax.

	Whole	Large	Medium &	Micro
	industry		Small	
Total amount of Subsidy/Grant of entities (USD)	10,405,596	5,885,258	4,520,337	0
(share, %)	(100.0)	(56.6)	(43.4)	(0)
Subsidy/Grant ratio to profit after tax of entities (%)	1.6	2.1	1.4	0
Total amount of Subsidy/Grant of enterprises (USD)	1,679,426	624,546	1,054,880	0
(share, %)	(100.0)	( 37.2)	(62.8)	( 0.0 )
Amount of Subsidy/Grant per enterprise (USD)	7,548	2,440	3,505	0
Subsidy/Grant ratio to profit after tax of enterprises (%)	2.5	2.8	2.2	0

Table 5.3-9 Number of entities/enterprises that receive Subsidy/Grant

# 5.4 Capital and assets

# (Capital)

1) Looking at the size of capital by scale, the size of capital of Cambodian enterprises is rather small as about 1/3 is under 10,000 including insolvency (negative capital): even in case of large, 1/5 is under 10,000, in case of Medium & Small 1/3 and in case of Micro 55% are less than 10,000USD or reported loss (insolvency).

Circ of Corritol (UCD)	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
Size of Capital (USD)			Small	
Total number	659	256	301	102
Under 0 (insolvency)	76	31	32	13
Under 10,000*	147	32	72	43
10,000-under 50,000	62	8	30	24
50,000-under 100,000	29	4	17	8
100,000-under 250,000	43	5	28	10
250,000-under 500,000	43	13	26	4
500,000-under 1,000,000	50	22	22	6
1,000,000-under 2,500,000	68	44	22	2
2,500,000-under 5,000,000	44	25	18	1
5,000,000 under 10,000,000	31	22	8	1
10,000,000 or more	66	50	16	0

Table 5.4-1 Enterprises by size of capital and scale (number)

(Note) \* includes enterprises that reported as 0.

2) Equity ratio of enterprises is 29.0% as a whole, while Large is 27.4%, Medium & Small is 38.0% and Micro is 16.0%. looking at Debt ratio of enterprises, Large shows the highest ratio of 299.9%, then Medium & Small of 165.8% and the lowest is Micro with 123.8%. These figures may imply that smaller scale enterprises may be having bigger difficulties than larger enterprises in terms of borrowing from financial institutions.

Current ratio of Micro is high comparing with other scale of industry. This indicates together with Debt ratio, that Large and Medium & Small are in weaker position of debt repayment capacity than Micro.

Turnover of total assets is only 0.41 times, especially that in Micro is only 0.20 times: low Turnover indicates low efficiency of management of Cambodian enterprises.

Turnover of fixed asset which is an indicator of profitability of an enterprise is 1.61 times for whole industry, but very low with Micro: only 0.26, about 1/6 of Large.

Comparing with other country, for example average of Japanese enterprises, Turnover period of Inventories is longer than Japanese enterprise<sup>4</sup> (2.4 months reported by the survey vs. 1.41 months in case of Japanese enterprises) which indicates that Cambodian enterprises are keeping much more materials, parts and processing goods than Japan se enterprises. It may be because Cambodian enterprises may have difficulties in buying raw materials, parts with Just-in-time manner, and worry about big instability of price and inflation in Cambodia, or feel the necessity to keep larger stocks to meet unpredictable demands of customers in daily business, etc. The Especially long turnover period of inventories (7.9 months) is reported by Medium & Small.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Handbook of Industrial Financial data 2009, edited by Development Bank of Japan Inc.

	Whole industry	Large	Medium & Small	Micro
Amount of capital (USD)	2,727,135,911	2,132,407,917	578,469,445	16,258,550
Amount of capital per enterprises (USD)	4,138,294	8,329,718	1,987,868	145,166
Amount of Assets (USD)	9,392,472,138	7,769,451,126	1,521,447,749	101,573,263
Amount of assets per enterprises (USD)	14,252,613	30,349,418	5,228,343	906,904
Turnover of total assets (times)	0.41	0.43	0.34	0.20
Turnover of fixed assets (times)	1.61	1.75	1.23	0.26
Debt ratio (%)	270.5	299.9	165.8	123.8
Current ratio (%)	122.8	117.0	162.9	321.7
Equity ratio (%)	29.0	27.4	38.0	16.0
Turnover period of Inventories (months)	2.4	1.6	7.9	4.9

Table 5.4-2 Enterprises by capital, assets and scale

## (Assets)

Asset size of enterprises looks being rather diversified: 16.5% under 10,000, 13.7% 100,000,000 or more, and 11.8% 1,000,000 to under 2,500,000 USD. By scale, majority of Micro is under 50,000 USD. About 30% of Medium & Small is lower than 50,000 USD whereas Large, more than 70% is larger than 1,000,000 USD.

Size of assets (USD)	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
Size of assets (USD)			Small	
Total (number)	659	256	301	102
Composition (%)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 10,000 USD	16.5	5.9	19.9	33.3
10,000-under 50,000	10.8	3.9	10.6	28.4
50,000-under 100,000	5.6	3.1	6.3	9.8
100,000-under 250,000	7.3	2.7	10.6	8.8
250,000-under 500,000	8.3	7.0	10.3	5.9
500,000-under 1,000,000	8.8	6.3	12.0	5.9
1,000,000-under 2,500,000	11.8	16.8	11.0	2.0
2,500,000-under 5,000,000	8.8	12.1	7.6	3.9
5,000,000-under 10,000,000	8.3	15.6	4.7	1.0
10,000,000 or more	13.7	26.6	7.0	1.0

Table 5.4-3 Enterprises by size of assets and scale

Part 2:

**Statistical Tables** 

	Section of ISIC Rev.4	Total	Large	Medium & small	Micro
Nu	mber of establishments:			Sillali	
Tot		505,134	781	10,809	493,544
B	Mining and quarrying	179	1	50	128
C	Manufacturing	71,416	410	1,412	69,594
D	Electricity, gas, steam and	71,110	110	1,112	00,001
	air conditioning supply	4,607	8	126	4,473
Е	Water supply; sewerage,	1,001		120	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	waste management and				
	remediation activities	461	4	40	417
F	Construction	188	3	40	145
G	Wholesale and retail	100	0	10	110
G	trade; repair of motor				
	vehicles and motorcycles	292,350	19	1,269	291,062
Н	Transportation and	_0_,000		.,	
	storage	1,557	12	168	1,377
Ι	Accommodation and food	.,			.,0.1
	service activities	69,662	49	2,038	67,575
J	Information and	,		_,	,
	communication	4,711	20	132	4,559
K	Financial and insurance	.,			.,
	activities	3,584	27	562	2,995
L	Real estate activities	120	0	31	89
M	Professional, scientific and			0.	
	technical activities	957	1	62	894
N	Administrative and				
	support service activities	6,023	22	267	5,734
Р	Education	9,874	101	3,400	6,373
Q	Human health and social	- , -		-,	-,
~	work activities	4,885	34	433	4,418
R	Arts, entertainment and	,			, -
	recreation	1,780	51	236	1,493
S	Other service activities	32,780	19	543	32,218

Table 1.1.1 Number of establishments by scale and section of industrial classification (number)

	Section of ISIC Rev.4	Total	Large	Medium & small	Micro
Sha	are	100.0	0.2	2.1	97.7
В	Mining and quarrying	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
С	Manufacturing	14.1	0.1	0.3	13.8
D	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.9
Е	Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1
F	Construction	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
G	Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	57.9	0.0	0.3	57.6
Н	Transportation and storage	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.3
Ι	Accommodation and food service activities	13.8	0.0	0.4	13.4
J	Information and communication	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.9
K	Financial and insurance activities	0.7	0.0	0.1	0.6
L	Real estate activities	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
М	Professional, scientific and technical activities	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2
N	Administrative and support service activities	1.2	0.0	0.1	1.1
Р	Education	2.0	0.0	0.7	1.3
Q	Human health and social work activities	1.0	0.0	0.1	0.9
R	Arts, entertainment and recreation	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.3
S	Other service activities	6.5	0.0	0.1	6.4

Table 1.1.2 Number of establishments by scale and section of industrial classification (%)  $\,$
Table 1.1.3 Number of establishments by scale and section of industrial classification (%)

	Section of ISIC Rev.4	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
				small	
Con	nposition	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
В	Mining and quarrying	0.0	0.1	0.5	0.0
С	Manufacturing	14.1	52.5	13.1	14.1
D	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	0.9	1.0	1.2	0.9
Е	Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	0.1	0.5	0.4	0.1
F	Construction	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.0
G	Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	57.9	2.4	11.7	59.0
Н	Transportation and storage	0.3	1.5	1.6	0.3
Ι	Accommodation and food service activities	13.8	6.3	18.9	13.7
J	Information and communication	0.9	2.6	1.2	0.9
K	Financial and insurance activities	0.7	3.5	5.2	0.6
L	Real estate activities	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0
М	Professional, scientific and technical activities	0.2	0.1	0.6	0.2
N	Administrative and support service activities	1.2	2.8	2.5	1.2
Р	Education	2.0	12.9	31.5	1.3
Q	Human health and social work activities	1.0	4.4	4.0	0.9
R	Arts, entertainment and recreation	0.4	6.5	2.2	0.3
S	Other service activities	6.5	2.4	5.0	6.5

Number of	Total	Large	Medium & Small	Micro
establishments				
Total	505,134	781	10,809	493,544
Cambodian	499,497	454	10,128	488,915
Foreigner	5,637	327	681	4,629
Chinese	2,134	214	297	1,623
Korean	175	26	56	93
Vietnamese	2,521	3	51	2,467
Other Asian	374	58	111	205
US and Europe	379	21	152	206
Others	54	5	14	35

Table 1.2.1 Number of establishments by scale and nationality of owner (number)

Table 1.2.2 Number of establishments by scale and nationality of owner (%)

Number of	Total	Large	Medium & Small	Micro
establishments				
Share	100.0	0.2	2.1	97.7
o/w Cambodian	98.9	0.1	2.0	96.8
Foreigner	1.1	0.1	0.1	0.9
Composition (%)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Cambodian	98.9	58.1	93.7	99.1
Foreigner	1.1	41.9	6.3	0.9
Chinese	0.4	27.4	2.7	0.3
Korean	0.0	3.3	0.5	0.0
Vietnamese	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5
Other Asian	0.1	7.4	1.0	0.0
US and Europe	0.1	2.7	1.4	0.0
Others	0.0	0.6	0.1	0.0

Sex	Total	Large	Medium & Small	Micro
Total	505,134	781	10,809	493,544
Male	176,130	643	8,228	167,259
Female	329,004	138	2,581	326,285

Table 1.3.1 Number of establishments by sex of representative (number)

Table 1.3.2 Number of establishments by sex of representative (%)

Sex	Total	Large	Medium & Small	Micro
Share	100.0	0.2	2.1	97.7
Male	34.9	0.1	1.6	33.1
Female	65.1	0.0	0.5	64.6
Composition		100.0	100.0	100.0
Male		82.3	76.1	33.9
Female		17.7	23.9	66.1

	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
			Small	
Total	505,134	781	10,809	493,544
Registered at MOC	17,378	616	3,762	13,000
Registered at other ministries	21,834	128	3,926	17,780
Non-registered	465,922	37	3,121	462,764

Table1.4.1 Number of establishments registered and non-registered (number)

Table 1.4.2 Number of establishments registered and non-registered (%)

	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
			Small	
Composition	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Registered at MOC	3.4	78.9	34.8	2.6
Registered at other ministries	4.3	16.4	36.3	3.6
Non-registered	92.2	4.7	28.9	93.8

	Total	Large	Medium & Small	Micro
Total	49,245	1,429	10,610	37,206
Commerce / Provincial Dept. of Commerce	17,378	616	3,762	13,000
Economy and Finance	2,623	114	564	1,945
Interior	981	33	353	595
Health	4,300	36	417	3,847
Labor	329	71	142	116
Posts and Telecommunication.	1,805	11	35	1,759
Tourism	1,979	53	680	1,246
Social Affair	122	13	64	45
Women's Affair	13	1	5	7
National Bank	676	17	304	355
CDC	83	42	24	17
Industry	4,157	183	754	3,220
Water Resource	18	1	2	15
Public Work	311	9	49	253
Culture and Religion	4,192	0	35	4,157
Environment	424	88	153	183
Education	7,806	87	2,856	4,863
Culture and Fine Arts	512	1	71	440
Information	261	5	62	194
Justice	26	1	2	23
Land Management	94	1	25	68
Civil Aviation	4	0	0	4
Others	1,151	46	251	854

Table 1.4.3 Number of establishments registered by registered agencies (number)

(Note) As there are establishments that registered MOC as well as other ministries or organizations, total

number is different from Table 1.4.1.

	Total	Large	Medium & Small	Micro
Share	100.0	2.9	21.5	75.6
Commerce / Provincial Dept. of Commerce	35.3	1.3	7.6	26.4
Economy and Finance	5.3	0.2	1.1	3.9
Interior	2.0	0.1	0.7	1.2
Health	8.7	0.1	0.8	7.8
Labor	0.7	0.1	0.3	0.2
Posts and Telecommunication.	3.7	0.0	0.1	3.6
Tourism	4.0	0.1	1.4	2.5
Social Affair	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.1
Women's Affair	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
National Bank	1.4	0.0	0.6	0.7
CDC	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0
Industry	8.4	0.4	1.5	6.5
Water Resource	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Public Work	0.6	0.0	0.1	0.5
Culture and Religion	8.5	0.0	0.1	8.4
Environment	0.9	0.2	0.3	0.4
Education	15.9	0.2	5.8	9.9
Culture and Fine Arts	1.0	0.0	0.1	0.9
Information	0.5	0.0	0.1	0.4
Justice	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Land Management	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.1
Civil Aviation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Others	2.3	0.1	0.5	1.7

Table 1.4.4 Number of establishments registered by registered agencies (%)

	Total	Large	Medium & Small	Micro
Total	505,134	781	10,809	493,544
Individual proprietor	473,197	64	3,841	469,292
Sole proprietor	12,027	199	2,322	9,506
General partnership	204	28	81	95
Limited partnership	160	13	84	63
Private limited company	3,518	323	725	2,470
Public limited company	390	20	180	190
Subsidiary of foreign company	8	2	5	1
Branch of a foreign company	64	9	28	27
Commercial rep. office of a foreign company	20	0	4	16
Cooperative	41	0	2	39
State-owned organization	9,119	104	3,052	5,963
NGO	1,114	18	422	674
Others	5,272	1	63	5,208

Table 1.5.1 Number of establishments by ownership and scale (number)

	Total	Large	Medium & Small	Micro
Composition	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Individual proprietor	93.7	8.2	35.5	95.1
Sole proprietor	2.4	25.5	21.5	1.9
General partnership	0.0	3.6	0.7	0.0
Limited partnership	0.0	1.7	0.8	0.0
Private limited company	0.7	41.4	6.7	0.5
Public limited company	0.1	2.6	1.7	0.0
Subsidiary of foreign company	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0
Branch of a foreign company	0.0	1.2	0.3	0.0
Commercial rep. office of a foreign company	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Cooperative	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
State-owned organization	1.8	13.3	28.2	1.2
NGO	0.2	2.3	3.9	0.1
Others	1.0	0.1	0.6	1.1

Table 1.5.2 Number of establishments by ownership and scale (%)

	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
			Small	
Total	505,134	781	10,809	493,544
Single unit	495,969	475	8,684	486,810
Head office	386	75	196	115
Branch office	8,779	231	1,929	6,619

Table 1.6.1 Number of establishments by type of establishments (number)

Table 1.6.2 Number of establishments by type of establishments (%)

	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro	
			Small		
Composition	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Single unit	98.2	60.8	80.3	98.6	
Head office	0.1	9.6	1.8	0.0	
Branch office	1.7	29.6	17.8	1.3	

Table 2.1.1 Number of establishments by tenure of business place (number)

	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro	
			Small		
Total	505,134	781	10,809	493,544	
Owned	347,170	306	6,373	340,491	
Rented	121,852	443	3,927	117,482	
Others	36,112	32	509	35,571	

Table 2.1.2 Number of establishments by tenure of business place (%)

	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro	
			Small		
Composition	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Owned	68.7	39.2	59.0	69.0	
Rented	24.1	56.7	36.3	23.8	
Others	7.1	4.1	4.7	7.2	

	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
			Small	
Total	505,134	781	10,809	493,544
Street business	41,771	0	0	41,771
Home business	327,054	49	4,116	322,889
Business in apartment	13,688	109	1,406	12,173
building	13,000	109	1,400	12,175
Business in	93,139	0	83	02.056
traditional market	93,139	0	03	93,056
Business in modern	815	2	69	744
shopping mall	015	2	09	744
Business that is				
occupying exclusive	21.254	615	5 000	15 620
one block or one	21,254	015	5,009	15,630
building				
Others	7,413	6	126	7,281

Table 2.2.1 Establishments by kind of business place (number)

	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
			Small	
Composition	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Street business	8.3	0.0	0.0	8.5
Home business	64.7	6.3	38.1	65.4
Business in	2.7	14.0	13.0	2.5
apartment building	2.1	14.0	13.0	2.5
Business in	18.4	0.0	0.8	18.9
traditional market	10.4	0.0	0.0	10.9
Business in modern	0.2	0.3	0.6	0.2
shopping mall	0.2	0.5	0.0	0.2
Business that is				
occupying exclusive	4.2	78.7	46.3	3.2
one block or one	4.2	70.7	40.3	3.2
building				
Others	1.5	0.8	1.2	1.5

## Table 2.2.2 Establishments by kind of business place (%)

Area of business	Total	Large	Medium & Small	Micro		
places						
Total	505,134	781	10,809	493,544		
Under 5 m2	131,758	0	0	131,758		
5-9	133,405	0	1	133,404		
10-29	121,055	1	591	120,463		
30-49	53,903	14	14 1,563			
50-99	28,877	24	1,399	27,454		
100-199	16,135	54	1,967	14,114		
200-499	4,649	119	1,309	3,221		
500-999	1,886	38	468	1,380		
Over 1,000 m2	13,466	531	3,511	9,424		

Table 2.3.1 Establishments by area of business place (number)

Table 2.3.2 Establishments by area of business place (%)

Area of business	Total	Large	Medium & Small	Micro	
places					
Composition	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Under 5 m2	26.1	0.0	0.0	26.7	
5-9	26.4	0.0	0.0	27.0	
10-29	24.0	0.1	5.5	24.4	
30-49	10.7	1.8	14.5	10.6	
50-99	5.7	3.1	12.9	5.6	
100-199	3.2	6.9	18.2	2.9	
200-499	0.9	15.2	12.1	0.7	
500-999	0.4	4.9	4.3	0.3	
Over 1,000 m2	2.7	68.0	32.5	1.9	

	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
			Small	
Total	505,134	781	10,809	493,544
In or before 1991	37,784	86	2,253	35,445
1992	3,030	8	102	2,920
1993	6,198	15	176	6,007
1994	3,267	9	117	3,141
1995	8,606	16	172	8,418
1996	5,315	19	208	5,088
1997	6,117	31	227	5,859
1998	8,966	21	230	8,715
1999	7,648	21	187	7,440
2000	32,559	36	496	32,027
2001	15,374	21	261	15,092
2002	10,867	25	285	10,557
2003	12,364	26	350	11,988
2004	13,817	28	385	13,404
2005	30,488	48	592	29,848
2006	28,159	48	581	27,530
2007	35,022	55	748	34,219
2008	50,961	61	921	49,979
2009	62,855	71	899	61,885
2010	87,138	97	1,107	85,934
2011	32,446	29	350	32,067
Unknown	6,153	10	162	5,981

Table 2.4.1 Establishments by year of starting business (number)

	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
			Small	
Composition	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
In or before 1991	7.5	11.0	20.8	7.2
1992	0.6	1.0	0.9	0.6
1993	1.2	1.9	1.6	1.2
1994	0.6	1.2	1.1	0.6
1995	1.7	2.0	1.6	1.7
1996	1.1	2.4	1.9	1.0
1997	1.2	4.0	2.1	1.2
1998	1.8	2.7	2.1	1.8
1999	1.5	2.7	1.7	1.5
2000	6.4	4.6	4.6	6.5
2001	3.0	2.7	2.4	3.1
2002	2.2	3.2	2.6	2.1
2003	2.4	3.3	3.2	2.4
2004	2.7	3.6	3.6	2.7
2005	6.0	6.1	5.5	6.0
2006	5.6	6.1	5.4	5.6
2007	6.9	7.0	6.9	6.9
2008	10.1	7.8	8.5	10.1
2009	12.4	9.1	8.3	12.5
2010	17.3	12.4	10.2	17.4
2011	6.4	3.7	3.2	6.5
Unknown	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.2

Table 2.4.2 Establishments by year of starting business (%)

	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
			Small	
In or before 1991	-	-	-	-
$1992^{5}$	9.6	10.5	4.9	9.9
$1993^{6}$	17.9	17.9	8.0	18.5
1994	8.0	9.1	4.9	8.2
1995	19.5	14.8	6.9	20.3
1996	10.1	15.3	7.8	10.2
1997	10.5	21.7	7.9	10.6
1998	14.0	12.1	7.4	14.3
1999	10.5	10.8	5.6	10.7
2000	40.3	16.7	14.1	41.6
2001	13.6	8.3	6.5	13.8
2002	8.4	9.2	6.7	8.5
2003	8.9	8.7	7.7	8.9
2004	9.1	8.6	7.9	9.1
2005	18.4	13.6	11.2	18.6
2006	14.3	12.0	9.9	14.5
2007	15.6	12.3	11.6	15.7
2008	19.6	12.1	12.8	19.9
2009	20.3	12.6	11.1	20.5
2010	23.3	15.3	12.3	23.6
2011	7.0	4.0	3.5	7.1

Table 2.4.3 Opening rate of establishment by scale of establishments (%)

(Note)

Opening rate ( $R_t$ ) of establishment=Number of establishment starting business in the year "t" ( $N_t$ ) / Number of establishments that started business up to the end of the year before( $\Sigma(N_{t-n})$ )- number of "unknown":

 $R_t \!\!=\!\! N_t \!/\! (N_{t\text{-}1} + N_{t\text{-}2} + N_{t\text{-}3} + ..... \!\!+\!\! N_{t\text{-}n} \!-\! unknown) \!\!*\! 100,$ 

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> (Total number of establishments of 1992) / (Total number of establishments of "1991 and before" – number of "unknown")
<sup>6</sup> (Total number of establishments of 1993) / (Total number of establishments of "1991 and before"+"that of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>o</sup> (Total number of establishments of 1993) / (Total number of establishments of "1991 and before"+"that of 1992"—number of "unknown"): as for the years after 1994, the same way of calculation (please refer to the Note below the Table 2.4.3)

Start time	Total	Before 6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15 and after
No.	505,134	218,163	231,208	29,738	7,023	3,578	2,190	874	1,935	3,037	7,388
(%)	100	43.2	45.8	5.9	1.4	0.7	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.6	1.5
Large	100	20	69.7	8.1	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4
M&S	100	22.3	59.6	10.1	1.4	1.3	1	0.2	0.4	0.5	3.3
Micro	100	43.7	45.4	5.8	1.4	0.7	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.6	1.4
Close time	Total	Before 12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21 and after
No.	505,134	46,889	3,986	3,994	7,197	30,981	186,464	109,501	53,034	29,556	33,532
(%)	100	9.3	0.8	0.8	1.4	6.1	36.9	21.7	10.5	5.9	6.6
Large	100	9.1	0.3	0.3	1.5	35.5	28.4	8.2	2.7	3.7	10.4
M&S	100	8.3	0.4	0.5	1.1	6.6	49.2	6.9	5.8	4.3	16.7
Micro	100	9.3	0.8	0.8	1.4	6.1	36.7	22	10.6	5.9	6.4

Table 2.5.1 Establishments by operating time (number)

(Note) No. stands for the number of establishments.

	Total	Before 6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15 and after
Start time	100	43.2	45.8	5.9	1.4	0.7	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.6	1.5
Large	100	20	69.7	8.1	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4
M&S	100	22.3	59.6	10.1	1.4	1.3	1	0.2	0.4	0.5	3.3
Micro	100	43.7	45.4	5.8	1.4	0.7	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.6	1.4
	Total	Before 12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21 and after
Close time	100	9.3	0.8	0.8	1.4	6.1	36.9	21.7	10.5	5.9	6.6
Large	100	9.1	0.3	0.3	1.5	35.5	28.4	8.2	2.7	3.7	10.4
M&S	100	8.3	0.4	0.5	1.1	6.6	49.2	6.9	5.8	4.3	16.7
Micro	100	9.3	0.8	0.8	1.4	6.1	36.7	22	10.6	5.9	6.4

Table 2.5.2 Establishments by operating time (composition, %)

	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
			Small	
Total	505,134	781	10,809	493,544
Less than 5 hours	45,989	3	445	45,541
6-8 hours	34,543	14	580	33,949
9-12hours	330,636	593	7,483	322,560
More than 13 hours	93,966	171	2,301	91,494

Table 2.5.3 Establishments by business hours (number)

Table 2.5.4 Establishments by business hours (%)

	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
			Small	
Composition	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 5 hours	9.1	0.4	4.1	9.2
6-8 hours	6.8	1.8	5.4	6.9
9-12hours	65.5	75.9	69.2	65.4
More than 13 hours	18.6	21.9	21.3	18.5

Table 3.1.1 Number of persons engaged

	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
			Small	
Number of person engaged (a)	1,673,390	451,739	245,671	975,980
(share %)	100.0	27.0	14.7	58.3
o/w Regular employees (b)	755,780	395,392	219,205	141,183
(b/a, %)	45.2	87.5	89.2	14.5
Average number of person engaged per establishments	3.3	578.4	22.7	2.0
Average number of regular employees per establishments	1.5	506.3	20.3	0.3

Table 5.1.2 Tersons engaged by sex (number)						
	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro		
			Small			
Total	1,673,390	451,739	245,671	975,980		
Male	947,946	362,504	191,196	394,246		
Female	725,444	89,235	54,475	581,734		

Table 3.1.2 Persons engaged by sex (number)

## Table 3.1.3 Persons engaged by sex (%)

	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
			Small	
Composition	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Male	56.6	80.2	77.8	40.4
Female	43.4	19.8	22.2	59.6

Number of person	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
engaged			Small	
Total	1,673,390	451,739	245,671	975,980
Cambodian	1,381,254	193,295	224,792	963,167
Foreigner	292,136	258,444	20,879	12,813
o/w Chinese	187,926	173,144	10,362	4,420
Korean	19,444	17,690	1,249	505
Vietnamese	8,014	1,066	1,318	5,630
Other Asian	55,740	51,610	3,146	984
US and Europe	18,687	13,301	4,299	1,087
Others	2,325	1,633	505	187

Table 3.2.1 Persons engaged by nationality of owner (number)

Table 3.2.2 Persons engaged by nationality of owner (%)

Number of person	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
engaged			Small	
Composition	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Cambodian	82.5	42.8	91.5	98.7
Foreigner	17.5	57.2	8.5	1.3
o/w Chinese	11.2	38.3	4.2	0.5
Korean	1.2	3.9	0.5	0.1
Vietnamese	0.5	0.2	0.5	0.6
Other Asian	3.3	11.4	1.3	0.1
US and Europe	1.1	2.9	1.7	0.1
Others	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.0

8	1	000	0	
	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
			Small	
Total	3.3	578.4	22.7	2.0
Cambodian	2.8	425.8	22.2	2.0
Foreigner	51.8	790.3	30.7	2.8
o/w Chinese	88.1	809.1	34.9	2.7
Korean	111.1	680.4	22.3	5.4
Vietnamese	3.2	355.3	25.8	2.3
Other Asian	149.0	889.8	28.3	4.8
US and Europe	49.3	633.4	28.3	5.3
Others	43.1	326.6	36.1	5.3

Table 3.2.3 Average number of persons engaged by nationality of owner (number)

Ownership	Total	Large	Medium & Small	Micro
Total number	1,673,390	451,739	245,671	975,980
Individual proprietor	977,977	14,788	73,830	889,359
Sole proprietor	198,919	107,780	55,197	35,942
General partnership	18,788	15,792	2,535	461
Limited partnership	11,530	8,392	2,798	340
Private limited company	286,528	257,854	22,647	6,027
Public limited company	13,868	7,452	5,388	1,028
Subsidiary of foreign company	747	489	257	1
Branch of a foreign company	10,145	9,050	958	137
Commercial rep.				
office of a foreign	160	0	82	78
company				
Cooperative	142	0	25	117
State-owned	127,466	24,606	69,934	32,926
organization	121,400	24,000	09,934	52,920
NGO	19,192	5,335	10,859	2,998
Others	7,928	201	1,161	6,566

Table 3.3.1 Persons engaged by ownership of establishments (number)

Ownership	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
			Small	
Share	100.0	27.0	14.7	58.3
Individual proprietor	58.4	0.9	4.4	53.1
Sole proprietor	11.9	6.4	3.3	2.1
General partnership	1.1	0.9	0.2	0.0
Limited partnership	0.7	0.5	0.2	0.0
Private limited	17.1	15.4	1.4	0.4
company	17.1	15.4	1.4	0.4
Public limited	0.8	0.4	0.3	0.1
company	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.1
Subsidiary of foreign	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
company	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Branch of a foreign	0.6	0.5	0.1	0.0
company	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
Commercial rep.				
office of a foreign	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
company				
Cooperative	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
State-owned	7.6	1.5	4.2	2.0
organization	7.0	1.5	4.2	2.0
NGO	1.1	0.3	0.6	0.2
Others	0.5	0.0	0.1	0.4

Table 3.3.2 Persons engaged by ownership of establishments (%)

Ownership	Total	Large	Medium & Small	Micro
Composition	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Individual proprietor	58.4	3.3	30.1	91.1
Sole proprietor	11.9	23.9	22.5	3.7
General partnership	1.1	3.5	1.0	0.0
Limited partnership	0.7	1.9	1.1	0.0
Private limited company	17.1	57.1	9.2	0.6
Public limited company	0.8	1.6	2.2	0.1
Subsidiary of foreign company	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0
Branch of a foreign company	0.6	2.0	0.4	0.0
Commercial rep. office of a foreign company	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Cooperative	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
State-owned organization	7.6	5.4	28.5	3.4
NGO	1.1	1.2	4.4	0.3
Others	0.5	0.0	0.5	0.7

Table 3.3.3 Persons engaged by ownership of establishments (%)

	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
			Small	
Total	1,673,390	451,739	245,671	975,980
In or before 1991	149,167	20,662	52,297	76,208
1992	13,528	5,199	2,287	6,042
1993	19,376	2,583	4,327	12,466
1994	16,066	6,334	3,178	6,554
1995	26,001	5,186	3,678	17,137
1996	26,117	10,054	5,426	10,637
1997	55,390	37,238	5,307	12,845
1998	45,130	21,507	5,345	18,278
1999	41,775	22,292	4,060	15,423
2000	96,764	22,129	10,753	63,882
2001	44,932	9,126	5,673	30,133
2002	40,427	12,260	6,458	21,709
2003	54,052	20,564	8,613	24,875
2004	50,193	13,825	8,664	27,704
2005	113,658	40,766	13,403	59,489
2006	112,891	44,495	13,154	55,242
2007	110,885	25,481	16,543	68,861
2008	158,934	40,627	20,095	98,212
2009	178,736	39,670	20,621	118,445
2010	225,572	38,726	24,612	162,234
2011	71,674	6,748	7,320	57,606
Unknown	22,122	6,267	3,857	11,998

Table 3.4.1 Persons engaged by year of starting business (number)

	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
			Small	
Composition	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
In or before 1991	8.9	4.6	21.3	7.8
1992	0.8	1.2	0.9	0.6
1993	1.2	0.6	1.8	1.3
1994	1.0	1.4	1.3	0.7
1995	1.6	1.1	1.5	1.8
1996	1.6	2.2	2.2	1.1
1997	3.3	8.2	2.2	1.3
1998	2.7	4.8	2.2	1.9
1999	2.5	4.9	1.7	1.6
2000	5.8	4.9	4.4	6.5
2001	2.7	2.0	2.3	3.1
2002	2.4	2.7	2.6	2.2
2003	3.2	4.6	3.5	2.5
2004	3.0	3.1	3.5	2.8
2005	6.8	9.0	5.5	6.1
2006	6.7	9.8	5.4	5.7
2007	6.6	5.6	6.7	7.1
2008	9.5	9.0	8.2	10.1
2009	10.7	8.8	8.4	12.1
2010	13.5	8.6	10.0	16.6
2011	4.3	1.5	3.0	5.9
Unknown	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.2

Table 3.4.2 Persons engaged by year of starting business (%)

	88 2		5	
Number of persons	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
engaged			Small	
Total	1,673,390	451,739	245,671	975,980
1	222,167	0	0	222,167
2	352,428	0	0	352,428
3	139,140	0	0	139,140
4	83,508	0	0	83,508
5-10	178,737	0	0	178,737
11-20	96,601	0	96,601	0
21-50	95,191	0	95,191	0
51-100	53,879	0	53,879	0
101-500	109,738	109,738	0	0
501-1,000	87,906	87,906	0	0
Over 1,000	254,095	254,095	0	0

Table 3.5.1 Persons engaged by size of persons engaged<sup>7</sup> (number)

Table 3.5.2 Persons engaged by size of persons engaged (%)

Number of persons	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
engaged			Small	
Share	100.0	27.0	14.7	58.3
1	13.3	0.0	0.0	22.8
2	21.1	0.0	0.0	36.1
3	8.3	0.0	0.0	14.3
4	5.0	0.0	0.0	8.6
5-10	10.7	0.0	0.0	18.3
11-20	5.8	0.0	39.3	0.0
21-50	5.7	0.0	38.7	0.0
51-100	3.2	0.0	21.9	0.0
101-500	6.6	24.3	0.0	0.0
501-1,000	5.3	19.5	0.0	0.0
Over 1,000	15.2	56.2	0.0	0.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Persons engaged of establishments

	Section of ISIC Rev.4	Total		Macro			M&S			Large				
			1	2	3-4	5-10	sub-total	11-50	$51 \cdot 100$	sub-total	101 - 500	501-1,000	0ver 1,000	sub-total
Nu	umber of persons engaged: Total	1,673,390	222,167	352,428	222,648	178,737	975,980	191,792	53,879	245,671	109,738	87,906	254,095	451,739
В	Mining and quarrying	2,040	9	80	119	295	503	932	419	1351	186	0	0	186
С	Manufacturing	530,341	23,877	57,418	41,578	27,921	150,794	24,159	10,609	34,768	50,159	66,417	228,203	344,779
D	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	14,632	1,626	3,952	1,984	1,767	9,329	2,105	585	2,690	1,052	0	1,561	2,613
Е	Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	4,208	128	310	268	350	1056	839	106	945	505	503	1,199	2207
F	Construction	2,029	9	52	156	436	653	671	230	901	475	0	0	475
G	Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	553,493	139,772	215,624	112,709	55,322	523,427	21,306	3,505	24,811	3,221	501	1,533	5,255
Η	Transportation and storage	11,945	328	798	1,282	1,766	4,174	2,910	1,074	3,984	1,482	1,260	1,045	3,787
Ι	Accommodation and food service activities	195,287	28,796	47,226	33,657	32,736	142,415	35,847	6,181	42,028	8,488	1,101	1,255	10,844
J	Information and communication	16,589	2,709	2,232	1,389	2,103	8,433	2,169	1,491	3,660	3,221	1,275	0	4,496
K	Financial and insurance activities	27,832	1,367	1,876	862	3,111	7,216	10,504	4,286	14,790	4,013	1,813	0	5,826
L	Real estate activities	1,071	24	28	48	248	348	606	117	723	0	0	0	0
М	Professional, scientific and technical activities	3,814	279	586	640	900	2405	1,113	185	1,298	111	0	0	111
N	Administrative and support service activities	30,080	1,199	3,278	6,407	6,338	17,222	4,586	1,129	5,715	3,533	1,209	2,401	7,143
Р	Education	130,356	466	1,504	5,936	24,682	32,588	61,980	18,204	80,184	17,074	510	0	17,584
Q	Human health and social work activities	33,176	1,612	2,652	1,717	6,968	12,949	7,825	1,824	9,649	5,656	3,026	1,896	10,578
R	Arts, entertainment and recreation	40,163	367	878	1,188	2,253	4,686	4,348	1,566	5,914	7,738	7,948	13,877	29,563
$\mathbf{S}$	Other service activities	76,334	19,599	13,934	12,708	11,541	57,782	9,892	2,368	12,260	2,824	2,343	1,125	6,292

## Table 3.5.3 Persons engaged by section of industry (number)

	Section of ISIC Rev.4	Total			Macro				M&S	•		Large		
			1	2	3-4	5-10	sub-total	11-50	51-100	sub-total	101 - 500	501-1,000	0ver 1,000	sub-total
Nu	mber of persons engaged:	100.0	13.3	21.1	13.3	10.7	58.3	11.5	3.2	14.7	6.6	5.3	15.2	27.0
В	Mining and quarrying	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
С	Manufacturing	31.7	1.4	3.4	2.5	1.7	9.0	1.4	0.6	2.1	3.0	4.0	13.6	20.6
D	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning	0.9	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.6	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.2
Е	Water supply; sewerage, waste management and	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1
F	Construction	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
G	Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and	33.1	8.4	12.9	6.7	3.3	31.3	1.3	0.2	1.5	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.3
Η	Transportation and	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
Ι	Accommodation and food service activities	11.7	1.7	2.8	2.0	2.0	8.5	2.1	0.4	2.5	0.5	0.1	0.1	0.6
J	Information and communication	1.0	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.3
K	Financial and insurance activities	1.7	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.3	0.9	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.3
L	Real estate activities	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
М	Professional, scientific and technical activities	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
N	Administrative and support service	1.8	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.4	1.0	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.4
Р	Education	7.8	0.0	0.1	0.4	1.5	1.9	3.7	1.1	4.8	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.1
Q	Human health and social work activities	2.0	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.8	0.5	0.1	0.6	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.6
R	Arts, entertainment and recreation	2.4	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.8	1.8
$\mathbf{S}$	Other service activities	4.6	1.2	0.8	0.8	0.7	3.5	0.6	0.1	0.7	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.4

Table 3.5.4 Persons engaged by section of industry (%)

Provinces	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
			Small	
Whole country	505,134	781	10,809	493,544
01 Banteay Meanchey	21,541	19	486	21,036
02 Battambang	34,097	17	748	33,332
03 Kampong Cham	56,263	34	864	55,365
04 Kampomg Chhnang	19,690	11	231	19,448
05 Kampong Speu	22,541	15	301	22,225
06 Kampong Thom	22,284	6	253	22,025
07 Kampot	17,042	8	312	16,722
08 Kandal	40,531	70	768	39,693
09 Koh Kong	5,051	2	70	4,979
10 Kratie	11,046	2	161	10,883
11 Mondul Kiri	2,222	1	37	2,184
12 Phnom Penh	95,848	467	3,794	91,587
13 Preah Vihear	5,317	0	52	5,265
14 Prey Veng	29,933	7	394	29,532
15 Pursat	12,075	3	187	11,885
16 Ratanak Kiri	5,480	1	80	5,399
17 Siem Reap	32,120	45	886	31,189
18 Preah Sihanouk	10,728	25	285	10,418
19 Stung Treng	4,665	0	65	4,600
20 Svay Rieng	15,245	30	239	14,976
21 Takeo	31,997	11	423	31,563
22 Otdar Meanchey	4,912	2	69	4,841
23 Kep	1,635	0	46	1,589
24 Pailin	2,871	5	58	2,808

Table 4.1.1 Number of establishments by province and scale (number)

Provinces	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
			Small	
Whole country:	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Composition				
01 Banteay Meanchey	4.3	2.4	4.5	4.3
02 Battambang	6.8	2.2	6.9	6.8
03 Kampong Cham	11.1	4.4	8.0	11.2
04 Kampomg Chhnang	3.9	1.4	2.1	3.9
05 Kampong Speu	4.5	1.9	2.8	4.5
06 Kampong Thom	4.4	0.8	2.3	4.5
07 Kampot	3.4	1.0	2.9	3.4
08 Kandal	8.0	9.0	7.1	8.0
09 Koh Kong	1.0	0.3	0.6	1.0
10 Kratie	2.2	0.3	1.5	2.2
11 Mondul Kiri	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.4
12 Phnom Penh	19.0	59.8	35.1	18.6
13 Preah Vihear	1.1	0.0	0.5	1.1
14 Prey Veng	5.9	0.9	3.6	6.0
15 Pursat	2.4	0.4	1.7	2.4
16 Ratanak Kiri	1.1	0.1	0.7	1.1
17 Siem Reap	6.4	5.8	8.2	6.3
18 Preah Sihanouk	2.1	3.2	2.6	2.1
19 Stung Treng	0.9	0.0	0.6	0.9
20 Svay Rieng	3.0	3.8	2.2	3.0
21 Takeo	6.3	1.4	3.9	6.4
22 Otdar Meanchey	1.0	0.3	0.6	1.0
23 Kep	0.3	0.0	0.4	0.3
24 Pailin	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.6

Table 4.1.2 Number of establishments by province and scale (%)

Provinces	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
			Small	
Whole country	1,673,390	451,739	245,671	975,980
01 Banteay Meanchey	67,370	13,756	9,867	43,747
02 Battambang	84,790	3,186	16,237	65,367
03 Kampong Cham	143,044	19,153	18,889	105,002
04 Kampomg Chhnang	57,575	14,700	4,836	38,039
05 Kampong Speu	72,341	17,234	6,388	48,719
06 Kampong Thom	48,147	786	5,413	41,948
07 Kampot	41,623	3,140	6,700	31,783
08 Kandal	151,146	62,122	18,927	70,097
09 Koh Kong	13,039	1,286	1,397	10,356
10 Kratie	22,835	767	3,191	18,877
11 Mondul Kiri	6,018	186	719	5,113
12 Phnom Penh	556,865	269,631	91,539	195,695
13 Preah Vihear	10,577	0	1,097	9,480
14 Prey Veng	64,335	1,338	8,040	54,957
15 Pursat	26,617	334	3,768	22,515
16 Ratanak Kiri	12,619	201	1,617	10,801
17 Siem Reap	94,326	10,000	20,671	63,655
18 Preah Sihanouk	39,475	12,417	6,974	20,084
19 Stung Treng	11,046	0	1,544	9,502
20 Svay Rieng	53,202	15,553	5,305	32,344
21 Takeo	70,796	3,450	9,272	58,074
22 Otdar Meanchey	13,465	1,169	1,234	11,062
23 Kep	3,937	0	879	3,058
24 Pailin	8,202	1,330	1,167	5,705

Table 4.2.1 Persons engaged by province and scale (number)

Provinces	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
			Small	
Whole country:	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Composition				
01 Banteay Meanchey	4.0	3.0	4.0	4.5
02 Battambang	5.1	0.7	6.6	6.7
03 Kampong Cham	8.5	4.2	7.7	10.8
04 Kampomg Chhnang	3.4	3.3	2.0	3.9
05 Kampong Speu	4.3	3.8	2.6	5.0
06 Kampong Thom	2.9	0.2	2.2	4.3
07 Kampot	2.5	0.7	2.7	3.3
08 Kandal	9.0	13.8	7.7	7.2
09 Koh Kong	0.8	0.3	0.6	1.1
10 Kratie	1.4	0.2	1.3	1.9
11 Mondul Kiri	0.4	0.0	0.3	0.5
12 Phnom Penh	33.3	59.7	37.3	20.1
13 Preah Vihear	0.6	0.0	0.4	1.0
14 Prey Veng	3.8	0.3	3.3	5.6
15 Pursat	1.6	0.1	1.5	2.3
16 Ratanak Kiri	0.8	0.0	0.7	1.1
17 Siem Reap	5.6	2.2	8.4	6.5
18 Preah Sihanouk	2.4	2.7	2.8	2.1
19 Stung Treng	0.7	0.0	0.6	1.0
20 Svay Rieng	3.2	3.4	2.2	3.3
21 Takeo	4.2	0.8	3.8	6.0
22 Otdar Meanchey	0.8	0.3	0.5	1.1
23 Kep	0.2	0.0	0.4	0.3
24 Pailin	0.5	0.3	0.5	0.6

Table 4.2.2 Persons engaged by province and scale (%)

Provinces	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
			Small	
Whole country	3.3	578.4	22.7	2.0
01 Banteay Meanchey	3.1	724.0	20.3	2.1
02 Battambang	2.5	187.4	21.7	2.0
03 Kampong Cham	2.5	563.3	21.9	1.9
04 Kampomg Chhnang	2.9	1,336.4	20.9	2.0
05 Kampong Speu	3.2	1,148.9	21.2	2.2
06 Kampong Thom	2.2	131.0	21.4	1.9
07 Kampot	2.4	392.5	21.5	1.9
08 Kandal	3.7	887.5	24.6	1.8
09 Koh Kong	2.6	643.0	20.0	2.1
10 Kratie	2.1	383.5	19.8	1.7
11 Mondul Kiri	2.7	186.0	19.4	2.3
12 Phnom Penh	5.8	577.4	24.1	2.1
13 Preah Vihear	2.0	0	21.1	1.8
14 Prey Veng	2.1	191.1	20.4	1.9
15 Pursat	2.2	111.3	20.1	1.9
16 Ratanak Kiri	2.3	201.0	20.2	2.0
17 Siem Reap	2.9	222.2	23.3	2.0
18 Preah Sihanouk	3.7	496.7	24.5	1.9
19 Stung Treng	2.4	0	23.8	2.1
20 Svay Rieng	3.5	518.4	22.2	2.2
21 Takeo	2.2	313.6	21.9	1.8
22 Otdar Meanchey	2.7	584.5	17.9	2.3
23 Kep	2.4	0	19.1	1.9
24 Pailin	2.9	266.0	20.1	2.0

Table 4.3.1 Average number of persons engaged per establishments by province and scale (number)

Provinces	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
			Small	
Whole country=1	1	1	1	1
01 Banteay Meanchey	0.9	1.3	0.9	1.1
02 Battambang	0.8	0.3	1.0	1.0
03 Kampong Cham	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.0
04 Kampomg Chhnang	0.9	2.3	0.9	1.0
05 Kampong Speu	1.0	2.0	0.9	1.1
06 Kampong Thom	0.7	0.2	0.9	1.0
07 Kampot	0.7	0.7	0.9	1.0
08 Kandal	1.1	1.5	1.1	0.9
09 Koh Kong	0.8	1.1	0.9	1.1
10 Kratie	0.6	0.7	0.9	0.9
11 Mondul Kiri	0.8	0.3	0.9	1.2
12 Phnom Penh	1.8	1.0	1.1	1.1
13 Preah Vihear	0.6	0	0.9	0.9
14 Prey Veng	0.6	0.3	0.9	0.9
15 Pursat	0.7	0.2	0.9	1.0
16 Ratanak Kiri	0.7	0.3	0.9	1.0
17 Siem Reap	0.9	0.4	1.0	1.0
18 Preah Sihanouk	1.1	0.9	1.1	1.0
19 Stung Treng	0.7	0	1.0	1.0
20 Svay Rieng	1.1	0.9	1.0	1.1
21 Takeo	0.7	0.5	1.0	0.9
22 Otdar Meanchey	0.8	1.0	0.8	1.2
23 Kep	0.7	0	0.8	1.0
24 Pailin	0.9	0.5	0.9	1.0

Table 4.3.2 Average number of persons engaged per establishments by province and scale (times)

		Total	Large	Medium & Small	Micro
Num	lber	920	316	431	173
o/w	Section of ISIC Rev.4				
В	Mining and quarrying	5	0	3	2
С	Manufacturing	234	182	46	6
D	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	10	2	7	1
Е	Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	10	3	7	0
F	Construction	20	2	12	6
G	Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	194	16	106	72
Η	Transportation and storage	65	6	40	19
Ι	Accommodation and food service activities	133	28	89	16
J	Information and communication	37	14	18	5
K	Financial and insurance activities	55	20	28	7
L	Real estate activities	15	0	8	7
М	Professional, scientific and technical activities	20	3	11	6
Ν	Administrative and support service activities	47	8	16	23
Р	Education	28	11	15	2
Q	Human health and social work activities	11	2	9	0
R	Arts, entertainment and recreation	22	15	7	0
S	Other service activities	14	4	9	1

## Table 5.1.1 Entities that keep B/S and Income Statements $^{8}$ (number)

 $<sup>^{8}</sup>$  Table 5.1.1 and 5.1.2 cover only the number of those who keep Balance Sheet and Income Statements (= Number of establishments of Q15-1 only).
		Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
				Small	
Shai	re	100.0	34.3	46.8	18.8
o/w	Section of ISIC Rev.4				
В	Mining and quarrying	0.5	0.0	0.3	0.2
С	Manufacturing	25.4	19.8	5.0	0.7
D	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	1.1	0.2	0.8	0.1
Е	Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	1.1	0.3	0.8	0.0
F	Construction	2.2	0.2	1.3	0.7
G	Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	21.1	1.7	11.5	7.8
Н	Transportation and storage	7.1	0.7	4.3	2.1
Ι	Accommodation and food service activities	14.5	3.0	9.7	1.7
J	Information and communication	4.0	1.5	2.0	0.5
K	Financial and insurance activities	6.0	2.2	3.0	0.8
L	Real estate activities	1.6	0.0	0.9	0.8
М	Professional, scientific and technical activities	2.2	0.3	1.2	0.7
N	Administrative and support service activities	5.1	0.9	1.7	2.5
Р	Education	3.0	1.2	1.6	0.2
Q	Human health and social work activities	1.2	0.2	1.0	0.0
R	Arts, entertainment and recreation	2.4	1.6	0.8	0.0
$\mathbf{S}$	Other service activities	1.5	0.4	1.0	0.1

Table 5.1.2 Entities that keep B/S and Income Statements (%)

	Whole Industry	Large	M&S	Micro
Number of entities	496,355	602	8,876	486,877
o/w number of entities with B/S	920	316	431	173
number of entities without B/S	495,435	286	8,445	486,704
Number of entire	1,535,903	387,273	194,705	953,925
person engaged (share)	(100.0)	(25.2)	(12.7)	(62.1)
o/w number of entire person engaged of entities with B/S (share)	295,592 (19.2)	278,843 (18.2)	15,583 (1.0)	1,166 (0.1)
number of entire				
person engaged of	1,240,311	108,430	179,122	952,759
entities without B/S (share)	(80.6)	(7.1)	(11.6)	(62.0)

Table 5.1.3 Number of entities and persons engaged of entities that answered Q16 and Q21  $\,$ 

(Note) entities with B/S means entities that keep Balance Sheet and Income Statements and which answered to Q15 as "1-Yes".

	Whole industry	Large	Medium & Small	Micro
Total annual sales (USD)	12,678,385,624	5,289,567,787	1,602,970,661	5,785,847,176
(Share %)	-100	-37.6	-16.7	-45.7
o/w annual sales of entities that keep B/S and Income Statements (USD)	4,980,987,199	4,257,024,080	684,963,247	38,999,872
annual sales of entities that do not keep B/S and Income Statements (USD)	7,697,398,425	1,032,543,707	918,007,414	5,746,847,304
Annual sales per entities (USD)	25,543	8,786,657	180,596	11,884
o/w entities that keep B/S and Income Statements (USD)		13,471,595	1,589,242	225,433
entities that do not keep B/S and Income Statements (USD)		3,610,293	108,704	11,808
Annual sales of entities per entire person engaged (USD)		13,658	8,233	6,065
o/w entities that keep B/S and Income Statements (USD)		15,267	43,956	33,448
entities that do not keep B/S and Income Statements (USD)		9,523	5,125	6,032

Table 5.2.1 Annual sales by scale of entities

(Note) Data on "Annual sales of entities per entire person engaged" above covers Single unit and Head office of establishments that answered to Q16 and Q21.

	Whole industry	Large	Medium &	Micro
			Small	
Total annual sales (USD)	4,126,482,859	3,557,335,022	548,931,194	20,216,643
Share (%)	(100.0)	(86.2)	(13.3)	( 0.5)
Annual sales per enterprises (USD)	4,093,733	11,549,789	1,193,329	84,236
Annual sales per entire person engaged (USD)	14,552	13,380	33,920	13,327
(Reference)				
Number of enterprises	1,008	308	460	240
o/w with B/S	659	256	291	112
Number of entire person engaged of enterprises	283,570	265,870	16,183	1,517
o/w with B/S	248,441	236,704	10,978	759

Table 5.2.2 Annual sales by scale of enterprises

(Note) This table covers enterprises both that keep B/S and I/S and that do not keep B/S and I/S.

	Total number of	Large	Medium &	Micro
Size of Sales in USD	establishments		Small	
Total number of	496,355	602	8,876	486,877
establishments				
Under 500 USD*	14,200	23	41	14,136
500-under 1,000	30,217	0	8	30,209
1,000-under 2,000	73,476	0	28	73,448
2,000-under 3,000	50,838	0	54	46,310
3,000-under 5,000	81,841	1	103	81,737
5,000-under 7,500	73,166	0	238	72,928
7,500-under10,000	46,259	3	399	45,857
10,000-under 25,000	74,407	4	2,794	71,609
25,000-under 50,000	30,110	7	1,788	28,315
50,000 USD or more	21,841	564	3,424	17,854

Table 5.2.3 Distribution of sales by scale of entities (number)

(Note) \* includes those that reported as 0.

Table 5.2.4 Distribution of sales by scale of entities (%)

	Total number of	Large	Medium &	Micro
Size of Sales in USD	establishments		Small	
Composition	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 500 USD*	2.9	3.8	0.5	2.9
500-under 1,000	6.1	0.0	0.0	0.1
1,000-under 2,000	14.8	0.0	0.3	15.1
2,000-under 3,000	10.2	0.0	0.6	9.5
3,000-under 5,000	16.5	0.2	1.2	16.8
5,000-under 7,500	14.7	0.0	2.7	15.0
7,500-under10,000	9.3	0.5	4.5	9.4
10,000-under 25,000	15.0	0.7	31.5	14.7
25,000-under 50,000	6.1	1.2	20.1	5.8
50,000 USD or more	4.4	93.7	38.6	3.7

(Note) \* the same as the Table above.

	Whole industry	Large	Medium & Small	Micro
Total annual profit	1,699,473,752	211,663,010	222,634,501	1,265,176,241
o/w entities that keep B/S and Income Statements	95,454,683	47,099,008	52,134,722	-3,739,046
entities that do not keep B/S and Income Statements		164,564,002	170,499,779	1,268,915,287
Annual profit per entities	3,424	351,600	25,083	2,599
o/w entities that keep B/S and Income Statements	103,799	149,047	120,962	-21,613
entities that do not keep B/S and Income Statements		575,399	20,189	2,607
Annual profit per entire persons engaged of entities	1,106	547	1,143	1,326
o/w entities that keep B/S and Income Statements	323	169	3,346	-3,207
entities that do not keep B/S and Income Statements		1,518	952	1,332

Table 5.3.1 Annual profit by scale of entities (USD)

(Note) Data on "entities that keep B/S and Income Statements" above covers Single unit and Head office of establishments that answered to Q16 and Q21.

number of entities	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
Size of Profit in USD			Small	
Total	496,355	602	8,876	486,877
Under 0 USD (loss)	12,395	220	545	11,630
0-under 250	64,359	56	2,558	61,745
250-under 500	54,663	2	85	54,576
500-under 750	64,350	1	126	64,223
750-under 1,000	35,220	0	78	35,142
1,000-under 1,500	56,835	0	210	56,625
1,500-under 2,000	69,949	1	163	69,785
2,000-under 3,000	34,871	6	358	34,507
3,000-under 5,000	45,057	7	590	44,460
5,000 USD or more	58,628	301	4,158	54,169
No answer	28	8	5	15

Table 5.3.2 Entities by size of profit (number)

number of entities	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
Size of Profit in USD			Small	
Share	100.0	0.1	1.8	98.1
Composition	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 0 USD (loss)	2.5	36.5	6.1	2.4
0-under 250	13.0	9.3	28.8	12.7
250-under 500	11.0	0.3	1.0	11.2
500-under 750	13.0	0.2	1.4	13.2
750-under 1,000	7.1	0.0	0.9	7.2
1,000-under 1,500	11.5	0.0	2.4	11.6
1,500-under 2,000	14.1	0.2	1.8	14.3
2,000-under 3,000	7.0	1.0	4.0	7.1
3,000-under 5,000	9.1	1.2	6.6	9.1
5,000 USD or more	11.8	50.0	46.8	11.1
No answer	0.0	1.3	0.1	0.0

Table 5.3.3 Entities by size of profit (%)

Table 5.3.4 Annual profit and loss of entities with B/S by industry and scale

(number of entities, amount of profit and loss in USD)

	-	T	otal	La	arge	Medium	& Small	Mie	cro
		number	amount	number	amount	number	amount	number	amount
o/w	Section of ISIC Rev.4	920	95,494,683	316	47,099,008	431	52,134,722	173	-3,739,046
В	Mining and quarrying	5	-2,134,868	0		3	-1,846,557	2	-288,311
С	Manufacturing	234	-49,583,451	182	-46,427,952	46	-2,985,601	6	-169,898
D	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	10	59,330,888	2	56,714,726	7	2,616,348	1	-186
Е	Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	10	8,062,416	3	7,320,361	7	742,056	0	
F	Construction	20	-2,092,676	2	37,282	12	-1,448,902	6	-681,056
G	Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	194	-23,907,548	16	-14,641,879	106	-9,565,793	72	300,123
н	Transportation and storage	65	10,230,991	6	13,453,780	40	-2,733,623	19	-489,165
Ι	Accommodation and food service activities	133	50,398,560	28	-9,054,064	89	59,891,222	16	-438,598
J	Information and communication	37	-25,347,408	14	-33,732,537	18	8,656,303	5	-271,173
Κ	Financial and insurance activities	55	68,536,679	20	69,600,217	28	,	7	-658,241
L	Real estate activities	15	-1,927,485	0		8	-290,702	7	-1,636,783
м	Professional, scientific and technical activities	20	342,876	3	-1,259,639	11	1,465,248	6	137,267
N	Administrative and support service activities	47	3,058,204	8	908,474	16	1,692,306	23	457,424
Р	Education	28	3,354,515	11	3,312,764	15	32,973	2	8,778
Q	Human health and social work activities	11	-2,575,552	2	637,349	9	-3,212,901	0	
R	Arts, entertainment and recreation	22	-766,095	15	-52,667	7	-713,429	0	
S	Other service activities	14	514,637	4	282,792	9	241,070	1	-9,225

	Whole industry	Large	Medium & Small	Micro
Total annual profit	102,368,185	30,107,473	74,438,976	-2,178,264
o/w enterprises that keep B/S and Income Statements	66,503,513	22,265,561	48,194,070	-3,956,118
enterprises that do not keep B/S and Income Statements	35,864,672	7,841,912	26,244,906	1,777,854
Annual profit per enterprises	101,556	97,752	161,824	-9,076
o/w enterprises that keep B/S and Income Statements	100,916	86,975	165,615	-35,322
enterprises that do not keep B/S and Income Statements	102,764	150,806	155,295	13,889
Annual profit per entire persons engaged of enterprises	361	113	4,600	-1,436
o/w enterprises that keep B/S and Income Statements	268	94	4,390	-5,212
enterprises that do not keep B/S and Income Statements	1,021	269	5,042	2,345

Table 5.3.5 Annual profit and loss of enterprises by scale (USD)

	Whole industry	Large	Medium & Small	Micro
Operating profit to sales ratio	26.6	26.7	26.7	7.6
Profit after tax to sales ratio	1.6	0.6	8.8	-19.6
Profit before tax to sales ratio	2.9	2.1	9.1	-14.6
Return on Assets (ROA) ratio	0.7	0.3	3.2	-3.7
Return on equity (ROE) ratio	2.4	1.0	8.3	-24.7

Table 5.3.6 Profit rate of enterprises by scale (%)

(Note) Table 5.3.6 is calculated only for enterprises (Single Unit and Head Office (Q6)) that keep B/S and I/S (Q15=1). Operating profit is equal to the gross margin (Q21\_GM: refer to "Explanation of Terms" and "Attachment 1").

	Whole Industry	Large	Medium & Small	Micro
Total Salaries & Wages of entities	820,728,604	490,571,756	213,478,394	116,678,454
Average salaries and wages of entities	1,654	814,903	24,051	240
Total Salaries & Wges of enterprises	384,486,003	342,742,448	39,163,260	2,580,295
o/w: enterprises that keep B/S & Income Statements	328,631,306	296,707,537	30,503,278	1,420,491
enterprises that do not keep B/S & Income Statements	55,854,697	46,034,911	8,659,982	1,159,804
Average salaries and wages of enterprises	381,435	1,112,800	85,138	10,751
o/w: enterprises that keep B/S & Income Statements	498,682	1,159,014	104,822	12,683
enterprises that do not keep B/S & Income Statements	160,042	885,287	51,242	9,061
Average salaries and wages per person engaged of enterprises	1,356	1,289	2,420	1,701
o/w: enterprises that keep B/S & Income Statements	1,323	1,253	2,779	1,872
enterprises that do not keep B/S & Income Statements	1,590	1,578	1,664	1,530
Labor Cost to Sales of entities (%)	6.5	9.3	13.3	2
Labor Cost to Sales of enterprises (%)	8.6	9.1	5.8	8.5

Table 5.3.7 Salaries and wages	s per person	engaged of ent	tities (USD)	

(Note) Labor Cost to Sales in this table is calculated by dividing "annual employee's salaries & wages" by "annual sales excluding entities whose data of salaries & wages or sales is zero".

			Transportation	Repair and	Amortization/depletion
			expenses	maintenance	and depreciation
				expenses	expenses
Large	Amount enterprises (US	per D)	666,802	698,841	2,387,604
	Share to amount enterprises (%)	sales per	1.3	1.4	4.8
M&S	Amount enterprises (US	per D)	86,379	55,267	325,344
	Share to amount enterprises (%)	sales per	1.1	0.7	4.1
Micro	Amount enterprises (US	per D)	7,584	32,152	26,440
	Share to amount enterprises (%)	sales per	1.5	6.4	5.3

Table 5.3.8 Ratio of major costs to sales of enterprises

(Note) The criteria of scale in this table is slightly different from the other tables (number of employees are as follows: Micro=1-9, Medium & Small=10-99, Large=100 and over.)

Table 5.3.9 Number of enterprises that paid profit tax

	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
			Small	
Amount of profit tax (USD)	54,413,000	51,599,968	1,899,524	913,508
(share, %)	(100.0)	(94.8)	(3.5)	(1.7)
Amount of profit tax per establishments (USD)	82,569	201,562	6,528	8,156
Average tax ratio (%)	34.7	63.2	2.5	-72.2

	Whole	Large	Medium &	Micro
	industry		Small	
Total amount of Subsidy/Grant of entities (USD)	10,405,596	5,885,258	4,520,337	0
(Share, %)	(100.0)	(56.6)	(43.4)	(0)
Subsidy/Grant ratio to profit after tax of entities (%)	1.6	2.1	1.4	0
Total amount of Subsidy/Grant of enterprises (USD)	1,679,426	624,546	1,054,880	0
(Share, %)	(100.0)	( 37.2)	(62.8)	( 0.0 )
Amount of Subsidy/Grant per enterprise (USD)	7,548	2,440	3,505	0
Subsidy/Grant ratio to profit after tax of enterprises (%)	2.5	2.8	2.2	0

Table 5.3.10 Number of entities/enterprises that receive Subsidy/Grant

	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
Size of Capital in USD			Small	
Total	659	256	301	102
Under 0 (insolvency)	76	31	32	13
Under 10,000*	147	32	72	43
10,000-under 50,000	62	8	30	24
50,000-under 100,000	29	4	17	8
100,000-under 250,000	43	5	28	10
250,000-under 500,000	43	13	26	4
500,000-under 1,000,000	50	22	22	6
1,000,000-under 2,500,000	68	44	22	2
2,500,000-under 5,000,000	44	25	18	1
5,000,000 under 10,000,000	31	22	8	1
10,000,000 or more	66	50	16	0

Table 5.4.1 Enterprises by size of capital and scale (number)

(Note) \* includes enterprises that reported as 0.

	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
Size of Capital in USD			Small	
Total (share)	100.0	38.8	44.2	17.0
Total (composition)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 0 (insolvency)	11.5	12.1	11.0	11.6
Under 10,000	22.3	12.5	24.7	38.4
10,000-under 50,000	9.4	3.1	10.3	21.4
50,000-under 100,000	4.4	1.6	5.8	7.1
100,000-under 250,000	6.5	2.0	9.6	8.9
250,000-under 500,000	6.5	5.1	8.9	3.6
500,000-under 1,000,000	7.6	8.6	7.6	5.4
1,000,000-under 2,500,000	10.3	17.2	7.6	1.8
2,500,000-under 5,000,000	6.7	9.8	6.2	0.9
5,000,000 under 10,000,000	4.7	8.6	2.7	0.9
10,000,000 or more	10.0	19.5	5.5	0.0

Table 5.4.2 Enterprises by size of capital and scale (%)

	Whole industry	Large	Medium & Small	Micro
Amount of capital (USD)	2,727,135,911	2,132,407,917	578,469,445	16,258,550
Amount of capital per enterprises (USD)	4,138,294	8,329,718	1,987,868	145,166
Amount of Assets (USD)	9,392,472,138	7,769,451,126	1,521,447,749	101,573,263
Amount of assets per enterprises (USD)	14,252,613	30,349,418	5,228,343	906,904
Turnover of total asset (times)	0.41	0.43	0.34	0.20
Turnover of fixed asset (times)	1.61	1.75	1.23	0.26
Debt ratio (%)	270.5	299.9	165.8	123.8
Current ratio (%)	122.8	117.0	162.9	321.7
Equity ratio (%)	29.0	27.4	38.0	16.0
Turnover period of Inventories (months)	2.4	1.6	7.9	4.9

Table 5.4.3 Number of enterprises by capital, assets and scale

	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
Size of assets in USD			Small	
Total	659	256	291	112
Under 10,000*	109	15	56	38
10,000-under 50,000	71	10	29	32
50,000-under 100,000	37	8	17	12
100,000-under 250,000	48	7	31	10
250,000-under 500,000	55	18	31	6
500,000-under 1,000,000	58	16	36	6
1,000,000-under 2,500,000	78	43	33	2
2,500,000-under 5,000,000	58	31	23	4
5,000,000-under10,000,000	55	40	14	1
10,000,000 or more	90	68	21	1

Table 5.4.4 Enterprises by size of assets and scale (number)

(Note) \* includes those reported as 0.

Table 5.4.5 Enterprises by assets and scale (%	5)

	Total	Large	Medium &	Micro
Size of assets in USD			Small	
Total (share)	100.0	38.8	44.2	17.0
Total (composition)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 10,000*	16.5	5.9	19.2	33.9
10,000-under 50,000	10.8	3.9	10.0	28.6
50,000-under 100,000	5.6	3.1	5.8	10.7
100,000-under 250,000	7.3	2.7	10.7	8.9
250,000-under 500,000	8.3	7.0	10.7	5.4
500,000-under 1,000,000	8.8	6.3	12.4	5.4
1,000,000-under 2,500,000	11.8	16.8	11.3	1.8
2,500,000-under 5,000,000	8.8	12.1	7.9	3.6
5,000,000-under10,000,000	8.3	15.6	4.8	0.9
10,000,000 or more	13.7	26.6	7.2	0.9

(Note) \* the same as the Table above.

# Attachments

# 1. Formula used for calculating financial indicators

Following ratios are calculated only with establishments that keep Balance Sheet and Income Statements. Formula for calculation of some of the ratios are not following precise definition of the ratio as the survey data is limited and are not in many cases cover necessary data for such calculation. Thus it should be noted that not a few ratio are approximation.

Note: 'Qxx-xx' below indicates the number (answer) of question of the Questionnaire attached herewith as Attachment 2.

- Operating profit to sales ratio=operating profit (Q21\_GM) / Annual Sales (Q21\_S) x 100
- Profit after tax to sales ratio=Profit (Q21\_PL) / Annual Sales (Q21-S) x 100
- Profit before tax to sales ratio= {Profit (Q21\_PL) + Tax paid (Q21\_7)} / Annual Sales (Q21-S) x 100
- Return on Assets=Profit (Q21\_PL) / Assets (Q17) x 100
- Return on Equity=Profit (Q21\_PL) / Equity (Q18) x 100
- Labor cost to Sales ratio= Labor cost (Q16\_Rate\_LS or Q21\_Rate\_LS) / Annual sales (Q16\_S or Q21\_S) x 100
- Average tax ratio=Profit tax (Q21\_7) / Profit before tax (Q21\_PL + Q21\_7)
- Turnover of total assets=Operating Revenue (Q21\_1) / Total assets (Q17)
- Turnover of fixed assets=Amount of annual revenue (Q21\_S) / Non-current assets (Q17\_1) x 100
- Debt ratio=Total amount of liabilities (Q19\_Q20) / Equity (Q18) x 100
- Current ratio= Current assets (Q17\_2) / Current liabilities (Q20) x 100
- Equity Ratio= Equity (Q18) / Total assets (Q17) x 100
- Turnover period of inventories= Inventories (Q17\_2\_1+Q17\_2\_2+Q17\_2\_3+Q17\_2\_4)
   / Monthly sales amount (Q21\_1/12)
- Opening rate ( $R_t$ ) of establishment=Number of establishment starting business in the year "t" ( $N_t$ ) / Number of establishments that started business up to the end of the year before( $\Sigma(N_{t\cdot n})$ ) number of "unknown":

 $R_t = N_t / (N_{t-1} + N_{t-2} + N_{t-3} + .... + N_{t-n} - unknown) * 100$ 

# 2. Form of Questionnaire





ត្រឹមថ្ងៃទី ១ ខែ មីនា ឆ្នាំ ២០១១ As of 1<sup>st</sup> March 2011

2011 Economic Census of Cambodia

## สากปลั่งฝมูก

Form

#### សំខាត់ចំនុត STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL

ព័ត៌មាននេះប្រើប្រាស់សំរាប់តែកោលបំណងស្ថិតិប៉ុណ្ណោះ និងមិនប្រើប្រាស់សំរាប់ពន្លដារទេ This is used only for the statistical purposes and not used for taxation.

## 1- ຕໍ່ສ້ອງຂສໍຍຂໍຮໍເອີ້ຂ Area Information

តំបន់	Area	ឈ្មោះ Name	ព្វីដ Code
1-1 រាជំចានី /ខេត្ត	Municipality /Province		
1-2 ស្រុក/ខណ្ឌ/ក្រុង	District/ Khan / Krong		
1-3 ឃុំ /សង្កាត់	Commune/ Sangkat		
1-4 ភូមិ /មណ្ឌល	Village/Mondul		
1-5 មណ្ដលជំរឿង	Enumeration Area (EA)		

### 2-A ຕໍ່ສື່ພາຂະນາຫຼາຍ Establishment Information

2-1 លេខរឿងសហក្រាសនៅក្នុងភូមិ ឬមណ្ Serial number of establishment in v (from the "Establishment List")		2-2 ឈ្មោះសហក្រាស ឬ អ្នកតំណារ Name of establishment or represe	
2-3 អាស័យដ្ឋានសហគ្រាស	ផ្លូវលេខ Street No.	ជ្រៃតិ Name of market, Name of neare	អាារលេខ Building No.
Address of establishment	ឈោ្មះផ្សារ ឬគ្រួសារនៅជិតជាងគេប		st household etc.
2-4 ព័ត៌មានទំនាក់ទំនង	ទូរស័ព្ទការិយាល័យ	ឈ្មោះអ្នកចំនាក់ចំនង	ថូរស័ព្ទអ្នកចំនាក់ចំនង
Information for contact	Office Tel. No.	Name of contact person	Tel. No. of contact person:

#### 2-B ស្ថានភាពការសម្ភាសន៍ Interviewing Situation

បំពេញដោយមន្ត្រីសម្ភាសនី ឬ មន្ត្រីត្រួតពិនិត្យ Filled-in by Enumerator/Supervisor						បំពេញដោយជំនួយការមន្ត្រីតំបន់	Filled-in by ARO	
កាលបរិច្ឆេទចុងក្រោយនៃការបំពេញតារាងសំណួរ Final date of Form Survey					កាលបរិច្ឆេទបញ្ចប់នៃការបំពេញ តារាងសំណរ			
r mai date of rouni Survey					Date of finishing Survey			
ប្រភេទលទ្ធជលជំរឿន	1- បំពេញចប់	2-បដិសេធទាំងស្រុង	3- បដិសេធ	4- បដិសេធ		ឈ្មោះជំនួយការមន្ត្រីតំបន់:		
Type of survey result	ពេញលេញ		ចំណុចសំខាន់១	ໍ່ຕໍ <b>ທຸ</b> ຮັບຊຳບັບສູ່		Name of ARO:		
តូសរង្វង់លេខកូដ Circle the code	Finished	Complete refusal	Serious refusal	Minor refusal		ហត្ថលេខា		
កាលបរិច្ឆេទប្រគល់បញ្ជីសហគ្រាសពិសេសទៅអោយជំនួយការមន្ត្រីតំបន់					Signature			
Date of handing "Special Survey List" to ARO								

ឈ្មោះមន្ត្រីសម្ភាសន៍ Enumerator: .....

#### ពិនិត្យដោយមន្ត្រីត្រួតពិនិត្យឈ្មោះ Checked by Supervisor: .....

កាលបរិច្នេទ Date: ..... ហត្ថលេខា Signature.....

កាលបរិច្នេទ Date: .....ហត្ថលេខា Signature.....

-1-

3- ອະສຸດລະ.ພໍສາໜ່ະອະສະດີລາອ ຊູຮຸາຍ່ອຍາສາຍ	3-1 កេទអ្នកតំណាងសហព្រាស Sex of the Representative	l- ប្រុំស Male	2- ຄີ້ນີ້ Female	
Characteristics of representative or owner of the establishment	3-2 សញ្ជាតិម្នាស់សហក្រាស Nationality of the Owner	1- ເຊິ່ງ Cambodian	2- ជំនិយារថស Foreigner សូមបញ្ជាក់សញ្ជាតិ Specify nationality	ณ้กน์ 1.น.ณ NIS use only

## 4. ສາາຮຸະຍາກິເລາສາສາອາກະຊຸລານ ລົອ ឈ្មោះທີສທີອ ຊີທາອິລະແໜສ່ານສາຊົງລູສິ່ງ

Registration to Administrative Agencies and Names of Ministries or Agencies regarding License or Approval of Operating								
4-1 ការចុះបញ្ជីនៅក្រសួងពាណិជ្ជកម្ម ឬមន្ទីរពាណិជ្ជកម្ម	1- បានចុះបញ្ជី	2- មិនបានចុះបញ្ជី						
Registration to the Ministry of Commerce or Provincial Department of Commerce	Registered	Not registered						
4-2 ឈ្មោះក្រសួង ឬ ស្ថាប័នផ្សេង១ដែលផ្តល់អាជ្ញាប័ណ្ណ ឬ ការអនុញ្ញាតផ្លូវការសំរាប់ ដំណើរការ អាជីវកម្ម នៃសហគ្រាសនេះ Names of Ministries or Agencies regarding official	1-	ณักนี้ 1.นี.ณ NIS use only						
license or approval for the business operation of this establishment. ករណីសហគ្រាសមិនឲទួលបានអាជ្ញ៉ាប័ណ្ណ ឬ ការអនុញ្ញាតផ្លូវការសំរាប់ដំណើរការអាជីវកម្មទេ	2-							
សូមសរសេរពាក្យថា " គ្មាន " នៅបន្ទាត់ខាងស្តាំទី ១ ។	3-							
In case of no official license or no approval, write "None" in the right frame No.1	4-							

- តាពសានផ្ទសិន្ទិនៃ សសង្ក្រាស (មូលដ្ឋានច្បាច់	Ownership of Establishment (Legal Status)				
1- ក្រុមហ៊ុនឯកកម្មសិទ្ធិ (មិនបានចុះបញ្ជី)	2- ក្រុមហ៊ុនឯកកម្មសិទ្ធិ (បានចុះប	ញ្ជី	3- ក្រុមហ៊ុនសហ	កម្មសិទ្ធិទូទៅ	
Individual proprietor ( with no registration )	Sole proprietor ( with registr	ation) General partnership			
<ol> <li>ក្រុមហ៊ុនសហកម្មសិទ្ធិមានក៏រិត</li> </ol>	5- ក្រុមហ៊ុនឯកជនទទួលខុសត្រូវ	មានក៏រិត	ត 6- ក្រុមហ៊ុនមហាជនទទួលខុសត្រូវមានក៏រិត		
Limited partnership	Private limited company	Public limited company		ompany	
7 - បុត្រសម្ព័ន្ធក្រុមហ៊ុនពាណិជ្ជកម្មបរទេស 🛛 រ	- សាខាក្រុមហ៊ុនបរទេស 🥼 🦻 - ការិយា		ការិយាល័យតំណាងពាណិជ្លកម្មក្រុមហ៊ុនបរទេស		
Subsidiary of a foreign company	Branch of a foreign company	Commercial representative office of a foreign company		fice of a foreign company	
10- សហករណ៍ 11- សហក្រាសក្រប់ក្រុងដោយ Cooperative (រូមទាំងស្វយ័ត including	ប៉ាដ្ឋ State-owned organization g autonomy-owned organization)	12- អង្គការក្រៅរដ្ឋាភិបាល NGO		13- សហគ្រាសផ្សេង១ Others	

6- หฐุสาตะลาณ ลี่พูวห่สาหรณุาณ ซู พาอา	1- អង្គភាពទោល	2- ទីស្នាក់ការកណ្ដាល	3- ฌายา	
Single Unit, Head or Branch Office	Single unit	Head office	Branch office	

- ສາເສາຂ່ອາບໍລິສະຊູ	ទ ប្រភេន និទព្រៃ	ផ្ទំដ្រៃទាំង	ลีสเออหาฮีธ	uñ (a <sub>r</sub> )	Т	Tenure, Kind and Area (square meters: $\mathbf{m}^2$ ) of business place						
7-1 ការកាន់កាប់ទី Tenure of Bu	a)	1-	កម្មសិទ្ធផ្ទាល់ខ្លួ Owned	9	2	- ជួល Rented			3- រើរូង១បញ្ជាក់ Others (approved)			
7-2 ប្រភេទទី ករ្លែងអាជីវកម្ម Kind of business place	1- អាជីវកម្ម តាមចិញ្ចើមផ្លូវ Street business 5-អាជីវកម្មតាម សហគ្រាសប្រតិប Business in mod building where operating)	អាជីវ កន្លែ៖ Hom place are u ផ្សារទំនើ ត្តិការអ iern sho	ាជីវកម្មច្រើនប្រ opping mall (h	ព្ភកំនៅគីនៅ isiness residence ) រដែលមាន កេទ) igh-rise	() គឺ () សា 6-1 មូប សា Bu bui	3- หานึ่วักษูสายหลามากเมิญักษฐ (กรีฐษาญี่หานึ่วักษู มิษกรีฐษญากรีสา สีเญิษฐก)       4 - หานึ่วักษูสายผู้กามบูบโตณ์ (บุยบกูญญามเรากุษมสามายาบ)         Business in apartment building (Business place and its owner's residence are separate.)       9         5- អานึ่วักษุยัมณษาตรีสายมายนิยามรีสามมรีสามมายนิยามรีสามมรีสามมรีสามมรีสามมรีสามมรีสามมรีสามมรีสามมรีสามมรีสามมรีสามมรีสามมรีสามมรีสามมรีสามมรีสามมรีสามมรีสามมรรีสามมรีสามมรรีสามมรีสามมรีสามมรีสามมรีสามมรสาม				ក្នុងអតារចាប) itional 1g market in g) 7- ផ្សេងៗ		
7-3 ផ្ទៃក្រឡាទីកអ្វែ អាជីវកម្ម Area of business p (square meters: m	មេ) ក្រោម place	២ វេទមី	្វ- 5ម -ក្រោម 10 ម	ម <sup>3-</sup> 10ម - ក្រោ 30 ម		្ល្ <sup>4</sup> - 30ម -ក្រោម្ព 50ម	ទ្ <mark>5-</mark> 50ម - ក្រោះ 100 ម	j 1001	<b>្ថ-</b> ម -ក្រោម 200 ម	200	្ឋ <sup>7-</sup> ម ឡើងទៅ	
	Under	r5m²	5m <sup>2</sup> -under 10m <sup>2</sup>	10m <sup>2</sup> -unde 30m		30m <sup>2</sup> -under 50m <sup>2</sup>	50m²- under 100m²	1001	n²-under 200m²		n² and more 'n Specify ⇔	

8- เข้าอเริ่มาร์ธรรฐ	8-1 ម៉ោងបើកអាជីវកម្ម			<mark>ត</mark> ូសរង្ខង់	Circle either of	លំរា	i î.ü.m NIS use only
Business Hours	Opening time	ម៉ោង o'clock	នាទី minutes	1- ព្រឹក	i AM 2- ល្វារ	PM ق	
Busiliess Hours	8-2 ម៉ោងបិទអាជីវកម្ម			<del>ព</del> ូសរង្ខង់	Circle either of		
	Closing time	ម៉ោង o'clock	នាទី minutes	1- ព្រឹក	i AM 2- ល្វាវ	PM ق	
9- ซูวํธาช่ะสี่ยหาร้อลซู	Year of starting the business						
	ាំនំស្នែទត្តទសទារគ្រាស ១សនា្លដ of Persons Engaged Actually in			អ្នកចូ	លរូមការងារ	Persons	
one week before 1 <sup>st</sup> Marc		tins Establishment	1- សរុប Total	សញ្ជាតិ	Nationality	1	กิดี Sex
<ul> <li>ករណីចម្លើយក្នុងសំណូរទី ៦</li> <li>«ឧទទោះបានដែលអាមេរាទ</li> </ul>	ឆ្លើយថាជា "ទីស្នាក់ការកណ្ដាល" ងសហគ្រាសជាសាខាមិនត្រូវរាប់បព្	0.0550	1=2+3	2- เรียว	3- ជំនបរទេស	4- ប្រុស	5- ស្រី
In case of "Head office" (	Question 6.), all persons engaged		ប្ or 1= 4+5	Cambodian	Foreigner	Male	Female
are excluded.							
	ពារងារ (សរុប ១០- A១ ដល់ ១០- A persons engaged (Total of "10						
10-A1 អ្នកចូលរួមការអ		A1010-A4 )					
A	ed proprietors, sole proprietors						
Unpaid famil	ាសមាជិកគ្រួសារដោយគ្នានប្រាក់ឈ្នួល ly workers						
10-A3 បុគ្គលិកធ្វើការជ Regular empl	ឯប្រចាំៈ អ្នកដែលបន្តធ្វើការច្រើនជាងមូរ loyees (those who are employed o	យខែ) on a continuous basis					
with more tha	n one month period)						
	រុងទៀត (ក្រៅពិនិយោជិតធ្វើការជាប្រ yees than "regular employees"	<b>D</b>					
10-B អ្នកចូលរួមការងារដោយអ	ស្ម័គ្រចិត្ត (ព្រះសង្ឃ អាចារ្យ ដូនជី ។ល	1) មិនរាប់បញ្ចូល					
ចៅអធិការវត្តដែលគ្រប់គ្រ							
clergyman etc,) exclud	ing chief or director who controls	s the Organization.					
11- รูชเสละสรฐสากหาอื่อ	ភម្ភចំខឲះលេសទាគ្រាសច្រតិខត្ត	ទារ					ณักบี่ 1.นี.ณ NIS use only
	Activities which this Establishn						
<ul> <li>សូមពណ៌នា តើសហគ្រាសនេ ឬការជួសជុល ឬក៏ការផ្តល់</li> </ul>	រះធ្វើអ្វី ឧ- ការលក់ទំនិញ ( លក់ដុំ ប្ សេវាគម	ឬ លក់វាយ> ការផលិតទំទី	រញ				
ឬការដួលដុល ឬការវង្គស ► សូមពណ៌នា ប្រភេទទំនិញ ប្ដ	-						
	រឆ្លឹយថាជា "ទីស្នាក់ការកណ្តាល" មិ	ទនេះពល់ពោល					
<ul> <li>ការដាចទទួយក្នុងសេសូរទទ</li> <li>សកម្មភាពទាំងឡាយរបស់រ</li> </ul>		កព្រះពេកម្មវិល					
	his establishment. For example, s	elling (to wholesalers o	r				
<ul> <li>consumers), manufacturing</li> <li>▶Describe kind of these good</li> </ul>	g or repairing goods, or providing ods or services also.	g services.					
	uestion 6.), all activities of its br						
5	ា" ត្រូវបញ្ចប់ការសម្ភាសន៍ត្រីមនេ		for "Branch Office				
	ទាក់ទងតែនិងសហព្រាស ដូចខាងរ						
1) ចំពោះការឆ្លើយតបនឹងសំណ			ព៊ុនសហកម្មសិទ្ធិមាន កា ការការកំពុង	_	កុមហ៊ុនឯកជនទទួរ 	លខុសត្រូវ មា	ទាំរត
Demonstration of the martine		<i>ទទទួលខុសត្រូវមានក៏រិត</i> វ		កុមហ៊ុនពាណិជ្ជកទ្ម 			biling of Frankry
Response of the question 5: 3-General Partnership, 4-Limited Partnership, 5-Private Limited Company, 6-Public Limited Company, 7-Subsidiary of Foreign Company;							
2) ชันกาะการผู้แกสบลียล่อญารี อ ช้า: ซีญาก่สารสญาณ Response of the question 6 is Head office.							
12-อีลูลชายาเรียงผู้สเฉร	ក្រោមការគ្រប់គ្រួលរបស់នីស្លាក់ក	າເສລລາວເອະ Number	of Branch offices	that this head o	office supervises	;	
						'	
	ารราโลการครุณหารายเชารูน						
	regular employees at the end o ជាប្រចាំទាំងអស់នេះ គឺរាប់បញ្ចូលទ		ពត់ការកណ្ដាល	ទិងសាខា ( ទីសារ	ក់ការកណ្តាល + ស	ກສາ	

This "entire regular employees" includes employees of both head office and branch offices (namely, "Head office + Branch offices")

-3-

14- รุษเสละสตฐสา	14- ซูรเสลงศฐสากหาชื่อสฐธีขอเขพ่งงราศาพสาอขุณ เป้าเขาช่อตาณสำครณาสี่งราหัศาหสญาณ อิอพาอา 🦷 Kind of business activities of the entire						
enterprise that include not only those of this head office but also those of branch offices (namely, "Head office + Branch offices")							
<b>U</b>	14-1 เป็นสรียงกษุสาทสมานี้ใกษุขึ้งปลายยังกับกลาย Kind of main business activity						
	<ul> <li>ជ្រើសរើសយកសកម្មភាពអាជីវកម្មចំបងណាមួយដោយផ្នែកទៅលើ ចំណូលពីការលក់ច្រើនជាងគេបំផុត ប ធំគុឡអេហ៊ុនបើកបង្កោរបើទាំងអនៅជន</li> </ul>						
	ឬ ចំនួនបុគ្គលិកធ្វើការងារច្រើនជាងគេបំផុត State the main business activity in terms of largest value added or largest manpower input						
	ម្មភាពអាជីវកម្មចំបងទី២ក្នុងករណីដែលសហគ្រាសនោះមានសកម្មភាព២ ឬច្រើន						
Kind of the second	nd biggest business activity if this establishment has two or more kinds of activities.						
			· · · ·				
		ណ្ណោះដែលមាននេ	ៅក្នុងសំណួរទី ៦				
Questions 15~21 are	e asked only to "1.Single unit" and "2. Head office" in Question 6.						
	នះមានរត្សារន្តនស់ភសារ តារា១គុលត្រារ និទះជាយភារណ៍ <u>1- មាន</u> Yes	2-13 No	• •				
	ຮ້ະເຮາະສຸ? Does this establishment or this enterprise ່ຳເປັນເອົາຄຳດາງອີ ໑៧-២໑ heet and Income Statements? Go to (Q 17~21)	សូរសំណូរទី ១៦ Go to Q16 onl	1 101				
			·				
សំណរទី ១៦ សំដៅទេ	លើគ្រប់សហក្រាសជា ១-អង្គភាពទោល និង ២-ទីស្នាក់ការកណ្ដាល ទាំងអស់ដែលមានចម្លើយថា	ំ ទេំ នៅកុងសំព	ហរទី ១៥ តែបំណោះ				
	o all establishments of "1.Single unit" or "2. Head office" whose response to Question 15 i						
16- ຮໍລລະຄືສາເຮສ	ชั่ฉภายบุษลิขสู้สา: อ๊อชัดูอะรู้เซ็สา:สูอร้อ สุยู: ซูว์ ២000 ช บุษพิลเซีชัดภุณกี่สาเป	เล่ อ๊อธัฉภายเ	සස්සස්නානමේ සස හා පටවන				
	គ្រួនចំពេញចំណុលពីការលក់ និចចំណាយប្រតិបត្តិការតួច១ខែកន្តួចមក ។ ការណ៍សហគ្រាសបំ						
	រនារិចមូល រួមនាំខសាខាន់ខះដែរ Amount of sales and operating expenses and number o						
	February is unclear, figures of past one month should be filled in. In case of Head office, t	otal amount of s					
including Branch	a offices must be filled in.		ជាដុល្លារអាមេរិក [ in US\$]				
-	បក្នុង១ខែ នៅខែកុម្ភ: ឆ្នាំ២០១១ ឬ១ខែកន្លងមក ។ ប្រសិនបើចំណូល១ខែមិនច្បាស់លាស់ ត្រូវកត់ត្រាចំ		9t8 Per month				
Total amount should be fill	of sales of one month in February 2011 or past one month. If the amount of one month is unclead in	ar, that per day					
	US						
	<ul> <li>រួមបញ្ចូលវាល់ចំណូលទទួលបានពីសកម្មភាពប្រតិបត្តិការអាជីវកម្មដូចជា លក់ទំនិញ ផ្ដល់សេវាកម្ម 'លេ' Include all income gained from operating activities such as selling of goods, providing services etc.</li> </ul>						
	6_2 ចំណាយសរុបក្នុង១ខែនៅខែកុម្ភៈ ឆ្នាំ២០១១ ឬ១ខែកន្លងមក ។ ប្រសិនបើចំណាយ១ខែមិនច្បាស់លាស់ត្រូវកត់ត្រាចំណាយក្នុង១ថ្ងៃ						
	16-2 ចំណាយសរុបក្នុងទាខៃនៅខែកុម្ភៈ ឆ្នាំ២០១១ ឬ១ខែកង្ហងមក ។ ប្រសិនបើចំណាយ១ខែមិនច្បាស់លាស់ត្រូវកត់ត្រាចំណាយក្នុង១ ថ្ងៃ 9i8 Per month Total amount of expenses of one month in February 2011or past one month. If the amount of one month is unclear, that of						
per day show	ld be filled in.		US \$				
	ល់ការទូទាត់ចំណាយសំរាប់សកម្មភាពប្រតិបត្តិការអាជីវកម្មដូចជា ទិញផលិតផលសំរាប់លក់ សំភារះបូខុប 2011 ស្រុក និងនេះ និ						
	ដ្ឋិលិហាង ប្រាក់ខែ និងប្រាក់ឈ្នួល  ។ល ។ Include every expense spent for operating activities such r sales and costs for providing services, rent for shops and employees' salaries and wages etc.	as purchase of	(១ ថ្ងៃ Per day) US \$				
	ណោមការចំណាយខាងលើ ចំណាយប្រាក់ខែ និងប្រាក់ឈ្នួលបុគ្គលិកសរុបក្នុងខែកុម្ភៈ ឆ្នាំ ២០១១ ។ ប្រសិ	ទេហើះហោយ	- <sup>0</sup>				
	ប្រាក់ឈ្មួលក្នុង ១ខែនៅខែ កុម្ភៈ មិនច្បាស់លាស់ ត្រូវកត់ត្រាចំណាយប្រាក់ខែ និងប្រាក់ឈ្មួលក្នុង១ខ្វែ		9t8 Per month US S				
_	amount of expense of one month, total amount of employees' salaries and wages of one month i	n February	(9 টি Per day)				
	t one month. If the amounts of one month is unclear, that per day should be filled in.		US \$				
16-3 ចំនួនថ្ងៃធ្វើការ	ក្នុងខែកុម្ភ: ឆ្នាំ ២០១១ ឬ ក្នុង១ខែកង្លងមកNumber of working days in February 2011 or pas	t one month	ថ្ងៃ days				
ចំពោះសហគ្រាសដែល	មិនមាន " <b>តារាងតុល្យការ"</b> ឬ " <b>រថាយការណ៍ចំណូលចំណាយ"</b> ត្រូវបញ្ចប់ការសម្ភាសន៏ត្រឹមនេះ						
	ishments with no "Balance Sheet" or "Income Statement" are over.						
	១៧-២១ សំដៅទៅលើសហគ្រាសជាំ ១-អង្គភាពទោលំ និងំ ២-ទីស្នាក់ការកណ្ដាល់ ដែលមានចម្លើយ						
·	elow refer only to establishments of "1.Single unit" and "2. Head office" whose response to ហេត្រាសជា <b>ីអង្គភាពទោល និង ទីស្នាក់ការកណ្តាល</b> ី នៃ ៣–ក្រុមហ៊ុនសហកម្មសិទ្ធិទូទៅ ៤–ក្រុមហ៊ុន	-					
ចល្បីរដេះពល់រាបល ទទលខសត្រវិមានកំ							
	ាំ						
These questions n	elate only to "Single unit" and "Head office" of 3-General partnership, 4- Limited partnershi	v, 5- Private limi					
	bsidiary of foreign company. Each category of these questions can be extracted from "Balanc nt", and filed in by just copying from "Current Amount" of these documents which the establish		ជាដុល្លារអាមេរិក [ in US\$]				
17- ចំនួនត្រួតក្រុសភទ្ធ	พรุษเฉาะโลภาษ์เอ ซู ซูว์ ๒๐๐๐ (พรุษ อต.อ อิช อต.๒)						
	Total Amount of Assets at the end of December 2010 (Sum of 17-1 and 17-2) A0						
17-1 ទ្រព្យសកម្ម	17-1 ទ្រព្យសកម្មរយៈពេលវ៉ែងNon-current assets (fixed assets) A1						
17-2 ទ្រព្យសកម្ម	រយៈពោលខ្លី Current assets (នេះមិនមែនសរុបពី១៧-២-១៩ល់១៧-២-៤៤១ This is not the sum of 17-2-1~17-2-4)	A13	US \$				
សន្និធិ	17-2-1 សន្និជិ/ ស្តុកវត្ថុធាតុដើម និងសំភារ:ផ្គត់ផ្គង់ Stocks of raw materials and supplies		US \$				
	17-2-2 សង្អីធី/ ស្តុកទំនិញ Stocks of goods	A14					
(of which) Inventories	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	A15	US \$				
inventories		A16	US \$				
	17-2-4 សន្និធី/ ស្តុកផលិតផលពាក់កណ្តាលសំរេច Products in progress	A17	US \$				

18-	ອຸເນລີຂີ່ເລາະເລັດລາຍ ່ອ ຊູ ສູາ ບວອວ Equity Held at the end of December 2010	A28	US \$
	18-1 មូលចន/ មូលចនភាគហ៊ុង ( of which) Capital/ Share capital	A29	US \$

19- ອໍລຸລາຍນະເຄນະຮອດລາຂໍລຸລາຍ ເອ ສູ ສູາ ២000	A36	US S
Non-current Liabilities at the end of December 2010		

20- ชั่ฉลุณะยะเสนออีเฉาสัสลาช เอ ซู ซูา ๒๐๏๐	A41	US S
Current liabilities at the end of December 2010		

21- කෙසනාශකිම්ශනුහ මිමම්ශනාසානුමන් පටමට සාෂ " අහඳුාබහුතම්සහනාමෙසු " සිහනස්ාසුත්මිශනුහ මිමම්ශනාසාත්ත්ශුනූමාසා:තහඳ්සෙක Amount of Revenues and Expenses in a Year 2010 under "Accrual basis accounting", which records revenues and related expenses in the same period.							
		ជាមុណ្ឌមេរិក ( in USS)					
21-1 ចំណូលប្រតិបត្តិការ Operating Revenues (សរុបពី ២១.១.១ ដល់ ២១.១.៣) (Sum of 21-1-1 to 21-1-3)	В0	US \$					
21-1-1 ការលក់ផលិតផល Sales of manufactured products (សហក្រាសផលិត)	B1	US \$					
21-1-2 ការលក់ទំងិញ Sales of goods (សហព្រាសលក់ទំងិញ)	B2	US \$					
21-1-3 ការផ្តត់ផ្គង់សេវ៉ា Sales/Provision of services (សហគ្រាសផ្តល់សេវ៉ា)	B3	US \$					
21-2 សរុបថ្វៃដើមប្រតិបត្តិការ Total of operating costs (សរុបពី ២១.២.១ ដល់ ២១.២.៣ Sum of 21-2-1 to 21-2-3)	-	US \$					
21-2-1 ថ្លៃដើមជលិតជលជានលក់របស់សហគ្រាសជលិតកម្ម Costs of products sold of production enterprises	B4	US S					
21-2-2 ផ្ទៃដើមទំនិញបានលក់របស់សហគ្រាសក្រៅពីផលិតកម្ម Costs of goods sold of Non-production enterprises	<b>B</b> 5	US \$					
21-2-3 ថ្លៃដើមសេវាបានផ្គត់ផ្គង់ Costs of services provided	B5a	US S					
21-3 ចំណូលផ្សេង១ Other revenues (សរុបពី ២១.៣ .១ ដល់ ២១.៣ .១១) (Sum of 21-3-1 ~ 21-3-11)	<b>B</b> 7	US \$					
21-3-1 ឱ្យត្ថម្ភជន Subsidy/ Grant	B8	US \$					
21-3-2 ចំណូលពីភាគលាភបានទទួល ឬ ត្រូវទទួល Dividend received or receivable	B9	US \$					
21-3-3 ចំណូលពីការប្រាក់បានចទួល ឬ ត្រូវិទទួល Interest received or receivable	B10	US S					
21-3-4 ចំណូលពីសួយសារបានទទួល ឬ ត្រូវទទួល Royalty received or receivable	B11	US S					
21-3-5 ចំណូលពីការជួលបានទទួល ឬ ត្រូវទទួល Rental received or receivable	B12	US S					
21-3-6 ផលចំណេញពីការលក់ទ្រព្យសកម្ម រយៈពេលវ៉ែង Gain from disposal of fixed assets (capital gain)	B13	US S					
21-3-7 ផលចំណេញពីការលក់មូលប័ត្រ ឬ សញ្ហាប័ណ្ណ Gain from disposal of securities	B14	US \$					
21-3-8 ភាពចំណេញពីប្រតិបត្តិការរូមគា្ណ Share of profit from joint venture	B15	US \$					
21-3-9 ផលចំណេញពីការប្តូរប្រាក់សំរេចបាន Realized exchange gain	B16	US \$					
21-3-10 ផលចំណេញពីការប្តូរប្រាក់មិនទាន់សំរេចបាន Unrealized exchange gain	<b>B</b> 17	US \$					
21-3-11 ចំណូលដថៃទៀតក្រៅពីខាងលើ Other revenues than those described above	B18	US \$					

-5-

		4	តាម " មូលដ្ឋានប្រព័ន្ធអណៈនេយ្យ " ដែលកត់ត្រាច័ណ្ 0 under "Accrual basis accounting", which records reve		
exj	penses in same p	eriod. (Con't)			ជាដុល្លារអាមេរិក [ in US\$]
21-4	ចំណាយប្រតិបត្តិក	ពីរ Operating Expenses (សរុប	ពី ២១.៤.១ ដល់ ២១.៤.១៩ ) (Sum of 21-4-1 ~ 21-4-19)	B19	US \$
:	21-4-1 ចំណាយ។	ប្បវត្ស និងប្រាក់ឈ្នួល	Salaries and wages	B20	US \$
1	21-4-2 ចំណាយ។	ប្រេង ឧស្ម័ន អគ្គិសនី និងទឹក	Fuel, gas, electricity and water expenses	B21	US \$
1	21-4-3 ចំណាយ។	ធ្វើដំណើរ និងចំណាយស្នាក់នៅ	Travelling and accommodation expenses	B22	US \$
1	21-4-4 ចំណាយរំ	វីកជញ្ជូទ	Transportation expenses	B23	US \$
1	21-4-5 ចំណាយ។	លើការជួល	Rents	B24	US \$
1	21-4-6 ចំណាយ។	លើការថែទាំ និងជួសជុល	Repair and maintenance expenses	B25	US \$
1	21-4-7 ចំណាយ។	លើការកំសាន្តសប្បាយ	Entertainment expenses	B26	US \$
1	21-4-8 ចំណាយលើកំរៃជើងសារ ផ្សាយពាណិជ្ជកម្ម និរ		ອີນຜິດການການກ່ Commission, advertising, selling expenses	B27	US \$
2	21-4-9 ចំណាយ។	រាង់ពន្ធ និងអាករផ្សេង១	Other tax expenses	B28	US \$
1	21-4-10 ចំណាយ។	លីអំណោយ	Donation expenses	B29	US S
1	21-4-11 ចំណាយលើសេវ៉ាគ្រប់គ្រង ពិគ្រោះយោបល់ ប Management, consultation, other technical		បច្ចេកទេស និងសេវាប្រហាក់ប្រហែល cal, and other similar service expenses	B30	US \$
2	21-4-12 ចំណាយ។		Royalty expenses	B31	US \$
1	21-4-13 ចំណាយ។	លើបំណុលទារមិនបាន	Bad debts written off expenses	B32	US \$
2	21-4-14 ចំណាយដ	លស់	Amortization/depletion and depreciation expenses	B33	US \$
2	21-4-15 ការកើនា	ឡើង ឬ៥យចុះសិវិធានធន	Increase/decrease in provisions	B34	US \$
1	21-4-16 ខាតពីកា	រលក់ទ្រព្យសកម្មរយៈពេលវែង	Loss on disposal of fixed assets	B35	US \$
1	21-4-17 ខาតពីកា	រប្ដូរប្រាក់សំរេចបាន	Realised exchange loss	B36	US \$
1	21-4-18 ខាតពីកា	រប្តូរប្រាក់មិនទាន់សំរេចបាន	Unrealised exchange loss	B37	US S
1	21-4-19 ចំណាយ។	ផ្សេង១	Other expenses	B38	US \$
21-5	ចំណាយការប្រា	ក់បង់អោយនិវាសនជន	Interest expenses paid to residents	B40	US \$
21-6	ចំណាយការប្រា	ក់បង់អោយអនិវាសនជន	Interest expenses paid to non residents	B41	US \$
21-7	ពន្ធលើប្រាក់ចំព	ហញ	Profit tax	B43	US \$

ពិនិត្យដោយមន្ត្រីសម្ភាសន៍ Checked by enumerator

ត្រឹមត្រូវ Correct ប្រសិងបើត្រឹមត្រូវសូមតូសរង្ហង់លើពាក្យ ត្រឹមត្រូវ If it is "correct", circle this

មានឃើញ និងបញ្ជាក់ថាព័ត៌មានដែលបានបំពេញពិតជាត្រឹមត្រូវ I certify that the information filled in the Form is accurate ធ្វើនៅ.....វ្នាំ ២០១១ Issued at.....Date.... ហត្ថលេខា/ ត្រាម្នាស់សហគ្រាស ឬអ្នកតំណាងសហគ្រាស Signature/stamp of Establishment Owner/Manager

-6-





