**Psycho-Education for Patients and Family Members** 

# Session 9: Families and Recovery (1)

## Who Makes Up a Family?

- Members of your immediate family (parents, siblings, partner, children)
- Extended family
- Friends
- Colleagues from work
- Mentors
- Anyone who will support recovery

## **Question**:

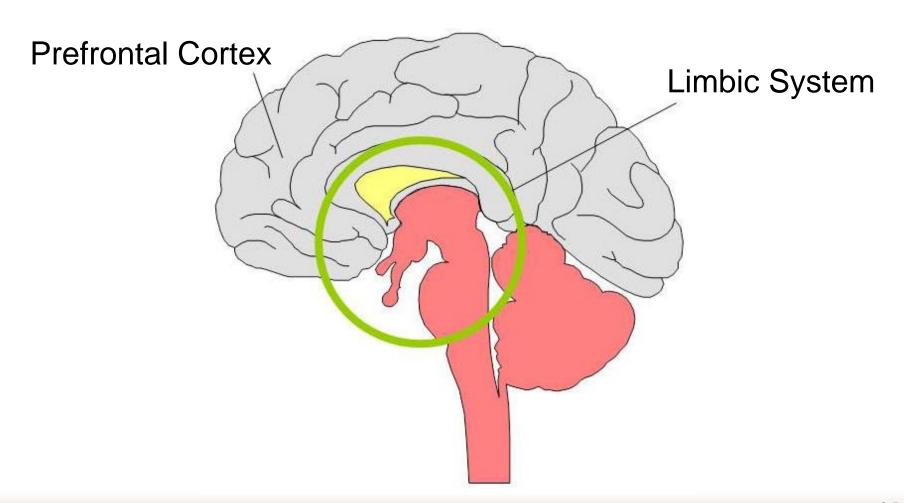
- Answer if the following statements are TRUE or FALSE.
  - 1. Shabu is a chemical substance.

    Addiction is caused by responses of the body to the chemical.
  - 2. Addiction is a form of wrongdoing and not a medical problem.
  - 3. Addiction can be overcome by willpower.

#### What Is Addiction?

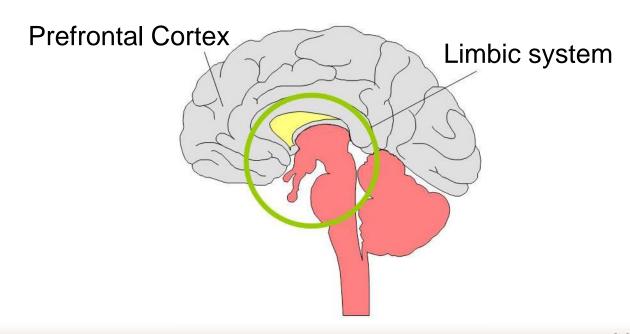
- Addiction is a physical and emotional response to chemicals we put in our bodies.
- Addiction is a medical disorder.
- It is not helpful to think of addiction in terms of morality and willpower.

# **Development of Addiction**



## **Development of the Craving Response**

- Cognitive process—Prefrontal cortex
- Conditioning process—Limbic system
- Obsessive thinking



# **Cognitive Process**

## **Beginning Stages of Addiction**

#### **Positive Aspects**

- Depression relief
- Confidence boost
- Boredom relief
- Sexual enhancement

#### **Negative Aspects**

- Employment disruption
- Relationship concerns
- Financial problems

# **Cognitive Process**

## <u>Disenchantment Stage of Addiction</u>

#### **Positive Aspects**

- Social currency
- Occasional euphoria
- Relief from lethargy

#### **Negative Aspects**

- Nosebleeds, infections
- Financial jeopardy
- Relationship disruption
- Family distress
- Impending job loss
- Conflict with law and legal issues



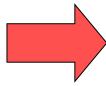
# **Conditioning Process**

## Mild to Moderate Mental Connection

(between Shabu and Pleasure)

#### **Triggers**

- Parties
- Friday nights
- Friends
- Extra money
- Intimate situations
- Depression
- Paranoia
- Weight gain



#### Responses

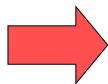
- Thoughts of Shabu
- Mild physiological arousal
- Eager anticipation of use
- Cravings as use approaches
- Occasional use

## **Conditioning Process**

Strong Mental Connection (between Shabu and Pleasure)

#### **Triggers**

- Weekends
- Friends
- Stress
- Boredom
- Anxiety
- Unemployment
- Loneliness



#### Responses

- Continual thoughts of Shabu
- Strong physiological arousal
- Strong cravings
- Frequent use

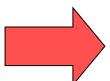
## **Conditioning Process**

Overpowering Mental Connection

(between Shabu and Pleasure)

#### **Triggers**

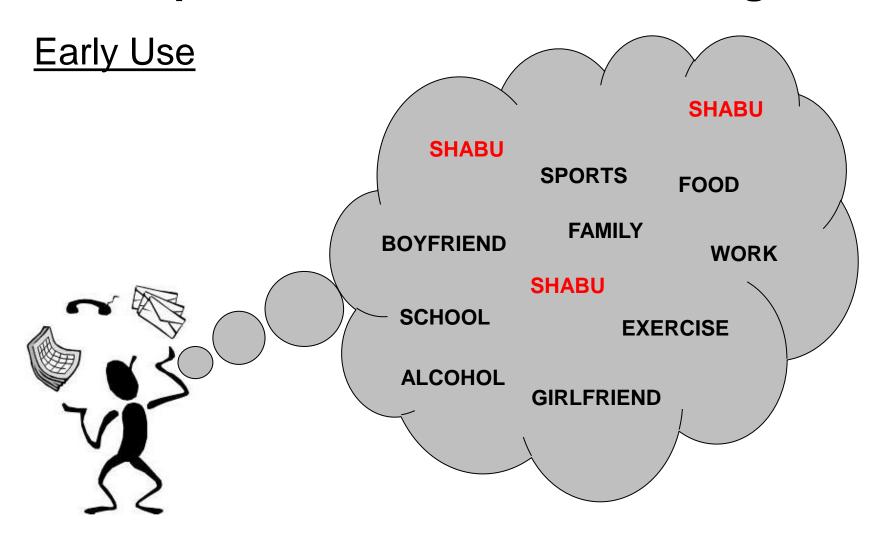
- Any feeling
- Day
- Night
- Unemployment
- Work



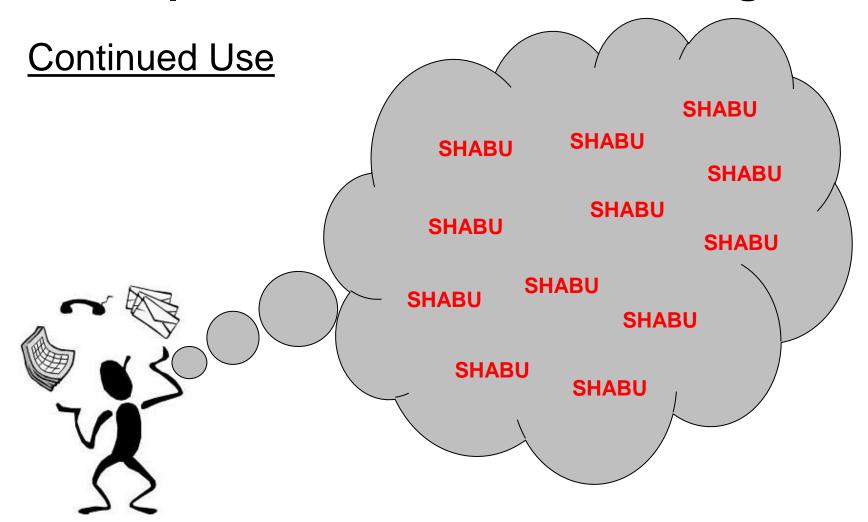
#### Responses

- Obsessive thoughts about Shabu
- Powerful response
- Intense cravings
- Automatic use

# **Development of Obsessive Thinking**



# **Development of Obsessive Thinking**



# **Progressive Phases of Addiction**

- 1. Introductory
- 2. Maintenance
- 3. Disenchantment
- 4. Disaster

# **Question**:

- What are typical responses to a Shabu using family member at the following addiction phases?
  - When his/her family first becomes aware of the drug problem.
  - After addiction progresses and he/she is totally overpowered by the drug.

## Introductory Phase

- Unaware of problem
- Confusion regarding occasional odd behaviors
- Concerned about occasional neglect of responsibilities

### Maintenance Phase

- Are aware of the problem
- Attempt to solve the problem by themselves
- Take on all responsibilities
- Seek help from others

## **Disenchantment Phase**

- Avoidance of problem
- Blaming the person who is using
- Blaming selves
- Guilt and shame
- Mistrust

## **Disaster Phase**

- Separation
- Internalization of bad feelings
- Resignation and hopelessness
- Establishment of unhealthful family rules

## **Benefits of Family Involvement**

- Participation by family members is associated with better treatment compliance and outcome.
- Family members gain a clearer understanding of recovery.
- Family members and the person in recovery understand their respective roles and goals.
- Family members and the person in recovery get support in the recovery process.