

### MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENT Department of Climate Change



# Foundation and necessity for the development of Government's Decree on Roadmap and Measures for Vietnam to participate in the global GHG emission reductions

**Kick-off Consultative Workshop on** 

Formulation of the Government Decree on Roadmap for GHG Emission Reduction ~ Ensuring Effectiveness of Nationally Determined Contributions of Vietnam~

Hanoi, 17th May 2017



#### **Main contents**



- Vietnam's point of view on GHG emission reductions;
- International situation on improvement of GHG emission reduction;
- Legal basis for the development of Decree on roadmap and measures for mitigation;
- The importance of the Decree for the implementation of international requirements and domestic laws.



# Vietnam's point of view on GHG emission reductions



- Climate Change (CC) Response is a vital issue, and must be linked to sustainable development, towards a low- carbon economy;
- GHG emission reduction is the solution towards building a lowcarbon economy, green growth and a modern industrial nation.
- Vietnam's NDC
  - ☐ Un-conditional target: By 2030, reduction of 8% of total GHG emission compared to BAU.
  - □ Conditional target with international support : By 2030, reduction of 25% of total GHG emission compared to BAU.
- The current status on CC negotiation is the best opportunity for Vietnam to perfect its institutional framework and improve the GHG emission reductions.







- Reaffirm the goal of limiting global warming to below 2°C, calling for efforts to limit the increase to 1.5°C;
- Establish binding commitments on mitigation by all Parties through INDCs;
- Commit that all countries to regularly report on emissions' amounts and "progress in implementing" the NDC and to be monitored in accordance with international procedures;
- Commit to submit the updated NDC every 5 years in the expectation of having more progress;
- Reaffirm the binding obligation to developed countries to support the efforts of developing countries, encourage the voluntary contributions by developing countries;





## International situation on improvement of GHG emission reductions

- Strengthen the target of raising \$100 billion per year in 2020- 2025, with a higher target for the post-2025 period;
- Expand the mechanisms to address "loss and damage" caused by climate change (including use of resources from mitigation);
- Require Parties to engage in international emissions trading and establish a domestic carbon market;
- Require the development of new carbon credit trading mechanisms, similar to CDM under Kyoto Protocol, allowing emission reductions in one country to be transferred into the NDC of another.



### International situation on improvement of GHG emission reductions



#### **Requirements to Developing countries like Vietnam**

- A clearer commitment on GHG emission mitigation (as announced by the Prime Minister at COP21);
- 2. NDC needs to be updated, and planned for implementation → needs to be finalized on the research and allocation of responsibilities and obligations to stakeholders;
- 3. The process of mitigation should be monitored by international community → there needs to be institutions and policies that meet both national and international requirements;
- 4. To build a local carbon credit trading market and be ready to participate in international carbon market → there needs to be legal documents on mitigation, allocation of mitigation targets and carbon valuation.



# Legal basis for the development of Decree on roadmap and measures for mitigation



- 1. Jun. 23, 2014: Law on Environmental Protection No. 55/2014/QH13 was adopted. Article 41 stipulates on GHG emissions reductions → There needs to be a Decree to detail on this.
- 2. Aug. 11, 2014: Decision No. 1338/QD-TTg of the Prime Minister promulgates the list of legalization and the assigning of the agencies responsible for drafting the documents detailing the implementation of laws passed by the 13<sup>th</sup> National Assembly.
- 3. Sept. 12, 2014: MONRE issued Official Letter No. 3914/BTNMT-KTTVBDKH to submit to Prime Minister for permission to develop a decree on the roadmap and measures after the Paris Agreement was approved;



# Legal basis for the development of Decree on roadmap and measures for mitigation.



- **4. Sept. 30, 2015**: Vietnam has sent the NDC to the UNFCCC;
- **5. Dec. 2, 2015**: Prime Minister speaks at COP21, Paris, declaring Vietnam's contributions on mitigation;
- **6. Dec. 28, 2015**: MONRE submitted Official Letter No. 5586/BTNMT-KTTVBDKH to the Prime Minister for permission to develop a decree on the roadmap and measures in accordance with the process of implementing the Paris Agreement;
- 7. Jan. 21, 2016: Prime Minister approves the development of the decree in accordance with the process of implementing the Paris Agreement (Official Letter No. 527/VPCP-KTN dated 21 Jan. 2016).



#### The importance of the Decree for the implementation of international requirements and domestic laws.



- 1. The Government Decree on the roadmap and measures on GHG mitigation will be the strongest political commitment to the international community after the Paris Agreement was approved by Vietnam.
- 2. The Decree will **clearly define the responsibilities** of the general agencies and the specialized agencies on emission reduction;
- 3. GHG mitigation targets (from the NDC) will have legal bases for ministries, sectors and localities to develop the implementation plan and guidelines;



### The importance of the Decree for the implementation of international requirements and domestic laws.



- 4. International requirements on updating, monitoring and evaluation will have grounds for allocating responsibilities and resources to ministries, sectors and localities;
- 5. Ministries and sectors will have grounds to develop specific technical guiding circulars;
- 6. The domestic carbon trading mechanism and the legal framework for international carbon market entry will have a basis for development and implementation.



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#### Thank you very much!