

JICA's Initiatives for Africa

Advancing Africa's Development through People,
Technology and Innovation

TICAD 7 (2019-2021)

To Achieve Quality Growth and Human Security in Africa

The Seventh Tokyo International Conference on African Development (TICAD7) was held on 28th - 30th August, 2019 in Yokohama city, Japan, under the theme of 'Advancing Africa's Development through People, Technology and Innovation'. Since the previous conference, TICAD VI held in August 2016 in Nairobi, Kenya, Africa has been drawing high attention both in Japan and around the globe for its high economic potentiality, being dubbed as "the last frontier." On the other hand, the region is facing persistently high poverty and infant mortality rates, along with risks of conflict and terrorism. To tackle these challenges, the government of Japan released 'TICAD7: Japan's contributions for Africa' announcing about 50 items to implement based on the three priority areas stated in the Yokohama Declaration 2019. JICA is determined to support this 'TICAD7: Japan's contributions for Africa' as well as to realize self-reliant development and to achieve Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) in Africa, together with partners in and out of Japan such as private sector, international organizations, civil society and academia.

1 Economy

Accelerating economic transformation and improving business environment through innovation and private sector engagement



3 Peace and Stability

Strengthening peace and stability

2 Society

Deepening sustainable and resilient society



1 Economy

Accelerating economic transformation and improving business environment through innovation and private sector engagement

Japan's contributions

- Develop industrial human resources
- Promote innovation and investment
- Invest in quality infrastructure to enhance connectivity
- Ensure debt sustainability
- Diversify industries



ABE Initiative trainee working as an intern at a firm in Yokohama City
Photo: Hinode Sangyo Co., Ltd.

ABE Initiative 3.0

Activity 1

Provide training to 3,000 individuals* in six years (2019-2024) through ABE (African Business Education) Initiative for Youth 3.0

Activity 2

Support ABE Initiative graduates to find employment in Japanese companies

Approach

Assist acquisition of Master's degree and internship at Japanese firms in order to develop industrial human resources and to foster 'navigators' to support Japanese firms' business activities in Africa. Also support graduates to find employment in Japanese companies through means including networking events

*Includes projects undertaken by organizations outside JICA

Fostering of industrial human resources who will carry the future development

Activity 1

Provide training for 140,000 individuals in the fields of Kaizen Initiative, vocational training centers, innovation, agriculture (CARD*1, SHEP*2), and blue economy

Approach

Develop industrial human resources in wide-ranging fields such as agriculture, fisheries, manufacturing, service industry, ICT and entrepreneurs, and contribute to diversifying industries and generating employment opportunities

*1 Coalition for African Rice Development

*2 Smallholder Horticulture Empowerment & Promotion

Support for female entrepreneurs

Activity 1

Support for female entrepreneurs through Private Sector Investment Finance

Activity 2

Continual hosting of 'Japan-Africa Business Women Exchange Program'

Approach

Support female entrepreneurs and promote employment through cooperation with international organizations, developed countries and the City of Yokohama

Enhanced Private Sector Assistance for Africa: Phase 4 (EPSA4) in collaboration with African Development Bank

Activity 1

Co-financing for quality infrastructure sector

Activity 2

Formation and implementation of co-financed projects to improve investment environment

Activity 3

Private Sector Investment Finance in collaboration with African Development Bank

Approach

Finance USD 3.5 billion in three years (2020 - 2022) in collaboration with African Development Bank to support comprehensive development of Africa's private sector

Support for SMEs and start-ups

Activity 1

Support start-up companies in Africa

Activity 2

Collaborate with funds targeted at African entrepreneurs

Activity 3

Promote expansion of SDGs businesses and Japanese SMEs' operations in Africa

Approach

By supporting SMEs and start-up companies in Africa and Japan, promote introduction and development of new technologies and business models to enhance innovation that would contribute to development of Africa. Promote collaboration with Japan External Trade Organization (JETRO) and UN Development Programme (UNDP)

Development of energy sector

Activity 1

Develop renewable energy including geothermal

Activity 2

Promote off grid energy

Approach

Support human resource development as priority, as well as financial support to construct power generation facilities. Promote public-private partnership through Private Sector Investment Finance

Promotion of investment in quality infrastructure to reinforce connectivity

Activity 1

Investment in quality infrastructure in three priority areas (East Africa Northern Corridor, Nacala Corridor and West Africa Growth Ring) where master plans have been completed

Activity 2

Reinforce and develop infrastructure to improve connectivity, expand and develop One Stop Border Posts (OSBP), and improve custom control capacity

Approach

Promote quality infrastructure investment in line with the G20 Principles for Quality Infrastructure Investment with both public and private sectors. In light of coming into force of AfCFTA (the African Continental Free Trade Agreement), develop infrastructure in both "software" and "hardware" aspects to reinforce connectivity among regions in Africa



The Source of the Nile Bridge over the Northern Corridor was built with support from Japan (Uganda)

Cooperation for Blue Economy

Activity 1

Support port facilities improvement, ports management and operations, assist sustainable use of marine resources, enhancement of maritime security capacity

Activity 2

Contribute to human resource development for 1,000 individuals* in the above-mentioned three areas in three years (2019-2021)

Approach

Develop infrastructure and human resources focusing on the three areas of port/maritime traffic, fishery and maritime security

*Includes projects undertaken by organizations outside JICA

Support to ensure debt sustainability

Activity 1

Dispatch debt management and macro-economic policy advisors

Activity 2

Conduct training on public debt and risk management for officials in charge in a total of 30 African countries

Approach

In collaboration with IMF (International Monetary Fund) and World Bank, assist African countries in improvement of debt management capacity

Promotion of agricultural development

Activity 1

Double the rice production in Sub-Saharan Africa (from 28 million tons/year to 56 million tons/year) by 2030

Activity 2

Support agriculture transformation through Smallholder Horticulture Empowerment & Promotion (SHEP) approach

Activity 3

Promote innovation in agriculture with public and private sectors

Approach

Through the Coalition for African Rice Development's Phase 2 (CARD2), increase rice production with RICE※ approach. Promote public-private partnership to enhance CARD/SHEP approach and innovation

※ Resilience, Industrialization, Competitiveness, Empowerment



Agricultural extension worker giving hands-on training during SHEP Training Program (Malawi)

2 Society

Deepening Sustainable and Resilient Society

Japan's contributions

- Promote UHC and Africa Health and Wellbeing Initiative
- Build disaster resilient society
- Provide quality education
- Ensure sustainable urban development
- Share the value of sport towards Tokyo 2020



JOCV volunteer working to correct unbalanced diet (Madagascar)
Photo:Shinichi Kuno/JICA

Promotion of UHC (Universal Health Coverage)

Activity 1

Improve access to primary health care and hygiene and expand health insurance

Activity 2

Train 26,000 health care workers

Activity 3

Promote UHC Financing

Activity 4

Deepen cooperation and promote health care businesses under Africa Health and Wellbeing Initiative

Activity 5

Contribute to improving nutrition of children through Initiative for Food and Nutrition Security in Africa (IFNA)

Approach

In order to advance UHC, reinforce healthcare human resource development, healthcare service system and financial base through financial and technical assistance, giving particular consideration for maternal and child health, reproductive health and communicable/non communicable diseases



JICA volunteer giving guidance for newborn/infant health examinations and apprentices at Maternal and Child Health Center (Zambia) Photo: Atsushi Shibuya/JICA

Sustainable urban development

Activity 1

Enhance management of waste including marine plastic litter through African Clean Cities Platform (ACCP)

Activity 2

Develop water supply and wastewater facilities

Activity 3

Elaborate and promote sustainable master plans in 4 cities expected to have more than 10 million population

Approach

Develop infrastructure from both "hardware" and "software" aspects focusing on waste management, water supply/wastewater facilities and urban development targeting at African cities that are rapidly urbanizing, in order to contribute to sustainable urban development



Cleaning campaign was conducted at a middle school in the capital city to create a 'Clean City' (Niger)



Project for enhancing national forest resources inventory system contributing to sustainable forest management to enhance REDD+ (Gabon)

Building a disaster resilient society

Activity 1

Monitor environment of forests in 43 African countries through JICA-JAXA Forest Early Warning System in the Tropics (JJ-FAST)

Activity 2

Support water resource management to address drought and flooding

Activity 3

Support drawing up and revising disaster risk reduction plans in 20 countries and operate capacity building (2019-2020)

Approach

Proceed with support such as human resource development in the field of climate change and disaster risk reduction in Africa, which is vulnerable to climate change and natural disasters. Promote sustainable natural resource management to properly conserve and utilize forest resources in Africa

Share the value of sport

Activity 1

Promote the Sport for Tomorrow program to share the value of sport

Approach

Provide sports instruction and guidance to disseminate sports for women and people with disability in African countries. Contribute to peace and stability through sports. Conduct matching and follow-ups with Tokyo Olympics/Paralympics host towns



JOCV volunteer instructing Judo at a sport center in the capital city (Malawi)
Photo: Shinichi Kuno/JICA

Provide quality education

Activity 1

Provide quality education to 3 million children through measures such as science and mathematics education and improvement of learning environment

Activity 2

Develop 5,000 highly skilled people for STI at Egypt-Japan University of Science and Technology (E-JUST) and Jomo Kenyatta University of Agriculture and Technology (JKUAT)

Activity 3

Provide assistance for reception of 150 African students at E-JUST

Activity 4

Provide capacity building on combatting gender-based violence

Approach

To promote three pillars of educational development –improvement of education quality, access to education and education management–, further expand cooperation initiatives such as support for science and math education, improvement of scholastic achievement exams, construction of schools and improvement of school management. Promote betterment of educational environment as a foundation for industry development and technology advancement



Strengthening of Mathematics and Science in Secondary Education (Malawi)
Photo: Shinichi Kuno/JICA



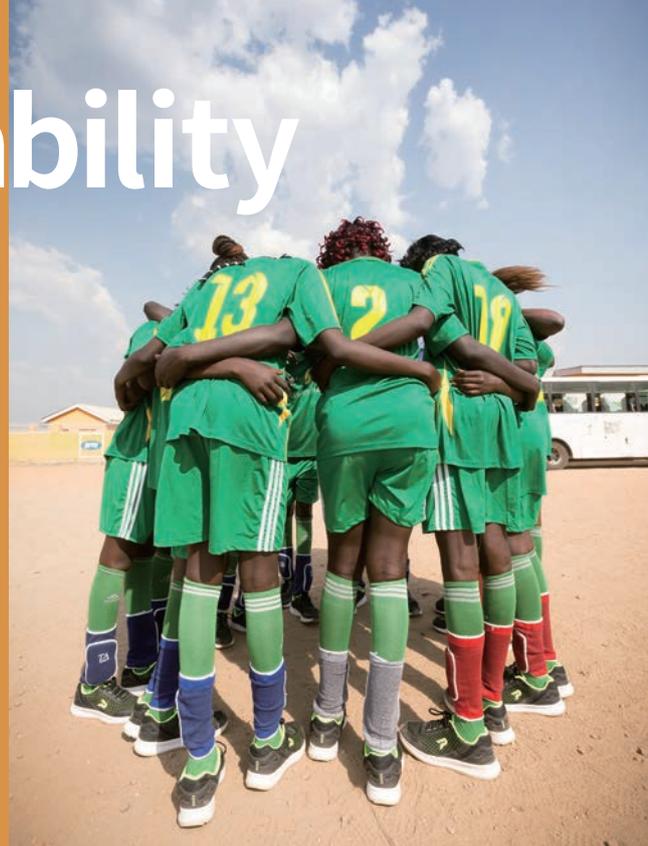
Egypt-Japan University of Science and Technology in suburb of Alexandria

3 Peace and Stability

Strengthening Peace and Stability

Japan's contributions

- Build stable and reliable institutions and enhance governance
- Support initiatives led by Africa toward stabilization of conflict areas
- Provide humanitarian assistance to refugees, IDPs, youths and others



National Sports Competition was held to enhance peace through sport on the National Unity Day Photo: Shinichi Kuno/JICA



JICA official confirming trainees' leaning level at the venue of National Police Democratization Training (Democratic Republic of the Congo) Photo: Shinichi Hisano/JICA

Institution building and governance enhancement

Activity 1

Train 60,000 people* in the areas of justice, police, security maintenance and others and support development of institutions such as administrative system

Activity 2

Strengthen judicial cooperation through UN Congress on Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice (Kyoto Congress)

Activity 3

Support institution building and human resource development for conflict prevention and sustaining peace

Approach

Support initiatives led by Africa toward peace and stabilization through Japan's own approach with focus on Africa's ownership, vulnerable national systems, investment in youth and humanitarian support. Assist institution building and human resource development for conflict prevention and sustaining peace

*Includes projects undertaken by organizations outside JICA

Assistance for refugees, IDPs and local communities

Activity 1

Provide support for self-reliance of refugees, IDPs and host communities (in such areas as education, employment promotion, health-care and community infrastructure)

Activity 2

Prevent radicalization of youths through support for civil society/communities, vocational training and job opportunities for youths

Approach

With the humanitarian-development nexus in mind, provide assistance to achieve self-reliance, partnering with emergency/humanitarian actions conducted by international organizations. Support refugees' and IDPs' host communities. Prevent radicalization of youths through creation of job opportunities for youths



Public water source installed through the Project for Provision of Improved Water Source for Resettled Internally Displaced Persons in Acholi Sub-Region (Uganda)



The conference was attended by over 10,000 participants from 53 African countries, including 42 African leaders, 52 development partner countries, 108 heads of international/regional organizations as well as representatives from private sector and civil society such as NGOs.



Prime Minister Abe announced that the Japanese government would do its best to further increase private investment toward Africa that had reached approximately USD 20 billion in the past three years. Enterprises also showed their commitment to actively promote their African business.



From JICA, President Kitaoka and other officials attended the conference. JICA also held 78 bilateral talks (including those with 22 African leaders and over 9 heads of international organization), 31 side events, while signing over 9 memorandums and conducting many PR events such as 'Bon for Africa'.

Promoting New Partnership and Innovation

In August 2019, The Seventh Tokyo International Conference on African Development (TICAD7) was held in Yokohama City, being held in Japan for the first time in six years. Dubbed as 'the last frontier' with massive potentiality, Africa is attracting growing attention both in Japan and around the globe. Ahead of other regions such as the EU, US, China and India, Japan hosted the First TICAD in 1993. Since then, over a quarter of a century, we have continued discussion with African nations, the international community, civil society, the private sector and academia to determine how Africa should develop itself. Such efforts have resulted in mutual trust between Africa and Japan. Based on the TICAD discussions and agreements, JICA has implemented various development cooperation projects and initiatives. The private sector

also has been expanding its interest especially in solving development issues and making social contribution through business activities. While such efforts are steadily bearing fruits, still there are basic development issues yet to be solved, such as the high poverty and infant mortality rates. Therefore, along with ODA contributions, there is a need to expand partnerships with the private sector and promote innovation through introduction of path-breaking technologies and business models. JICA, in line with three pillars agreed upon at TICAD 7 (stated on the cover), will implement steady actions described in this pamphlet by utilizing its extensive field experiences and knowledge to accelerate realization of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), as well as by promoting new partnerships and innovation.



KATO Ryuichi
Director General,
Africa Department
Japan International
Cooperation Agency (JICA)

Achievements of JICA's Assistance for Africa

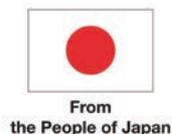
By Calendar Year (Unit: 100 million Yen)

Year	Loan Aid (Yen Loans)	Grant Aid	Technical Cooperation	Total
2013	718.06	591.31	469.11	Total 1,778.48
2014	1,062.17	316.98	459.00	Total 1,838.15
2015	1,688.25	450.36	450.96	Total 2,589.57
2016	2,667.51	324.37	464.70	Total 3,456.58
2017	1,665.92	597.77	472.64	Total 2,736.33
2018	1,503.47	343.80	356.42	Total 2,203.69

● Loan Aid (Yen Loans) ● Grant Aid ● Technical Cooperation

Note - Includes five north African countries in addition to 49 countries in sub-Saharan Africa
 - Values for Loan Aid (Yen Loans)/Grant Aid are on an Exchange of Notes (E/N) basis.
 - Grant Aid includes only projects implemented by JICA (projects implemented by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan are not included)
 - Values for Technical Cooperation are based on actual expenses incurred by JICA

JICA Country Offices in Africa



Japan International Cooperation Agency Africa Department

Nibancho Center Building, 5-25 Niban-cho, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 102-8012
 Tel.: 81-3-5226-6660 (6661, 6662 and 6663) (main line) Website: <http://www.jica.go.jp/>

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