

Kingdom of Tonga

1. Education System at a Glance

<i>Education Bands/Types</i>		<i>Grades/Qualifications</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Universal Basic Education	Kindergarten	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Early Childhood Education (Age 3-5) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Private ownership
	Primary	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Class 1 – Class 6 (Age 6-11) • Class 6-Tonga Secondary School Entrance Exam 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Largely Government ownership
	Secondary	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Form 1 – Form 7 (Age 12-18) • Form 5-Tonga School Certificate Exam • Form 6-Tonga Form 6 Certificate • Form 7- Tonga National Form 7 Certificate 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Largely by Churches and Private ownership
Post Basic Education/ Post-Secondary Education	Tertiary	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Technical and Vocational Institutions & Higher Education and Training • Certificate and Diploma Level 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Government & Churches ownership

Tonga's education system is organized into four basic levels. These are: non-compulsory early childhood education for children aged 3–5 years, Primary Education for ages 6–11 (Classes 1-6), Secondary Education (12–18) and Post-Secondary Education (ages 18 upwards). All children between the ages of six and 14 are legally required to attend school until at least six years of education have been completed. Primary education is also free.

2. List of Universities

2-1. Universities

No.	Name of University	Founded (year)	Total number of students	Location (City/Town)	Regional/ National/ Private
1	University of the South Pacific (USP)-Tonga Campus	The USP Tonga Campus was initially set up in Tonga on 1971.		Atele, Tongatapu	Regional University
Departments: Faculty of Arts, Law and Education; Business and Economics; and the Faculty of Science, Technology and Environment. Each faculty comprises of a number of schools and departments which offer a wide range of academic programs and courses at the undergraduate and postgraduate levels.					
2	Atenisi University	1972		Kolomotua, Tongatapu	Private University
Departments: The Atenisi University, established in August 1975, offers two-year study programs leading to the award of associate diplomas in Arts and Science, Associate of Arts (AA) and Associate of Science (AS), as well as a four-year Bachelor of Arts (BA), a Bachelor of Science (BSc), a Master of Arts (MA) and Doctor of Philosophy (PhD).					

2-2. Colleges and Other Institutes

No.	Name of University	Founded (year)	Total number of students	Location (City/Town)	Regional/ National/ Private
1	Tonga Institute for Higher Education	July 2002		Nukualofa	National
Departments: TIHE provides certificates and diplomas in a small range of subjects: (i) accounting and tax, (ii) agriculture, (iii) information technology and computing, and (iv) tourism and hospitality. TIHE also offer certificates and diplomas in (i) accounting, (ii) computing, (iii) information science, and (iv) media and journalism.					
2	Tonga Institute of Education	1972		Nukualofa	National
Departments: Diploma of Education (Primary), Diploma of Education (Secondary) and a Diploma in Early Childhood Education program. The TIOE also provides a certificate-level programs and a one-year postgraduate Diploma in Teaching for Graduate Teachers.					


3	Tonga Maritime Poly-technical Institutes			Nukualofa	National
	Departments: TMPI trains deckhands, motormen, stewards and cooks for commercial shipping companies. TMPI also offers non-formal maritime training to the owners and crew of smaller vessels.				
4	Tonga Institute of Sciences and Technology			Nukualofa	National
	Departments: TIST provides certificate-level training in areas such as general engineering, automotive maintenance, electrical repair and carpentry.				

3. Government Ministries and Departments

List of ministers: <http://www.pmo.gov.to/cabinet-ministers/>

4. Remarks

None.


 主要指標一覧 【トンガ】

	指標項目	2004年	2011年	2012年	2013年	2014年	2013年の 地域平均値
社 会 指 標	地表面積(1000km ²)	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	n.a.
	人口(百万人)	0.100	0.105	0.105	0.105	0.106	2,248.610
	人口増加率(%)	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.7
	出生時平均寿命(歳)	71	72	72	73	n.a.	75
	妊産婦死亡率(出生10万人当たり)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	120	n.a.	71
	乳児死亡率(出生1000人当たり)	13.8	11.1	10.8	10.4	n.a.	15.4
	栄養不足人口(%)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	10.8
	一人当たりカロリー摂取量(kcal/1日) ⁴⁾	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	初等教育総就学率(男)(%)	114.7	109.1	110.3	108.5	n.a.	117.1
	初等教育総就学率(女)(%)	109.0	107.8	109.8	108.2	n.a.	115.9
	初等教育修了率(%)	n.a.	n.a.	100.3	109.0	n.a.	105.2
	中等教育総就学率(男)(%)	n.a.	106.0	89.2	100.2	n.a.	86.2
	中等教育総就学率(女)(%)	n.a.	102.5	92.9	104.1	n.a.	87.1
	高等教育総就学率(%)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	33.1
	男性成人識字率(15歳以上の男性人口の内:%)	n.a.	99.4	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	女性成人識字率(15歳以上の女性人口の内:%)	n.a.	99.3	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	女性の国会議員比率(%)	0.0	3.6	3.6	3.6	0.0	18.9
	絶対的貧困水準(1日1.25\$以下の人口比:%)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	失業率(%)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	4.5
	軍事費(対GDP比:%)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	1.7
携帯電話契約者数(100人当たり)	16.3	52.6	53.4	54.6	n.a.	98.2	
人間開発指数 ²⁾ (2013年ランキング:100位/187カ国)	0.815	0.702	0.704	0.705	n.a.	0.703	
経 済 指 標	GDP(百万USD)	236	441	457	433	434	20,807,939
	一人当たりGNI(USD)	2,250	3,790	4,220	4,310	4,280	9,529
	実質GDP成長率(%)	0.6	2.0	0.5	-2.7	2.1	4.2
	産業構造(対GDP比:%)						
	農業	23.9	19.7	19.5	20.7	20.5	4.0
	工業	19.7	22.0	21.9	19.4	18.8	32.1
	サービス業	56.4	58.3	58.6	59.9	60.7	63.9
	産業別成長率(%)						
	農業	2.9	2.0	0.5	n.a.	n.a.	3.2
	工業	1.2	5.5	1.2	n.a.	n.a.	4.7
	サービス業	0.3	2.0	0.8	n.a.	n.a.	3.8
	総資本形成率(対GDP比:%)	21.1	36.7	34.0	n.a.	n.a.	28.8
	貯蓄率(対GDP比:%)	-14.2	4.4	-3.8	n.a.	n.a.	29.2
	消費者物価上昇率(インフレ:%)	11.0	6.3	1.2	0.7	2.5	2.8
	財政収支(対GDP比:%)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	中央政府債務残高(対GDP比:%)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	貿易収支(対GDP比:%)	-35.3	-32.3	-37.8	-36.4	-36.0	0.4
	経常収支(対GDP比:%)	n.a.	-18.4	-9.9	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	外国直接投資純流入額(百万ドル)	5	3	2	12	n.a.	640,272
	対外債務残高(対GNI比:%)	39.0	44.1	40.7	41.8	n.a.	n.a.
DSR(対外債務返済比率:%)	9.3	5.9	5.6	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	
総外債準備高(百万ドル)	55	143	152	156	159	n.a.	
(輸入支払い可能月数)	n.a.	6.0	6.4	n.a.	n.a.	15.7	
名目対ドル為替レート ³⁾	1.97	1.73	1.72	1.77	1.85	n.a.	
[Pa'anga per US Dollar: Period Average]							
政 治 指 標	政治体制:立憲君主制。国王が元首で議会への拒否権と解散権を持つ 憲法:1875年公布 元首:国王。ツネウ六世(TUPOU VI)。世襲制。2012年3月18日即位 議会:一院制。閣僚、貴族議員9人、普通選挙で選ばれる国民議員17人(任期4年)で構成。議員数は26人(2014年) 内閣:首相が指名し、国王が任命。首相 アキリ・ポヒバ(Akili POHIVA)。2014年12月31日発足						

出典 World Development Indicators Online (July 2015) World Bank

*1 FAO Food Balance Sheets (April 2015) FAOSTAT Homepage

*2 Human Development Report (2006/2014) UNDP

*3 International Financial Statistics Online (June 2015) IMF

*4 世界年鑑 2015 共同通信社

注 ●地域平均値は東アジア・大洋州の地域(地域分類は別添参照)

●「人口」、「GDP」、「外国直接投資純流入額」及び「総外債準備高(百万ドル)」の「2013年の地域平均値」においては、地域の総数を示す

●総就学率は、年齢人口に占める就学者総数(年齢を問わない)の割合であるため、数値が100を超えることがある